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前言

为配合广大初中学生迎接中考,全面系统地熟悉和掌握初中阶段英语各项基 本技能,根据教育部颁布的《中学英语教学大纲》、《初中英语词汇总表》、《全日制初 级中学英语教科书》以及近几年全国部分地区的中考英语试卷,我们在《初中英语 完形填空、首字母填空 2000 题》的基础上,精心编写了本书。"完形填空"、"首字母 填空"这两个项目已经逐渐成为全国很多地区中考英语中的必考项目,越来越受到 广大考生的重视。这种考试形式是对学生英语语言综合能力的一种测评,学生首 先要在阅读理解的基础上才能根据选项完成题目,而在做判断的时候还要考虑到 时态、语态等多种语法因素,同时还要注意用词的得当。因此,它既能考查学生的 语言知识水平,又能检测他们分析判断和综合运用语言的能力。"完形填空"等形 式的训练是学生巩固所学过的语法、词汇、句形等知识非常有效的手段之一。本书 共分三个部分,第一部分为"完形填空",第二部分为"首字母填空",第三部分为"答 案解析"。本书中的每一篇短文都是编者从近年英文报纸杂志、网络媒体等素材中 精心挑选出来的,不仅难易适中、知识含量丰富,同时又妙趣横生、寓教于乐,目的 是使广大考生在做题目的同时既能提高语言应用能力,又能增长知识、开阔眼界。 编者针对学生学习中的难点、弱点对题目进行了精心设计,对答案进行了详细解 析,以期广大考生能好好把握,认真总结,努力提高自己的解题能力,最终在升学考 试中取得理想的成绩。

由于编者水平有限,书中难免有疏漏之处,恳请广大读者和同仁批评指正。

编 者 2010年11月

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第一部分 完形填空



2

You have1 Batman and Spiderman, but did you know there's
another super hero2 Iron Man? He's also a character from a popular
US comic book. This summer, he's3 the big screen.
Iron Man was an4 person before he got his powers. He is Tony
Stark, CEO of a company that5 weapons for the US army. Tony got
the company after his father died.
Tony lives the life of a hard-drinking, rich playboy, but he is also
6 at his job. He has7 many high-tech weapons for this
company. One day, he flies to Afghanistan to8 new weapons for the
US Air Force. On his way back to his plane, terrorists (恐怖分子)9
him, and wound him.
The terrorists put Tony in a cave with Yinsen, a doctor. Yinsen
10 Tony and saves his life.
The terrorists ask Tony to11 weapons for them. But instead,
Tony builds a suit of armor with Yinsen's help. The suit helps Tony12
the terrorists.
Back in the US, Tony13 a better suit of armor. It gives him
superhuman strength and the ability to fly. He vows to14 the world as
Iron Man.
If you are interested in exciting action scenes and special effects, you might
15 this movie. It's in theatres now.

1. A. told of		B. discussed about	ut
C. heard of		D. thought over	
2. A. agreed	B. remained	C. allowed	D. called
3. A. in	B. on	C. for	D. of
4. A. ordinary	B. extraordinary	C. excellent	D. wonderful
5. A. enlarge	B. makes	C. moves	D. needs
6. A. stupid	B. fresh	C. sensitive	D. brilliant
7. A. found	B. finished	C. invented	D. used
8. A. test	B. rob	C. set	D. control
9. A. attack	B. kill	C. hurt	D. beat
10. A. hates	B. loves	C. hinds	D. treats
11. A. produce	B. sell	C. remove	D. borrow
12. A. fight	B. escape	C. control	D. interrupt
13. A. builds	B. owns	C. masters	D. wears
14. A. arrange	B. protect	C. make	D. destroy
15. A. buy	B. direct	C. enjoy	D. talk



- 1. Wisdom in the mind is better than money in the hand. 脑中有知识,胜过手中有金钱。
- 2. Great hopes make great man. 伟大的理想造就伟大的人。

I remember many interesting things when I a doctor. But there				
was one terrible thing always2 in my mind.				
One evening, when I was preparing medicine for some3people,				
the doctor, who was also my teacher, asked me to take his stethoscope(听诊器)				
for him. It was in the room4 of that building. The lamps gave poor				
light. I opened the door. To my $\underline{}$, there were two dead people				
6 both sides, with white clothes on their faces. I was very much				
My hair8 Iif one of them came back to life, he				
or she would 10 me and would say "I am not dead." What would				
happen? But I had another thought. I should be brave enough. I had to take the				
stethoscope for my teacher. So I shut my eyes and walked quietly11				
the desk. I took the stethoscope12 my hand and rushed out				
13 I could. When I handed it to my teacher, he said I had brought him				
the wrong one. I had to go back again. This time I was not as14 as				
before. When my teacher saw the stethoscope, he smiled and said, "You have				
15 your examination."				

1. A. am	B. was	C. has been	D. have been
2. A. stay	B. staying	C. leave	D. left
3. A. sick	B. happy	C. strong	D. sad
4. A. to the end	B. by the end	C. at the end	D. along the end
5. A. life	B. head	C. feeling	D. horror
6. A. lying over	B. lying on	C. running over	D. running on
7. A. happy	B. sad	C. frightened	D. afraid
8. A. stood on end	B. stood by end	C. ran on end	D. ran by end
9. A. said	B. asked	C. thought	D. guessed
10. A. run hold of	B. run out of	C. catch out of	D. catch hold of
11. A. towards	B. by	C. on	D. over
12. A. at	B. in	C. over	D. on
13. A. as like as	B. as fast so	C. as fast as	D. the same as
14. A. frightened	B. happy	C. sad	D. lonely
15. A. taken	B. passed	C. won	D. lost

英语悦读

When I saw an old farmer who was trimming his fruit tree, I said to him: "It is not a right way to do so. I am sure you will get no apples from that tree." "You are right. I can't get any apple from that tree, because it is peach tree!"

我看见一位老农在修剪果树,就对他说:"你这样做不对。我敢说,你这棵树连一只苹果都结不出。"老农说:"你说的很正确,我的确连一只苹果也收不到,因为这是一棵桃树!"

Lunchtime was my1 subject when I was at school. I was really
it. Plus, I loved school lunches.
Many students don't3 my love. A lot of students4 their
own lunches to school. Their mothers might5 them sandwiches or
leftovers from last night's dinner.
But not me! I couldn't6 the school's hot lunch. At the beginning
of each month a calendar (日历) was7 On it was the hot lunch
schedule for that month. I used to8 the days I was excited for Chicken
fingers and Mexican casserole (焙盘). Every Friday they9pizza. With
the lunches they sometimes had little potatoes we call tater tots.
I loved waiting in line and my friends. For only \$1.35, which
is very cheap, you would get a tray (托盘) with different11on it and a
cup of milk. I always got chocolate milk. But don't tell my mother, she didn't
know. Then you'd your food to your lunch table and sit down with
your friends. Boys rarely13with girls. We'd talk about sports and TV
while we ate lunch. When we finished we14 played a game with a
paper football until we got in trouble.
In school lunch was15 a time to eat. For me it was the best part of
my day!

1. A. favorite	B. good	C. meaningful	D. spare
2. A. pleased with	B. angry with	C. good at	D. exited about
3. A. know	B. share	C. worry	D. forgive
4. A. buy	B. bring	C. cook	D. call
5. A. boil	B. clean	C. make	D. cover
6. A. wait for	B. bear for	C. agree with	D. take turns
7. A. made of	B. set off	C. handed out	D. told about
8. A. circle	B. know	C. wait	D. estimate
9. A. ate	B. sent	C. turned	D. served
10. A. stopping from		B. looking after	
C. coming over		D. talking with	
11. A. books	B. flowers	C. fruits	D. foods
12. A. carry	B. reserve	C. offer	D. keep
13. A. laughed	B. sat	C. glared	D. loved
14. A. usually	B. totally	C. deeply	D. easily
15. A. less than	B. more over	C. more often	D. more than



英语悦读

- 1. Never frown, even when you are sad, because you never know who is falling in love with your smile.
 - 就算不快乐也不要皱眉头,因为你永远不知道谁会因为你的笑容而爱上你。
- 2. To the world you may be one person, but to one person you may be the world.

对于这个世界来说,你可能只是个普通人,但对于某人来说,你可能是整个世界。

Jess really felt very happy. When he arrived1 his seat in the
classroom that morning, he found an invitation on his desk. The note was from
of his classmates asking him to join them in a 3 This was the
first time he had been asked to4 an out-of-school activity. Why were
they asking him now? Nobody 5 to like him. In fact, he had been so
6that he drowned his feeling with food7, he had8a
lot of weight, and this gave his classmates something9to make fun of
him.
Cindy, who had been standing near Jess when he read the note, went out
to tell the others that the trick had worked. Everyone was
that Jess thought that was true. But there was no camping trip. The
whole thing had been made up(编造).
At12, Cindy thought it was fun. But13, when Jess told
her that he was going to buy a sleeping bag with his14, Cindy had
second thoughts. She knew that Jess's family had little money, and she hated to
see him spend his savings15 something he would never use. Cindy
decided to tell loss the truth

1. A. by	B. in	C. at	D. on
2. A. several	B. two	C. three	D. four
3. A. camp road	B. camping meet	C. camp trip	D. camping trip
4. A. take	B. join	C. join in	D. put in
5. A. wanted	B. seemed	C. might	D. was able
6. A. lonely	B. alone	C. along	D. single
7. A. As a result	B. By the end	C. As an end	D. By so far
8. A. put off	B. put on	C. taken off	D. taken over
9. A. better	B. sadly	C. what	D. else
10. A. excitedly	B. quick	C. quickly	D. fast
11. A. strange	B. pleased	C. like	D. funny
12. A. one	B. first	C. around	D. only
13. A. before	B. when	C. later	D. after
14. A. coins	B. water	C. savings	D. books
15. A. in	B. on	C. off	D. over

英语悦读

"I'm sorry, Madam, but I shall have to charge you twenty dollars for pulling your boy's tooth."

"Twenty dollars! Why, I understand you to say that you charged only four dollars for such work!"

"Yes, but this youngster yelled so terribly that he scared four other patients out of the office."

[&]quot;对不起,夫人,为您的孩子拔牙我要收取20美元。"

[&]quot;20 美元! 为什么? 我记得你说过拔颗牙只要 4 美元!"

[&]quot;是的,但是你的孩子大喊大叫,把另外四个病人吓跑了。"

The1Yao Ming made his NBA start on October 23, 2002 and got 6				
for the Houston Rockets in the game. The day, he won 13				
points in4game.				
Yao Ming a star in China for some time, but it is still a question				
he can play well in NBA. Yao Ming said, "When you watch it				
, it is very easy. But when you are playing in the NBA, it is				
8 difficult." He said that 9 the Houston Rockets was a new				
start and a new challenge. "I hope that through very hard work I can make				
everyone happy and help the Rockets10more games," he said.				
Yao Ming11 some English12 he and his teammates can				
understand each other. They don't think there is a language problem. While				
Yao Ming tries to13 the new challenge, Houston has showed great				
interest in him and they hope Yao Ming will14 new energy to the				
Rockets. The team has started15about China. Many people who work				
for the Rockets have learned to speak some Chinese.				