

大学英语

六级分项训练与详解

COLLEGE ENGLISH

BAND 6

张俊英 主编



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前 言

最新《大学英语教学大纲》规定,大学英语教学目的是培养学生具有较强的阅读能力和一定的听、说、写、译能力,使他们能够用英语交流信息。为此,全国大学英语六级考试主要考核学生运用语言的能力,同时也考核学生对语法结构和词语用法的掌握程度。

为了帮助大学英语六级考生迅速提高英语水平,我们根据最新教学大纲的精神,严格参照历届六级考试真题的题型和难易度,紧跟考试新动向,精心编写了《大学英语六级分项训练与详解》一书。本书适合于六级考生考前复习冲刺使用,也可以作为考前辅导材料,对报考同等水平的其他英语考试的人员也有触类旁通之功效。

本书具有以下特点:

1. **专项训练:**本书按照考试类型编排,便于学生根据自己情况对薄弱环节进行集中训练,达到理想效果;
2. **全面系统:**本书考点全面,覆盖新大纲率 100%;
3. **难度适中:**本书中各个题型的难度与大学英语六级考试真题难度一致;
4. **注解详细:**每题都有详尽的答案和解释,便于考生举一反三、融会贯通地理解和掌握。

总之,我们相信,本书可以作为考生的一个“良师益友”,帮助学生完成考试冲刺阶段的复习计划,使考生在大学英语六级考试中取得较好的成绩。

本书由浙江工商大学外国语学院具有丰富教学及六级考试辅导经验的老师编写。具体分工如下:姜渭清:听力理解部分;张俊英:阅读理解部分;叶建平:词汇用法部分;于静波:完型填空、短文改错和写作部分。

由于时间仓促,疏漏之处在所难免,欢迎广大师生批评指正。

编 者

2005 年 1 月于杭州

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Part One Listening Comprehension

Unit One

Section A

Directions: In this section, you will hear 10 short conversations. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. Both the conversation and the question will be spoken only once. After each question there will be a pause. During the pause, you must read the four choices marked A), B), C) and D), and decide which is the best answer. Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

1. A) She asked Professor Adams for assistance this semester.
B) She helps Professor Adams with his teaching.
C) She is doing both teaching and research this semester.
D) She needs another assistant for her research.
2. A) The woman would like to join the man the next time.
B) Neither of them has had a chance to see the play.
C) The man considers himself a good traveler.
D) The man brought his pet along on the trip.
3. A) He's afraid to work at night.
B) He's afraid the work will be really hard.
C) He doesn't want to work tomorrow night.
D) He can't find the way out of the Student Center.
4. A) Brenda has borrowed her car.
B) She came with Brenda today.
C) She parked her car in a safe place.
D) Her car ran out of gas.
5. A) Bruce changed it.
B) Alan lost it.
C) Bruce broke it.
D) Alan bought it.
6. A) Visit the circus.
B) Save more money.
C) Demand more than the bare necessities.
D) Accept unsatisfactory working conditions.
7. A) Because she didn't like the color.
B) Because it was too small.
C) Because it was too big.
D) Because it was too expensive.
8. A) A hair dresser's.
B) A photo shop.
C) A grocery store.
D) A coffee shop.
9. A) She didn't like it.
B) It was too expensive.
C) It was sold out.
D) It was uninteresting.
10. A) At a dinner party.
B) In a museum.
C) In a movie theater.
D) At a piano recital.

Section B

Directions: In this section, you will hear 3 short passages. At the end of passage, you will hear some questions. Both the passage and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a question, you must choose the best answer from the four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) A druggist's suggestion. B) An article.
C) An advertisement. D) A sales clerk's comment.
12. A) The relationship of purchases made to time spent shopping.
B) The length of time required for drugstore shopping.
C) The increase in the size and stock of drugstores.
D) The buying of clothing from department stores.
13. A) They know what they want to buy. B) They have little money to spend.
C) They talk themselves out of purchase. D) They shop at the cheapest stores.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) It is a legendary island.
B) It is an island named after the ocean in which it was supposed to have been located.
C) It is an actual island which has disappeared.
D) It is an actual island which still exists.
15. A) Because ships could easily be wrecked there.
B) Because there was no wind.
C) Because ships had no power other than the wind.
D) Both B) and C).
16. A) Because the sun was often very hot. B) Because the water supply was very limited.
C) Because horses required a lot of water. D) All of the above.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

17. A) Less than 30 minutes. B) From 30 to 45 minutes.
C) At least 45 minutes. D) More than 45 minutes.
18. A) He should show respect for the interviewer. B) He should show confidence in himself.
C) He should talk enthusiastically. D) He should be dressed properly.
19. A) Speaking confidently but not aggressively. B) Talking loudly to give a lasting impression.
C) Talking a lot about the job. D) Speaking politely and emotionally.
20. A) Professional knowledge is a decisive factor in job interview.
B) Finding a job is more difficult than one can imagine.
C) A job seeker should create a good image during an interview.
D) Self-confidence is most important for a job seeker.

Unit Two

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) She always forgets his birthday. B) She never wears sweaters.
C) She might prefer some other color. D) She enjoys receiving gifts.
2. A) The classes have improved his health.
B) His new glasses fit better than the old ones.
C) He's thinking of taking exercise classes.
D) He has never been happy about his exercise classes.
3. A) It is having financial trouble.
B) Its chemistry program is very popular.
C) The fees for the chemistry course have been reduced.
D) The number of students has doubled.
4. A) The man will probably wait until summer to go to Mexico.
B) The man will probably go to Canada for his vacation.
C) The man will probably not go to Canada for his vacation.
D) The man will probably stay home during his vacation.
5. A) She is a good friend of Professor Savio's.
B) She has not heard of Professor Savio.
C) She has not heard of Professor Savio's brother-in-law.
D) She does not know Professor Savio's brother-in-law.
6. A) Borrow some money. B) Buy a heater.
C) Get some information. D) Pay the rent.
7. A) In a gymnasium. B) In a library.
C) In a bookstore. D) In a police station.
8. A) Correcting exam papers. B) Putting the articles on reserve.
C) Reading the articles for the course. D) Waiting to get the assignment.
9. A) Winter is his favorite time for sports. B) Sports are quite important to him.
C) He should be more enthusiastic. D) He plays better than he used to.
10. A) It'll cost him a lot of money. B) He isn't serious about going.
C) Other people paid for his airfare. D) It isn't fair for him to go alone.

Section B

Directions: (omitted)

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) A man who lost his job for a year.
B) Students who want to find a temporary job in summer.

- C) Students who want to find a job for life.
 D) People who want to make a job transfer.
12. A) To employ one person for the whole season. B) To have several people for short periods.
 C) To make decisions as quickly as possible. D) To read short letters to save time.
13. A) To make staff arrangements. B) To type a formal letter.
 C) To indicate the minimum time. D) To write to several employers.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 16 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) Sequoia tree. B) Indians.
 B) Turtles. D) The oldest living things.
15. A) California. B) Indiana.
 C) Georgia. D) Abraham.
16. A) The type of the tree. B) The amount of sunshine for a given year.
 C) Whether a tree is living or dead. D) The amount of rainfall each year.

Passage Three

Questions 17 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

17. A) The largest sea creatures ever known. B) Fish living in shallow waters.
 C) Plant-eating land animals. D) Meat-eating land animals.
18. A) Waters off a level coast. B) The forest area near the sea.
 C) The area near the mouths of rivers. D) Both A) and C).
19. A) To escape from their enemies. B) To catch more food.
 C) To use their developing flippers. D) To swim.
20. A) From Land Animal to King of the sea. B) The Food of the Whale.
 C) The Wales' s Ancient Ancestors. D) How Whales Catch Food.

* * * * *

Unit Three

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) Talk to his sister. B) Look at a map.
 C) Go on a diet. D) Tell the man why.
2. A) Do whatever has been planned. B) Have a picnic and go camping.
 C) Eat out and see a play. D) Go to the beach.
3. A) The weather was better. B) The weather was a little bit hot.
 C) The weather was a little bit cold. D) The weather was cooler than expected.
4. A) Mr. Steward is honest. B) Mr. Steward looks honest.
 C) Mr. Steward looks dishonest. D) Mr. Steward is dishonest.
5. A) He did quite well with it. B) He has money problem now.
 C) He is in need of qualified staff. D) He could not carry it on any more.

6. A) \$ 2.00. B) \$ 6.00.
C) \$ 4.00. D) \$ 5.00.
7. A) They will spend the summer in Italy. B) They are both from Europe.
C) They are both students. D) They are both interested in art.
8. A) Not getting what she wants. B) A custom that is new to her.
C) Calling up customers. D) Some of her good friends.
9. A) One of her friends was absent from the party. B) All her friends were present at the party.
C) Not all her friends came to the party. D) All her friends took partners to the party.
10. A) She should do more careful work.
B) She is not concerned about George's remarks.
C) George is not concerned about her remarks.
D) George shouldn't have said so much about her work.

Section B

Compound Dictation

Directions: In this section, you will hear a short passage three times. When the passage is read for the first time, you should listen carefully for its general idea. Then listen to the passage again. When the passage is read for the second time, you are required to fill in the blanks numbered from S1 to S7 with the exact words you have just heard. For blanks numbered from S8 to S10 you are required to fill in the missing information. You can either use the exact words you have just heard or write down the main points in your own words. Finally, when the passage is read for the third time, you should check what you have written.

At some time in your life you may have a strong (S1) _____ to do something strange or (S2) _____. This is especially true (S3) _____ the young people of today. However, (S4) _____ are that you don't act on your (S5) _____, but let it pass instead. The reason is very (S6) _____; you know that to commit the action is wrong in some way and that other people will not (S7) _____ your behavior.

Perhaps the most interesting thing about the phenomenon of taboo behavior is how it can change over the years within the same society. Certain behavior and attitudes once considered taboo can become perfectly acceptable and natural at another point in time. Topics such as death, for example, were once considered so upsetting and unpleasant that it was a taboo to even talk about them. (S8) _____. And, as a result, they are more willing to talk about this taboo subject.

One of the newest taboos in American society is the topic of fat. (S9) _____. In the work world, most companies prefer youthful-looking, trim executives to sell their image as well as their products to the public. The thin look is associated with youth, vigor, and success. (S10) _____. After all, people think, how can people who care about themselves, and therefore the way they look, permit themselves to become fat?

Unit Four

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) Taking a bow. B) Having rolls for breakfast.
C) Rowing with each other. D) Buying a boat.
2. A) The beer. B) The manager.
C) The flat. D) The taste.
3. A) Because he is used to having his breakfast in his room.
B) Because there is something wrong with his legs.
C) Because he's not accustomed to having breakfast with the persons who he is unfamiliar with.
D) Because he is not an early riser.
4. A) He can't speak English.
B) He sometimes makes slight mistakes in pronunciation and tenses.
C) He doesn't know how to correct the mistakes in his pronunciation and tenses.
D) He can't find the mistakes in his pronunciation and tenses.
5. A) She doesn't want any vegetables.
B) She wants all kinds of vegetables here.
C) She thinks that there are different kind of vegetables here.
D) She likes the vegetables.
6. A) She likes the house.
B) She doesn't know any house better than this one.
C) She knows that there are houses better than this one.
D) She doesn't like a too large bedroom.
7. A) She doesn't understand what the man said. B) She doesn't think that she is speeding.
C) She thinks that she is speeding. D) She wants to ask a question.
8. A) What a mother always does. B) What a mother doesn't do.
C) Everything in the man's room. D) Where to put things.
9. A) She agrees to the man's idea. B) She doesn't agree to the man's idea.
C) She agrees to the man's idea to a certain extent. D) She doesn't understand what the man said.
10. A) Professor and student. B) Professor and teaching assistant.
C) Doctor and patient. D) Doctor and nurse.

Section B

Directions: (omitted)

Passage One

Questions 11 to 13 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) One always knows what his muscles are doing.
B) One performs simple actions without working.

- C) One's muscles are used only to the extent necessary for each action they perform.
D) One improves muscular action consciously.
12. A) Textured like wood. B) Colored like wood.
C) Smooth and thin. D) Short and thick.
13. A) Because she has less voluntary muscles than an average man.
B) Because she has only 60 to 70 percent as much muscle for her body mass.
C) Because she has 60 to 70 percent less muscles for her body mass.
D) Because she has less muscle fiber for her body weight.

Passage Two

Questions 14 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

14. A) He will not be able to see things.
B) He cannot remember events during and after drinking.
C) He will experience great tension.
D) He cannot recognize friends.
15. A) It's an incurable medical problem.
B) It's caused by a chemical imbalance in the person's system.
C) It affects all aspects of the victim's life.
D) It's a problem for most people who take drinks.
16. A) Nutritious food. B) Rest and withdrawal from alcohol.
C) Talk with professionals. D) Moral support from other drinkers.
17. A) How to cope with alcoholism? B) How to contract AA members?
C) What causes alcoholism? D) Why do people drink?

Passage Three

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

18. A) Read and commented on the proposed topics.
B) Had conferences with some students.
C) Returned the topic papers to her students.
D) Realized their research papers are due in six weeks.
19. A) A recent textbook assignment. B) Requirements for the final examination.
C) Choosing research topics. D) Preparing an outline for a paper.
20. A) With a thesis statement. B) With a list of references.
C) With a summary of the conference. D) With the student's name.

* * * * *

Unit Five

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) She is jogging. B) She is at the store.

- C) She went for a walk. D) She is getting a newspaper.
2. A) Something happened to her car. B) She was broken and couldn't afford the bus.
- C) She got up too late to catch the bus. D) Her car got stuck in the driveway.
3. A) She got scratched in the wild berry bush. B) She got cut at the wild berry bushes.
- C) She was allergic to the fruit she had eaten. D) She was trying to get a suntan at the picnic.
4. A) She doesn't like other people brushing her clothes.
- B) She doesn't like to drink.
- C) She doesn't like to knit.
- D) She doesn't like being snubbed at a party.
5. A) Bill will buy the car as soon as he gets the money.
- B) Bill's friend is buying the car for him.
- C) Bill can't afford to buy a new car.
- D) Bill has already made the down payment on the car.
6. A) She had to fly out of town. B) She is sick.
- C) She said that she'd come later. D) She decided to stay home.
7. A) 15. B) 50. C) 85. D) 100.
8. A) The man doesn't have to study a foreign language.
- B) The man just received an "A" on his test.
- C) The man's adviser gave him some good advice.
- D) He doesn't have to take the final exam.
9. A) They can't afford to eat meat.
- B) Their rent has been raised so they have to cut down on their grocery expenditures.
- C) The cheaper grade of meat comes without fat.
- D) They will have to cut down on expenses.
10. A) Nobody answered at the number he called. B) He needs help making a long-distance call.
- C) He doesn't know the area code. D) He was disconnected.

Section B

Directions: (omitted)

Passage One

Questions 11 to 14 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) To make recommendations on sensible dieting.
- B) To report the latest advances in physical therapy.
- C) To relate an experiment combining sleep and exercise.
- D) To offer advice about sleeping problems.
12. A) Your heart rate is lowered. B) It becomes harder to relax.
- C) You become too tired to sleep. D) Sleep rhythms are disrupted.
13. A) Failure to rest during the day. B) Lack of sleep on weekends.
- C) Vigorous exercise in the evening. D) Eating cheese before going to bed.
14. A) They might eventually cause to lose sleep.

B) They help produce a neurotransmitter in the brain.

C) You must not drink milk if you take them.

D) They make it unnecessary to take naps.

Passage Two

Questions 15 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

15. A) One must miss one meal a day.

B) Most people should skip breakfast.

C) To skip one meal a day is no good for one's health.

D) Breakfast is the most important in a working day.

16. A) They were all adults.

B) They were males of different ages.

C) They included teenagers and grown-ups.

D) They were mostly young people under 20.

17. A) Different kinds of breakfast.

B) Very good breakfast.

C) Adequate breakfasts.

D) All kinds of meals.

Passage Three

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have just heard.

18. A) How to Test Infants.

B) Parents and Children.

C) Day Care for Babies.

D) Choosing a Pediatrician.

19. A) He recommends babysitter.

B) He writes baby books.

C) He conducts studies on infants.

D) He directs a testing center.

20. A) To find a private home with other babies.

B) To take their babies with other babies.

C) To hire an adult to come into the home.

D) To search for a large nursery with a good reputation.

* * * * *

Unit Six

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) She was a speaker at the orientation session.

B) She wasn't able to attend the faculty orientation.

C) She participated in a psychology experiment.

D) She's a teaching assistant at the university.

2. A) He also found the book difficult.

B) He has learned a lot about names.

C) He doesn't remember the title of the novel.

D) He read a different book.

3. A) Tom will be there at 8:30.

B) Tom will not show up.

C) Tom is always late.

D) Tom is usually on time.

4. A) Jim has moved to another place.

B) Jim is unable to go to the meeting.

C) Jim is at the meeting now.

D) Jim's girl friend is at the meeting.

5. A) David now agrees with the man.
C) David goes to meetings.
6. A) That they watch the clock carefully.
C) That they finish their assignment early.
7. A) Anyone can do it.
C) Alex can probably do it.
8. A) She went visiting with her husband.
C) One of Ted's parents wasn't at home.
9. A) Steve often goes to the museum.
C) Modern art doesn't cost too much.
10. A) A trip she has already taken.
C) A famous statue in Philadelphia.
- B) David doesn't want a town hall.
D) David doesn't like all subjects.
- B) That they be careful of their handwriting.
D) That they wait a few minutes after class.
- B) No one can do it.
D) Alex probably should not do it.
- B) She hadn't expected to see Ted's father.
D) Ted saw both his parents today.
- B) They should bring Steve to the museum.
D) It would be a good place to get a gift for Steve.
- B) A trip she takes frequently.
D) A restaurant she owns.

Section B Compound Dictation

Directions: (omitted)

Gardner is talking about a (S1) _____ that is acquired through reading improvement (S2) _____. In print, a word is a word, black against white. When spoken, a word comes to (S3) _____. It has everything from a (S4) _____ expression to a stage (S5) _____ all of its own.

The simple word "oh" says little as you see it printed here. But in (S6) _____ form, "oh" can acquire (S7) _____. According to the way in which it is spoken, "oh" can mean: "You surprised me"; or "I made a mistake"; or (S8) _____; or "You make me so happy"; or "I'm bored"; or "I'm fascinated"; or "I understand"; or "I don't understand".

Definitions of this simple word can be (S9) _____, each of which gives a new twist to the two letters.

As you may see from this simple example, the nonverbal messages that we receive as listeners reinforce, modify or even contradict the words that a talker speaks. Sometimes (S10) _____ is far more important than the verbal part. This is certainly true when the word "oh" is employed.

* * * * *

Unit Seven

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) A new shuttle bus.
C) An airplane flight six years ago.
2. A) How soon they will graduate.
C) What kind of job they can get later.
- B) A regularly scheduled space flight.
D) A new church mission.
- B) How much their education costs.
D) Which country they will work in later.

3. A) At a doctor's office.
C) At a dentist's office.
4. A) Paul is horrible.
C) Paul likes old hassocks.
5. A) He is a brave man.
C) He is very calm and never gets nervous.
6. A) He wasn't offered the job he had talked about.
B) He didn't really want to work in the bookstore.
C) He didn't know where the bookstore was.
D) He didn't refuse the bookstore job.
7. A) Boss and employee.
C) Husband and wife.
8. A) To the beach.
C) To a mountain trail.
9. A) Reading is more useful than watching TV.
B) Watching TV is better than reading a newspaper.
C) The newspaper is a good source for learning English.
D) A combination of reading and listening is most effective.
10. A) He approves of the action.
C) He considers the punishment excessive.
B) At a hospital.
D) At a drugstore.
B) Paul can fix things.
D) Paul is beautiful.
B) He is an excellent mayor.
D) It is easy for him to be anxious and worried.
B) Teacher and student.
D) Doctor and patient.
B) To a picnic area.
D) To a pasture.
B) He feels sorry for those students.
D) He has no opinion about the action.

Section B

Directions: (omitted)

Passage One

Questions 11 to 14 are based on the passage you have just heard.

11. A) New political ways.
C) New means of water travel.
12. A) By canoe.
C) By toboggan and snowshoes.
13. A) Spaniards.
C) Indians.
14. A) The settlers were well prepared for the hardships that they would encounter.
B) The new settlers evidently found the winters severe.
C) The Indians taught the settlers how to build canoes.
D) The settlers brought tools and weapons to the new world.
B) New methods of fishing.
D) How to trap animals.
B) By blazing trails through the forest.
D) On animals.
B) Other Englishmen.
D) Political leaders.

Passage Two

Questions 15 to 17 are based on the passage you have just heard.

15. A) They are not active hunters.
C) They are often seen alone.
16. A) To catch the birds.
B) They don't sleep much.
D) They don't eat much.
B) To look for shade in the heat of the day.

- C) To catch other animals.
 17. A) They are larger in size.
 C) They run faster.
 D) To look for a kill made by another animal.
 B) They have to hunt more to feed the young.
 D) They are not as lazy as the males.

Passage Three

Questions 18 to 20 are based on the passage you have heard.

18. A) They believed it to be a luxury.
 C) They took it to be a trend.
 19. A) Casual.
 C) Acceptable.
 20. A) When the current marriage law is modified.
 B) When husband and wife understand each other better.
 C) When the costs of getting a divorce become unaffordable.
 D) When people consider marriage an important part of their lives.

* * * *

Unit Eight

Section A

Directions: (omitted)

1. A) The food was spoiled.
 B) The group was shameful.
 C) The weather was bad.
 D) The program director wanted to have it on another day.
 2. A) Sebring High School.
 C) Melrose Community College.
 3. A) The class thought the demonstration was too complex.
 B) Too many students showed up.
 C) The professor didn't show up.
 D) The professor cancelled it.
 4. A) Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
 C) Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday.
 5. A) A bicycle.
 C) A shirt.
 6. A) It's more direct.
 C) It's fast.
 7. A) He got a one-way plane ticket.
 B) He went the wrong direction on a one-way street.
 C) He made an improper turn.
 D) He slowed down at the wrong time.

- B) Clark High School.
 D) Enrold College.

- B) Saturday and Sunday
 D) Monday, Friday and Saturday.
 B) A game.
 D) Baseball shoes.
 B) There is a traffic jam.
 D) It's less expensive.