



教育改变人生

JIAOYU GAIBIAN RENSHENG  
江西教育出版社

义务教育课程标准

# 能力形成同步测试卷

TONGBU CESHIJUAN

## NENLI XINGCHENG

[语文][数学][英语][物理][思想政治]

YUWEN SHUXUE YINGYU WULI SIXIANGZHENGZHI

— 八年级 上学期 —



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JIANGXI EDUCATION PUBLISHING HOUSE

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

初中能力形成同步测试卷. 八年级. 上学期: 新课标 /  
《初中能力形成同步测试卷》编写组编. —南昌: 江西教  
育出版社, 2005.7

ISBN 7-5392-4258-2

I. 初... II. 初... III. 课程—初中—习题  
IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2004) 第 067979 号

策 划: 敖文贤

责任编辑: 钟 人

封面设计: 廖刚刚

徐艳萍

涵盖课本内容, 考查知识技能;  
题量难度适中, 面向全体学生;  
题型生动活泼, 强化运用操作;  
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3483

语文 (语文版) 数学 (人教版)

英语 (人教版) 物理 (教科版)

思想政治 (人民版)

初中能力形成同步测试卷

语文、数学、英语、物理、思想政治

八年级上学期

《初中能力形成同步测试卷》编写组

出版: 江西教育出版社

地址: 南昌市抚河北路 40 号

邮编: 330008 电话: 0791-8522407

发行: 江西省新华书店

印刷: 江西印刷集团公司

开本: 787mm × 1092mm 课课卷 1/8 印张: 32  
单元卷

字数: 750 千字

版次: 2006 年 8 月第一版, 2006 年 8 月第一次印刷

书号: ISBN 7-5392-4258-2 / G · 3981

定价: 32.80 元

(赣教版图书凡属印装错误, 可向承印厂调换)

ISBN 7-5392-4258-2



9 787539 242583 >



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# 英 语

## YINGYU

(人教版新课标)

### 课 课 卷

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# 初中英语(人教版新课标)能力形成同步测试卷

(课 课 卷)

八年级上学期(一)

姓名\_\_\_\_\_

得分\_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 1 How often do you exercise?

### I. 英汉互译。(20 分)

- |                           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. 多久一次_____              | 2. 饮食习惯_____          |
| 3. 照顾_____                | 4. 关于,至于_____         |
| 5. 使得结果不同,有重要性_____       |                       |
| 6. on weekends _____      | 7. twice a week _____ |
| 8. go to the movies _____ | 9. be good for _____  |
| 10. play basketball _____ |                       |

### II. 用所给动词的适当形式填空。(20 分)

help   make   exercise   try   get
answer   want   go   rain   play

1. I enjoy \_\_\_\_\_ football very much.
2. A lot of vegetables \_\_\_\_\_ you to keep in good health.
3. It \_\_\_\_\_ a big difference if you can work hard every day.
4. Judy is very clever. She can \_\_\_\_\_ the question quickly.
5. If you want to be healthy, \_\_\_\_\_ to eat less fat.
6. When summer comes, it \_\_\_\_\_ hotter and hotter.
7. How often do you \_\_\_\_\_, Mr Wu?

8. Look, it \_\_\_\_\_ heavily outside. Let's stay at home.
9. This afternoon I'm not free. I \_\_\_\_\_ to see the doctor.
10. Mum \_\_\_\_\_ me to get up at 6: 00 and run with her.

### III. 排序, 重新组成句意相符的对话。(15 分)

#### A

1. They are playing basketball.
2. I don't like playing basketball, but I like running, jumping and swimming.

What about you?

3. What are the boys doing?
4. No, not at all. What about you?
5. Do you like playing basketball?
6. I like swimming and running, but I don't like jumping.

( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( )

#### B

- |                                    |                             |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 7. Does your father like tea, too? | 8. Yes, he does.            |
| 9. What do you like?               | 10. I like tea.             |
| 11. Yes, I do. What about you?     | 12. What's that in English? |
| 13. Do you like orange?            | 14. I don't like it at all. |
| 15. It's an orange.                |                             |

( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( ) - ( )

### IV. 选择填空。(20 分)

1. —Helen, shall we go to the bookstore this afternoon?

—Great! That sounds \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. good idea      B. good      C. interestingly      D. nicely
2. — \_\_\_\_\_ do you watch TV?  
— Three times a week. What about you?
- A. How long      B. How soon      C. How often      D. How
3. — What does he do on weekends?  
— \_\_\_\_\_ he watches TV for \_\_\_\_\_.
- A. Sometimes, some time      B. Some time, sometimes  
C. Some times, sometime      D. Some time, some times
4. He usually starts the day \_\_\_\_\_ breakfast. It's good \_\_\_\_\_ his health.
- A. for, for      B. with, for      C. with, to      D. for, to
5. — Why are you walking \_\_\_\_\_ fast?  
— I have to get home to help my mother.
- A. too      B. very      C. much      D. so
6. — Sorry, I can't see anybody in the picture.  
— \_\_\_\_\_? Look more carefully, and you'll see a child behind the tree.
- A. Somebody      B. Anybody      C. Nobody      D. Everybody
7. \_\_\_\_\_! Can you \_\_\_\_\_ the baby crying?
- A. Listen, listen      B. Listen, hear      C. Hear, hear      D. Hear, listen
8. The meeting \_\_\_\_\_ at 8: 30 next Tuesday in Nanchang University. Let's \_\_\_\_\_  
for Beijing this evening.
- A. will start, begin      B. will begin, start      C. will begin, begin      D. begin, start
9. Jack was born in England \_\_\_\_\_ January 8<sup>th</sup>, 1954. \_\_\_\_\_ December 1978, he  
moved to America.
- A. in, In      B. in, On      C. at, In      D. on, In

10. Please \_\_\_\_\_ when the train will leave.

A. find

B. find out

C. know about

D. ask for

V. 完形填空。(25 分)

Everyone in China 1 Mid-autumn Day. It usually comes 2 September or October. 3 that day everyone eats mooncakes. A mooncake is a delicious, round cake. It 4 like the moon. There are many different kinds of mooncakes. Some 5 nuts in them, and some have meat or eggs. My friend Jim likes mooncakes 6 meat. But I think the 7 with nuts in them are nicer. My friend 8 the nicest cakes come from Guangdong.

9 night, families often stay in the open air near their houses. There they look at the moon, and eat the cakes. Mmm! 10 delicious they are!

( )1. A. like            B. is like            C. likes            D. looks like

( )2. A. in            B. on            C. at            D. of

( )3. A. In            B. At            C. By            D. On

( )4. A. look            B. looks            C. be            D. is looking

( )5. A. has            B. had            C. have            D. with

( )6. A. have            B. has            C. with            D. in

( )7. A. one            B. cake            C. meat            D. ones

( )8. A. say            B. says            C. to say            D. is saying

( )9. A. In            B. On            C. At            D. After

( )10. A. What            B. What a            C. How a            D. How



# 初中英语(人教版新课标)能力形成同步测试卷

(课 课 卷)

八年级上学期(二)

姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

得分 \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 2 What's the matter?

### I. 根据中文或语意完成句子。(20 分)

1. If you have a stomachache, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
2. If you have a sore throat, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
3. If you have a fever, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
4. If you have a toothache, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
5. If you are a bit unhealthy, you should \_\_\_\_\_.
6. Uncle Wang often \_\_\_\_\_ a map \_\_\_\_\_ him when he travels (带一副地图).
7. Excuse me, \_\_\_\_\_ a clothes shop \_\_\_\_\_ (附近有服装店吗)?
8. They are always very \_\_\_\_\_ (对我很好).
9. \_\_\_\_\_ (怎么了)?
10. If you are not feeling well, you should \_\_\_\_\_ (早点上床睡觉).

### II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。(20 分)

get	give	friend	need	believe
stay	monkey	go	hunger	good

1. I start with breakfast every day, because I \_\_\_\_\_ it's important.
2. I have so much homework today. I \_\_\_\_\_ to start to do it now.
3. Eating a balanced diet can help you \_\_\_\_\_ healthy.

4. You don't look very well, my dear. You shouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ stressed out.
5. There are a lot of \_\_\_\_\_ in the zoo.
6. I want something to eat. I am a little \_\_\_\_\_.
7. Which boy is \_\_\_\_\_ at English, Bob or Bill?
8. The people in the shop are very \_\_\_\_\_.
9. What about \_\_\_\_\_ on a picnic?
10. A sore throat can \_\_\_\_\_ you a fever.

### III. 补全对话。(15 分)

- A: What's 1 2 with you, Ann?
- B: I don't feel very 3. My head 4.
- A: Really? When did it 5?
- B: About two hours 6.
- A: Oh, that's too 7. 8 you are ill, you 9 see a doctor.
- B: Yes, I 10 so. Can I have some food now?
- A: 11, you 12 eat anything 13 24 hours.
- B: OK.
- A: I 14 you feel 15 soon.

### IV. 选择填空。(20 分)

1. I'm sorry to hear that she \_\_\_\_\_ back.
 

A. have a sore	B. has sore	C. have sore	D. has a sore
----------------	-------------	--------------	---------------
  2. —Hi, Xiaolin, do you have a new CD player?  
—\_\_\_\_\_.
- |                          |                         |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| A. Yes, I don't have one | B. No, I have one       |
| C. Yes, I do             | D. Hi, nice to meet you |

3. Look! There is few people in the hall, \_\_\_\_\_?

- A. isn't there                      B. is there  
C. aren't they                      D. are they

4. I'm sorry, you must wait for your \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. turning              B. turn              C. turns              D. turned

5. Jim is \_\_\_\_\_ even \_\_\_\_\_ now.

- A. feeling, worse              B. feel, bad  
C. feeling, bad              D. feel, better

6. There is \_\_\_\_\_ water in the glass. You can drink it.

- A. a few              B. some              C. many              D. little

7. \_\_\_\_\_ can help you to rest well.

- A. Listen to music              B. Listening music  
C. Listen music              D. Listening to music

8. If you are \_\_\_\_\_ and often \_\_\_\_\_, it might be because you are not healthy.

- A. quiet, tiring              B. quite, tired              C. quite, tiring              D. quiet, tired

9. —How beautiful you look today!

—\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Thanks                      B. It's my pleasure  
C. Yes, you are right              D. No, no, please don't say so

10. —Would you like to swim with us?

—\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. I'd love to, but I must go home now              B. I want to  
C. Sorry, I can't                      D. I'd love to, and I can't

V. 完形填空。(25 分)

Some people work on Sunday, but a few don't. Many people get up late, but 1 don't. Nearly, 2 reads the Sunday paper.

Often the paper is outside the door before the family 3 up. The Sunday paper is usually very 4. Many men like to read the world news, and sports. Most men don't read the 5 pages, but the mother of the family usually 6. These pages have news 7 parties, food, health and clothes.

Most Sunday papers 8 pictures. Children like to read 9. Old people can find the old things. There is 10 for everyone in the Sunday paper.

- |         |               |               |              |              |
|---------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| ( ) 1.  | A. other      | B. others     | C. another   | D. the other |
| ( ) 2.  | A. someone    | B. everyone   | C. no one    | D. anyone    |
| ( ) 3.  | A. is getting | B. will get   | C. get       | D. gets      |
| ( ) 4.  | A. many       | B. thick      | C. more      | D. much      |
| ( ) 5.  | A. women's    | B. woman's    | C. a woman   | D. women     |
| ( ) 6.  | A. does       | B. did        | C. do        | D. will do   |
| ( ) 7.  | A. about      | B. at         | C. on        | D. in        |
| ( ) 8.  | A. have       | B. his        | C. there are | D. there is  |
| ( ) 9.  | A. they       | B. them       | C. it        | D. one       |
| ( ) 10. | A. nothing    | B. everything | C. something | D. anything  |

# 初中英语(人教版新课标)能力形成同步测试卷

(课 课 卷)

八年级上学期(三)

姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

得分 \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 3 What are you doing for vacation?

### I. 英汉互译。(20 分)

- |                         |                         |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. how long _____       | 2. sports camp _____    |
| 3. go bike riding _____ | 4. go sightseeing _____ |
| 5. take walks _____     | 6. think about _____    |
| 7. at those days _____  | 8. 科幻小说 _____           |
| 9. 共同的 _____            | 10. 一个没有压力的假期 _____     |

### II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。(20 分)

leave	return	ask	hope	hear
listen to	go	forget	different	do

1. Would you please speak louder? I can not \_\_\_\_\_ you.
2. This weekend I am \_\_\_\_\_ for Shanghai. Would you like to go with me?
3. It really can make \_\_\_\_\_ if you work hard from now on.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ you go to Central Park? It was so crowded.
5. As a student, you must \_\_\_\_\_ your teachers carefully.
6. You'll be relaxed when you \_\_\_\_\_ from your vacation.
7. Can I \_\_\_\_\_ you when we're going to leave?
8. If \_\_\_\_\_ the weather will be nice in the mountains.
9. Where are you \_\_\_\_\_ for vacation?



10. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ to come here tomorrow.

III. 选择方框中的正确答语。(20 分)

1. Could I speak to Mrs Brown, please?
2. When is spring in China?
3. What's the weather like today in Nanchang?
4. May I have some dumplings, please?
5. Which do you like better, pork or beef?
6. What are you doing for vacation, Tim?
7. Can you come to my party next Sunday?
8. What's the matter with you?
9. How long are you staying in Beijing for the vacation?
10. Where is the bus station, please?

A. I like beef better than pork.

B. It's from February to April.

C. Sure! Here you are.

D. I think it's a little hot.

E. I'm afraid I have a headache.

F. I'm sorry. She's out at the moment.

G. Thanks. I'd love to.

H. About two weeks.

I. I'm spending time with my friends.

J. Go along this road and turn right.

IV. 选择填空。(20 分)

1. — Hi, Lily, I'm going camping this weekend.

— \_\_\_\_\_!

A. That sounds great

B. That is sound nice

C. That sound good

D. That is sounds nice

2. He is leaving \_\_\_\_\_ the 12<sup>th</sup>, and return \_\_\_\_\_ about 9 o'clock in the evening on Sunday.

A. in, on      B. on, at      C. in, at      D. on, on

3. — \_\_\_\_\_ are you staying in Hong Kong?

— Just for four days. I don't like going away for too long.

A. How often      B. How much      C. How many      D. How long

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is the weather there?

A. What      B. When      C. How      D. Where

5. —What do you do in your free time?

— \_\_\_\_\_

A. I'd like to watch movies.      B. I like watching movies.

C. No, I don't do things in my free time.      D. Can you tell me ?

6. I just finished \_\_\_\_\_ my last movie. I want an \_\_\_\_\_ vacation.

A. filming, excited      B. to film, exciting

C. filming, exciting      D. film, excited

7. This time I want to do \_\_\_\_\_. I want to go to Canada.

A. different something      B. nothing different

C. something different      D. different nothing

8. Don't make so \_\_\_\_\_ ! I can't hear the teacher.

A. many noise      B. many sound

C. much noise      D. much sound

9. Would you please \_\_\_\_\_ play games here? My baby \_\_\_\_\_.

A. not, is sleeping      B. not to, is sleeping

C. not, was sleeping      D. not to, sleeping

10. Uncle Liu lives \_\_\_\_\_ the ninth floor, \_\_\_\_\_ the city \_\_\_\_\_ Wu Han.

A. in, in, in      B. on, on, in      C. on, in, of      D. in, in, at

V. 完形填空。(20 分)

It was difficult to find jobs in the north of England at that time. When John 1 his job, he found that he could not get a new 2. He soon spent all his money, so he went to the south of the country, as people 3 it was easier to find work there. The 4 way to go there was to take a train. Soon John got on 5.

The train started. There were not 6 people on the train. Suddenly a man with a gun came in. He went up to John and said, "Your money, or your 7!"

"But I've got no money, sir." John answered. He looked sad.

"Then 8 are you so afraid?" asked the man with a gun 9. "I thought you wanted to see my 10, and I had no money to buy one," said John.

- |         |             |              |            |              |
|---------|-------------|--------------|------------|--------------|
| ( ) 1.  | A. helped   | B. found     | C. had     | D. lost      |
| ( ) 2.  | A. family   | B. job       | C. car     | D. factory   |
| ( ) 3.  | A. spoke    | B. said      | C. told    | D. talked    |
| ( ) 4.  | A. only     | B. good      | C. had     | D. slow      |
| ( ) 5.  | A. bus      | B. the train | C. the car | D. the plane |
| ( ) 6.  | A. many     | B. much      | C. safe    | D. good      |
| ( ) 7.  | A. life     | B. gun       | C. hand    | D. head      |
| ( ) 8.  | A. why      | B. what      | C. how     | D. so        |
| ( ) 9.  | A. friendly | B. angrily   | C. happily | D. loudly    |
| ( ) 10. | A. ticket   | B. job       | C. face    | D. money     |

# 初中英语(人教版新课标)能力形成同步测试卷

(课 课 卷)

八年级上学期(四)

姓名 \_\_\_\_\_

得分 \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 4 How do you get to school ?

### I. 按中文提示完成下列句子。(15 分)

1. 在中国,自行车和公共汽车是最流行的交通方式。

In China, bikes and buses are the \_\_\_\_\_ of transportation.

2. 少数学生每天步行上学。

\_\_\_\_\_ of students walk to school every day.

3. 我住在离学校 10 英里的地方。

I live \_\_\_\_\_ school.

4. 世界上其他的地方和中国不同。

Other parts of the world \_\_\_\_\_ China.

5. 坐公共汽车要花 15 分钟。

It \_\_\_\_\_ about 15 minutes \_\_\_\_\_.

### II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。(20 分)

tell	go	talk	ride	get to
make	try	know	think of	meet

1. How did you \_\_\_\_\_ the cinema last night?

2. I don't want anybody \_\_\_\_\_ that we are here.

3. I live far from school, so I have to \_\_\_\_\_ my bike every day.

4. Do you know how to fly the kite? Please have a \_\_\_\_\_.

5. I believe you \_\_\_\_\_ the truth now.