

新编牛津英语

学习目标
与测试

S1B

高中一年级第二学期

上海教育出版社
海文音像出版社



世纪出版

一年级第二学期
二年级第二学期
三年级第二学期
四年级第二学期
五年级第二学期
六年级第二学期
七年级第二学期
八年级第二学期
九年级第二学期
高中一年级第二学期
高中二年级第二学期
高中三年级第二学期

新编牛津英语学习目标与测试 S1B

高中一年级第二学期

本书编写组 编

上海世纪出版股份有限公司

上海教育出版社出版发行

海文音像出版社

易文网: www.ewen.cc

上海世纪出版股份有限公司外语教育图书分公司 出品

(邮编: 200235 上海钦州南路81号8楼 64378133)

各地新华书店经销 上海市印刷四厂印刷

开本 787 × 1092 1/8 印张 6.75

2006年2月第1版 2006年2月第1次印刷

ISBN 7-5444-0620-2/G · 0489 定价: 14.80元 (含磁带1盒)

(如发生质量问题, 读者可向工厂调换)

ISBN 7-5444-0620-2



9 787544 406208 >

易文网: www.ewen.cc

定价: 14.80元 (含磁带1盒)

Preface

前言

随着二期课改的不断深入,中、小学英语的教学理念和实践发生了很大变化。牛津英语教材作为教育部义务教育课程标准实践教科书用书之一和上海市二期课改新教材,以其语言的原汁原味、先进科学的编写理念和版式的活泼精美深受广大一线教师和学生的欢迎。

为了更好地帮助教师和学生用好这套教材,使它的先进编写理念得到实质性的贯彻以及语言目标得到具体实现,我们组织编写了《新编牛津英语学习目标与测试》,按年级分册出版。

参加编写的人员都是来自课改第一线的教师,具有丰富的牛津英语教学实践经验。他们不仅熟悉牛津英语教材,明确新教材的教学要求,而且对学生的实际状况非常了解。他们根据学生学习的实际需要,围绕每个单元的语言点和语法知识精心编写了针对性强、形式多样的练习,其目的是帮助教师和学生检查阶段性的学习效果,及时发现自己在相应学习阶段学习上的缺漏和语言运用能力方面的不足。

本系列丛书的所有试题均着眼于基础知识,落实交际能力,有利于学生巩固教材所学知识,提高听说读写能力。题型新颖,符合各级考试的要求,是学生提高自身英语素质的好帮手。在答案及录音文本部分特别编写了学习目标,既便于学生掌握每课学习重点,也便于教师、家长了解每课教学目标,进行有的放矢的检测。

由于初次尝试,缺点和不足在所难免。热忱盼望本书的使用者及时指正,以便再版时修订。

本书编写组

2006年1月

Contents

新编牛津英语学习目标与测试 S1B
OXFORD ENGLISH

● Chapter 1 The Phantom of the Opera	1
● Chapter 2 Two Geniuses	9
● Chapter 3 The Weird World of Plants	17
● Mid-term Examination (A)	25
● Mid-term Examination (B)	33
● Chapter 4 Job Hunter	41
● Chapter 5 Points of View	49
● Chapter 6 Friend or Enemy?	57
● End-term Examination (A)	65
● End-term Examination (B)	73
● Tapescripts and Keys (learning focus included)	81

C 新编牛津英语学习目标与测试 S1B

Chapter 1 The Phantom of the Opera

分数_____

I Listening Comprehension (15%)

Part A Short Conversations(10%)

Directions: In Part A, you will hear ten short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversations and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers on your paper, and decide which one is the best answer to the question you have heard.

1. A. She doesn't have a radio. B. She doesn't want him to play a radio.
C. She doesn't mind. D. She likes the idea.
2. A. Change his mind. B. Study until midnight.
C. Watch TV late. D. Go to bed early.
3. A. Most people take American literature.
B. She likes American literature best.
C. She'll probably take American literature.
D. She won't take American literature next term.
4. A. He likes it very much. B. It is boring.
C. It is exciting. D. He didn't see the film.
5. A. He finished his paper. B. He typed 10 pages.
C. He worked on his paper. D. He finished 10 pages.
6. A. He got sick flying. B. He just got a new flute.
C. He doesn't eat enough fruit. D. He is no longer ill.
7. A. He wants to know where the train station is located.
B. He hopes to know if he can take a train to California.
C. He wants to find out when the train departs for California.
D. He is inquiring about the prices of train fare.
8. A. They have no assignments.
B. They are supposed to read the next chapter.
C. They need to write an essay about the show they will watch.
D. They are supposed to discuss their opinions about the program.
9. A. She doesn't like cheap things. B. It was two dollars cheaper than usual.

- C. It was too expensive. D. She bought something cheaper.
10. A. It cannot be sent easily.
B. He is not sure if it can fit inside the container.
C. There are several different rates.
D. The package looks heavy.

Part B Passage(5%)

Directions: In Part B, you will hear a passage and the passage will be read twice. After you hear the passage, fill in the numbered blanks with the missing words and expressions. (One word for each blank)

Disney film studio once presented the classic (11) _____ film called Beauty and the Beast. The story reads as follows. A young woman named Belle living in a small town far away from a certain province happened to meet the Beast. In fact, a young prince who used to be so (12) _____, became a beast, and was totally controlled by the magical (13) _____ coming from an old lady. If the Beast could learn how to love or how to be loved, the magical power would surely break up. Of course, the Beast would be (14) _____ back to his former self. Time went by quickly. If the Beast did not learn his lesson, he would be doomed to death. (15) _____, Belle showed sympathy for him and finally fell in love with him. The Beast was saved in the end.



II Grammar and Vocabulary(25%)

Part A(15%)

Directions: Beneath each of the following sentences there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one answer that best completes the sentence.

- The flower smells _____.
A. sweet B. sweetly C. nicely D. well
- My sister is _____ than I.
A. taller a head B. a head taller C. a head's taller D. taller a head's
- We are going to have nothing for lunch today _____ bread.
A. beside B. only C. but D. unless
- She was fortunate to be _____ to university last year.
A. allowed B. taken C. admitted D. held
- What do you think of your visit to the newly-built museum?
—I really enjoyed it, _____ was _____ than I expected.
A. that ... more interesting B. which ... far more interesting
C. it ... much interested D. as ... much interesting

6. _____ has long been proved, exercise helps to keep one's figure.
 A. It B. What C. As D. As it
7. Sue seems good at athletic events and she runs faster than _____ in her class.
 A. other boys B. any boy C. any other girls D. any other boy
8. The American spirit of independence is _____ really made cars popular.
 A. whatever B. something C. what D. which
9. They still remembered the happy years _____ in the country.
 A. when they had together B. which spent together
 C. they spent together D. in which they spent
10. My father thinks I am not capable _____ my own living, but I mean _____ him that he is wrong.
 A. to earn... to show B. of earning... showing
 C. of earning... to show D. in earning... to show
11. I tried to remember _____ everything in order, but I usually forgot _____ so.
 A. to put... to do B. putting... doing
 C. putting... to do D. to put... doing
12. While teaching children, teachers should take into consideration _____ children develop at different rates.
 A. and B. as long as C. because D. the fact that
13. I don't think it any good _____ him.
 A. to invite B. inviting C. to be invited D. invite
14. I couldn't find words to praise the secretary's _____ and efficiency.
 A. business B. industry C. company D. factory
15. Would you please _____ write on the textbooks?
 A. not B. don't C. not to D. to not

Part B (10%)

Directions: Fill in the blanks with suitable words or phrases from the list given below. Change the form where necessary.

accept	touch	release	wear	joke	force
shock	pull off	be	capture	kidnap	underneath

16. It is widely _____ that practice makes perfect.
17. When he _____ his mask, the little girl burst into tears in fear.
18. They must _____ to the art exhibition yesterday, weren't they?
19. The policeman was surprised to find that one of the children who _____ as hostage was his own son.
20. We couldn't believe the _____ news that we had won the championship.

21. The horrible event that happened in that remote area _____ the attention of the people all over the country.
22. The students couldn't help _____ by the story.
23. His new album, which we are looking forward to, _____ at the end of this month.
24. They _____ out after a long day spent working in the fields.
25. Don't _____ yourself to write when you have nothing to say.



Cloze (10 %)

Directions: For each blank in the following passage there are four words or phrases marked A, B, C and D. Fill in each blank with the word or phrase that best fits the context.

When Hamlet and the ghost are alone, the ghost 1 him and spoke. What he said 2 the young man with horror. He told him that he was the dead king's ghost, and that he had been cruelly murdered. 'Hamlet,' he continued, 'they said a snake bit me in the garden, but the snake 3 killed me now rules my kingdom.' 'My uncle?' Hamlet asked, eagerly. The look of terrible sorrow on the ghost's face told him that he 4 correctly. He had wanted 5 to be king and to marry Gertrude. While the old king was sleeping in the garden one day, Claudius had 6 and poured poison in his ears. It was a horrible death. 'And now, son, your dead father is 7 to get to Heaven. I died before I could pray for forgiveness and I must burn! I 8 you, if you are my son, you must get 9 for this terrible murder. Help me to find peace.' But, the ghost added, 'Do not harm your mother. You must leave her to be punished by her conscience and by Heaven.' Then the ghost 10.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. referred to | B. turned to | C. reported to | D. announced to |
| 2. A. made | B. caused | C. filled | D. let |
| 3. A. that | B. / | C. as | D. what |
| 4. A. guessed | B. had guessed | C. would guess | D. might guess |
| 5. A. all | B. neither | C. none | D. both |
| 6. A. went up | B. came up | C. climbed up | D. crept up |
| 7. A. able | B. sure | C. unable | D. certain |
| 8. A. command | B. ask | C. request | D. require |
| 9. A. reverence | B. revenge | C. response | D. replies |
| 10. A. disappeared | B. lost | C. missed | D. gone |



Reading Comprehension (30 %)

Directions: Read the following passages. Each passage is followed by several questions or

unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that fits best according to the information given in the passage you have just read.

(A)

A lot of water is needed in large cities. Some cities get water from wells. Some get water from lakes or rivers nearby. But some cities have to get water from lakes or rivers far away.

Water is usually brought to a city from a place higher than the city itself. When water is found only in a lower place, it must be pumped up to the city. Then it is sent to each home.

Dams are often built in a river to keep the water from flowing away. Then a new lake is formed. People know how much water they need, and allow extra water to flow away below the dam. In this way, the city stores water for its own use.

There is usually a building near the dam, and much important work is done there. For example, the water is tested before it is piped to the city.

We must make the water clean before we drink it. Something must be taken away from it. Something must be added to it. Machines mix these added things with the water. In this way, it is made drinkable.

In modern hotels, you usually find three taps, one is for cold water, another is for hot water, and the third is for iced water.

1. How many ways are there mentioned in the passage for cities to get water?
A. One. B. Two. C. Three. D. Four.
2. Dam is always built _____.
A. at the upper part of a river B. at the lower part of a river
C. anywhere needed on a river D. somewhere near a city
3. People build dams _____.
A. to form a lake B. to store water for their use
C. to stop a river D. to let extra water flow away
4. Which of the following has the closest relation with a dam?
A. River. B. Lake. C. Reservoir. D. Pump.
5. In modern hotels, you can usually get hot water, cold water and iced water _____.
A. one by one B. one after another
C. in a period of time D. at the same time

(B)

Trees are useful to Man in three important ways: they provide him with wood and other products; they give him shade; and they help to prevent drought and floods.

Unfortunately, in many parts of the world, Man has not realised that the third of these services is the most important. In his eagerness to make quick profit from the trees, he has cut them down in large numbers, only to find that without them he has lost the friends he had.

Two thousand years ago, a rich and powerful country cut down its trees to build warships, with which to gain itself an empire. It gained the empire but, without its trees, its soil became hard and poor. When the empire fell to pieces, the country found itself faced with floods and

starvation.

Even where a government realises the importance of a plentiful supply of trees, it is difficult for it to persuade the villagers to see this. The villagers want wood to cook food with; and they can earn money by making charcoal or selling wood to the townspeople. They are usually too lazy or too careless to plant and look after new trees. So, unless the government has a good system to control, or can educate the people, the forests slowly disappear.

This does not only mean that the villagers' sons and grandsons have fewer trees. The results are even more serious; where there are trees, their roots break the soil up. That allows the rain to sink in and also to bind the soil. In this way, the soil can be prevented from being washed away easily. Where there are no trees, the rain falls on hard ground and flows away on the surface. That will cause floods and the rain will carry away the rich top-soil, in which crops grow so well. When all the top-soil is gone, nothing remains but worthless desert.

6. That trees can help to prevent drought and floods is _____.
A. not as important as the other services B. as important as the other services
C. not important D. more important than any other service
7. People cut down so many trees that they found that _____.
A. they lost the best friends they had B. their best friends made quick profit
C. their best friends lost trees D. their best friends died
8. Two thousand years ago, the soil of a rich country became hard and poor, because _____.
A. it fell to pieces B. it was faced with floods
C. it cut down its trees to build warships D. it was faced with starvation
9. It is difficult for a government to persuade the villagers _____.
A. to make charcoal B. to realise the importance of trees
C. to carry wood to the town D. to cook the food with wood
10. According to the passage, we know that trees can _____.
A. prevent the rain from falling on the ground
B. cause floods
C. have the rich top-soil carried away
D. prevent the soil from being easily washed away

(C)

Bicycle Tour and Race

A bike tour and race will be held on 28 and 29 August(Saturday and Sunday). At 5:30 a. m. , the riders will leave Mingzhu Square and ride the first 35 kilometres as a training leg. Then the next 55-kilometre leg, from Nanhui to Jinshan, will be the first competitive part of the tour. The riders and their bikes will then be taken from Jinshan to Qingpu.

The second racing leg of the tour will be from Qingpu to Shanghai Zoo covering a distance of 20 kilometres. Saturday night includes the stay near Shanghai Zoo and supper. Sunday morning is free for play in the zoo. At noon all the people and their bikes will be taken back to Mingzhu Square.

Telephone: 64675027

The British Football Club will play Shanghai Shenhua Team at the Hongkou Stadium on 28 August. The club has four national team players. Also coming is 1998 France World Cup star Owen who has promised for at least 45 minutes.

Time / Date: 4:30 p. m. , 28 August(Saturday)

Telephone: 65012372

The Third City Rock Climbing Competition will be held on 28 and 29 August at the Sheshan Mountain Climbing Training Base. More than ten teams from Shanghai, Wuxi, Nanjing and other places will take part in it. A Japanese team will give an exhibition climbing. Free for spectators.

Time / Dates: 9—12 a. m. , 28 and 29 August

Telephone: 57143177, 57144850, Miss Li

11. The main purpose of announcing the above events is to give information about _____.
A. visiting team
B. famous players
C. things to do for the weekend
D. prices to pay for the sports events
12. If you take part in the bike tour, you will ride for _____.
A. 35 kilometres
B. 55 kilometres
C. 75 kilometres
D. 110 kilometres
13. The underlined word 'leg' in 'Bicycle Tour and Race' probably means _____.
A. race
B. practice
C. part of the training
D. part of the tour
14. What is special about the rock climbing competition?
A. A foreign team takes part in it.
B. You can watch it free of charge.
C. You don't have to be a sportsman to compete.
D. The bus trip to the place of the competition is free.
15. If you get only one day free and want to find something to do for Saturday afternoon, which telephone number will you call?
A. 64675027
B. 57143177
C. 65012372
D. 57144850



Translation (10 %)

Directions: Translate the following sentences into English, using the words given in the brackets.

1. 我希望你会想看看我的小女儿在海滩上拣到的这些贝壳。(定语从句)

2. 我该把名字写在横线的上方还是下方? (below)

3. 虽然他问心无愧,但还是被迫承认犯了这个严重的错误。(force)

4. 这位经理在管理这家公司中起到了重要的作用。(role)

5. 两个人绑架了一个百万富翁的儿子,并且威胁说,如果不付给他们一大笔钱,他们就要杀死他的儿子。(kidnap)



Guided Writing (10 %)

Directions: Write an English composition in 100—120 words according to the information given below in Chinese.

假设你叫朱玲,住在光华路45号,10月20号你从上海晚报上看到上海星华服装公司要招聘一名英语秘书的启示,你写信申请这一职位,并介绍自己的情况。

要点如下:

1. 24岁,女。
2. 上海外国语大学(Shanghai International Studies University)英语专业毕业。
3. 已做过两年英语导游。
4. 能说流利的英语,擅长打字。

C 新编牛津英语学习目标与测试 S1B

Chapter 2 Two Geniuses

分数_____

I Listening Comprehension (15%)

Part A Short Conversations (10%)

Directions: In Part A, you will hear ten short conversations between two speakers. At the end of each conversation, a question will be asked about what was said. The conversations and the questions will be spoken only once. After you hear a conversation and the question about it, read the four possible answers on your paper, and decide which one is the best answer to the question you have heard.

1. A. Rainy. B. Windy. C. Snowy. D. Sunny.
2. A. They used to be very good friends.
B. They met somewhere before.
C. They were classmates in the university.
D. They were deskmates in the elementary school.
3. A. In a book shop. B. In the classroom.
C. In the karaoke room. D. In the sky.
4. A. Lovers. B. Friends.
C. Teacher and student. D. Father and daughter.
5. A. They are chatting.
B. They are having an interview.
C. They are watching the Olympic Games.
D. They are competing in the Olympic Games.
6. A. One. B. Three. C. Five. D. None.
7. A. He doesn't like whiskey. B. He has drunk too much.
C. He is driving now. D. He can't drink now.
8. A. France. B. England. C. Thailand. D. Spain.
9. A. The weather is good for an outing.
B. She will go for an outing.
C. She doesn't know whether it is suitable to go for an outing on such a day.
D. She doesn't want to have an outing because of the bad weather.
10. A. He was injured. B. He failed the drug test.
C. He was beaten. D. He decided to give up.

Part B Longer Conversation (5%)

Directions: In Part B, you will hear a longer conversation. The conversation will be read twice. After you hear the conversation, you are required to fill in the numbered blanks with the information you have heard.

Questionnaire	
Occupation of the interviewee	(11) _____
Hobby	(12) _____
Greatest achievement	(13) _____
Greatest admiration	(14) _____
Favorite food	(15) _____

Complete the form. Write No More Than Three Words for each answer.



Grammar and Vocabulary (25%)

Part A (15%)

Directions: Beneath each of the following sentences there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one answer that best completes the sentence.

- The teacher, as well as his students, _____ interest in the indoor sports.
A. is B. are C. shows D. show
- The car _____ the man _____ is Albert Dean.
A. is belonging to... his name B. has belonged to... him name
C. is belonged to... whose name D. belongs to... whose name
- _____ he really means is that he doesn't agree with us.
A. What B. That C. Why D. Whether
- When did the theatre _____ fire?
A. make B. set C. burn D. catch
- He patted _____ with a smile.
A. my shoulder B. me on the shoulder
C. me my shoulder D. my by the shoulder
- The authorities banned visitors _____ taking pictures with flash in the museum.
A. of B. from C. with D. on
- My elder brother is _____ to me by ten years.
A. junior B. superior C. senior D. inferior
- The weather in Britain disagrees _____ me, for it is foggy.
A. to B. about C. on D. with
- Many applicants _____ an advertisement for the vacancy of HR manager.

- A. need B. apply C. answer D. give
10. Jenny is a strange person and many people think it is hard to identify _____ her.
A. with B. to C. along D. from
11. Everyone wants to move to a new job with better _____.
A. savings B. wages C. earnings D. pay
12. All the employees are working hard to _____ reputation for their company.
Which sentence is wrong?
A. produce a good B. win a high
C. make a high D. establish a good
13. He left home at the age of 16 and has been away for _____ years.
A. dozens of B. two dozens C. two dozens of D. several dozens
14. In the absence of water, fish _____ long.
A. would not live B. shall not live C. were not living D. not live
15. The electric _____ has been cut off for two days due to a furious storm.
A. force B. energy C. power D. strength

Part B (10%)

Directions: Fill in the blanks with suitable words or phrases from the list given below.
Change the form where necessary.

regard as	attempt	be curious to	let down	take over	know by heart
energy	offer	reputation	result in	description	eventually

16. After his father retired, he _____ the company.
17. She _____ us _____ by being late for half an hour.
18. Now many people in the world think Liu Xiang is an athlete full of _____.
19. I _____ to know how the strange matter will end.
20. Can you _____ your suggestion on how to learn English well to me?
21. You shouldn't _____ what you parents said _____ unimportant.
22. The novel gives us a vivid _____ of the life in an old town with long history.
23. The accident reported yesterday _____ the death of three drivers.
24. Mr Li is a chairman of good _____ and welcomed by all the employees in our company.
25. Although they met a lot of difficulties in the construction, they _____ to carry out the plan within the limited time.



Cloze (10%)

Directions: For each blank in the following passage there are four words or phrases marked

A, B, C and D. Fill in each blank with the word or phrase that best fits the context.

With the development of science and technology, nowadays, more and more people hold the notion that the higher education 1 receives, 2 career he or she will pursue. 3, no wonder that so many people want to attain as high an education as possible.

4, it is well acknowledged that there are not enough universities to meet people's needs in China though most universities have 5 their enrolment.

It seems that only when people enroll in a college can they have 6 to higher education. As a matter of fact, there are other solutions 7. To begin with, it is convenient for people 8 and self-taught programs. Surfing the Internet is 9 less than a good way to enhance people's knowledge and broaden their horizon. As we all know, long-distance hearing is available now.

In light of the above mentioned information, there is no need for people to 10 if they are not admitted by a university. There are other options for them to further their study to achieve their goals in learning.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. one | B. people | C. person | D. man |
| 2. A. the richer | B. the better | C. the busier | D. the worse |
| 3. A. Otherwise | B. Meanwhile | C. Therefore | D. Nevertheless |
| 4. A. But | B. While | C. As a result | D. However |
| 5. A. enlarged | B. narrowed | C. widened | D. lessened |
| 6. A. chance | B. access | C. possibility | D. ability |
| 7. A. of the requirement | | B. of the advice | |
| | C. to this question | D. to this problem | |
| 8. A. to go abroad | | B. to sit in front of TV set | |
| | C. to attend evening class | D. to listen to the radio | |
| 9. A. something | B. nothing | C. anything | D. everything |
| 10. A. lose heart | | B. have confidence | |
| | C. believe in themselves | D. lose face | |

IV Reading Comprehension (30 %)

Directions: Read the following passages. Each passage is followed by several questions or unfinished statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that fits best according to the information given in the passage you have just read.

(A)

A man went to an insurance office to have his life insured. The manager of the office asked him how old his parents were when they died. 'Mother had a bad heart and died at the

age of 32. Father died of cancer when he was 36. '

'I'm sorry,' said the manager, 'we cannot insure your life as your parents were not healthy. '

As the man was leaving the office in low spirits, he met a clerk who had heard their conversation. 'You must not be so frank and tell the truth,' said the clerk, 'No office will insure you if you speak like that. Use your imagination a little. '

The man went to another office and was shown into the manager's room. 'Well, young man, how old were your parents when they died?'

'Mother was 83, and she died from a fall off her bike. Father was 85 and he died while he was playing football. '

The manager immediately agreed to insure the man's life.

1. The manager of the insurance office asked the man about his parents in order to _____.
 - A. know more about the man's life
 - B. know whether his parents were still living
 - C. decide whether they should insure his life
 - D. be friendly with the man
2. The manager would not insure the man's life because _____.
 - A. his parents were old
 - B. his mother had a bad heart
 - C. his father had cancer
 - D. both his parents died young
3. When the man left the office, he was _____.
 - A. sad
 - B. happy
 - C. satisfied
 - D. angry
4. The clerk of the insurance office advised the man _____.
 - A. to make up some stories
 - B. to speak more openly
 - C. not to speak rudely to the manager
 - D. to say 'sorry' to the manager
5. The manager of another office agreed to insure the man's life because _____.
 - A. his mother fell off her bike and died
 - B. his father died while he was playing football
 - C. his parents died at old age
 - D. he knew the man was telling a lie

(B)

Buying a house is always an expensive business. It is not just money that you spend but also a lot of time and energy finding and visiting houses. At first my wife and I tried to do things in an easy way—by telephone. We rang up a number of house agents, told them what we wanted and asked them to send us lists of suitable houses for sale. We didn't want to do too much work as my wife was pregnant. Our flat would be too small for three people, which was why we wanted to move.

We soon began getting the lists we had asked for. There were hundreds of houses. Every evening for a week we went through the lists. We were looking for houses we could afford and which were near an underground station and a park. We then made a short list of such suitable