

公共英语等级考试 级必备词汇

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华东理工大学出版社

行家辅导 PETS 系列

全国公共英语等级考试 一级必备词汇

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内容简介

许多外语爱好者都会在浩如烟海的词汇表前望而生畏,掌握一定量的基础词汇是顺利通过考试的基本保障,也是突破听说关的一个关键。本书所提供的一级必备词汇是依据全国公共英语等级考试一级大纲所编写的。词条的例句力求贴切,上口;每个字母后面还专门设有以该字母开头的词汇练习,体例新颖,易于学生消化、理解所学的词汇,并能举一反三。

本书适用于有志参加并通过全国公共英语等级考试(PETS)一级的读者,以及即将参加中考的广大初中在校学生。

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前 言

随着改革开放的不断深入,教育改革已不再是一句空话,由国家教育部 1999 年度推出的全国公共英语等级考试 (Public English Test System) (PETS) 为中国英语考试社会化拉开一道全新的序幕,它使每个有志在英语学习上进阶、努力的人有了奋斗的目标。它打破了只有在校生才能获取一张英文水平等级证书的局面。中国也不再是只有大学英语四、六级考试一统天下的格局。PETS 考试为更多的有志者提供了方便和可能性,它更注重测定学生英语的实际应用能力。这实在是可喜可庆之事。

国家教育部推出的 PETS 考试共分五级,每级大致为:一级相当于优秀的初中毕业生参加中考的英语水平;二级相当于高考英语水平;三、四级相当于大学英语四、六级统考水平;五级可替代国家公费出国留学,相当于英语专业二年级水平。

全套 PETS 辅导丛书每级分别有《必备词汇》、《必备语法》、《阅读技巧》、《听力会话》和《考试自测》;均由熟悉 PETS 教程考试的行家执笔编写。它的特点是新、快、准。所谓"新"就是思路新,练习新;"快"是指学生使用后,上手快、掌握快;"准"是针对考试切题准。

《全国公共英语等级考试一级必备词汇》一书是依据全国公共英语等级考试(PETS)大纲的要求而编写的。共收集800多词条,连同列在词条内的词组约1000多词汇。牢固掌握这些基本词汇,是为今后英语水平上台阶,顺利通过PETS考试的基本保证。全书分三大部分:第一部分为单词表。每个词条均按字母顺序排列,均配以国际音标、词性、释义、相关的常用词组和例句。这些例句都非常接近日常生活,且上口实用,能够达到举一反三的功效。第二部分为词汇练习。设有同义词辨析、相似词选择、意义相近词选择填空等项目。它

旨在进一步扩大考生的基础词汇量,增加学生对同义词的辨析能力, 消化巩固已学过的词汇。第三部分为附录。附有常用不规则动词 表、常用缩写词、常用英语名译名和练习参考答案。它旨在给学生们 的学习提供方便。

学习掌握本词汇书对即将参加全国公共英语一级考试的考生尤为重要,它是你过一级的必备基础,同时也可作为广大在校初中毕业生中考英语的词汇辅导书。

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Α

- a /ei, ə/ (an /æn, ən/) art. (a 用在以辅音音素开头的词之前; an 用在以元音音素开头的词之前)(i) -(个,件……) We went to a zoo this morning. 今天早晨我们去动物园了。(2) 任何一个 A bicycle has two wheels. 自行车有两个轮子。(3) 每一(个) Take this medicine three times a day. 每天服三次药。
- able /'eibl/ adj. 有能力的,能干的 He is an able man. 他是一个很能干的 人。 be able to do sth. 能够做某事; We will be able to finish our homework soon. 我们很快就能完成作业。
- **about** /abaut/ adv. (1) 大约 It takes about one hour to get there by bus. 乘公共汽车到那儿大约要一个小时。(2) 周围, 到处 Don't throw rubbish about, throw it into the litter-pin there. 不要到处乱扔垃圾, 把垃圾扔到那边的垃圾箱中去。 prep. (1) 关于 Please tell me something about your hometown. 请给我们讲一些关于你们家乡的事。(2) 表示位置或状态 I have only eighty yuan about me. 我身上只带了八十元钱。
- **abroad** /əbˈrəːd/ adv. 到(在)国外 We will travel abroad during the summer vacation. 暑假期间我们要去国外旅游。
- according /əˈkɔːdin/ adj. & adv. 相应的(地)according to 按照,根据 From each according to his ability; to each according to his labor. 各尽所能,按劳分配。

- across /əˈkrɔs/ adv. 横过, 穿过 The river is not so wide, you can swim across. 这条河不太宽, 你能游过去的。 prep. (1) 横过, 穿过 The boy helped the old lady to go across the street. 这个男孩帮助那位老太太穿过马路。(2) 在……对面 The post office is just across the street. 邮局就在大街的对面。
- afraid /əˈfreid/ adj. (1) (使)害怕的,恐惧的 be afraid of 害怕的 The small girl is afraid of dogs. 这个小女孩害怕狗。(2) 担心的 I'm afraid we're going to be late. 我担心我们要迟到了。(3) (口)恐怕I'm afraid not. 恐怕不是这样吧!
- after / cufto/ prep. 在……以后,在……后面 I will call on you after a few days. 几天之后,我去看你。 the day after tomorrow 后天; one after another 一个接一个; adv. 以后,后来 He left on Monday and returned three days after. 他星期一离开,三天后回来了。 after a while 过一会凡 Please stay here for a minute, I'll be back after a while. 请在此呆一会儿,我马上就回来。 after all 毕竟,到底 Don't give up, this is a new work to you after all. 别放弃,这工作对你来说毕竟还是新的。
- afternoon / afternoon, 'afternuin/ n. 下午,午后 We don't have any classes in the afternoon. 下午我们没有课。
- again /əˈgein/ adv. 又,再,再一次 Read the text again. 再读一遍课文。 again and again 一次又一次 once again 再一次
- ago /əˈgəu/ adv. 以前 I met him a few minutes ago. 我几分钟前碰到他。
- agree /sigri:/ v. (1) 同意, 赞成 (to + sth, with + sb.) She agreed with me. 她赞成我的意见。She agreed to my idea. 她同意我的看法。

- (2) 达成一致意见 The two sides agree on an easefire. (双方一致同意停火)双方在停火上达成一致意见。(3) 答允(做某事)He agreed to help us with English grammar. 他同意帮助我们学习英语语法。 agree to do sth. 同意做某事
- agreement /əˈgriːmənt/ n. (1) 协定, 协议 I'm sorry we could not come to an agreement on these terms. 对不起, 我们无法在这些条款上达成协议。(2) 同意, 一致 I'm in agreement with what you said just now. 我同意你刚才的说法。
- ahead /əˈhed/ adv. 在前面 There is a bright future ahead of us. 我们有 光明的前途。 go ahead 去吧,干吧 —— Can I go out for a while? —— Go ahead . —— 我可以出去一会儿吗? —— 去吧。
- air /εə/ n. 空气,天气 The air in the mountain area is very fresh. 山区 的空气非常新鲜。by air 乘飞机 We will go there by air. 我们将乘飞机 去那儿。in the open air 在户外,在野外
- airmail /səmeil/ n. 航空邮件 How much is it for an airmail letter to Hong Kong? 寄一封到香港的航空信需要多少钱?
- airport /ˈsəpəːt/ n. 航空港,飞机场 Beijing International Airport 北京国际机场
- all /o:l/ adj. (1) 一切,所有的 All things are difficult before they are easy. 万事开头难。(2) 全部的 He spent all that year in London. 他 (那)一整年都呆在伦敦。 pron. 全部,一切 All enjoyed themselves at the party. 晚会上大家玩得都很痛快。 adv. 完全,都 My clothes are all wet. 我的衣服都湿了。 all over 遍及,到处 We have been looking for her all over. 我们在到处找她。 all right 行,好吧,可以 All right, you

- can take the book home. 好吧, 你可以把书带回家。 not at all 根本不 I can't hear you at all. 我根本听不见你的讲话。
- almost /ˈɔːlməust/ adv. 几乎, 差不多 I have almost finished my homework. 我快要完成作业了。
- along /əˈləŋ/ adv. (1) 向前 The police told the people to move along. 警察让人们向前走。(2)和……一起, 一同 You can come along with us. 你可以和我们一起去。 prep. He left the park and walked along the river bank. 他离开公园,沿河边走去。
- already /o:liredi/ adv. 已经 The children have already had breakfast and gone to school. 孩子们已经吃过早饭上学去了。
- also /ˈɔːlsəu/ adv. 也 I also asked him to go with me. 我也请他和我一起去。
- always / ɔːlweiz, ˈoːlwiz/ adv. (1) 总是, 一直 He always stays at home in the evening. 晚上他总呆在家里。(2) 永远, 始终 The sun always rises in the east. 太阳总是从东方升起。
- am /æm, əm/ v. be 的现在时(用于第一人称单数) I am a student. 我是学生。
- A.M. (=a.m.)/eiem/上午7a.m. 上午7点钟
- America /əˈmerikə/ n. 美洲, 美国
- American /əˈmerikən/ n. 美国人 They are Americans. 他们是美国人。 adj. 美国的, 美国人的 How much do you know about American 4.

Civil War? 关于美国内战你了解多少?

- among /əˈmʌn/ *prep*. 在……之中,在……之间 She prefers to live *among* her students. 她愿意同学生们住在一起。
- and /ænd, ənd/ conj. (1) 和, 又, 而 He and I are sportsmen. 他和我都是运动员。(2) (表示结果)那么,则 Work hard and you will succeed.只要努力, 你就会成功。
- angry / ængri / adj. 生气的, 发怒的 I was angry at what he said. 我对他所说的这些表示气愤。 be angry with sb.生(某人)的气 He was angry with me because I didn't write to him. 我没给他写信, 因此他生我的气了。
- animal / senimal / n. 动物 You can see all kinds of animals in the zoo. 动物园里可以见到各种动物。
- annoy /əˈnɔi/ vt. (1) 于扰, 打搅 A fly keeps annoying me. 一只苍蝇~ 直在打搅我。(2) 使恼怒, 使烦恼 She was annoyed with the boy for being so careless. 她因为这个男孩如此粗心而同他生气。
- another /əˈnʌðə/ adj. (1) 再一个的、另一人的 Wili you have another cup of coffee? 你再来一杯咖啡好吗? (2) 别的,不同的 We will visit your company another time. 我们另找时间参观你们的公司。 pron. 另一个,类似的一个 I don't like this one; please show me another. 我不喜欢这个,请另拿一个给我看看。
- answer / cmsə/ v. 回答,答复 This question is too hard to answer . 这 个问题太难了,答不由来。n. 答案,回答 That is the answer to the question. 那就是问题的答案。

. 5 .

- any /eni/ adj. (1) (用于疑问、否定、条件句等) 什么,一些 Do you have any questions? 你们还有什么问题吗? (2) 任何的,任一的 You can take any one of these. 这些当中你可以随便拿一个。 pron. 无论哪个,无论哪些 Do(es) any of you know his address? 你(们)中间有谁知道他的地址吗?
- anybody /'eni,bodi/ *pron*. (1) (用于疑问、否定、条件句等) 任何人 Does *anybody* here know the news? 这里有人知道这个消息吗? (2) (用于肯定句中) 随便哪个人 *Anybody* can help you when you meet with difficulties. 有困难时谁都能帮助你。
- anything /ˈcniθin/ pron. (1) (用于疑问、否定、条件句等) 任何事,任何东西 If there is anything I can do for you, please let me know. 如果需要我帮忙,请告诉我。(2) (用于肯定句中) 无论什么东西,随便什么事情 I want something to eat, anything will do. 我想吃点东西,(随便)什么都可以。
- apple /ˈæpi/ n. 苹果 An apple a day keeps the doctor away. 日食一苹果, 医生远离我。
- are /a:,ə/ v. (用于第二人称单数和第一人称、第二人称和第三人称复数) 是We are Young Pioneers. 我们是少先队员。
- arm / am/ n. (1) 手臂, 胳膊 He came out of the room with a dictionary under his arm, 他从房间里出来, 腋下挟着一本词典。(2) (pl.) 武器 They are equipped with American arms. 他们是以美式武器装备的。
- around /əˈraund/ adv. (1) 在周围,在附近 I want to look around before doing anything. 做事之前我要四周看看。(2) 大约 They will come back at around 5 o'clock. 他们大约五点钟回来。pron. 在……周围,环绕. 6.

The earth moves around the sun. 地球绕着太阳转。

arrive /əˈraiv/ v. arrive at (后接小地方)/in(后接大地方)到达,到来 We arrived at a small village before it got dark. 天黑前我们到达一个小村庄。Our train will soon arrive in Shanghai. 我们的列车马上就要到上海了。

as /æz, əz/ conj. (1) 因为,由于 As he was not so well, he decided to stay at home instead of going outing. 由于身体不适,他决定呆在家中,不去旅游了。(2) 当……的时候 The sun was rising as we started out.太阳升起的时候,我们出发了。(3) 按照,以同样的方式 Do as I told you before. 照我以前告诉你的那样去做。 as ... as (表示比较) 如,像……一样 He is as tall as his father now. 他现在和他的父亲一样高了。 not so ... as 不像 (或不如) He is not so strong as you think. 他没有你想像的那样强壮。

ask / ask/ v. (1) 问, 询问 She wants to ask for some information. 她想打听一点消息。(2) 请求 May I ask a favor of you? 能不能请你帮个忙? (3) 邀请 They ask you to a party. 他们请你参加一个晚会。 ask after 问候, 探问 Please ask after your parents for me. 请代我向你的父母问好。 ask for 要, 请求 We have to ask for help now. 我们不得不请求帮助。

at /æt, ot/ prep. (1) (表示空间) 在……里, 在……上, 在……旁 I will wait for you at the station. 我在车站等你。(2) 在……(状态)中 The two countries are at war. 这两个国家正处于战争状态。(3) 在……时刻 We usually go to school at seven o' clock in the morning. 我们通常早上七点钟上学。(4) (表示速度、价格等) The train runs at 110 kilometers an hour. 列车以每小时一百一十公里的速度行驶。(5) 在……方面 She is good at singing. 她歌唱得很好。 at breakfast 在吃早饭; at home 在

家; at last 最后; at once 立即, 马上; at school 在学校; at the same time 同时; at work 在工作中

aunt / q:nt/ n. 姨妈, 舅母, 姑妈, 伯母, 婶母 Her aunt often comes to see her. 她姨妈常来看她。

autumn / otəm/ n. 秋天, 秋季 The leaves turn yellow in autumn . 秋 天树叶变黄了。

away /əˈwei/ adv. 离开,远离 My school is only a few miles away from home. 我们学校离家只有儿英里远。be away from 离开,远离 go/run away 走(跑)掉

Exercise "A"

T

··	17.150	^	-		
	选择	5	划约	线部分意思最接近的答案	
	()	1.	Mary likes to go to the par	rty <u>alone</u> .
				a. only	b. by herself
				c. together	d. at last
	()	2.	I missed the first bus but	I was able to take a second
				one to get to the station or	n time.
				a. failed to	b. could
				c. managed to	d. had to
	()	3.	Our train will arrive in Sh	anghai at four in the after-
				noon.	
				a. leave for	b. reach
				c. get	d. enter
	()	4.	Last year Mr. Wang was a	awarded a prize for his hard
				working.	
				a. was sent	b. was given

		c. was told	d. was taken
() 5.	Father did not allow me to	o go out to play after dark-
		ness.	
		a. asked me to go	b. let me go
		c. told me to go	d. promised me to go
() 6.	He was too tired and fell a	isleep as soon as he went to
		bed.	
		a. went to sleep	b. went to sleepy
		c. went to sleeping	d. stayed awake
(7.	You should apologize to the	e old man.
		a. say "not" to	b. say "sorry" to
		c. say "yes" to	d. say "hello" to
() 8.	I will go to Hong Kong by	air.
		a. by car	b. by sea
		c. by plane	d. by train
(9.	-Hello, could I speak to	Jim, please?
		-I m afraid he's out at the	ne moment.
		a. worried	b. sorry
		c. frightened	d. not sure
() 10	. The children are playing	in the open air.
		a. in the air	b. in the garden
		c. outside	d. in air
词汇统	练习	•	
() 1.	I was waiting fo	or the last bus, Tim came to
		me.	
		a. After	b. Because
		c. As	d. Though
() 2.	She often the lea	ctures on computer science.
		a. joins	b. goes for

П

			c. enters for	d. attends
	() 3.	We waited and waited but	he did not at the
			meeting.	
			a. appear	b. go away
			c. run up	d. come towards
	() 4.	Although he missed the but	s, he get to school
			on time.	
			a. was able to	b. could
			c. had to	d. did not
	() 5.	I don't agree yo	ou because I don't think you
			are right.	
			a. on	b. with
			e. upon	d. to
<u>I</u> I .	选择	适当的	的词或词组填空	
	() 1.	If she (arrives,	reaches) here tomorrow, I
			will give this book to her.	
	() 2.	The shirt and skirt cost six	ty yuan (in all, of
			all).	
	() 3.	She likes neither of the tw	o pairs of shoes, so she has
			to buy (the other	er, another) pair.
	() 4.	The policeman help the old	lady to go (across,
			hrough) the street.	
	() 5.	When you go back home,	please ask (for,
			after) your parents for me	

В

baby /'bei'bi/ n. 婴儿 While she is away she asks me to take care of the baby. 她不在时,让我照看她的小孩儿。

back / bæk/ adv. 回, (原处) I will give it back to you tomorrow. 我明 天把它还给你。 adj. 后面的 She planted many flowers in the back garden. 她在后花园里种了许多花。n. (1) 后面 There is a map of China on the back wall of our classroom. 教室后面的墙上有一幅中国地图。 (2) 背, 背部 He carried a big bag on his back. 他背着一个大背包。

bad / bæd/ adj. (1) 坏的,不好的 In a given conditions, a bad thing can be turned into a good one. 在一定条件下,坏事可以变为好事。(2) 令人不愉快的,不受欢迎的 The weather is very bad these days. 这几天天气非常糟糕。(3) 劣等的,无价值的,不正确的 He is a bad swimmer. 他不太会游泳。(4) 严重的,厉害的 I caught a bad cold last week. 上显期我患重感冒。

bag /bæg/ n. 书包, 提包, 日袋 I need a new school bag. 我需要买一个新书包。

ball /boil / n. (1) 球 They like to play football . 他们喜欢踢足球。(2) (盛大、正式的) 舞会 We are going to attend a ball this weekend. 本周末我们要去参加舞会。

banana / bo'na;nə/ n. 香蕉 l like bananas very much. 我很喜欢吃香蕉。