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英语水平考试指南

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英语水平考试指南

Hints
on
English Proficiency Test

朱月珍 陈厚勤 编著 蓝 俊 翔 审校

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英语水平 考试 指南 朱月珍 陈厚勤 编著 蓝 俊 翔 审校 ☆

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前 言

凡是报考研究生和出国进修生的同志都要参加英语水平 考试。什么是英语水平考试?有哪些项目?怎样复习准备? 这些问题对于没有经过这方面训练的人当然是不清楚的。

不久前,我们曾把我们在平时教学过程中积累起来的资料,汇编成《研究生英语考试习题集》,供我院考生复习参考。后来不少兄弟院校的老师和读者纷纷来函索取此书。现为了满足更多读者的需要,我们根据当前英语水平考试的要求,对原习题集进行了修改和补充,编成这本《英语水平考试指南》。我们希望它能给大家带来一些益处。

此书中的练习题和试题,大都选自我国历届研究生英语考题和英国、美国、日本、香港等国家和地区的英语试题。这些材料内容丰富,形式新颖,反映了当前英语考试的特点和要求。为了便于读者有系统地复习和准备考试,我们采用分类编排和综合练习相结合的形式。所有题目都附有答案,其中大多数作了注释。对一些难句还做了翻译和比较详细的说明。此外,本书还收集了1980年以来研究生英语统考试题和部分出国进修生英语水平考试试题。

李学平同志看过本书初稿,提出了许多宝贵意见。在编写过程中,我们还得到华中工学院外文系同志们的帮助。我们在此向他们表示衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平有限, 缺点错误在所难免, 恳切希望广大 读者和使用本书的英语教师批评指正。

编 者 一九八二年五月于武汉华中工学院

'n

英语水平考试 (The English Proficiency Test ——简称 EPT),是我国英语水平考试 (EPT) 设计组根据我国的具体情况并吸收了国外英语测试手段的某些长处而设计的一种考试。它具有一些明显的优点:能比较客观地反映考生的实际语言能力;由于采用了"多种答案选择题"、"综合填充"等方法,可以在比较短的时间内对考生的英语水平进行全面的考查;此外阅卷省时省力,评分比较准确。

由于 EPT 考试还处于实验摸索阶段, 我 们 只 能 根 据 EPT 考试大纲和最近几次 EPT 考试的情况作一个 简 单 的介绍, 供大家参考。

《英语水平考试》(EPT)的试卷分第一试卷(PAPER ONE)和第二试卷(PAPER TWO)二种。一般考生(包括报考国内外大学非英语专业的研究生)可参加第一试卷的考试,报考国外大学非英语专业的研究生、进修生以及需要测试听力和书面表达能力的考生,除考第一试卷外,还需加考第二试卷。

第一试卷包括三部分:

第一部分: 语法结构 (PART I: GRAMMATICAL STRUCTURE)。这是测试考生辨认标准英语书面语语 法结构的能力。这一部分包括两节:

A节 (SECTION A)。共有10道题,每题为一个句子,每句留有一处空白,句子下面列有四个单词或短语,要求考生从中选出最佳答案。

B节 (SECTION B), 共有10道题, 每题为一个句子, 每句中有四个单词或短语, 下面划有横线, 其中有一处是错误的, 要求考生指出。

这部分主要测试考生对标准英语书面语语法结构的掌握程度(不考语法术语)。测试内容的重点是:(1)名词数的构成和用法(包括所有格);(2)冠词的基本用法;(8)代词的用法以及代词与先行词的前后呼应;(4)形容词与副词的级的构成及用法;(5)介词和各种连接词的用法;(6)动词时态的主要用法、被动语态以及主要的动词句型;(7)非限定动词的用法;(8)主要情态动词、常用虚拟语气的用法;(9)各类句子的基本用法。

第二部分:词汇与阅读理解(PART I: VOCABU-LARY AND READING COMPREHENSION)。这是 测试考生掌握词汇的数量和非专业性材料的阅读程度。这部 分包括两节:

A节 (SECTION A), 共有20道题, 每题为一个句子, 其中有一个词或短语, 下面划有横线, 要求考生从句子下面 所列的四个单词或短语中选出与划线部分意义最接近的一个 单词或短语作为答案。这节主要测试考生的词汇量有多大, 能否适应阅读原著的一般需要。专业性很强的词汇不会在本 节里测试。

B节 (SECTION B), 共有40道题, 分别安排在若干题材、体裁、长短、难易程度不同的阅读材料(单句、短文、表格等)之后。每一材料后有一至几道题, 每题有四个供选择的答案。考生在读完材料后,按照题目要求选择最佳答案。阅读材料的题材有: 科普、社会、文化、史地、人物、气象预报、日常生活…等, 体裁有议论文、叙事文、描写文、说明

文,亦有应用文,如书信、通知、布告、广告、目录、说明书···等。这一节测试的要求是:(1)掌握所读材料的主旨和大意;(2)了解用以阐述主旨的事实和细节;(3)根据所读材料进行推理和判断;(4)领会作者的态度和情绪。这一部分要求考生具有一定的词汇量(the working vocabulary)和起码的阅读速度(the minimum reading speed)。根据最近几次EPT考试的调查和我们教学实践的体会,我们估计考生的词汇量(包括常用词组)不得少于7000个,起码的阅读速度不低于每分钟330个印刷符号。此外,广泛的知识面对于正确的阅读理解有时也是十分有益的。

第三部分:综合填充 (PART I. CLOZE TEST) 这是测试考生英语的综合理解程度。这一部分为一篇短文,其中有20处空白,每一空白有四个供选择的单词和短语,要求考生从中选出最佳答案,最后构成一篇完整的短文。

第二试卷包括两个部分(程序编号接续第一试卷部分)。 第四部分: 听力(PART IV: LISTENING COMPRE-HENSION)。 这是测试考生听懂英语的能力。

第五部分, 书面表达 (PART V. GUIDED WRIT-ING)。这是测试考生日常应用文的初步写作能力。

英语水平考试 (EPT) 今后每年在全国公开举行若干次 (1981年只供研究生入学考试之用)。每次考试的方式一样, 深浅程度也大致相同。

第一试卷和第二试卷的考题数目、计分和考试时间列表如下:

第一试卷:

·		试题 数目	计分	考试时间 (分钟)
第一部分	语法结构			
	A节	10	10	10.
	B节	10	10	10
第二部分	词汇与阅读理解			
	A节	20	20	15
	B节	40	40	45
第三部分	综合填充	20	20	20
Ä	数	100	100	100

第二试卷:

		试题数目	计分	考试时间 (分钟)
第四部分	听力			30
	A节	20	20	
	B节	15	15	
第五部分	书面表达	1(或2)	25	30 ,
总	数	36(或37)	60	60

EPT 是我国英语测试手段的一大改革,它将在实践中进一步发展完善。可以预见, EPT 对我国今后外语 教 学会有一定的影响。

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第一部分

)

(一) 多种选择题

I. Grammar (语法)

1. Tenses and Voices (时态与语态)

A. Tenses (时态)

1.	I think she right now.
	a. reading b. is read
	c. is reading d. to read
2.	last year and is now earning his living
	as an advertising agent.
	a. He left the school b. He has left school
	c. He had left school d. He left school
3.	He sixteen next year.
	a. will have been b. will be
	c. shall have been d. had been
4.	Whenthis story?
	a. were you written b. have you written
_	c. did you write d. you write
	I knew I could not finish the homework

	a. by he had come b. until he has come
	c. when he comes \ \ d. before he came
6.	The car at the present speed until it
	reaches the foot of the mountain at about ten
	o'clock tonight.
	a. would go b. went
~	c. will be going d. goes
7.	If the phone rings again, Iit.
	a. ignore b. will ignore
	c. will have ignored d. would have ignored
8.	When we get our tickets,be marked
	"first class".
	a. it is to b. it will
	c. they were to \(\text{d. they will} \)
9.	While he the poster, a door somewhere
	behind him opened.
	a. is staring at b. did stare to
	c. looked carefully upon d. was staring at
10	. The government to approve the use
	of widespread surveillance when the Justice
	Department took objections.
	a. is going b. had been
	c. was about d. is coming
. 11	. The officer in charge to court-martial
	the sergeant that deserted his post.
	a. is intended b. had intended
	c. is intending d intended
1	2
-	

12.	I hadn't expected James to apologize but I had
	hoped
	a. him calling me vb. that he would call me
	c. him to call me d. that he call me
13.	James Watt the steam engine.
	a. was inventing b. invented
	c. had invented d. has invented
14.	We had hoped the game, but the other
	team played very well.
	a. State University to win
	b. that State University win
`	c. that State University would win
	d. State University's winning
15.	Itevery day so far this month.
	a. is raining b. rained
	c. rains d. has rained
16.	"The possibility of a flood was just reported
	over the radio."
	"I know. I heard about it. The river
	the top of its bank."
	a. was reached b. reaching
	c. had been reached d has reached
	My history teacher my test.
**	a. has not yet graded b. will not grade
	c. is to be not grading d. must to grade
18.	Do not disturb me. I letters all morning
	and have written ten so far.

	a. write b. have written
	c. was writing d. have been writing
19.	"Was the driving pleasant when you vacationed
	in Mexico last summer?"
	"No, it for four days when we arrived,
	so the roads were very muddy."
	a. was raining b. would be raining
2.5	c. had been raining d. have rained
	The construction of the laboratory
•	before the end of next month.
	a. must have completed
	b. must have been completed
	c. must be completed
	d. must complete
21.	"What were you doing when Anna phoned you?"
~ ·	"I had just finished my work andto
	take a bath."
	a. starting b. to start
	c. have started v. d. was starting
22	"Have you gone to see the doctor?"
24.	"No, but"
	a. I go b I m going to see
	c. I go to see \sqrt{d} . I'm going to
92	I had hoped my letter.
۵۵.	a. her to answer b. that she answer
	c. that she would answer d. her answering
	Charles Dickens a lot of novels.
24.	Charles Dickens

c. had written d. was writing 25. Pa Chin a lot of novels. a. wrote b. had written c. was writing d. has written 26. How many people the conference on self-improvement? a. attended b. is attending c. do they attend d. did attend 27. "Did you write to Grace last summer?" "No, but I'll her over Christmas vacation." a. be seen b. be seeing c. have seen d. have been seeing 28. "Could you give these books to Mr. Mackintosh?" "Certainly, him about something else in any case, so it won't be any bother." a. I'll see b. I see c. I can see d. I'll be seeing 29. "What's the matter, Ali? You look sad." "Oh, nothing much. As a matter of fact, I of my friends back home." a. just thought b. have just been thinking c. was just thinking d. have just thought 30. Look at John! What ? a. does he b. he is doing		a. wrote b. has written
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