



模拟考场系列

勤快英语  
BusyBee

总主编

陈琳

20套模拟试题



# 中考英语 模拟题汇编

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# 中考英语模拟题汇编

总主编：陈 琳

主 编：商小民

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## 总前言



读书犹如采蜜，要勤于劳作，要善于吸吮。英语学习也是同样的道理，需要点滴积累，含英咀华，持之以恒，不可一味寻求捷径。中学生学习英语一定要有全面、可行、具体的学习规划，突破课堂与教材的框架，用英语做自己喜欢的事情，享受学习的乐趣。

作为中学阶段的学习伴侣和中、高考的备考用书，“勤快英语”系列丛书希望能够引导同学们勤奋而快乐地学习英语。

很久以来，考试用书把学生束缚在应试教育的框架中，大搞题海战术，反复演练同类型的习题，致使学生负担沉重，无力进行自主的研究探索，丧失了学习的主动性。

自 2001 年教育部推行新的课程标准以来，中学英语教学的整体理念发生了根本性的变革。新的教学模式以学生为本，关注学生的实际需求、个性特点和情感体验。新课标对英语课程的性质和任务进行了重新界定：

英语课程的学习，既是学生通过英语学习和实践活动，逐步掌握英语知识和技能，提高语言实际运用能力的过程；又是他们磨砺意志、陶冶情操、拓展视野、丰富生活经历、开发思维能力、发展个性和提高人文素养的过程。

基础教育阶段英语课程的任务是：激发和培养学生学习英语的兴趣，

使学生树立自信心，养成良好的学习习惯和形成有效的学习策略，发展自主学习的能力和合作精神；使学生掌握一定的英语基础知识和听、说、读、写技能，形成一定的综合语言运用能力；培养学生的观察、记忆、思维、想象能力和创新精神；帮助学生了解世界和中西方文化的差异，拓展视野，培养爱国主义精神，形成健康的人生观，为他们的终身学习和发展打下良好的基础。

在这个整体思想的指导下，英语教学中的目标、方法、手段、教师角色和教材等要素都逐步突破了传统模式，转而鼓励学生自主选择、主动探究，并在教师的指导下构建知识、发展技能、活跃思维、展现个性、拓展视野，这些现在已经取得了明显成效。

教学在改，考试也在改。近年的中、高考英语试题呈现出这样的命题趋势：不仅考查语言知识，而且更加注重考查实际语言应用能力；不仅考查听、说、读、写的单项技能，而且更加注重考查综合运用这些技能的能力。试题充分考虑到学生的实际生活和认知水平；所选语言素材真实地道，反映了对情感和文化意识等因素的关注；杜绝繁、难、旧的试题，并设计出一些形式新颖的开放性试题。这样的试题贯彻了新课标的理念，体现了时代性、教育性和科学性。

但令人担忧的是，课堂内的改革搞起来了，考试制度的改革也启动了，课堂外的改革却没有相应跟进。大量的教辅书仍然热衷于填鸭式灌输，对学生的思维发展和综合素质的提高十分不利。因此，如何把新的教学思路延伸到课外，引导学生在课外时间自主有效地学习，养成良好的课外学习习惯，通过语言习得提高英语水平，已成为新一代教辅图书要解决的当务之急。

“勤快英语”系列教辅丛书走的是一条“勤快路线”，不排斥考试，不否认合理的答题技巧，但更强调勤奋严谨，下苦功夫，让学生通过勤奋努力更快地提高英语水平。

本丛书深入英语课程本身，紧扣课程标准和考试大纲，精讲精练，帮助学生在备考的同时培养学习的兴趣和信心，形成良好的学习策略和习惯，夯实语言基本功，学会如何学习。

● 讲解与课程标准和考试大纲紧密结合，重点、难点突出，既关注知识的系统性和完整性，又重视对学生实际语言运用能力的培养。

● 练习形式多样，针对性强，注重“任务”和“交际”的真实性，既强调基础训练，又注重能力培养。“答题点拨”等栏目注重引导学生积极思考，归纳解题技巧，并非直截了当地把答案告诉学生，让他们被动接受。

● 充分考虑学生的兴趣、动机、态度等情感因素，练习题在难度和形式上具有多样性和选择性，充分尊重学生的个体差异，激发学生的学习积极性。

不论是教材还是教辅，都只是学习的工具，是一种补充。因此，读者不应机械性地死抠书本，而应结合自身情况，创造性地使用本套丛书。

● 读者应根据自己的学习需要和学习方式确定学习目标，对书本内容各取所需，针对自己的薄弱环节多学多练。

● 不要只查找书本给出的知识点，要将其与自己脑中的知识框架进行比较，完善自己的知识体系。

● 不要满足于看懂讲解和答案，要多思考，学会总结和提问。

● 不要满足于学会一道题，要举一反三，学会一类题。

● 不要满足于会做题,要把做题能力提升为实际的语言运用能力。

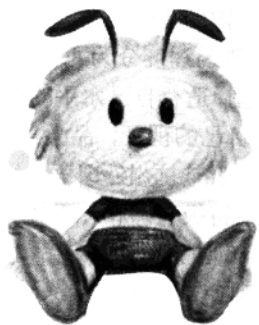
衷心祝愿本套丛书能对中学生英语综合运用能力的提高有所助益,帮助同学们在长期的学习中形成科学的思路和方法,同时对考试攻关助一臂之力。

陈琳

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教育部国家《英语课程标准》专家组组长

2006年5月



# 前言

进入初三下学期，每一位考生都想抓住短暂而关键的复习阶段做最后的冲刺，使自己在激烈的竞争中脱颖而出，考取心目中理想的学校。怎样在有限的时间里让考生得到充分而全面的训练？怎样保质保量地完成这种训练呢？这本《中考英语模拟题汇编》以实用性和针对性为原则，力求符合初三学生备考的实际，强调巩固基础知识并提升应试能力，是理想的复习应考辅导材料。

本书的主要特点如下：

一、**覆盖面广**。目前，各省、地、市的中考试卷呈百花齐放之势，其题型结构、难度分值各不相同。本书既有近几年全国各地的优秀模拟试卷，也有编者根据中考最新趋势自行编写的模拟试卷。试题的考查目标明确，材料选取精当，重点难点突出，题型新颖别致。它涵盖了国内各省市中考中出现的各种题型结构，全面地考查了初中英语学习的知识和技能。

二、**指导性强**。本书对各套试卷的重点内容都附有详细的解析。对侧重语言运用的选择题逐个进行分析、讲解和梳理，并配有大量浅显活泼、汉译准确、可供模仿的例句，读来一目了然。完形填空和阅读理解部分则从语篇理解入手，用精炼、富有启发性的语言为考生答疑解惑。对考生普遍反映较难的书面表达题，编者提供了两篇参考范文，意在帮助考生提高表达能力，学习用不同的句型表达相同的意思，更灵活自如地运用所学的语言知识。

三、**层次分明**。所选试卷根据其难易程度分为A、B、C三类。A类为“较易”，B类为“中等”，C类为“较难”。考生可选择适合自己水平的试卷进行训练，也可先易后难，循序渐进，有计划、有目标地逐步拓宽自己的视野，品尝日益进步的喜悦。

四、**权威性强**。参加本书编写的作者是杭州外国语学校（该校连续十多年来中考重点率都在98%以上）有丰富教学经验的英语特级教师和骨干教师。他们都曾在美国或英国的中学任教，并带过多届中考班。他们能准确地把握大纲，灵活地驾驭教材，密切联系学生在学习中的实际情况，针对教学中的重点、难点、疑点设置练习，具有较好的针对性和指导性。

编者



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# 1. 吉林省中考英语模拟试题 (A 类)

(本卷满分 150 分)

学校 \_\_\_\_\_ 姓名 \_\_\_\_\_ 准考证号 \_\_\_\_\_

## 听 力 (30 分)

### I. 情景反应

听句子, 选择恰当的答语。(10 分)

- ( ) 1. A. I'm OK, Sam.  
B. Fine, thanks. What about you?  
C. Nothing much. Why?
- ( ) 2. A. Today is Monday. B. It was September 10. C. It was Saturday.
- ( ) 3. A. Give you. B. Here you are. C. Thank you.
- ( ) 4. A. Are you sure you've lost it?  
B. I'm going to return it to the library.  
C. You must return it to the library.
- ( ) 5. A. I come to school by bike.  
B. I come to school from Monday to Friday.  
C. I come to school at seven o'clock.
- ( ) 6. A. No. Let's go at four o'clock.  
B. No. Let's make it a little earlier.  
C. Good idea.
- ( ) 7. A. I prefer English.  
B. I like maths best.  
C. Yes, I like English best.
- ( ) 8. A. Don't say so. B. You are right. C. You are welcome.
- ( ) 9. A. Yes, it is, isn't it? B. Yes, they are, aren't they? C. Yes, she is, isn't she?
- ( ) 10. A. I'm very happy. B. I'm sorry to hear that. C. I'm not sure.

### II. 对话理解 (15 分)

听一段完整对话, 根据对话内容完成句子, 每空一词。(5 分)

The students in Mr. Brown's class are very \_\_\_\_\_. Bill, \_\_\_\_\_ and Jane are working on computers. Jane is \_\_\_\_\_ up her hand. Wang Lin and Tom are drawing a \_\_\_\_\_. Bob is reading a book by \_\_\_\_\_.

听对话, 根据对话后的问题选择正确答案。(10 分)

- ( ) 1. A. 3:30 B. 4:30 C. 5:30
- ( ) 2. A. At the second turning.  
B. Between a bookshop and a clothing shop.

C. Between a hospital and a bookshop.

( ) 3. A. Because there was a traffic accident on her way to school.

B. Because she got up late.

C. Because she was ill.

( ) 4. A. 13 yuan

B. 3 yuan

C. 30 yuan

( ) 5. A. Mary's brother

B. Mike's sister

C. Mike's brother

( ) 6. A. June 1.

B. May 1.

C. October 1.

( ) 7. A. 3897244

B. 3879224

C. 3789224

( ) 8. A. In the tea house.

B. In the supermarket.

C. In the fruit shop.

( ) 9. A. Two years ago.

B. Ever since last year.

C. It's three years since they came to China.

( ) 10. A. She wants a black pen.

B. She wants a black pencil.

C. She wants a red pencil.

### III. 短文理解

听短文，根据短文内容完成表格。(5分)

Name: _____	Address: 35 _____
Age: _____	No. 16 Middle School
Tel: _____	Changchun, Jilin
E-mail: _____@mail.jl.cn	P. R. China

## 基础知识 (15分)

### IV. 选择正确的答案 (15分)

( ) 1. One apple a day keeps the doctor away. The "ee" in "keep" is sounded \_\_\_\_\_.

A. /i:/

B. /ɪ/

C. /e/

D. /æ/

( ) 2. Have you read today's newspaper? The right sound for "read" is \_\_\_\_\_.

A. /ri:d/

B. /ræd/

C. /red/

D. /rɪd/

( ) 3. Take your time! We still have about an hour left. Here the underlined sentence means \_\_\_\_\_.

A. Don't worry.

B. No hurry.

C. Hurry up.

D. Be quick.

( ) 4. The young policeman often looks after that old woman \_\_\_\_\_.

A. care

B. careful

C. carefully

D. careless

( ) 5. This is an old photo of mine when I \_\_\_\_\_.

A. have short hairs

B. had short hairs

C. have short hair

D. had short hair

( ) 6. The foreigners have visited many places of interest \_\_\_\_\_ the west of China.

A. to

B. on

C. at

D. in

( ) 7. The population problem may be \_\_\_\_\_ one of the world today.

A. the most

B. difficult

C. the greatest

D. interesting

- ( ) 8. Boys, don't touch the machine, or you may hurt \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. myself                      B. yourself                      C. yourselves                      D. themselves
- ( ) 9. Where can we get a volleyball? Let's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. lend one from John                      B. lend John one  
C. borrow one of John                      D. borrow one from John
- ( ) 10. Look out! The traffic is moving fast. It's \_\_\_\_\_ dangerous \_\_\_\_\_ cross the street.  
A. very...to                      B. so...to                      C. much...to                      D. too...to
- ( ) 11. You haven't changed your mind, \_\_\_\_\_?  
A. do you                      B. are you                      C. have you                      D. did you
- ( ) 12. \_\_\_\_\_ delicious the moon-cakes are!  
A. What                      B. How                      C. What a                      D. How a
- ( ) 13. This shirt is so nice, but it \_\_\_\_\_ too much.  
A. pays                      B. costs                      C. takes                      D. spends
- ( ) 14. If you finish reading my book, please \_\_\_\_\_ to me.  
A. give it again                      B. give again it                      C. give back it                      D. give it back
- ( ) 15. — John likes walking in the open air.  
— \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. So does Tom                      B. Also does Tom                      C. Tom likes also                      D. So Tom does

## 交际运用 (30分)

### V. 根据对话内容选择正确答案 (10分)

D: Doctor                      M: Madam

D: What's 1 with you, madam?

M: I feel very weak. I can not do any work, doctor.

D: How long 2 like this?

M: Ever since last week.

D: Have you 3 ?

M: No, I haven't got a headache.

D: 4 well at night?

M: Yes, I sleep very well.

D: Do you often 5 ?

M: No, I don't often have breakfast. And I have a little for lunch 6 I want to keep thin.

D: Oh, I see. There's nothing 7 . You need to eat 8 food and 9 meals a day. And take enough 10 every day. Then you will get better soon.



- ( ) 1. A. matter                      B. trouble                      C. wrong                      D. thing
- ( ) 2. A. have you                      B. have you been                      C. did you do                      D. do you do
- ( ) 3. A. got a cough                      B. taken your temperature  
C. got a headache                      D. taken some medicine
- ( ) 4. A. Have you slept                      B. Did you sleep                      C. Do you sleep                      D. How do you sleep
- ( ) 5. A. have dinner                      B. have breakfast                      C. have lunch                      D. have supper

- |                      |            |             |             |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|
| ( ) 6. A. because    | B. and     | C. so       | D. but      |
| ( ) 7. A. good       | B. bad     | C. well     | D. serious  |
| ( ) 8. A. many       | B. more    | C. little   | D. less     |
| ( ) 9. A. no         | B. some    | C. three    | D. any      |
| ( ) 10. A. housework | B. reading | C. shopping | D. exercise |

VI. 从右侧选择恰当的答语，补全左侧三段对话 (10分)

(A)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| ( ) 1. What's the weather like in your home-town? | A. It's usually warm in winter. And it hardly ever rains in summer or winter. |
| ( ) 2. Oh, that's too hot! What about winter?     | B. Well, it's always hot in summer — usually over 40°C.                       |

(B)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| ( ) 1. Hi, Mafia, what are you doing?   | A. No, not tonight. I'm tired.          |
| ( ) 2. I'm not doing anything interesting, either. Why don't we go to the cinema? | B. Nothing much, just watching TV.      |
| ( ) 3. Oh, that's what you always say.  | C. Yes, I'm always tired when you call. |

(C)

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| ( ) 1. Excuse me.                                     | A. Yes, there's a post office next to the museum. |
| ( ) 2. Where's the nearest bus station?               | B. The bus station is over there.                 |
| ( ) 3. And is there a post office anywhere near here? | C. You're welcome.                                |
| ( ) 4. Where's the fish and chips shop, please?       | D. It's on King Street.                           |
| ( ) 5. Thank you.                                     | E. Yes?   |

VII. 根据对话内容，补全对话中所缺单词，每空一词 (10分)

J: Jim

L: Li Lei

L: Hi, Jim! Are you going to come with us tomorrow?

J: Where 1 go?

L: We're going to 2 a picnic on the West Hill.

J: 3? I'd love to. 4 shall we meet?

L: Outside the school gate.

J: 5 shall we meet?

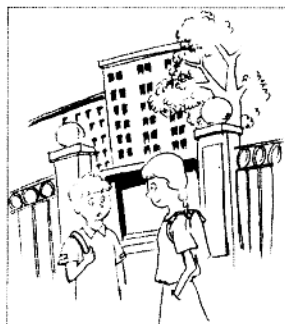
L: At eight o'clock. 6 some food and drink with you.

J: OK. 7 can we get there?

L: 8 bus. Don't be late.

J: I 9. See you tomorrow.

L: 10 you tomorrow.



## 阅 读 理 解 (60 分)

VIII. 根据图画分别选出下列各句所描述的人物, 将图画中的人物标号填入句子前的括号内 (10 分)

It's a weekday morning,  
and the airport is  
full of people. Most people  
are already on the plane.



- (     ) 1. Lily and Alice are sisters; they're saying good-bye to each other.
- (     ) 2. Mr. White has a meeting at 1:00 this afternoon. He's sitting by the window and reading the newspaper.
- (     ) 3. Sue is standing at the window with her daughter. They're watching the plane land.
- (     ) 4. Miss Green owns a small business. She is using her laptop.
- (     ) 5. Mr. Brown is very tired because he stayed up with his friends till late last night. He's sleeping.
- (     ) 6. Mrs. Read is resting and listening to her tape player.
- (     ) 7. John is calling his wife in Toronto. He's asking her to meet him at the airport.
- (     ) 8. Dick is getting on the plane. He's pulling a carry-on suitcase (手提箱).
- (     ) 9. Carol is ready to be aboard. She is showing her boarding card.
- (     ) 10. Peter hurries to the gate, he's not sure if it's the right gate. He's asking.

IX. 根据短文内容判断正误, 正确的写 "T", 不正确的写 "F" (10 分)

In the U.S. Mother's Day is a holiday on the second Sunday in May. It is a day when children give their mothers cards, presents and flowers.

One of the best ways to celebrate Mother's Day is to give your mother the day off. Let her have a good rest while other members of the family do the housework.

Many families begin Mother's Day with breakfast in bed. Usually dad and the children will let mum sleep late as they go into the kitchen and get ready for her favourite meal. A Mother's Day breakfast can be anything your mum likes.

After the food is cooked, keep everything nicely on a plate. Don't forget to put the bottle with only one flower. With spring here, the children can pick up the nicest flower from the garden outside. When everything is ready, carefully carry the plate and mum's favourite books or newspapers up to her bedroom. Cards and small presents from the children can be put on the plate before it is given to mum in bed.

Many families take mum out to her favourite restaurant for a meal. It is a good day to let your

mum rest and let her see what a wonderful family she has.

- ( ) 1. Mother's Day is on May 2nd.
- ( ) 2. Children give their fathers presents before breakfast.
- ( ) 3. It is the best way to let mum have a good rest on Mother's Day.
- ( ) 4. Other members of the family go into the kitchen to cook a nice meal for mum.
- ( ) 5. After the nice breakfast is cooked, keep everything nicely for mum in a basket.
- ( ) 6. Children put all kinds of flowers into a bottle for mum.
- ( ) 7. When everything is OK, children carry them up to mum's bedroom.
- ( ) 8. They let mum have her favourite breakfast in bed.
- ( ) 9. Many families go to a good restaurant for a meal on that day.
- ( ) 10. It's a wonderful day to let mum see what a good family she has.

**X. 根据短文内容选择正确答案并填空 ( 10 分 )**

Mr. Hodge was a chicken farmer. He had hundreds of chickens, and sold the eggs and the meat and got quite a lot of money from them, but he lived in a very hot part of the country, and he found that his hens hardly laid eggs in the summer. So he decided to put air-conditioning (空调) into his chicken house so that the hens would lay well all through the year and he could have more eggs and in that way get more money.

The owner of the company which sold the air-conditioning came to see him, and when he saw Mr. Hodge's house, he thought that he might be able to make him buy some air-conditioners for his house, too.

"Your wife would be much happier and much better then," he said to Mr. Hodge. But Mr. Hodge was not interested.

"My wife doesn't lay eggs," he said.

根据短文内容选择正确答案。

- ( ) 1. What did Mr. Hodge do? He \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. was a fruit farmer
  - B. was the owner of a company
  - C. sold vegetables
  - D. was a chicken farmer
- ( ) 2. His hens laid few eggs when it was in the \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. summer
  - B. spring
  - C. autumn
  - D. winter
- ( ) 3. He thought the hens laid few eggs because \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. they were old
  - B. they were thin
  - C. they felt too hot
  - D. they were young
- ( ) 4. He wanted to put air-conditioning into \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. his office
  - B. the bedroom
  - C. the chicken house
  - D. the dining-room
- ( ) 5. He thought air-conditioning would make it cooler so that the hens would be able to lay \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. more eggs
  - B. more children
  - C. more money
  - D. more hens

根据短文内容填空，每空一词，使下面的一段话内容完整。

Mr. Hodge \_\_\_\_\_ eggs and meat and got \_\_\_\_\_ money. The hens laid few \_\_\_\_\_ in summer. He thought it was very hot and he had to make the hens \_\_\_\_\_, so he only \_\_\_\_\_ air-conditioning into his chicken house.

XI. 根据下面短文内容及所提问题填空，每空填一词（10分）

Mr. and Mrs. Smith have three children, a daughter, Kate, who is in the eighth grade, and five-year-old twins, Jim and Peter. Last November, Mr. Smith lost his job. His wife had to go back to work. She's a computer programmer(程序员), and now she goes to work five days a week. When there's something important, she works late at night and even weekends. Mr. Smith stays at home and looks after the house.

When Mrs. Smith goes to work, she drops the children off at their schools. Then she drives to work. When she gets to work, she usually gets a cup of coffee and talks with her workmates. Then, she checks her e-mail and answers her messages. After she answers all her messages, she works on her current file(手头的文件). When she has a problem, she asks for some help. If she's very busy, she drops lunch. When everything goes well, she leaves at 6:00, but if there's a problem, she stays late.

At the same time, Mr. Smith takes care of the house. Now he loves staying home and taking care of the house.

1. How many sons do the Smiths have?

They have \_\_\_\_\_.

2. When did Mr. Smith lose his job?

He lost his job \_\_\_\_\_.

3. What does Mrs. Smith do when there's something important to do?

She works late at night even on Saturday and \_\_\_\_\_.

4. What does Mr. Smith do when his wife is at work?

He \_\_\_\_\_ at home and looks \_\_\_\_\_ the children.

5. When does Mrs. Smith have a cup of coffee?

She has it \_\_\_\_\_ she starts her work.

6. What does Mrs. Smith do before she works on her current file?

She checks the e-mail and then answers her \_\_\_\_\_.

7. Does Mrs. Smith eat lunch if she is very busy. \_\_\_\_\_.

8. What time does Mrs. Smith leave work?

She doesn't leave \_\_\_\_\_ 6:00 in the evening if there is no problem.

XII. 完形填空（20分）

Mr. Johnson looked 1 his 2. It was half 3 seven. He 4 bed quickly. Then he washed and dressed. He was late as 5, so he did not 6 time for breakfast. He ran all the way 7 the station and he 8 there just in time for the train. Mr. Johnson 9 eats anything in the morning. He always says to a few friends of 10 at the office: "It is nice to have breakfast in the morning, but it is nicer to lie in bed!"

( ) 1. A. at

B. for

C. after

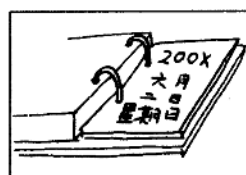
D. up



- |                   |           |               |           |
|-------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| ( ) 2. A. match   | B. window | C. watch      | D. wall   |
| ( ) 3. A. to      | B. past   | C. at         | D. of     |
| ( ) 4. A. got     | B. leave  | C. got out of | D. sat    |
| ( ) 5. A. usually | B. usual  | C. much       | D. many   |
| ( ) 6. A. spent   | B. has    | C. have       | D. had    |
| ( ) 7. A. for     | B. behind | C. to         | D. before |
| ( ) 8. A. arrived | B. reach  | C. get        | D. go     |
| ( ) 9. A. neither | B. nearly | C. even       | D. never  |
| ( ) 10. A. him    | B. his    | C. he         | D. her    |

## 书面表达 (共15分)

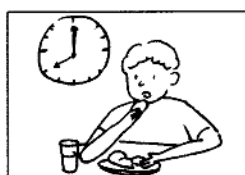
XIII. 根据所给的八幅图画, 以“Wang Hai's Happiest Day”为题, 按图画顺序写一篇短文, 不少于十句话, 内容必须符合图意, 图下方的单词供使用 (10分)



1. last Sunday



2. get up



3. breakfast



4. play



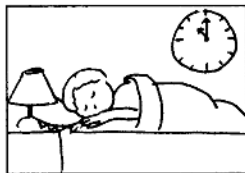
5. home



6. supper



7. watch



8. go to bed

XIV. 根据左边提供的情景, 编写一段对话 (5分)

Allan: (Call up Jim)

Allan: \_\_\_\_\_

Jim: (Answer the phone)

Jim: \_\_\_\_\_

Allan: (Ask Jim to his birthday party)

Allan: \_\_\_\_\_

Jim: (Say no and give an excuse)

Jim: \_\_\_\_\_

Allan: (Say sorry and close the dialogue)

Allan: \_\_\_\_\_