



第二次修订



总主编◎李朝东 JINGLUN XUEDIAN

重难疑点 详尽解读 各种题

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打水尽

YZLI0890141422

人教版

英语

九年级(下)



百肃少年儿童出版社读 者 出 版 集 团



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# 教材解释亦



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# Unit 11 Could you please tell me where

# the restrooms are?

### 单词收藏夹

名词:

restroom 公共厕所;休息室

shampoo 洗发剂;香波

drugstore 杂货店;药店 cafe(=café) 咖啡馆:小餐馆

department

(行政、企业等机构的)部;局;部门

escalator 电动扶梯;自动扶梯

magic 魔术;魔力

block 街区;街段

ook 橡树;橡木 seed bruom emocrises

slide 滑道;滑槽;滑动装置

clown 小丑

staff 职员;工作人员;全体职员

market 市场;集市广场

order 命令

me ob or (for ) septo m structure 结构;构造

形容词:

fresh 新鲜的;清新的 mass small

uncrowded 不拥挤的;宽敞的

organized 有组织的;安排有序的

alright 合适的;可以的 备回以温回

direct 直接的;直率的;直截了当的

certain 某;某些;某个

动词: Stotelood p a'stell

lend 借给;借出

park 停车

lead 引导;引诱

offend 冒犯;得罪;使生气

兼类词:

trouble v. (使)烦恼;麻烦;打扰

n. 麻烦

## 短语资料包

动副短语:

hang out 闲荡

hand in 上交;提交;呈送

hand out = give out 分发

turn right = turn to the right 向右拐

dress up 打扮

go up/down 向上/下走

go straight ahead 一直往前走

动介短语:

look for 寻找

depend on 取决于

talk with sb. 与某人谈话

动词短语:

lend sb. sth. = lend sth. to sb.

借给某人某物

save money 存钱

take a vacation 度假

exchange A for B 用 A 换 B

take dance lessons 上舞蹈课

sound rude 听起来粗鲁

名词短语:

water slide 滑水道



furniture store 家具店
department store 百货商场
rock band 摇滚乐队
Sports Museum 体育博物馆
Science Museum 科学博物馆
History Museum 历史博物馆
介词短语:

on Center Street 在中心街道 on Main Street 在主要街道 on the second floor 在二楼

between...and...
在……与……之间
next to 在……旁边
across from 在……对面
on the other hand 另一方面
in a way 在某种程度上
连词短语:
in order (not) to do sth.
为了(不)做某事

#### 句型浏览器

- 1. 问路及回答 [[] [[] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
  - ①—Excuse me. Could you please tell me where I can get a dictionary?
    - 一打扰一下。请问您能告诉我在哪里能买到词典吗?
    - —Sure. There's a bookstore on River Road.
    - 一当然可以。在河路上就有一家书店。
  - ② Do you know if there are any public restrooms around here? 你知道附近是否有公共厕所吗?
  - ③ Could you tell me how to get to the post office? 你能告诉我怎样去邮局吗?
- 2. it 作形式主语

It's also just fun to watch people.

看看人群也是很有趣的。

3. spend 句型

Parents will spend many happy hours walking through the History Museum. 徜徉于历史博物馆,父母会度过许多快乐的时光。

#### 语法清示台

- 一、问路常用句型
- 二、问距离及交通方式常用句型
- 三、指路常用句型
- 四、表达感谢常用句型

# Part 1 Section A (8) a sound amuse ...

| A 课文翻译   |                                  |                  |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------|
| See 3. Center Street A. save money 5. bank<br>Language Goal: 语言目标: |                                  |                  |
| Ask for information politely 有礼貌地询问信息                              |                                  |                  |
| 1a Where can you do the following things? Ma                       | atch each thing with             | n a place in the |
| picture. Many different answers are possible                       |                                  |                  |
| 各项事情?把每件事与下图中相应的地点配  | 对。可以有多种不                         | 同的答案。            |
| c buy shampoo 买洗发香波  |                                  |                  |
| get some information about the town                                |                                  |                  |
| get some magazines 买一些杂志   |                                  |                  |
| buy some writing paper 买些书写约                                       | 纸                                |                  |
| make a telephone call 打电话  |                                  | distort by       |
| make a telephone call 打电话 buy some stamps 买一些邮票                    |                                  |                  |
| get a dictionary   | 你听到的顺序给它<br>Take the elevator to |                  |
|  |                                  |                  |
| 答案链接:<br>類二度解表版自乘 zooli baccared o                                 |                                  |                  |
| shampoo: a or c information: d or e                                | Tom right. 1977                  |                  |
| magazines: a or d writing paper: a or c                            |                                  |                  |
| telephone call: a or e stamps: e                                   |                                  |                  |
| dictionary: d save money: b  | Co past the bank                 |                  |
| 1b Listen and complete the conversations.                          | 斤录音,完成对话。                        |                  |
| Excuse me. Could you tell me where I can (1)                       | blank , 4 3 · _                  |                  |
| 打扰一下。你能告诉我在哪里可以(1)   |                                  |                  |
| Yes. There's a (2) on (3)  | bove. 再听一遍奇                      | picture a        |
| 是的。在(3)上有一个(2)   |                                  |                  |
| Excuse me. Do you know where I can (4)                             | won? nov off but                 |                  |





|     | 打扰一门  | 下。你知道在哪里我能(4)吗?  |            |
|-----|---|--|------------|
|     | Sure. Th  | There's a (5) on (6)   |            |
|     |   | 以。在(6)上有一个(5)。   |            |
| 答案  | 發链接:  |  |            |
|     | buy some  | ne stamps 2. post office 3. Center Street 4. save money 5. h   |            |
| 1c  | PAIRW   | WORK 结对练习  | isk for in |
| 2a  | 利用活动<br>A: Excus<br>打扰-<br>B: Sure.<br>当然可<br>Listen.<br>in the o | onversations using the information in 1a. Then talk about your own 动 1a 所提供的信息编对话,然后谈论你自己所在的城市。 use me. Could you please tell me where I can get a dictionary? 一下。请问您能告诉我在哪里能买到词典吗?  There's a bookstore on River Road. 可以。在河路上就有一家书店。  You will hear some of the directions below. Number the diverted that you hear them. 听录音。你将会听到下面的一些 | city.      |
|     | 语。请   | 按你听到的顺序给它们标上序号。  _ Take the elevator to the second floor. 乘电梯到二楼。  Turn left. 向左拐。   |            |
|     | 1   | _ Take the escalator to the second floor. 乘自动扶梯到二楼。 _ Turn right. 向右拐。   |            |
|     |   | The drugstore is between the furniture store and the bookstore.  药店在家具店和书店之间。  Go past the bank. 走过银行。   |            |
| 案   | 链接:   | isten and complete the conversations 「听录音,完成对话   |            |
| bla | nk 2 1  | 1 blank 4 3  | 1-4-       |

2b Listen again. Show how the boy walks to the drugstore. Draw a line on the picture above. 再听一遍录音,然后指出那个男孩是如何去药店的。在上 图画出其路线。

A: Excuse me. Do you know where I can exchange money?

B: Sure. There's a bank on the second floor. Take the escalator to the second floor and turn right. The bank is next to the bookstore.

没问题。二楼有一家银行。乘自动扶梯到二楼,再向右拐。银行在书店的 旁边。

#### 答案链接:

The line goes from where the boy is standing, over to the escalator, up the escalator to the second floor, to the left and past the bank. The line stops in front of the drugstore between the furniture store and the bookstore.

# 2c PAIRWORK 结对练习 shield and delengt dend free in add

Make conversations using the other places in the picture above.
利用上图中的其他位置进行对话。

#### Grammar Focus 语法聚焦

Excuse me. Do you know where I can buy some shampoo?

打扰了, 你知道我在哪儿可以买到洗发水吗?

Sure. There's a drugstore on the second floor.

当然。二楼有一家杂货店。

Could you tell me how to get to the post office?

你能告诉我怎样去邮局吗?

Could you please tell me where I can get a dictionary?

请问你能告诉我在哪儿可以买到字典吗?

Can you tell me where Center Street is?

你能告诉我中心大街在哪儿吗?

Can you tell me where there's a good place to eat?

你能告诉我在哪儿有吃饭的好地方吗?

Could you please tell me if there are any good museums in Newtown?

请问你能告诉我新城是否有一些好的博物馆吗?

Do you know if there are any public restrooms around here?

你知道附近是否有公共厕所吗?

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# 教材解析 XUEDIAN

#### 3a Read the article. Then list the advantages and disadvantages of going to the mall. 阅读下面的文章,然后列举出去购物中心买东西的优点和缺点。

#### They're all at the mall.

After school, a lot of young people go to the mall. We decided to talk to some students about why they go there.

Interviewer: Why do you go to the mall? Anibuted all you shill stand more soon and add

Yu Yue: I go to the mall because my friends hang out there. But I don't really like it. Interviewer: Oh? Why not?

The air isn't fresh. I prefer being outside. Also, it's usually crowded. Yu Yue:

Interviewer: And how about you?

Li Jun: Oh, I love the mall. There's always something happening. There are a lot

of free concerts there. It's also just fun to watch people.

Hu Peng: I like the mall, too. I like to go in the music store and listen to CDs. I also

like to look at books in the bookstore.

Well, when I go into stores I always spend too much money! Yu Yue:

#### 他们都在购物中心

放学后,不少年轻人去购物中心。我们决定和几位学生交谈一下,了解他们为 什么去那儿。

采访者:你为什么要去购物中心?

余越: 我去购物中心是因为我的朋友们在那儿闲逛。但我并不怎么喜欢它。

采访者:哦?为什么不喜欢呢?

余越: 那儿的空气不新鲜。我更喜欢待在外面。并且,购物中心通常十分 拥挤。

李俊: 哦,我喜欢购物中心。那儿总有一些事情发生。那儿有许多免费的演唱 会。看看人群也是很有趣的 content pilder van out it work now od

胡鹏: 我也喜欢购物中心。我喜欢去音像店听 CD。我也喜欢去书店浏览 图书。

#### 余越: 嗯,我每次逛商场总是花太多的钱!

| Advantages 优点                     | Disadvantages 缺点                                |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| 玄三个地方的路线。然后把写                     | 想出你们城市的三个地方。写出从作学校到                             |
|                                   | 路线读给同学们听,让他们猜出这三个地方。                            |
| out three blocks. Co past the par | A: Co out the front door and turn right Walk al |

#### 答案链接:

Advantages: friends hang out there, always something happening, free concerts, fun to people-watch, go in the music store, listen to CDs, look at books in the bookstore Disadvantages: air isn't fresh, usually crowded, always spend too much money

#### 3b GROUPWORK 小组活动

Talk about these questions:

- Where do you usually hang out with friends? At your house? At school? At a mall?
- · What are the advantages and disadvantages of each place?

#### 讨论下列问题:

- ·你通常和朋友们在哪儿闲逛?在你家?在学校?在购物中心?
- ·每个地方各有什么优缺点?
- A: Where do you usually hang out with your friends? 你和朋友们通常在哪儿闲逛?
- B: We usually go to my friend, Qiu's place.

  我们通常去一个姓邱的朋友家。
- A: Is that a good place to hang out? 那儿是一个闲逛的好地方吗?
- B: Well, it has advantages and disadvantages. It's kind of small. But Qiu's mom is a wonderful cook, so we always have great snacks.

哦,有优点也有缺点。地方有点儿小。但邱的妈妈烹饪手艺很棒,所以我们总能吃到美味的点心。



# 教材解析 JINGLUN XUEDIAN

#### 4 Directions Challenge 挑战方向

Think of three places in your city. Write directions from your school to each place.

Then read the directions to your classmates. They guess the places.

想出你们城市的三个地方。写出从你学校到这三个地方的路线。然后把写的路线读给同学们听,让他们猜出这三个地方。

A: Go out the front door and turn right. Walk about three blocks. Go past the park and turn left onto Oak Street. Then . . .

从前门出去,向右拐。走大约三个街区。经过公园,向左拐到橡树街上。 然后······· guinsquad guiddennas avawla , eradd tuo guad abnard garagatuaybh

# B课文详解

Could you please tell me where I can get a dictionary?
 请问您能告诉我在哪里能买到字典吗?

"Could you please + 动词原形? (please 也可放在句末或省略)"表示请求对方许可或向对方提出请求。could 为情态动词,表示委婉的语气,比用 can 更加客气。其肯定回答常用"Sure./Certainly./Of course."等,否定回答常用"Please don't."或"Sorry..."等。如:

Could you please make your bed? = Could you make your bed, please? 你能整理一下你的床铺吗?

[联想] "请求某人做某事"的其他常用句型: " yilanau nov ob spad W . A

- ①Would you like + 名词/动词不定式?
  表示委婉的请求或建议某人做某事。如: hnaint ym on my yllanar www. Would you like to go there with me? 你愿意和我一起去那儿吗?
  Would you like some bananas? 你想吃香蕉吗?
- ②Will/Would you please + 动词原形? 表示礼貌的请求,用 would 比用 will 语气更加委婉。句型中的 would 无"过去"意味,可与 will 互换使用,只是前者比后者更加礼貌客气。有时 will/would you 还可置于句末,但仅用于熟人之间的随便场合,否则就显得唐突无礼了。如:

Will/Would you please help me carry the box? 请你帮我搬这个箱子好吗? Will/Would you please come here? 请你过来好吗?

[提醒] wouldn't 表示请求,用于邀请,而不是否定的意思。但"Would you not...?"的意思是否定的,相当于一个否定式祈使句。如:

You'd like some tea, wouldn't you? 请喝杯茶,好吗? 如何们

Would you please not smoke? 请别吸烟,好吗? 图 第二章 图 第二

③Would you mind + v-ing 形式 + 其他?

此句型侧重表达说话者所关注的是自己的请求会不会引起听话者的不便、不快等,表示委婉地提出请求或建议,意为"你介意……吗?"如果不介意,回答一般为"Of course not."或"Certainly not."如果介意,则一般用"Sorry..."回答,并说明原因。如:

- 一Would you mind opening the window? 你介意打开窗户吗?
- —Sorry. I have a cold. 对不起,我感冒了。
- ④Please + 祈使句/祈使句 + please 此句型一般用于年长者对晚辈或上级对下级提出请求。如: Please look at the blackboard. 请看黑板。

Tell me the truth, please. 请告诉我实情。

⑤I wonder if...

此句型表示说话人以一种试探性的口吻委婉客气地提出请求。如果 if 从句用一般过去时或过去进行时,则说话人的试探性就更为明显。如:

I wonder if you can examine him now. 不知你现在能否给他检查一下。

I wonder if you could help me with my bag. 不知你能否帮我拿一下我的包。

6 May/Might I trouble you to do...?

此句型中 might 比 may 更为委婉客气,但有时可能含有迟疑或犹豫不决的意味。如:

May/Might I trouble you to take this handbag to Lily, please? 麻烦你把这个手提包带给莉莉,好吗?

[提醒] 若表示说话人的一种讽刺性或不满、抱怨的请求时,常用"I'll trou-



二、get some information about the town 得到关于小镇的一些信息

[辨析] information, news 与 message or inbluow, and omos will busy

这三个词都可作"消息"解,但用法不同。 Yeshome Ion sessing now him W

①information 意为"消息,情报,资料",为不可数名词。通常指通过阅读、观察、调查、学习或研究等方法所获得的或收集到的新闻、奇事等信息,这些信息被认为有一定的用途或使用价值,强调内容。如:

I've got the information for all the computers now.

我现在已拿到所有计算机资料。

So far I have no information about it. 到目前为止,我没有得到这方面消息。 The book gives all kinds of useful information on how to repair cars. 这本书提供了关于修车的各种有用的资料。

②news 意为"消息,新闻",为不可数名词。指通过广播、电视、报纸等媒体向大众报告的最新消息和新闻,强调"新鲜、及时"。如:

Really? Oh, no news is good news. 真的? 哦,没有消息就是好消息。 The whole country was very sad at the news of his death.

听到他逝世的消息,整个国家都非常悲痛。

[提醒] 鉴于以上两词都是不可数名词, 若要表示数量, 可用 a piece of/some/several pieces of...表达。如:

a piece of information 一条消息 pieces of information 几条消息 some information 一些消息 some/several pieces of news 几则新闻

③message 意为"消息,信息",为可数名词。常指派人传去的消息,可以是口头的,也可以是书面的。如:

I'll leave a message on his desk. 我会在他桌上留个字条。

Can I take a message? 我可以捎个口信吗?

#### 三、get 买;获得;得到;拿midelinoten , gmiyonus , gmianus , gmilima。 断令事版图

- 1. get some magazines/get a dictionary 买一些杂志/买一本词典 get 是及物动词,此处意为"买",可以与 buy 换用。如:

  I'd like to get/buy some meat. 我想买些肉。
- 2. get some information about the town 获得关于城镇的一些信息 get 是及物动词,此处意为"获得;得到;拿"。如: He spends all his time getting and spending.

他把他所有的时间都花在赚钱和消费上了。

Could you get some paper for me? 你能给我拿些纸吗?

#### [联想] 含有 get 的短语: 中的日子点 Sommer and all and and saled and

get along/on (with) 相处融洽;进展 along and no embasis 语语语分字原见

get away 逃脱;离开,脱身

get down (从……)下来;吞下;写下;使沮丧 salt no gmbhasta mabana sall

get down to 开始做

get in 进入;(火车、飞机等)到达;插入 semple vid nodel, 高速制分类扩配

get off 下来;出发,开始 and he had been saled and we have well and

get out 出去;逃脱;泄露

get over 克服;从(疾病中)恢复过来。 and double double by

get through 通过;度过;打通业。而高质含的前额矫干效常。是序质临落

Mary likes music that is quiet and gentle. 玛丽喜欢经柔的 和s qui seg

#### 

a washing machine = a machine for washing 洗衣机 sw (doidw) mld sd]

a reading room = a room for reading = a room which is used for reading 阅览室

#### 「联想」 修饰名词的词 as resigned and allow are agreed near only fring adT

可以修饰名词的词或词类有很多,包括下面12种:

- ①形容词: good, bad, able, honest 等 and willy nosess out awould who do if
- ②复合形容词:four-sided, dark-eyed, three-hour, high-rise, poverty-stricken 等

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