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大学实用英语 词语手册

(英汉双解)

天津科学技术出版社

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前 言

本书是针对现行全国高等专科院校英语教材——《实用英语》而编写的。为了配合该教材的使用、掌握好教材中出现的重要词汇及短语，我们在长期的教学实践的基础上，编写了本书，供教师及学生学习使用。

本书的特点如下：

1. 针对性强。共收入《实用英语》(1~4)教材中出现的重要词汇 2000 余个、短语 6000 余条，均为英汉双解。

2. 实用性强。对词语的解释力求通俗易懂，所给例句贴切实用，有助于牢固掌握和灵活运用所学词语。

本书还收录了一些常用的谚语和旅游用语等，并于书后附有普通高等专科英语试题库测试大纲、样题及答案，以供参考。

本书中的第一册重点词汇和短语部分由安桂芝编写；第二册重点词汇和短语部分及书后样题由李全福编写；第三册重点词汇和短语部分及旅游用语由曹玉泉编写；第四册重点词汇和短语部分为三人共同编写。

在本书编写过程中，天津师范大学外语部主任、天津市外语教学研究会副会长金永准教授提出了许多宝贵意见和建议，在此表示感谢。

由于编者水平有限，有不足之处，诚恳地希望读者批评指正。

编 者

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重点词汇和短语

一、Key Words, Phrases and Expressions of Book I (第一册重点词汇和短语)

(一)Key Words of Book I (第一册重点词汇)

A

ability n. capacity; power 能力

She has the ability to speak English fluently.

她能流利地说英语。

I doubt his ability to do the job.

我认为他没有能力做这份工作。

abroad ad. to/in another country 在国外;到国外

She has gone abroad.

她出国了。

She returned from abroad last year.

去年她从国外回来。

absorb v. to take in 吸收

Dry sand absorbs water.

干沙吸收水分。

The clever boy absorbed all the knowledge that his teachers could give him.

那聪明的男孩把老师所能教他的知识完全吸收了。

abstract a. thought of apart material objects 抽象的

The idea of happiness is extremely abstract.

幸福是个非常抽象的概念。

A flower is beautiful but beauty itself is abstract.

花是美的,但美的本身是抽象的。

accompany v. to go with; to support sb. by playing music
伴随; 为(某人)伴奏

He was accompanied by his secretary.

他有秘书同行。

The singer was accompanied at the piano by Mr. Wang.

那位歌唱家由王先生钢琴伴奏。

accomplish v. to finish successfully 完成; 做到

I've accomplished my task.

我完成了任务。

A lazy man would never accomplish anything.

懒惰的人永远一事无成。

account n. statement of money (to be) paid or received; a written or spoken report or story 账目; 报道; 叙述

I have an account with the bank.

我在那家银行有账户。

My account is empty.

我的账户里没有钱了。

He gave me a full account of his plan.

他对我详细地讲述了他的计划。

Today's paper carries an exciting account of the match.

今天的报纸刊载了这场比赛的精彩的报导。

accuracy n. exactness; correctness 准确; 精确

I began to doubt the accuracy of his statement.

我开始怀疑他的声明的准确性。

Being an English teacher, you must read every word with accuracy.

作为一名英语老师,你必须把每个单词读准确。

activity n. something that is done or is being done 活动; 所做的事情

I have a lot of activities which take up my time.

我从事很多活动,时间都占满了。

Classroom activities are things done by pupils in classroom.

教室活动是学生们在教室里所做的事情。

addition n. a joining of one thing to another, an adding of numbers to get a sum 增加的人或物; 加法

They've had some valuable additions to the library.

图书馆新增加了一些有价值的书刊。

The boy is still not good at addition.

那个小男孩做加法仍然不好。

advantage n. a better position or opportunity 优势

She got the job because she had advantages of knowing many languages.

她得到这份工作,是因为她有懂得多种语言的优势。

Tom had a first-rate education and this gave him an advantage over boys who had not been well educated.

汤姆曾受第一流的教育,这一点使他较未受良好教育的孩子占优势。

advertisement n. advertising 广告

An advertisement helps to sell goods.

广告帮助销售。

He answered the advertisement in the paper and got a job.

他应征报纸上的广告而找到一份工作。

agency n. a firm, etc. empowered to act for another 代理(处);代办(处);机构

The company has agencies in all parts of Africa.

该公司在非洲各地均有代理处。

He found a job through an employment agency.

他通过职业介绍所找到了工作。

aid v. to help 帮助,援助 **n.** help 帮助,援助

I want to aid the handicapped.

我想帮助残疾人。

Sleep aids recovery.

睡眠有助于恢复健康。

He came to my aid.

他来帮助我。

Dictionaries are a great aid in learning Languages.

字典对学习语言有很大帮助。

amount n. quantity 数量; 数额

A large amount of money is spent on tobacco every year.

每年在烟草上花费大量的金钱。

There is only a small amount of food.

只剩下一点儿食物了。

ancient a. in or of times long ago 古代的

There are many ancient buildings in Rome.

在罗马有很多的古建筑。

Many customs go back to ancient times.

许多习俗可以追溯到古代。

anxiety n. fear esp. as caused by uncertainty about something
忧虑, 担心

We waited with anxiety for news of her safe arrival.

我们焦虑地等待她安全到达的消息。

Tom's foolish behavior caused his parents great anxiety.

汤姆的愚蠢行为引起他父母的极大的不安。

apart ad. separate; away 相距; 离开

She lives apart from her parents.

她和父母分开住。

We should consider this problem apart from others.

我们应该将这个问题与其他问题分开来考虑。

appearance n. the outward aspect of anything look 外表, 样

子

She has a slightly foreign appearance.

她看起来稍微有点像外国人的样子。

Never judge a man by his appearance.

不要以貌取人。

apply v. to be directly related; to bring or put into use 适用; 应用

The principle of diligence and frugality applies to all undertakings.

勤俭节约的原则适用于一切事业。

This rule can't be applied to every case.

这个规则并不能适用于所有的状况。

appreciate v. to understand and enjoy the good qualities of 欣赏, 赏识

He appreciates your talents.

他很赏识你的才能。

You can't appreciate English poetry unless you understand its rhythm.

你若不懂英诗的韵律, 你就不能欣赏英诗。

argue v. to dispute 争论

They are always arguing over who should pay the bill.

他们经常争论谁应该付账。

We'll argue these points again next time.

我们下次再辩论这些论点。

arise v. to come into being; to happen 出现; 呈现

Accidents can arise from carelessness.

意外事件可能因疏忽而引起。

Problems can arise when people have no knowledge of law.

当人们没有法律知识时,问题就会出现。

aside *ad.* to or towards the side 在旁边

He laid the book aside.

他把书丢到一旁。

We moved aside to let the car pass.

我们向旁边移动,好让车子通过。

aspect *n.* a certain side of many-sided state of affairs, idea, plan, etc. (问题,事物等的)方面

We should consider a problem in all aspects.

我们应该全面地考虑问题。

They studied every aspect of the scheme.

他们研究了这个方案的每一方面。

assign *v.* to give 分配;指派

He has been assigned to a new post.

他被指派到新的工作岗位。

The teacher assigned us a lot of homework.

教师布置我们做许多家庭作业。

assignment *n.* a piece of work given to sb. 分配给某人的工作,任务

What are today's assignments?

今天的作业是什么?

His assignment was to inquire into the cause of the accident.

他的任务是调查这起事故的原因。

associate v. to connect in one's mind 使发生联系;联想

We associate Egypt with the Nile.

我们想起埃及就想起尼罗河。

I don't wish to associate myself with what has been said.

我不希望任何人以为我自己与所说过的事有任何关系。

astonish v. to surprise 令人惊讶

The news astonished everybody.

这消息令每个人惊讶。

We were astonished that he appeared at the party.

他出现在聚会上,使我们感到惊讶。

attract v. to cause to like, admire, notice, or turn towards

吸引;引起(注意,兴趣,赞赏等)

A magnet attracts iron.

磁石吸铁。

He shouted to attract attention.

他高声喊叫以引起他人注意。

attractive a. having the power to attract; pleasing 吸引人的;动人的

Young people went crazy over his attractive performance.

年轻人对他那富有魅力的表演十分着迷。

The high salary of the job is attractive.

那份工作的高工资很有吸引力。

audience n. gathering of persons for the purpose of hearing a speaker, singer, etc. 集合在一起的听众或观众

There was a large audience in the theater.

戏院中的观众很多。

The audience was fascinated by her beautiful song.

听众被她美妙的歌声迷住了。

average a. of the usual or ordinary kind 通常的, 平常的

They are boys of average intelligence.

他们是智力平常的孩子。

Every average student can understand it.

任何一个普通的学生都能理解这一点。

avoid v. to miss or keep away from, esp. on purpose 避开, 躲开

I tried to avoid meeting him, because he always bored me.

我尽量避免遇到他, 因为他总是使我厌烦。

Fortunately, we were able to avoid an accident.

我们幸而逃过了一场灾祸。

aware a. having knowledge or consciousness 意识到; 知道的

He wasn't aware of the danger.

他没有意识到危险。

Are you aware that you're sitting on my hat?

你知道你坐在我的帽子上了吗?

B

balance n. a state of equilibrium 平衡

There is a nice balance between work and play in his life.

他把生活中的工作和娱乐协调得很好。

He was surrounded by so many dangers that he lost his balance.

他被如此多的危险所环绕,因此失去心里平衡。

barely ad. almost not; hardly 仅仅;几乎没有

She had barely time to catch the bus.

她几乎没有时间赶上汽车。

I had barely enough money to buy the book.

我手头的钱仅够买这本书。

barrier n. anything that hinders or blocks 障碍

The Sahara Desert is a natural barrier that separates North and Central Africa.

撒哈拉沙漠是北非洲和中非洲之间的天然屏障。

Language differences are often a barrier to mutual understanding.

语言不同,常常阻碍彼此的了解。

behavior n. way of behaving 举止,行为

Her behavior deserved praise.

她的行为值得表扬。

Everyone dislikes his rude behavior.

每个人都不喜欢他的粗鲁的举止。

being n. human creature; existence 人,生物;存在

I don't believe there are any intelligent beings on other planets.

我不相信其他的行星上会有智慧的生物。

We don't know when this world came into being.

我们不知道这个世界是什么时候产生的。

belief n. the feeling that sth. is true or that sth. really exists
相信;信条

Her belief in God is very firm.

她对上帝的信仰很坚定。

I haven't much belief in his honesty.

我对他的诚实没有太大的信心。

beneath prep. in a lower place; below 在下面;低于

The ground beneath my feet was soft.

我脚下的地面是松软的。

They made a lot of money by exporting the raw materials coming from beneath the surface of the earth.

他们靠出口来自地下的原材料挣了许多钱。

benefit n. anything contributing to improvement; advantage
利益,好处

The experience was of great benefit of me.

那个经验对我很有益处。

It was done for your benefit.

这事情是为了你的利益而做的。

besides prep. in addition to; as well as 除……之处(尚有……)

This machine has many other advantages besides lower cost.

这台机器除了成本低外,还有多其他优点。

Besides being a teacher he is a famous writer.

他除了是位老师,还是位著名的作家。