



有声有色单词书系列



CHINESE VISUAL PHRASE BOOK

从单词到会话 **学汉语** 分类图解活用

[英] SP创意设计工作室 编著



鞭炮
biānpào
firecrackers

折扇
zhéshàn
fan

北京第二外国语学院
旅游教育出版社

我看了, 我说了, 我会了!



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A Dorling Kindersley Book

www.dk.com

Original Title: Chinese Visual Phrase
Book & CD

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2008

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

从单词到会话：分类图解活用：学
汉语 / [英] SP创意设计工作室
编著. —北京：旅游教育出版社，
2011.7

(有声有色单词书系列)

ISBN 978-7-5637-1580-0

I. ①从… II. ①S… III. ①汉语—
对外汉语教学—自学参考资料
IV. ①H195.4

中国版本图书馆CIP数据核字
(2011)第057623号

有声有色单词书系列

从单词到会话——分类图解活用
学汉语

[英] SP创意设计工作室 编著

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出版单位：旅游教育出版社

地 址：北京市朝阳区定福庄南里
1号

邮 编：100024

发行电话：(010) 65778403 65728372
65767462 (传真)

本社网址：www.tepcb.com

E-mail: tepfx@163.com

印刷单位：北京华联印刷有限公司

经销单位：新华书店

开 本：648 × 800 1/32

印 张：6

字 数：150千字

版 次：2011年7月第1版

印 次：2011年7月第1次印刷

印 数：1~6000册

定 价：29.80元 (含光盘)

(图书如有装订差错请与发行部联系)

北京市版权局著作权合同登记图字：

01-2011-4040

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VOCABULARY
ENGLISH-CHINESE

INTRODUCTION

This book provides all the key words and phrases you are likely to need in everyday situations. It is grouped into themes, and key phrases are broken down into short sections, to help you build a wide variety of sentences. A lot of the vocabulary is illustrated to make it easy to remember, and "You may hear" boxes feature questions that you are likely to hear. At the back of the book there is a menu guide, listing about 300 food terms, and a 2,000-word dictionary. Numbers and the most useful phrases are listed on the inside covers for quick reference.

Nouns

In Chinese, the plural of nouns is normally the same as the singular. There is also no direct equivalent of the English "a/an" or "the".

Adjectives

Chinese adjectives may have different endings depending on how they are used, and are also very often preceded by *hen* ("very").

Verbs

Verbs have no tenses and do not generally change according to who or what is the subject, but there are some characters that can be added in order to indicate a particular mood or time:

to come	<i>lai</i>	来
is coming	<i>lai le</i>	来了
isn't coming	<i>bu lai le</i>	不来了
came	<i>lai guo</i>	来过
didn't come	<i>mei lai guo</i>	没来过
please come!	<i>lai ba!</i>	来吧!

Pronunciation guide

The Chinese phrases in this book are given in Mandarin Chinese, the main language of the People's Republic of China (PRC). Below each Chinese word or phrase, you will find a pronunciation guide in italics. The pronunciation is written in pinyin, the official romanization system used in the PRC. Most pinyin spellings reflect the nearest equivalent sound in English, but some are different, so take note of how the letters below are pronounced.

c like ts in sits

e like ir in bird

i like ee in see

q like ch in chin

ü ü pronounced with rounded lips, like
few in English or über in German

x like sh in ship

z like ds in kids

zh like j in just

Take care to pronounce vowels individually: xie (shoe), for example, is pronounced "shee-ur"

Mandarin Chinese has four tones that affect how a word is pronounced. Each syllable is pronounced with one of four tones: high, rising, falling-rising, or falling. These tones can be written as accents on the pinyin, but are not really helpful to a beginner. Use the audio CD that accompanies this phrase book or find a native speaker to help you with pronunciation, then you can use the pinyin as a memory aid. You will gradually develop an ear for the tones of the most common words and phrases. Also, even if you don't pronounce a word absolutely correctly, the context in which you use it will mean that you are often still understood.

ESSENTIALS

In this section, you will find the essential words and useful phrases that you will need for basic everyday talk and situations in China. Traditionally, when Chinese people greet each other, they cup one hand inside the other, in front of the chest, and they may nod or bow slightly. However, due to increasing Western influence, they may shake hands with you now instead, especially if you are travelling to China on business.



GREETINGS

Hello.	你好。 <i>nǐhǎo</i>
Good morning.	早上好。 <i>zǎoshàngǎo</i>
Good evening.	晚上好。 <i>wǎnshàngǎo</i>
Good night.	晚安。 <i>wǎn'ān</i>
Goodbye.	再见。 <i>zàijiàn</i>
Pleased to meet you.	很高兴认识你。 <i>hěngāoxìng rènshi nǐ</i>
How are you?	你好吗? <i>nǐhǎoma</i>
Fine, thanks.	我很好, 谢谢。 <i>wǒhěnhǎo, xièxiè</i>
You're welcome.	不用谢。 <i>bùyòngxiè</i>
My name is...	我叫…… <i>wǒjiào</i>
What's your name?	你叫什么名字? <i>nǐ jiào shénme míngzi</i>
What's his/her name?	他/她叫什么名字? <i>tā/tā jiào shénme míngzi</i>
This is...	这是…… <i>zhèshì</i>
Nice to meet you.	很高兴认识你。 <i>hěngāoxìng rènshi nǐ</i>
See you soon.	回见。 <i>huíjiàn</i>
See you tomorrow.	明天见。 <i>míngtiānjiàn</i>

SMALL TALK

是/不是。 <i>shì/bùshì</i>	Yes/no.
请。 <i>qǐng</i>	Please.
谢谢你/非常感谢。 <i>xièxièniǐ/fēicháng gǎnxiè</i>	Thank you/Thank you very much.
不用谢。 <i>bùyòngxiè</i>	You're welcome.
好的/很好。 <i>hǎode/hěnhǎo</i>	OK/Fine.
请再说一遍？ <i>qǐng zài shuō yībiàn</i>	Pardon?
劳驾。 <i>láojià</i>	Excuse me.
对不起。 <i>duìbùqǐ</i>	Sorry.
不知道。 <i>bùzhīdào</i>	I don't know.
我不明白。 <i>wǒ bù míngbai</i>	I don't understand.
你能重复一遍吗？ <i>nǐ néng chóngfù yībiàn ma</i>	Could you repeat that?
我不会说中文。 <i>wǒ bùhuì shuō zhōngwén</i>	I don't speak Chinese.
你会说英文吗？ <i>nǐ huì shuō yīngwén ma</i>	Do you speak English?
中文……怎么说？ <i>zhōngwén...zěnmē shuō</i>	What is the Chinese for...?
那是什么？ <i>nà shì shénme</i>	What's that?
那叫什么？ <i>ná jiào shénme</i>	What's that called?
你能告诉我……？ <i>nǐ néng gàosù wǒ</i>	Can you tell me...?

TALKING ABOUT YOURSELF

I'm from... 我来自……
wǒ láizì

I'm... 我是……
wǒshì

...English. ……英国人。
yīngguó rén

...American. ……美国人。
měiguó rén

...Canadian. ……加拿大人。
jiā'nádà rén

...Australian. ……澳大利亚人。
àodàlià rén

...single. ……单身。
dānshēn

...married. ……已婚。
yǐhūn

...divorced. ……离婚了。
líhūn le

I am...years old. 我……岁。
wǒ...suì

I have... 我有……
wǒyǒu

...brothers/sisters. ……兄弟/姐妹。
xiōngdì/jiěmèi

...a son/daughter. ……儿子/女儿。
érzi/nǚér

You may hear...

- 你从哪里来?
nǐ cóng nǎlǐ lái
Where are you from?
- 你结婚了吗?
nǐ jiéhūn lema
Are you married?
- 你有孩子吗?
nǐ yǒu hái zi ma
Do you have children?



SOCIALIZING

你住这儿吗? <i>nǐ zhù zhèr ma</i>	Do you live here?
你住哪儿? <i>nǐ zhù nǎr</i>	Where do you live?
我在这儿…… <i>wǒ zài zhèr...</i>	I am here...
……度假。 <i>dùjià</i>	...on holiday.
……出差。 <i>chūchāi</i>	...on business.
我是学生。 <i>wǒ shì xuéshēng</i>	I'm a student.
我在……工作。 <i>wǒ zài...gōngzuò</i>	I work in...
我退休了。 <i>wǒ tuìxiūle</i>	I am retired.
可以给我…… <i>kěyǐ gěiwǒ</i>	Can I have...
……你的电话号码吗? <i>nǐde diànhuà hàomǎ ma</i>	...your telephone number?
……你的电子邮件吗? <i>nǐde diànzǐyóujiàn ma</i>	...your email address?
没关系。 <i>méiguānxi</i>	It doesn't matter.
谢了! <i>xièle</i>	Cheers!
你没事吧? <i>nǐ méishì ba</i>	Are you alright?
你介意我抽烟吗? <i>nǐ jièyì wǒ chōuyān ma</i>	Do you mind if I smoke?
我很好。 <i>wǒ hěnhǎo</i>	I'm OK.
你觉得怎么样? <i>nǐ juéde zěnmeyàng</i>	What do you think?

LIKES AND DISLIKES

I like/love...	我喜欢/爱…… <i>wǒ xǐhuan/ài</i>
I don't like...	我不喜欢…… <i>wǒ bùxǐhuan</i>
I hate...	我讨厌…… <i>wǒ tǎoyàn</i>
I quite/really like...	我十分/很喜欢…… <i>wǒ shífēn/hěn xǐhuan</i>
Don't you like it?	你喜欢这个吗? <i>nǐ xǐhuan zhègè ma</i>
I would like...	我想要…… <i>wǒ xiǎngyào</i>
I'd like this one/that one.	我喜欢这个/那个。 <i>wǒ xǐhuan zhègè/nàgè</i>
My favourite is...	我最喜欢…… <i>wǒ zuì xǐhuan</i>
I prefer...	我更喜欢…… <i>wǒ gèng xǐhuan</i>
It's delicious.	好吃。 <i>hǎochī</i>
What would you like to do?	你想做什么? <i>nǐ xiǎng zuò shénme</i>
I don't mind.	我无所谓。 <i>wǒ wúsuǒwèi</i>

You may hear...

- 你做什么的?
nǐ zuò shénmede
What do you do?
- 你放假了吗?
nǐ fàngjià lema
Are you on holiday?
- 你想……吗?
nǐxiǎng...ma
Do you like...?



DAYS OF THE WEEK

今天星期几?

jīntiān xīngqījǐ

What day is today?

星期天

xīngqītiān

Sunday

星期一

xīngqīyī

Monday

星期二

xīngqī'èr

Tuesday

星期三

xīngqīsān

Wednesday

星期四

xīngqīsì

Thursday

星期五

xīngqīwǔ

Friday

星期六

xīngqīliù

Saturday

今天

jīntiān

today

明天

míngtiān

tomorrow

昨天

zuótiān

yesterday

……天之内

tiānzhīnèi

in...days

THE SEASONS



春天
chūntiān
spring



夏天
xiàtiān
summer

MONTHS

January	一月 <i>yīyuè</i>
February	二月 <i>èryuè</i>
March	三月 <i>sānyuè</i>
April	四月 <i>sìyuè</i>
May	五月 <i>wǔyuè</i>
June	六月 <i>liùyuè</i>
July	七月 <i>qīyuè</i>
August	八月 <i>bāyuè</i>
September	九月 <i>jiǔyuè</i>
October	十月 <i>shíyuè</i>
November	十一月 <i>shíyīyuè</i>
December	十二月 <i>shí'èryuè</i>



秋天
qiūtiān
autumn



冬天
dōngtiān
winter

TELLING THE TIME

现在几点了?
xiànzài jǐdiǎnle

What time is it?

九点。
jiǔdiǎn

It's nine o'clock.

上午……
shàngwǔ

...in the morning

下午……
xiàwǔ

...in the afternoon

晚上……
wǎnshàng

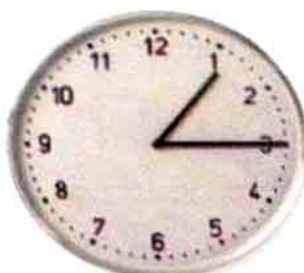
...in the evening



一点
yīdiǎn
one o'clock



一点十分
yīdiǎnshífēn
ten past one



一点一刻
yīdiǎnyīkè
quarter past one



一点二十
yīdiǎn'èrshí
twenty past one



一点半
yīdiǎnbàn
half past one



两点差一刻
liǎngdiǎn chà yīkè
quarter to two



两点差十分
liǎngdiǎn chà shífēn
ten to two



两点
liǎngdiǎn
two o'clock

It's midday/midnight.	现在是中午/午夜。 <i>xiànzài shì zhōngwǔ/wǔyè</i>
second	秒 <i>miǎo</i>
minute	分钟 <i>fēnzhōng</i>
hour	小时 <i>xiǎoshí</i>
a quarter of an hour	一刻钟 <i>yīkèzhōng</i>
half an hour	半小时 <i>bànxǎoshí</i>
three-quarters of an hour	四十五分钟 <i>sìshíwǔfēnzhōng</i>
late	晚 <i>wǎn</i>
early	早 <i>zǎo</i>
soon	马上 <i>mǎshàng</i>
What time does it start?	几点开始? <i>jǐdiǎn kāishǐ</i>
What time does it finish?	几点结束? <i>jǐdiǎn jiéshù</i>
How long will it last?	要多久? <i>yào duōjiǔ</i>

You may hear...

- 一会儿见。
yīhuǐr jiàn
See you later.
- 你来早了。
nǐ lái zǎo le
You're early.
- 你迟到了。
nǐ chí dào le
You're late.



MAKING APPOINTMENTS

我们可以定个见面时间吗？ Can I make an
wǒmen kěyǐ dìnggè jiànmiàn appointment?
shíjiān ma

我们可以明天见吗？ Can we meet tomorrow?
wǒmen kěyǐ míngtiānjiàn ma

10点？ At 10 o'clock?
shídiǎn

你什么时间合适？ What time suits you?
nǐ shénme shíjiān héshì

对不起，我那天忙。 I'm sorry, I'm busy that day.
duìbùqǐ, wǒ nàtiān máng

星期二怎么样？ How about Tuesday?
xīngqī'èr zěnmeyàng

在早晨/下午。 In the morning/afternoon.
zài zǎochén/xiàwǔ

可以。 That's fine for me.
kěyǐ

到时候见。 I'll see you then.
dàoshíhou jiàn

我期待着明天和你见面。 I look forward to meeting
wǒ qīdài zhe míngtiān héní you tomorrow.
jiànmiàn



名片
míngpiàn
business card



备忘录
bèiwànglù
personal organizer



便笺
biànjiān
note pad



公文包
gōngwénbāo
briefcase