

■ 根据最新《英语课程标准》编写
全国通用的英语专项辅导书 配套各种教材版本

◎ 总策划 主 编：蔡章兵



Topic Reading

英语话题导与练

阅读+完形

全国首创



阅读新模式

策划体例科学实用
编写师资专业权威
题型设置科学新颖

全面覆盖最新考纲
文章囊括热点考点
答案点拨详尽到位

高考 B版

吉林出版集团有限责任公司

Topic Reading
英语话题导与练



阅读+完形

高 考(B 版)

策划 / 总主编	蔡章兵			
分册主编	蔡章兵	张石山		
编 委	张 峰	蔡章兵	苏 彬	何高伦
	张石山	贾明军	蔡新发	彭桂华
	蔡建森	赖丽霞	孙伟珍	何蒙蒙
	王雪琴	周荣耀	丁士勇	石 骥
	崔兆雁	刘俊生	刘亚妮	张汉雷
	蒋 丹			

吉林出版集团有限责任公司

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

英语话题导与练. 阅读 + 完形. 高考: B 版 / 蔡章兵
主编. -- 长春: 吉林出版集团有限责任公司, 2012.1
ISBN 978-7-5463-8189-3

I. ①英… II. ①蔡… III. ①英语课—高中—升学参
考资料 IV. ①G634.413

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2011)第 270839 号

英语话题导与练 阅读 + 完形 高考(B 版)

主 编: 蔡章兵

责任编辑: 于 鑫 沈丽娟

封面设计: 李立嗣

开 本: 889mm×1194mm 1/16

字 数: 348 千字

印 张: 12.75

版 次: 2012 年 1 月第 1 版

印 次: 2012 年 1 月第 1 次印刷

出 版: 吉林出版集团有限责任公司

发 行: 吉林出版集团外语教育有限公司

地 址: 长春市泰来街 1825 号

邮编: 130011

电 话: 总编办: 0431-86012683

发行部: 0431-86012675 0431-86012826(Fax)

网 址: www.360hours.com

印 刷: 长春新华印刷集团有限公司

ISBN 978-7-5463-8189-3 定价: 27.80 元

版权所有 侵权必究 举报电话: 0431-86012683



前言

还在纠结于选择什么样的阅读完形辅导书吗？还在摸索着寻找最系统的阅读文章的方法吗？还在痛苦于如何快速合理地提升阅读能力吗？这里，《英语话题导与练 阅读+完形》系列为你提供答案。

以新课标24个话题功能为主线进行策划编写，彻底摆脱教材版本和地区差异限制的《英语话题导与练 阅读+完形》系列，全国首创了“1+2+3阅读新模式”，提倡循序渐进、步步提升、重点突破的学习方法。本书的编写充分体现了以下优势：

最时尚高效的“1+2+3”阅读新模式

“1”代表一篇导入篇文章。本篇既是对单元话题的引导，也是对教材常见的话题形式的模拟，让你在轻松有趣的文章中感受到阅读的乐趣。


“2”代表两篇限时阅读文章。一篇阅读，一篇完形，难度适中，充分贴近考试的要求。你必须要在规定的时间内读完这两篇，更好地掌握阅读的节奏是实战准备的第一步。同时这个阶段也有利于巩固你学习到的知识，达到一举多得的效果。

“3”代表三篇拓展阅读，也可理解为泛读或快速阅读。两篇阅读理解，一篇完形填空均选取最新材料原创而成，可以作为你家庭作业或课外阅读使用，以达到集中强化阅读的目的，要想拔高难度，超越他人，就要过好这一关。

“1+2+3”代表了英语阅读练习的三个阶段，即基础能力的巩固，考试能力的培养，拓展能力的提升，这也是你在英语学习中最需要坚持的方法哦！

最前沿的阅读材料，最全面的考试题型

精选国内外最新时文，全面跟踪时代热点、英语考点和难点，大量的阅读让你更加关注和熟悉



目前阅读文章的类型和趋势，比如环保、网络购物等话题的文章，这些都可能成为你考试中的重点哦！

➡ 最实用的编写体例，最高效的练习模式

本书涵盖了“话题探究”、“方法指导”、“集中练习”、“生词注释”、“难句点睛”、“话题写作”和“话题百宝箱”等板块，从词汇的学习到句型的积累，到常见的写作类型的练习，无所不包。它将帮助你将阅读、完形与英语各方面能力的提高充分结合起来，培养由此及彼、融会贯通的能力，达到事半功倍的效果。

➡ 最强大的编写队伍，最专业的仿真试题

本书的编写者涵盖了全国多位具有丰富经验的一线特级老师，充分考虑你在英语阅读中经常遇到的问题和当前主要的考试题材和题型，以话题为线索编写了这套具有真题水平和特色的《英语话题导与练 阅读+完形》系列。这样的练习针对性强，一语中的，你的备考也会更有成效。

《英语话题导与练 阅读+完形》是英语学习中不可多得的宝典，让你迅速有效地提高阅读能力，花一本书的钱，可以买几本书的知识，更重要的是助你轻松地实现考试阅读完形高分！

目 录

Topic 13 Interpersonal Relationships

话题导入篇

Passage 1 1

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 3

Passage 3 4

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 6

Passage 5 7

Passage 6 9

Topic 14 Health

话题导入篇

Passage 1 12

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 14

Passage 3 15

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 17

Passage 5 18

Passage 6 20

Topic 15 Entertainment and Sports

话题导入篇

Passage 1 23

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 25

Passage 3 26

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 27

Passage 5 29

Passage 6 30

Topic 16 Travel and Transport

话题导入篇

Passage 1 34

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 36

Passage 3 38

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 39

Passage 5 41

Passage 6 42

Topic 17 Nature

话题导入篇

Passage 1 45

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 47

Passage 3 49

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 50

Passage 5 51

Passage 6 53

Topic 18 Language Learning

话题导入篇

Passage 1 56

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 58

Passage 3 60

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 61

Passage 5 63

Passage 6 65

Topic 19 The World and the Environment

话题导入篇

Passage 1 68

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 70

Passage 3 71

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 73

Passage 5 74

Passage 6 75

Topic 20 Topical Issues

话题导入篇

Passage 1 78

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 80

Passage 3 82

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 83

Passage 5 84

Passage 6 86

Topic 21 Popular Science and Modern Technology

话题导入篇

Passage 1 89

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 91

Passage 3 93

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 94

Passage 5 96

Passage 6 97

Topic 22 History and Geography

话题导入篇

Passage 1 100

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 102

Passage 3 104

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 105

Passage 5 107

Passage 6 108

Topic 23 Society

话题导入篇

Passage 1 111

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 113

Passage 3 114

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 116

Passage 5 117

Passage 6 118

Topic 24 Literature and Art

话题导入篇

Passage 1 121

限时阅读篇

Passage 2 123

Passage 3 125

拓展阅读篇

Passage 4 126

Passage 5 128

Passage 6 129

Test

Test 1 132

Test 2 140

Test 3 147

Test 4 154

Keys 161

Topic 13 Interpersonal Relationships

人际关系

话题探究

语篇阅读中有很多与我们的日常生活有关，其中不乏与人际关系有关的文章。这些文章或者讨论人际关系的重要性，或者探讨处理人际关系的技巧。有些文章从心理学或社会学的角度谈论家庭关系、同学关系、同事关系、社交媒体与生活等，总结出各种社会关系的发展规律和人的行为对各类人际关系的影响。有的文章用细腻的笔触描述生活的一个片段，叙述作者对事件中人际关系的微妙变化产生的印象与反思。

人际关系类题材的阅读理解文章多为说明文或议论文，与研究或实验观察有关。此类题材的完形填空以记叙文为主，有的文章为夹叙夹议体裁，将个人经历升华到品味人生。

方法指导

首先抓住说明文和议论文的写作特点，如总→分→总、总→分与分→总等结构形式，把握文章各段落的主题句，了解相关信息在文章中的分布。用主题句统领文章大意，有助于快速、准确地捕捉信息。

其次要注意积累与人际关系题材有关的词汇。这类词汇中名词、动词占大多数，还有一部分社会学或心理学术语，应当牢固掌握。

导入篇

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
说明文	谈话艺术	315	7'30"		4	

Passage 1

There is the so-called art of conversation, which also works in most social situations for the benefit of those who use it as an art. Of course, there are certain basic rules to follow. First of all, one should not start each sentence with "I" and "me/my". This creates an unpleasant impression, in other words, you might suggest that you are placed in the center of attention, that you consider yourself to be the most important person in the world.

Secondly, one should not have the monopoly of the conversation. Even if you have storytelling skills, this does not mean you are entitled to keep talking all night long. Also, it is inadvisable to jump into conclusions after each of your sentence, and you should avoid speaking about general issues. If you speak too fast, or repeat an idea, even if that idea is brilliant, you might end up being ignored.

Even if you are right a thousand times, it's best not to interrupt the interlocutor. While you speak to your interlocutor, you should look at him in the eyes, because if you look sideways or around you might seem dishonest or absent-minded.

You should not get anxious during the discussion and it's best not to make promises that you may easily break. Also, it's impolite to contradict somebody just to show that you are original, and to approve things you are not sure of.

In group discussions, it is good to speak less than the others. To speak very little does not mean lacking general culture and is not a sign of stupidity, but proves a strong personality. Another important thing to be remembered in order to have an artful conversation, is that you should never ask your interlocutor questions referring to negative aspects of his life or his personality or belonging to somebody that is close to your interlocutor.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

- When talking with your interlocutor, you are advised to _____.
A. repeat your brilliant ideas
B. make eye contact with him or her
C. give contrary opinions to his or hers
D. ask about his friend's personality
- Which of the following makes the interlocutor bored easily?
A. Storytelling skills.
B. Good ideas.
C. Being self-centered.
D. Making promises.
- What is implied in the last paragraph?
A. Everyone has his or her negative aspects of life.
B. One is expected to be outspoken in a conversation.
C. People often consider one of few words stupid.
D. The speaker should present his strong personality.
- What is the purpose of the passage?
A. To tell the readers how to make a successful conversation.
B. To offer tips on what can be talked in a conversation.
C. To explain the reasons to make an artful conversation.
D. To introduce the benefits of a good conversation.

生词注释

monopoly <i>n.</i>	独占权
entitle <i>vt.</i>	授权
interlocutor <i>n.</i>	对话者
contradict <i>vt.</i>	反驳

难句点睛

- Also, it is inadvisable to jump into conclusions after each of your sentence, and you should avoid speaking about general issues. 同样，过快得出结论是不可取的，应当避免谈论普遍性的问题。
- You should not get anxious during the discussion and it's best not to make promises that you may easily break. 讨论过程中要沉稳，不要做出轻易食言的承诺。

限时篇

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
说明文	家庭生活	290	7'		4	

Passage 2

Family gathering could be difficult to organize, especially if relatives live in different cities and have lost touch with each other. Often, you may wonder about some good reasons to take the time and contact everyone.

Reestablishing Connections

A family gathering will help you reestablish connections. You will once again get to talk to people that you have not seen in ages. Family gatherings are the best occasions to communicate with each other once again. It is always pleasant to see people who have been a part of your life but who had to move away for one reason or another.

Getting to Spend Quality Time Together

Daily chores, worries, work and problems give you no time to just sit down and have a quality conversation. Family gatherings are great opportunities for relatives to spend quality time together. They can talk about recent developments and the manner in which careers and personal lives have changed.

Getting to Know Relatives You are Less Familiar With

Family gathering parties give distant relatives a chance to get to know each other.

Most probably, you have some relatives who live in a distant part of the country and whom you have not met yet. Such meetings can be very beneficial, letting people who are somehow connected learn more about each other.

Relax and Travel

Use such reunions as an opportunity to have a vacation and to visit some lovely destination that you had always wanted to explore.

Pick a destination that everyone will be able to get to effortlessly. It could even be a place that has some emotional or historic value to the family — a place where ancestors used to live or a location where some very important family events took place.

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

- Family gatherings are important because _____.
 A. they have many benefits
 B. people need to spend quality time together
 C. family members haven't met for ages
 D. they are difficult to hold
- Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?
 A. People are too busy to stay with other family members often.
 B. People don't have other opportunities to travel much.
 C. Relatives living in distant places often don't know one another.
 D. A scenic destination will be the best choice for a family gathering.

3. What is the best title of the passage?

- A. Rules of Holding Family Gathering Events
- B. Reasons to Have Family Gathering Activities
- C. Tips on Planning Family Gatherings
- D. Benefits of Family Gatherings

4. Which column of a newspaper can this article be classified into?

- A. Healthcare Reform.
- B. Family Time.
- C. Holiday Events.
- D. Life of Celebrities.

生词注释

- reestablish *vt.* 重新确立
 chore *n.* 琐事
 quality time 黄金时间
 beneficial *adj.* 有益的

难句点睛

1. Daily chores, worries, work and problems give you no time to just sit down and have a quality conversation. 日常琐事、担忧，还有工作等问题使你没有时间与家人促膝交谈。
2. Use such reunions as an opportunity to have a vacation and to visit some lovely destination that you had always wanted to explore. 把这样的家庭聚会当作度假以及到你向往的地方去观光的机会。

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
记叙文	周围的人	310	7'		20	

Passage 3

The other day at lunch we were talking behind our boss' back. She's the new 1 of our middle school. It's her first year as our boss, 2 she was "one of us" for some years.

We talked about how kind she is to us. She writes notes to 3 us happy holidays, or to 4 us for jobs well done. She checks on us when she knows we're 5 difficulties outside of school with our 6 or with our families. We talked about the good role model she is for the young 7 in our building.

I sent her a quick email to report the 8. She replied saying how much she 9 hearing about it, how it made a bright spot in a 10 week of testing and a death in her family.

I've done the same after such chats about the wonderful custodian we all adore. We often talk about how lucky we are to have her, but she's here after many of us are gone for the day. She was 11 to hear it when I told her that so many teachers are 12 her praises.

I'm guessing a boss must be pleased to hear that his 13 are sorry to hear he's leaving and that they 14 him and appreciated the job he's done. Cards and emails are great, but maybe it's just extra heartwarming to know that kind words are being said even "behind your back."

Sure, it's 15 when we can say nice things about other people. It 16 good! And I think it's a special compliment for people to know of the 17 when others are saying nice things even out of ear shot.

Watch for your next 18 to be the reporter! Make sure to tell them about the 19 things being said behind their 20 ! Because how will they know until we tell them?

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. A. manager | B. principal | C. clerk | D. colleague |
| 2. A. but | B. since | C. while | D. though |
| 3. A. wish | B. tell | C. congratulate | D. hope |
| 4. A. praise | B. thank | C. expect | D. criticize |
| 5. A. solving | B. settling | C. managing | D. facing |
| 6. A. vacation | B. health | C. finance | D. work |
| 7. A. men | B. women | C. leaders | D. students |
| 8. A. difficulty | B. holiday | C. conversation | D. lunch |
| 9. A. enjoyed | B. appreciated | C. minded | D. insisted |
| 10. A. tough | B. busy | C. frustrating | D. boring |
| 11. A. amazed | B. indifferent | C. delighted | D. regretful |
| 12. A. saying | B. offering | C. singing | D. giving |
| 13. A. teachers | B. students | C. colleagues | D. employees |
| 14. A. hated | B. respected | C. adored | D. admired |
| 15. A. horrible | B. considerable | C. pleasant | D. acceptable |
| 16. A. sounds | B. looks | C. seems | D. feels |
| 17. A. times | B. situations | C. occasions | D. circumstances |
| 18. A. option | B. time | C. opportunity | D. conversation |
| 19. A. unpleasant | B. bitter | C. nice | D. unexpected |
| 20. A. ears | B. backs | C. doors | D. bosses |

生词注释

role model

模范

custodian *n.*

管理者，领导

adore *vt.*

非常喜欢

compliment *n.*

恭维

难句点睛

1. I'm guessing a boss must be pleased to hear that his employees are sorry to hear he's leaving and that they respected him and appreciated the job he's done. 我想一位老板看到员工们因他将要离去而黯然神伤，因为他们对他很尊敬，很欣赏他的所为的时候一定是很高兴的。

2. And I think it's a special compliment for people to know of the times when others are saying nice things even out of ear shot. 我认为得知被别人私下说好话对他们来说是一种由衷的赞美。

拓展篇

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
说明文	独自用餐	305	7'30"		4	

Passage 4

It is reported that one in three of us eat more meals by ourselves than we do with other people. But before you accept that somewhat depressing statistic, there is some good news — a lot of us are perfectly happy to eat alone because the computer and TV provide us with solitary entertainment.

Perhaps unsurprisingly, half of the UK's singles eat a meal alone at least once a day. And even one in four mothers with families have dinner mostly by themselves according to a major report on eating trends and social change by the Future Foundation. However, eating alone doesn't seem to matter anymore if you can chat away on social networks — in fact it's now both a quick and entertaining affair.

"Suppertainment" is the phrase being created for the current major trend that reflects the number of people who eat in front of the computer, TV or games controller. Single men are the majority leading this trend, with 60 percent of them spending meal times entertaining themselves with something. However, 40 percent of mothers and 30 percent of students also eat meals while being on the PC or laptop several times a week.

Boyd Hilton, TV and reviews editor of *Heat Magazine* says, "Setting yourself up in front of the TV to 'Suppertain' comes naturally, especially when you've been busy all day. If I'm on my own I always tend to make a quick and easy meal and settle down to watch something entertaining or I'll get on the laptop and catch up with comedies like the new season of *Curb Your Enthusiasm* on More 4 or *Outnumbered* on BBC1."

"I think it's such a bonus that healthy, tasty convenience meals now mean you can relax about eating delicious food without having to worry about preparation time."

----->

阅读短文内容，选择最佳答案。

- Why don't many people eating alone feel lonely?
 - They don't feel depressed at all.
 - People are happy to eat alone.
 - They eat with solitary entertainment.
 - They have good news at meal time.
- It can be inferred from the passage that _____.
 - eating time turns out to be entertaining time
 - more singles eat at least one meal a day
 - more people prefer to eat convenience food
 - eating alone suggests changes in behavior

3. Which of the following best defines the term “suppertainment”?
- A. The trend of eating alone among single people.
 B. Eating alone accompanied with TV or a computer.
 C. Entertaining oneself with advanced technology.
 D. Get relaxed by watching comedies on TV or a computer.
4. What is the purpose of the author by quoting Boyd Hilton’s words in the last paragraph?
- A. To emphasize the importance of healthy, tasty meals.
 B. To tell people to have good meals without doing preparing work.
 C. To prove that people think suppertainment is a good idea.
 D. To call people’s attention to eating meals in relaxing manners.

生词注释

solitary *adj.*

孤独的

trend *n.*

潮流；趋势

laptop *n.*

笔记本电脑

bonus *n.*

福利

难句点睛

1. And even one in four mothers with families have dinner mostly by themselves according to a major report on eating trends and social change by the Future Foundation. 根据未来基金会关于饮食趋势与社会变化的一份重要报告，甚至四分之一的有家庭的妈妈很多情况下自己吃饭。

2. I think it’s such a bonus that healthy, tasty convenience meals now mean you can relax about eating delicious food without having to worry about preparation time. 我认为健康可口的方便食品意味着你轻松地享用美味饭菜却不用担心有没有准备时间，这真是棒极了。

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
说明文	周围的人	315	7'30"		10	

Passage 5

Interpersonal relationships are one of the most important foundations of all human behaviors. They can be various, ranging from long-lasting romantic unions to simple, brief interactions in professional settings. Improving your interpersonal skills can greatly improve your relationships with others.

Smiling Body language alone can have an effect on the quality of your interpersonal relationships. If you don’t feel like working with unhappy people, go out of your way to establish an environment that is positive, encouraging and bright. The more positive your company is, the more people will be around you. One easy way to do this is by smiling often. Look people directly in the eye and genuinely smile at them, even if you do not know them personally.

Listening Strong listening skills are vital for improving interpersonal skills and relationships. Focus on other people, and make it a point to listen far more than you actually talk. Express an authentic interest in others, and

provide your undivided attention at all times. Ask many questions, from where a person grew up to her preferred pastimes. This can enhance interpersonal relationships, as most people really enjoy discussing themselves.

Humor A good sense of humor can go a long way when it comes to working on developing interpersonal relationships, as laughter can be highly magnetic. Show your humorous side, whether it's through detailing unusual anecdotes in your life or sharing your favorite jokes.

Mistakes Many people have a hard time in admitting being wrong about something. The goal behind many interpersonal relationships is to function as a team unit. If one person has the goal to win, the team doesn't really exist. If you have made an error, or your judgment regarding an issue was wrong, get it out into the open and admit it. If you are incapable of being honest about a mistake, it will prevent other people from being able to fully trust you, which can harm your interpersonal relationships with them.

阅读短文内容，完成下面表格。

Fill in the blanks with no more than three words.

Topic: <u>1</u>	
Smiling effectively	☆ Smiling has <u>2</u> effect on interpersonal relationships. ☆ Smiling is necessary even you <u>3</u> .
Listening to others	☆ Talk less and <u>4</u> to show your interest. ☆ Never get <u>5</u> when listening. ☆ Raise questions about personal hobbies as people like to <u>6</u> .
Sense of humor	☆ Humor is important through <u>7</u> of life or simply jokes.
<u>8</u>	☆ Many people <u>9</u> saying that they are wrong with something. ☆ Being unable to admit being wrong is <u>10</u> interpersonal relationships.

生词注释

interaction <i>n.</i>	互动
genuinely <i>adv.</i>	真心地；由衷地
authentic <i>adj.</i>	真正的
enhance <i>vt.</i>	促进
anecdote <i>n.</i>	趣闻

难句点睛

1. They can be various, ranging from long-lasting romantic unions to simple, brief interactions in professional settings. 人际关系有很多种类，既有持久浪漫的家庭关系，也有简单而短暂的职场交往。
2. If you are incapable of being honest about a mistake, it will prevent other people from being able to fully trust you, which can harm your interpersonal relationships with them. 如果你不能真诚地承认错误，这将影响别人对你的充分信任，从而对你们之间的关系造成伤害。

体裁	题材	字数	标准时间	个人阅读时间	题数	正确率
记叙文	兄弟关系	305	7'30"		20	

Passage 6

Once upon a time, two brothers who lived on neighboring farms fell into conflict. Their 1 began with a small misunderstanding and it grew into a major difference and finally, it burst into an exchange of 2 words followed by weeks of silence.

One morning there was a 3 on John's door. He opened it to find a man with a 4 toolbox. "I'm looking for a few days' work," he said. "Could I help you?"

"Yes", said the older brother. "Look across the 5 at that farm. That's my neighbor. 6, it's my younger brother! Last week there was a meadow between us, but he 7 took his bulldozer to dig the stream between us. I'll do him one better. See that pile of 8 over there? I want you to 9 me a fence—an 8-foot fence—so I won't need to see his place or his 10 anymore."

The carpenter said, "I understand the 11. Show me the nails and the digger and I'll be able to do a job that 12 you."

When John returned his eyes opened 13, his jaw dropped. There was no 14 there at all.

It was a bridge... A bridge that 15 from one side of the stream to the other! A fine piece of work! And the neighbor, his younger brother, was coming toward them, his 16 outstretched.

The two brothers stood at each 17 of the bridge, and then they met in middle, 18 each other's hand. They turned to see the carpenter lift his 19 onto his shoulder.

"No, wait! Stay a few days. I've a lot of other 20 for you," said the older brother.

"I'd love to stay on," the carpenter said, "but I have many more bridges to build."

根据短文内容，选择正确答案。

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. A. war | B. disagreement | C. fight | D. contest |
| 2. A. exciting | B. discouraging | C. bitter | D. critic |
| 3. A. strike | B. noise | C. sound | D. knock |
| 4. A. mechanic's | B. electrician's | C. carpenter's | D. repairman's |
| 5. A. stream | B. meadow | C. bulldozer | D. fence |
| 6. A. By the way | B. As a result | C. Worse still | D. In fact |
| 7. A. recently | B. immediately | C. unusually | D. exceptionally |
| 8. A. logs | B. branches | C. trees | D. hay |
| 9. A. design | B. plant | C. bring | D. build |
| 10. A. bulldozer | B. stream | C. face | D. house |
| 11. A. situation | B. location | C. position | D. construction |
| 12. A. amazes | B. excites | C. frightens | D. pleases |

- | | |
|---|--|
| <p>生词注释</p> <p>meadow <i>n.</i> 草地</p> <p>bulldozer <i>n.</i> 推土机</p> <p>digger <i>n.</i> 挖掘机</p> <p>outstretch <i>vi.</i> 向外伸</p> | <p>难句点睛</p> <p>Their disagreement began with a small misunderstanding and it grew into a major difference and finally, it burst into an exchange of bitter words followed by weeks of silence. 他们的分歧缘于小小的误解，分歧愈来愈大，最后兄弟两个恶语相向，接下来的几个星期里他们沉默了。</p> |
|---|--|

话题写作

1. 避免跟他争吵；
2. 用自己的行动感化他；
3. 通过谈话让他意识到自私的危害。

[illegible]