

一九六六年

邢台地震摄影纪实

Pictures of Real Situation of the 1966 Xingtai Earthquake

河北省地震局 编

河北美术出版社

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一九八六年·石家庄

前 言

1966年3月8日河北省邢台地区隆尧县马兰、白家寨一带，发生了6.8级地震，震源深度10公里，震中烈度9度强。相继于3月22日又在宁晋县东汪一带发生了7.2级地震，震源深度9公里，震中烈度10度。这两次地震使极震区的地面开裂、房屋倒塌、人员伤亡，经济损失严重，同时波及到其他100多个县(市)，都遭到不同程度的破坏。据统计：房屋共倒塌500多万间，死亡8000多人，伤38000多人。

地震发生后，党中央、国务院十分关怀灾区人民，特别是周恩来总理先后三次亲临地震现场，慰问受灾群众，做了许多重要指示，鼓舞了人们战胜地震灾害的斗志。河北省党和政府及当地驻军立即在震区成立了联合救灾指挥部，组织领导抗震救灾工作。人民解放军日夜兼程奔赴灾区抢险救灾。医疗队迅速深入到村镇进行救护，全国各族人民给予各方面的大力支援，使抗震救灾取得了伟大胜利。

为了贯彻落实周恩来总理生前提出的“这次地震损失很大，要记录下来，传给下代，下代再发生就会损失小，这样就对得起死了的，也对得起后代”的指示精神，同时为了给地震研究，特别是地震社会学的研究提供系统、科学、真实、可靠的资料，我们精选了一百五十多幅有关邢台地震的资料照片，编辑出版。

本书可供地震社会学研究、地震科普宣传人员和广大地震工作者阅读，同时也可供工程抗震、工程建筑等专业人员和有关领导同志参考。

PREFACE

On March 8, 1966, an earthquake with M6.8 occurred in Malan-Baijiazhai area in Longyao County, Xingtai prefecture, Hebei Province, with a focal depth of 10 km and intensity IX. On March 22, an earthquake with M7.2 followed in Dongwang of Ningjin County, with a focal depth of 9 km and intensity X. These two earthquakes caused heavy casualties because of ground fissures and house collapse and brought about heavy losses of property in the areas of maximum destruction. The two earthquakes affected more than 100 counties and cities, in which damages to different degrees were reported. According to the statistics made after the earthquakes, 5,000,000 rooms collapsed, 8,000 people were killed and 38,000 people were injured altogether.

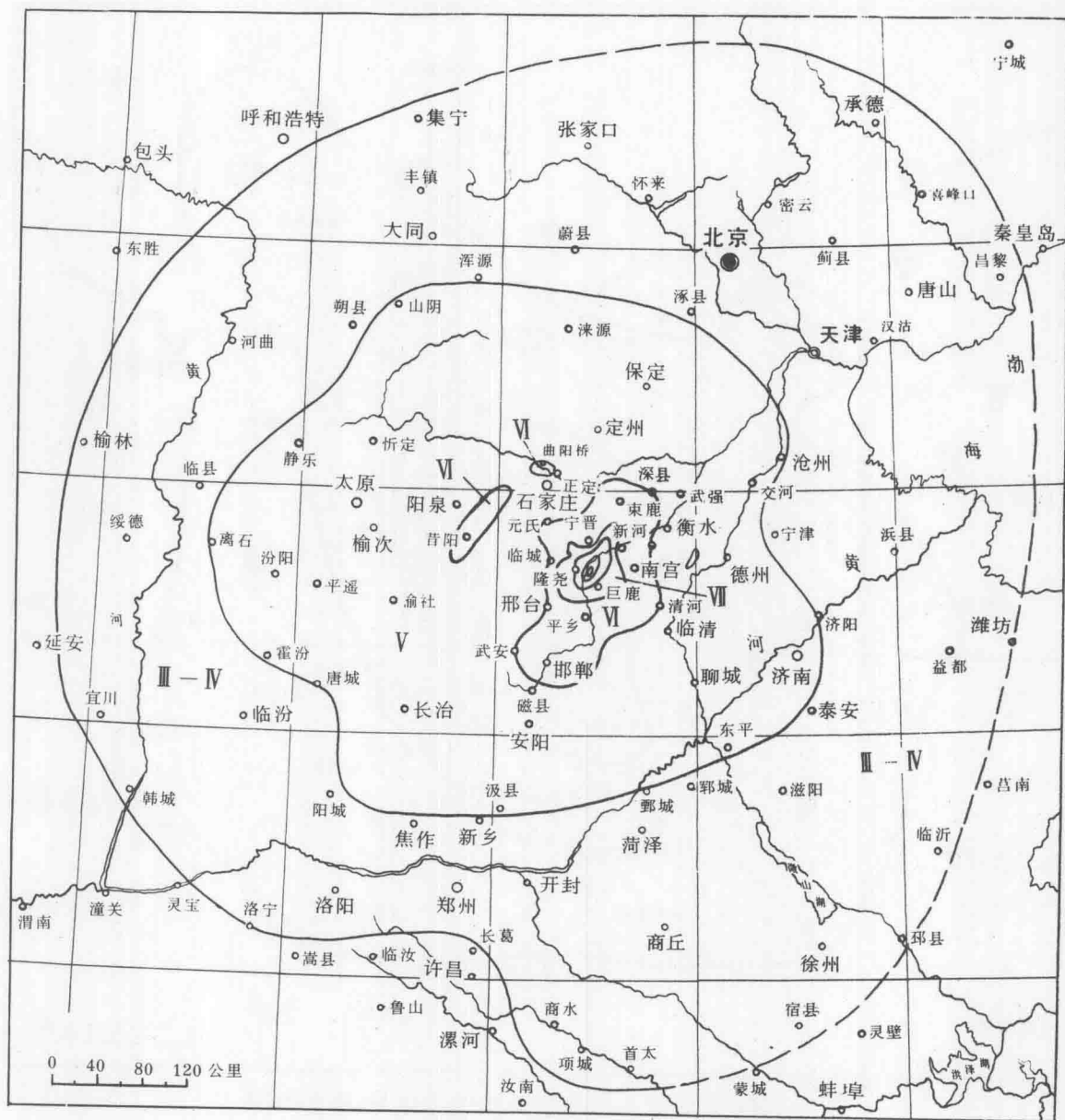
After the earthquake, the Party Central Committee and the State Council showed great concern for the people of the disaster area. Our late premier Zhou Enlai personally had been to the seismic zone three times to express sympathy and solicitude for the people of the disaster area and issued many important instructions to encourage the people to overcome the earthquake disaster; the Party Committee and the Government of Hebei province and the local stationed troops immediately set up a joint Headquarter of the Earthquake Disaster Relief Work to organize and lead the earthquake disaster relief work; the PLA men rushed day and night to the disaster area to do disaster relief work; medical teams quickly went down to the villages and small towns to relieve injured persons; the people of all nationalities all over the country gave the people of the disaster area a great help in many respects, and finally a great victory over the earthquake disaster relief work was won.

In order to carry out the late Premier Zhou Enlai's instruction, "The earthquake has brought us heavy losses. we should draw the lessons, record them down and pass them to the later generations, so that should an earthquake strike once again, the losses might be lighter. Only so can we be worthy of the dead and the coming generations.", and in order to provide scientific, real and reliable data for the seismological study and especially for the seismosociological study, we have carefully selected 150 photographs of Xingtai earthquakes, and they have been compiled and published.

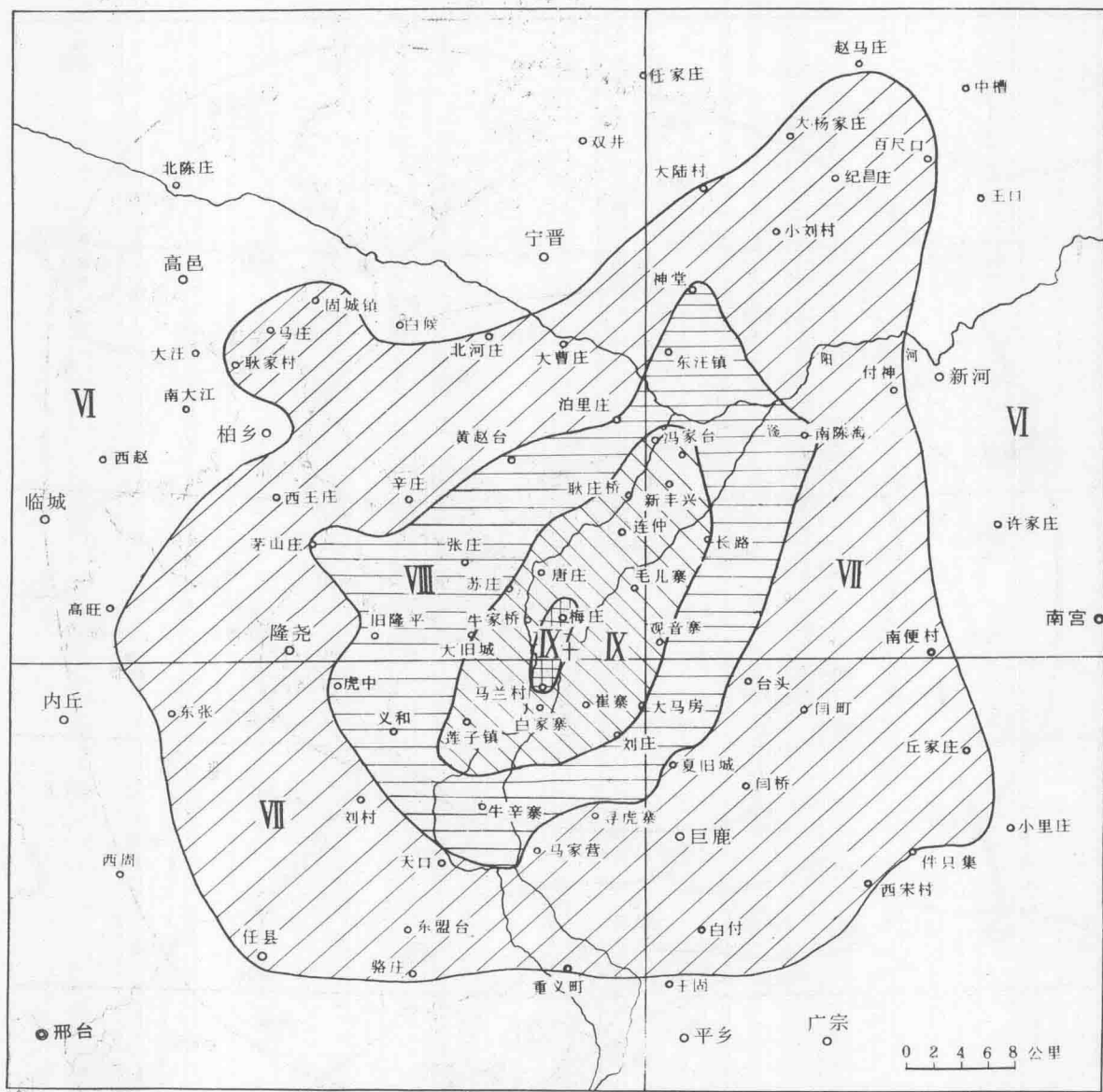
The book will be useful to seismologists, civil engineers, architects, to the persons engaging in seismosociological study and propagation of popular earthquake science and to the leaders concerned.

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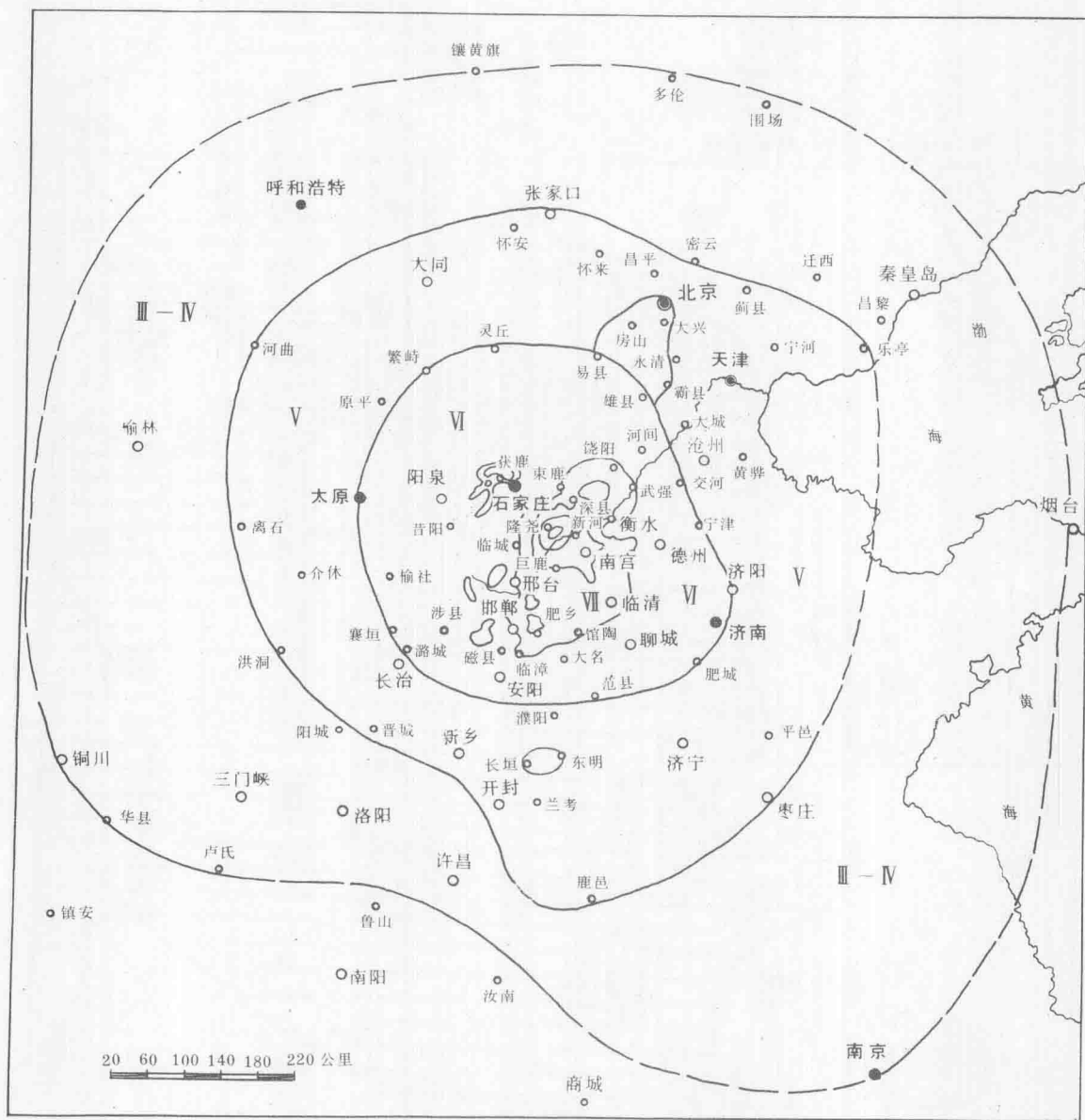
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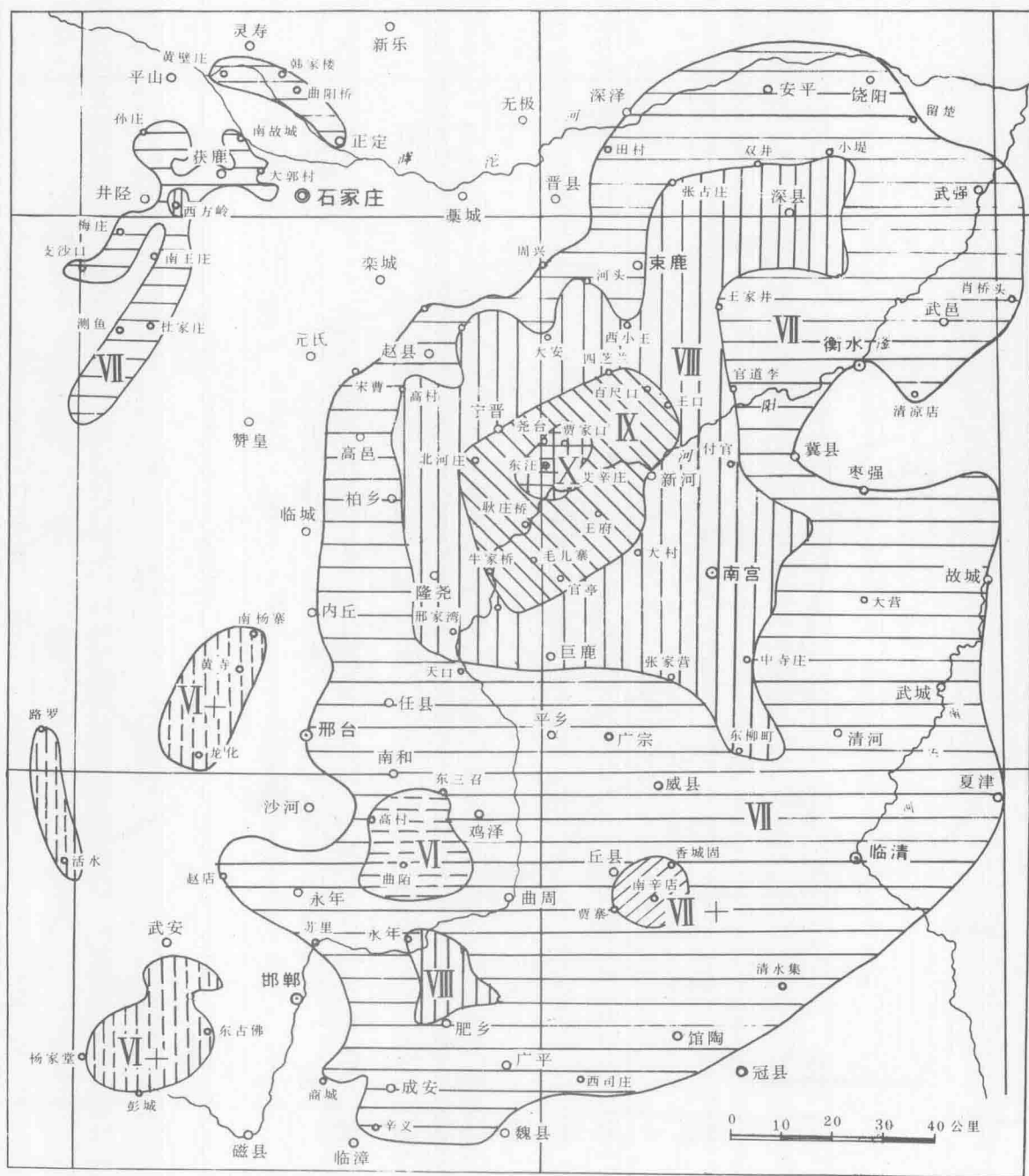
1966 年 3 月 8 日邢台地震等震线图



1966年3月8日邢台地震高烈度区等震线图



1966年3月22日邢台地震等震线图



1966年3月22日邢台地震高烈度区等震线图

党和政府的关怀

1966年邢台地震的当天，周恩来总理立即在北京召开了由国家科委和有关部委参加的会议，共商救灾大计。之后在余震不止，大地抖动的情况下，先后三次亲临震区视察慰问；李先念等党和国家领导人，及以曾山为团长的中央慰问团亦到达震区进行慰问；河北省的省、地、县党政领导深入震区组织指挥救灾工作。党和政府的关怀，给灾区人民增添了战胜地震灾害的信心和力量。

The Concern Of the Party and the Governments

On the same day when Xingtai earthquake occurred in 1966, the Late Premier Zhou Enlai immediately called a meeting in Beijing attended by the persons concerned from National Science and Technology Committee and other ministries and committees concerned to discuss a major program for the disaster relief work. After that the late Premier Zhou Enlai personally had been to the seismic zone three times to express sympathy and solicitude; Li Xiannian et al., the Leaders of the Party and the State, and the Central Delegation headed by Zeng Shan had been to the seismic zone to express sympathy and solicitude; the leaders of the Party and governments of Hebei Province, Xingtai Prefecture and the counties concerned went down to the seismic zone to organize and command disaster relief work. The concern of the Party and governments gave the people of the disaster area strength and confidence to overcome the earthquake disaster.



1966年3月10日周总理在白家寨群众大会上讲话。

周总理在宁晋东汪群众大会上讲话。



周总理下飞机后看望白家寨群众。





周总理在何家寨与干部群众在一起。



周总理到白家寨视察，受到群众欢迎。



周总理在白家寨村视察灾情。

周总理与受灾群众亲切交谈。



1966年3月10日周总理在隆尧县视察灾情。



周总理等领导同志到灾区视察。