# 义多数意思程标准实验数据初中学习指导丛书



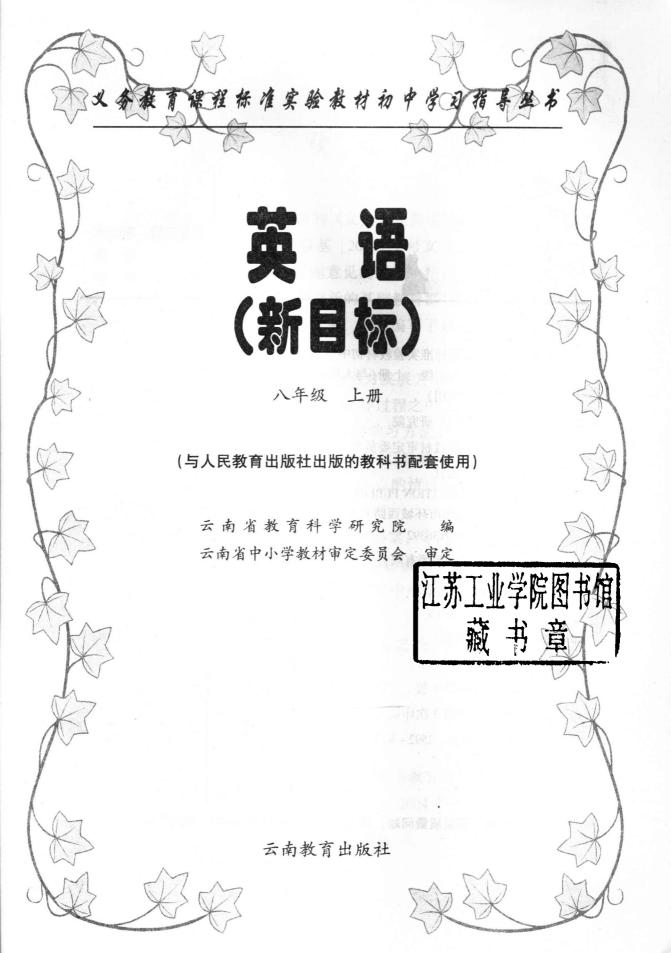
与人民教育出版社出版的教科书配套使用)

# 新国师)

八年级上加

云南省教育科学研究院 编







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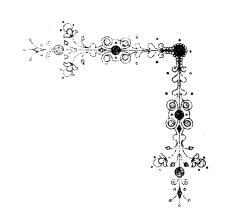
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## 说明

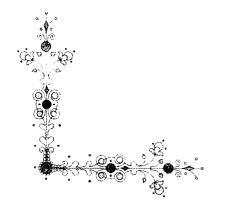
根据国家教育部颁布的《义务教育英语课程标准》以及 云南省教育厅下发的云教基[2002]1号文件《关于我省基 础教育课程改革实验的实施意见的通知》精神,为推进素质 教育,深化教育改革,构建新的基础教育课程理念,并结合 《英语(新目标)》的内容要求,我们编写了相应的学习指导 丛书。

这套丛书以学生的兴趣与能力发展为编写的主要依据, 更多地将学习方法贯穿在学习指导过程之中,以利于学生在 学习英语的过程中,运用正确的学习方法,理解和掌握知识,并在这一基础上提高学习能力。教师在指导学生使用 时,可根据学生学习状况及学习重点酌情进行取舍,以适应 不同学生的不同需求,提高学习效率。

为方便使用,各册均附有参考答案,专供教师使用。

本书为《英语(新目标)》的配套辅导用书,由曹丽民、 扶红、彭景等老师编写,并经云南省中小学教材审定委员会 审定通过。

在使用本书的过程中如发现不妥之处, 诚盼来信告知, 以便我们修订, 使之逐步完善。



云南省教育科学研究院 2004年6月

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期末测	
A second	云南省牧司长
*	



# Unit 1

#### How often do you exercise?



- 1. Functional sentences.
  - a. Talk about how often you do things. What do you usually do on weekends? I sometimes go to the beach.
  - b. What do you ...?
    How often...?
- 2. Vocabulary.

always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never exercising, shopping, skateboarding once, twice, three times a week/month, every day milk, junk food, drink



#### LEARNING NOTES

- 1. What do you usually do on weekends? "你在周末通常做什么?" usually 是频度副词, 类似的副词按频率顺序列举如下: always (总是), usually (通常), often (经常), sometimes (有时), hardly ever (几乎不曾), never (从不)。
- 2. How often do you watch TV? Twice a week. "多长时间看一次电视?—周两次。"回答还可以是: every day (day 可换为 week, month, year 等), once a day, three times a day (day 可换为 week, month, year 等)。



#### DIFFICULT POINTS

注意频度副词 always, usually, often, sometimes, hardly ever, never 在句中的位置是:



行为动词前, 系动词后, 情态动词后, 助动词后。

例如: She is always late for the meeting.

They usually play football after school.



(	,		<u></u>			
			A. With pleasure		OK. I'll be here	C. You're welcome
(	)	2.	<ul><li>What's the date today?</li><li>It's</li></ul>			
			A. February 18th, Tuesco C. 18th, Tuesday February	lay		ebruary 18th
(	)	3.	Help me, please. My roo	ms	wate	r.
			A. full of	В.	are full of	C. is full of
(	)	4.	—Could you help me, pl			
			A. You're welcome	В.	You're right	C. Certainly
(	)	5.	I would like	bre	ad, please.	
			A. some	В.	a	C. any
(	)	6.	—How many apples can			
			—I can't see	<del>,</del>	·	
			A. a	В.	some	C. any
(	)	7.	-Do you have any ice co	ream?		
			—Certainly,		•	
			A. we would			C. we do
(	)	8.	I can see many		on the table.	
				В.		C. rice
(	)	9.	What would you like			
			A. with		for	C. in
(	)	10.	. —Would you like a glas —			
			A. Yes, please			C. You are welcome
			' 1			
II.	完成					



2. —Thank you very much, Mr Smith.	
3. —The box is too big and heavy, dad.	
4. —This skirt is too old, mom.	
5. —Can you help the boy get down the tree?	
A. Sure, let me help him.	
B. You can put on your new one, dear.	
C. Don't worry. Let me help you.	
D. Let's help her.	
E. You're welcome.	
III. 用 there be 或 have 的适当形式填空。	
1. —Tom, I'm hungryyou	any bread?
—Sorry, I	
2. —Sally wants to paint a picture. But she	no colour pencils.
you some, Jane?	
—Yes, 1 Here you are.	
3. —Where is my money? I can't find it.	
-Look! some money under your	chair.
4. I want to give a gift he	an English-Chinese dictionary?
—No, he	
IV. 重新排列句子顺序。	
1. Does your wife work?	2. Hi! What's your name?
3. No, I'm a writer.	4. Canada.
5. And you? Are you a doctor, too?	6. Yes, she does.
7. With my wife, Betty, and our daughter, Susan	. 8. Andrew.
9. And who do you live with?	10. What does she do?
11. Where are you from, Andrew?	12. She's a doctor.
1. 至于; 关于	2. 垃圾食品
3. 饮食习惯	4. 以开始
5. 照顾; 照看	6. 当然
7. 多久一次	8. 使得结果不同



#### VI. 阅读理解。

#### My Life

My name is Kay. I live near a high building. My home is not big. It has a small door, but no window, so it is dark. But I like it because I feel safe in the dark. I have a very soft bed made of paper and leaves. I usually have two meals a day — brunch ( = breakfast and lunch) and dinner. I have brunch at a restaurant near my home at about half past ten. The restaurant is not open until twelve o'clock, so there are no people at that time. I usually have milk, rice and some vegetables. After brunch I go to bed. When evening comes, I go out to visit my friends. Then we go to dinner together in a supermarket at midnight. The supermarket is a little far from my home, but there is a lot of nice food. I can also meet many new friends there. I usually have fruit juice, meat, bread and cakes for dinner. After dinner I play with my friends. You know there are many toys there. We go home before people come out and do morning exercises. I like my life. Don't you think I live a happy life? Can you guess who I am?

(	) 1.	Kay and her friends like to go out
		A. in the morning B. at noon C. in the evening
(	) 2.	Kay has her dinner in the supermarket because
		A. there is good food B. it is far from her home
		C. all her friends go there
(	) 3.	Kay has dinner
		A. when evening comes B. before she plays with her friends
		C. after she plays with her friends
(	) 4.	Kay likes her home because
		A. she has a good bed B. it is dark there C. it is small
(	) 5.	You can guess
		A. people like Kay and her friends
		B. Kay is nice to people
		C. Kay and her friends do not want to see people





#### What's the matter?



#### LEARNING GOALS

- 1. Functional sentences.
  - a. Talk about your health.

What's the matter?

I have a sore back.

- b. Make suggestions.
  - I have a toothache. You should see a dentist.
- 2. Vocabulary.

head, nose, eye, ear, mouth, tooth, neck, stomach, back, leg, arm, hand, foot tired, hungry, thirsty, stressed out a cold, headache, backache, toothache, stomachache, sore throat dentist



### LEARNING NOTES

- 1. What's the matter? "怎么了?" 一般用来询问身体情况。回答时要根据具体情况回答。另外,句子后接人称时,应该说"What's the matter with Tom?"或"What's the matter with him?"
- 2. You should see a dentist. "你应该看牙医。" should 是"应该"之意,后跟动词原形作谓语。



#### DIFFICULT POINTS

注意在描述身体各部位的疼痛时与 have 的搭配。



# PRACTICE

I.	根据的	<b>介提</b>	供的选项,完成对话。
(	) 1	l	
		-	— Volleyball .
		-	
		-	— After school.
(	) :	2	- Ben, pass the ball to me, please. Look carefully. You must throw it like
			this.
		-	— Sorry
		-	— Yes. That's right. Try again.
(	) 3	3	- Mr Green, Lucy and Linda are not good at basketball.
		-	- Sure.
(	) 4	١	<del>-</del>
		-	- Yes?
		_	I want to ride a bike, but I can't.
		-	— Don't worry. I can help you. It's not too hard.
(	) 5	5	What's your favourite sport, Lily?
		` -	- Football.
		-	
		-	Yes, I play it almost every afternoon. I'm in my school team.
(	) 6	<b>5.</b> –	
		_	- No, I can't. Can you?
		_	Yes. I'm good at it.
(	) 7	7. –	- Do you know Michael Jorden?
			Oh, he is a famous basketball player, right?
		_	- Yes. Do you like basketball, too?
		-	- Yes
			A. Like this?
			B. Ali, can you help me, please?
			C. Can you often play it?
			D. Do you often play it?
			E. Can you fly a kite?
			F. I'm not very good at it, but I like watching.
			G. When do you play it?
			H. What's your favourite sport?



П.	选择填	空。			
(	) 1.	Jack	some new books.		
		A. have	B. has	C. doesn't have	
(	) 2.	- Do you have a de	og, too?		
			_•		
		A. Yes, it does	B. Yes, I do	C. Yes, I am	
(	) 3.	— Do you have	dictionaries?		
		- No, I don't have	•		
		A. some, some	B. any, some	C. any, any	
(	) 4.	- May I borrow you	ır eraser?		
		- Certainly. But pl	lease soon.		
			B. give back it		
(	) 5.	You should shout "_	" when your	team is playing.	
		A. Come on	B. Hooray		
Ш.	用适当	的代词填空。			
1.	- Whe	re's my book? I can't	find it now.		
	— Is it	on your desk?			
	— No,	it isn't.			
	— Is it	in your bag?			
	No.	Oh, it's over there,	under the dictionary. Pleas	e give to	_ '
2.	- Who	s that at the door?			
			. Can you open the door fo	r?	
3.	- Coul	d you help	?		
	Wha	t's wrong?			
	— His	wallet is lost. He car	n't go home now.		
4.	— We	are going to the Zhon	gshan Park.Can you tell _	the way?	
	— Plea	se go straight ahead.			
			e. Do you know		
6.		is my brother.	Do you like to play with _	?	
IV.	. 从Bt	兰中找出 A 栏间句的	<b>的答句</b> 。		

A
1. Whose is this beautiful dress? ( )
2. Could you help me, please? ( )
3. How many cats do you have? ( )
4. Would you like some more to eat? ( )
5. Do you like Jennifer? ( )
6. Where are you going on holiday? ( )
7. What are you going to do this evening? ( )
8. Why are you going to the supermarket? (
9. Who's your new teacher? ( )
10. How much are the trousers? ( )

В
a. His name is Bruce.
b. No, thanks. I'm full.
c. I'm going to watch TV at home.
d. To buy some food.
e. \$ 200.
f. Yes, of course. What can I do for you?
g. Five.
h. It's Lucy's.
i. Yes, I think she's very nice.
j. To Australia.

V. 写出下列短语的中文含义。	
1. have a cold	2. stressed out
3. on the other hand	4. bean sprout
5. get tired	6. stay healthy
7. at the moment	8. get a cold
VI 简读理解	

They all like sports.

The Jacksons live in Campton. It is an old small town. Grandpa Harry is 65 years old. He likes to go fishing in the fishing pond with Joe and play chess with his friends. The Jacksons often have Grandpa's fish for supper. Football is Joe's favourite sport. He often plays it after school. Joe's father, Bill, is an art teacher in Joe and Mary's school. He is very good at basketball. He is in the basketball team of the town. Joe has a sister. Her name is Mary. Mary likes swimming very much. She often swims during the summer vacation. Joe and Mary like to watch their father playing other



teams. Joe's mother, Diana, likes sports, too. She is good at playing tennis. She often goes shopping with Mary. But there are only some small shops in the town. She often buys pretty clothes for Mary and food for the family. All the family members like sports and they often go to the sport center on weekends in Campton. Campton is small, but they love it.

(	) 1.	The Jacksons often have fish	for supper. Where is the fis	sh from?
		A. It's from Grandpa Harry.	B. It's fro	om the supermarket
		C. It's from Joe's father.		
(	) 2.	What sport does Joe like mos	t?	
		A. Basketball.	B. Football.	C. Tennis.
(	) 3.	What sport does Bill like? He	e likes	
		A. football	B. chess	C. basketball
(	) 4.	likes to go	shopping with Diana.	
		A. Joe	B. Joe's father	C. Joe's sister
(	) 5.	How many people are there in	n the family?	
		A. Six.	B. Five.	C. Four.
(	) 6.	What do all the family members	ers like to do on weekends?	
		A. Shopping.	B. Fishing.	C. Doing sports.





# What are you doing for vacation?



#### LEARNING GOALS

- 1. Functional sentences.
  - a. Talk about future plans.

What are you doing for vacation?

I'm spending time with my friends.

b. Present progressive as future.

Where, when, how long questions.

When are you going? I'm going next week.

How long are you staying? We're staying for two weeks.

2. Vocabulary.

relaxing, visiting, spending time, sightseeing, fishing take, walk, rent



#### LEARNING NOTES

1. What are you doing for vacation? "在假期里你要做什么?" 这是进行时态表示将来的用法。此句型的回答一般用动词-ing 形式。

例如: What are you doing for vacation?

I'm babysitting my sister.

- 2. What's 是 What is 的缩写。在英语中类似的还有: I'm = I am, he's = he is, she's = she is, they're = they are 等。
  - 3. Where are you going for vacation? "在假期里你要去哪里?"一般回答"地点"。

例如: Where are you going for vacation?

I'm going to Hawaii for vacation.

4. When are they going? "他们什么时候去?" 一般回答"时间"。

例如: When are they going?

They are going on the 12th.





#### DIFFICULT POINTS

注意特殊疑问句中的特殊疑问词 what, where, when 的回答。用 what 问时,回答"做什么";用 where 问时,回答"地点";用 when 问时,回答"时间",切忌答非所问。



## PRACTICE

I. 完	成对话。
A	1.
В:	I'm from London.
<b>A</b> :	2.
В:	Yes, but only a little.
A	How do you like China?
В:	3
A	Do you often write to your wife?
В:	Yes, here's a letter from my daughter, Lily. 4.
A	5.
В:	Yes, I have.
	A. And I often send e-mails to them.
	B. I like it very much.
	C. Do you speak Chinese?
	D. Do you have many friends here?
	E. Where are you from, Mr Jones?
11 EE	have, make 和 do 填空。
	me in and a seat, Tom.
	ne's mother often the bed for her. She never does it herself. It's not
rig	
_	ey usually homework after they watch TV. Is it a good habit?
	e students in their school eight classes a day. They always feel tired.
	Green always morning exercises at ten.
	a look at this old watch.
	classmates and I often sports after class in the afternoon.
	ek works on weekends to more money for his family.
	用 <b>适当的词语填</b> 空。
	How apples do you want?



#### 12 义务教育课程标准实验教材初中学习指导丛书

— Six.		
2. — How is the coa	t?	
- Ninety-nine yuan.		
3. — How meat do y	ou want?	
— One kilo.		
4. Tom often does shopping	his way home.	
5. It's cold outside. Put	your coat, Jane!	
6. — What time do you usually go to	school, Sam?	
— I usually go to school	seven o'clock.	
7. — The fridge is empty. Would yo	u like to go	with me, Jane?
— Yes. Let's go!		
8. There many banan	as in the basket.	
9. There not much milk	in the bottle.	
10. — How many oranges do you	?	
— Eight.		
Ⅳ. 汉译英。		
1. 在家	2. 多久	
3. 回来	4. 运动野营	
5. 骑自行车旅行	6.去观光旅行	
7. 去钓鱼	8. 去度假	
9. 考虑; 思考	10. 一个无压力	」的假期
11. 去野营	12. 长城	
V. 选择填空。		
( ) 1. Look at Lucy. What	?	
		C. did she do
( ) 2. Tom, Mike spoke to you	with a smile just now. V	What he tell you
A. did	B. is	C. does
( ) 3 your homework	rk last night?	
A. Did you	B. Do you do	C. Did you do
( ) 4. — Where is Jack?		
— He the	floor.	
A. sweeps	B. is sweeping	C. swept
( ) 5. We are going to have a	football match	next Tuesday.
A. in	B. on	C. /
( ) 6. — did y	ou come to school today?	
— I came on foot.		
· A. How	B. When	C. Where
( ) 7. — Is there going to be a	a new film this evening?	