

GAOYI YINGYU FANTING

# 高一英语泛听

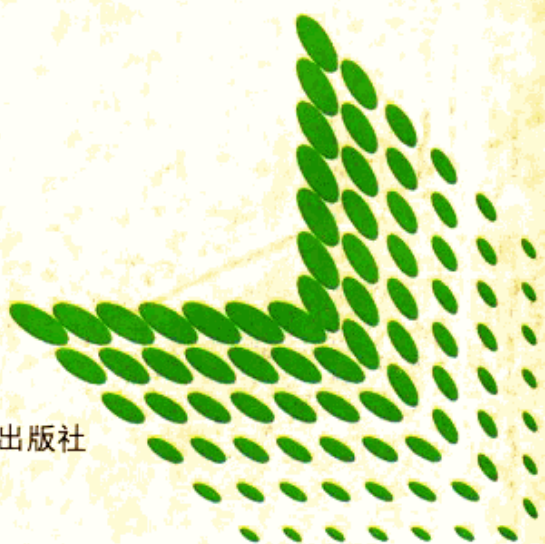
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English

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## 编写说明

本书在编写的过程中,紧扣新课程标准,紧扣最新考试说明,结合考试大纲的要求,注重学生的基础和能力两方面的培养和训练。在编写的时候,充分考虑到现在市场上全国类似辅导教材的一般性缺陷,即,多数只是针对考试题型进行设题,而没有考虑到在平时的听力教学中,除了要进行一定的针对考试题型的训练,更重要的是要对学生进行能力和基础方面的训练,从而为学生打下扎实的听力基础。因此,本书注重题型的多样性,有只需要学生进行泛听就能解答的题目,也有要求学生在听的基础上,还需要进行一定思考和自我加工才能解答的题目。同时,听力材料所涉及的内容也极为广泛,所选择的材料比一般的材料略微要长,既有进行泛听训练的内容,同时也有和课文同步,需要精听的内容,这些充分考虑到学生实际听力训练的需要,使学生在有限的时间里,最大限度地进行听力的训练,达到最佳的学习效果。

本书还有另外一个显著的特点,在选材时,有针对性的选择一些和课文内容相近的材料,这样学生在练习听力的同时,能通过听力进一步加深对课文内容的理解,帮助学生扩大知识面。这样就使听力训练不光局限于听力本身,还能帮助学生进一步理解课文,使学生能真正地领悟到听力的无穷魅力。

编者





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# Part I 同步训练与能力测试



## Unit 1



### 能力培养

#### 第一阶段

#### 一、听写单词或词组

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 二、请听句子,选出与其意思最接近的选项。

1. ( ) A. Bob and I had a friendly talk after school.  
B. I had a friendly talk with Bob after school.  
C. I met Bob and we talked at school on the First day.  
D. Bob and I were good friends on

- the first day at school.
2. ( ) A. Now I must be out.  
B. I must be out of the room now.  
C. I must go to bed now.  
D. It's time for me to go now.
3. ( ) A. The farmers have a good time in the fields.  
B. The farmers have a harvest time.  
C. The farmers have a good rest after they collect the food in the fields.  
D. The farmers have a busy time.
4. ( ) A. He knows he has some good friends.  
B. His friends are very friendly to him.  
C. He knows he hasn't done enough for his friends.  
D. As a friend, he is good enough.
5. ( ) A. Teddy and Tommy are studying in the same class at school.  
B. Tommy and Teddy are classmates in the same grade.  
C. Teddy and Tommy are not only twins but also students in the same grade.  
D. Teddy and Tommy are trying to



study the same subject at school.

### 三、根据所听材料完成下列对话

Jane: Jack, we 1 any letters since we left London.

Jack: Don't worry, Jane.

Jane: I'd like to 2.

Jack: I think they'll be sending our letters to Beijing.

Jane: Maybe you are right.

Jack: There should be a lot of letters 3 when we get there. Now let's enjoy ourselves here in Shanghai.

Jane: 4 will we be staying in Beijing?

Jack: I'm not sure, maybe 5.

Jane: Who do you think will write to us?

Jack: I'm hoping to get an important letter from father.

### 四、听短文, 根据内容填空。

Dear Xiao Li,

I am sorry to hear about your problem and thank you 1. Both your uncle and I are fond of you, because you are a 2 boy.

It is always easier to 3. You are feeling bad about losing their friendship, and they may feel 4. In my opinion, you should go to talk to your friends and honestly tell them that you didn't do it. You may need to work together with your friends in order to find out who took the money.

I hope my advice is helpful and I 5.

Yours truly,

Steve



### 五、把听到的句子变成直接引语或间接引语

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_



### 第二阶段 巩固提高

### 六、听下面两段对话, 选出正确选项。

#### Dialogue 1

1. ( ) How is Harry?
  - A. Very good.
  - B. Not very well.
  - C. Very well.
  - D. Very beautiful.
2. ( ) Where did Bill go for his holiday?
  - A. Bill asked Harry to go Paris.
  - B. Harry went to Paris for his holiday.
  - C. Bill went to Paris for holiday.
  - D. Bill wanted to go to Paris.

#### Dialogue 2

3. ( ) Where are the man and the woman?
  - A. In a garden
  - B. In a library.
  - C. In a shop.
  - D. In a street.
4. ( ) What does the woman want to buy for her little daughter?
  - A. A shirt.



B. A skirt.

C. A coat.

D. A bird.

5. ( ) What color does her daughter like better?

A. Red.

B. Blue.

C. White.

D. Green

七、听短文,选择正确答案并完成句子。

1. ( ) Many teenagers think their \_\_\_\_\_ know them better than their parents do.

A. friends

B. teachers

C. Brothers and sisters.

D. Classmates.

2. ( ) When teenagers stay alone, the usual way of communication is to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. go to their friends

B. talk with their parents

C. have a discussion with their family

D. talk with their friends on the phone

3. ( ) Which of the following is DIFFERENT in meaning from the sentence "Some parents may even stop their children from meeting their good friends."?

A. Some parents may even not allow children to meet their friends.

B. Some parents may even ask

their children to stay away from their good friends.

C. Some parents may even not let their children meet their good friends.

D. Some parents may want their children to stop to meet their good friends.

4. ( ) Which of the following sentences is TRUE?

A. Parents should like everything their children enjoy.

B. In all families, children can choose everything they like.

C. Parents should try their best to understand their children better.

D. Teenagers can only go to their friends for help.

5. In large families, it is often for \_\_\_\_\_ to fight with each other.

6. Teenagers usually spend a lot of time \_\_\_\_\_ themselves \_\_\_\_\_.

7. The communication is very important in \_\_\_\_\_.

8. \_\_\_\_\_ is an interesting one.



### 自我检测

#### 第一节

听下面 5 段对话,选出最佳选项。

1. ( ) What are the two speakers talking



about?

- A. Clothes.
- B. Tool.
- C. Food.

2. ( ) What time will the football match start?

- A. At 20:25.
- B. At 21:30.
- C. At 19:00.

3. ( ) Where is the man going ?

- A. To the bank.
- B. The hotel.
- C. To Oxford Street.

4. ( ) Which of Mary's arms was hurt?

- A. The left one.
- B. The right one.
- C. Both.

5. ( ) What's the weather like now?

- A. Snowy.
- B. Sunny.
- C. Cloudy.

woman to do?

- A. Go shopping.
- B. Go swimming.
- C. Go to the cinema.

9. ( ) When will they go out to supper together?

- A. On Friday evening.
- B. On Saturday evening.
- C. On Sunday evening.

10. ( ) When and where will the man pick up the woman?

- A. At seven at her house.
- B. At six at her house.
- C. At five at her office.

听第8段材料,回答11-13小题。

11. ( ) What does the woman suggest the man should do?

- A. Go to another place for a change.
- B. Look for a better job.
- C. Find a place in a university.

12. ( ) Why does the man like his present job?

- A. He likes digging gardens.
- B. He can't find another job.
- C. He likes the high pay and fresh air.

13. ( ) What can we learn from the conversation?

- A. The man will do the digging forever.
- B. The man will change his job.
- C. The woman wants the man to go on with his job.

听第9段材料,回答14-16小题。

## 第二节

听下面5段对话或独白,选出最佳选项。

听第6段材料,回答6-7小题。

6. ( ) Where are the two speakers now?

- A. At the doctor's.
- B. In the classroom.
- C. In an office.

7. ( ) What did the man ask the girl to do?

- A. Take a breath.
- B. Go to another hospital.
- C. Get enough sleep.

听第7段材料,回答8-10小题。

8. ( ) What does the man first invite the

14. ( ) What birthday present will the two



speakers buy for Alice?

A. A book.

B. a basketball.

C. A football.

15. ( ) How much money do the two speakers have altogether?

A. 20 dollars.

B. 14 dollars.

C. 8 dollars.

16. ( ) Why do they decide not to buy Alice a book?

A. She doesn't like reading at all.

B. She has lots of books in her room.

C. She has lots of books and her birthday present last year was a book.

听第 10 段材料, 回答 17-20 小题。

17. ( ) Who was going to give a party for

Mary?

A. Mr Green.

B. Mary's father.

C. Mrs Green.

18. ( ) How old was Mary going to be?

A. Thirty.

B. Twenty.

C. Thirteen.

19. ( ) What did Mrs Green buy for the party?

A. Some fruits like apples, oranges and bananas.

B. Some food like cakes, coffee and milk.

C. Some drinks like tea, coffee and milk.

20. ( ) When did the party begin?

A. At three o'clock.

B. Before three o'clock.

C. After three o'clock.

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## Unit 2



### 能力培养

#### 第一阶段

#### 一、听写单词或词组

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_
9. \_\_\_\_\_
10. \_\_\_\_\_

#### 二、请听句子, 选出与其意思最接近的选项。

1. ( ) A. You certainly understand all I said.  
B. Is there anything I can do for you?  
C. Is there anything you don't understand? Please let me know.  
D. Can you see all these words clearly?
2. ( ) A. Englishmen have found a new language which most people like.  
B. You can hear English in most parts of the world.

C. English is only spoken by some people, but it's used in most places.

D. English has changed a lot.

3. ( ) A. It will be important to know more about England.

B. You'd better master English very well, it's important.

C. The history of English is becoming more and more important.

D. It's more important to learn some knowledge in England.

4. ( ) A. They spent little money on food.

B. They had got no money on them.

C. They had got enough money.

D. They had a hard life.

5. ( ) A. I hear that our teacher will go to the lab.

B. Our teacher asked us to go to chemistry lab.

C. We will go to the chemistry lab with our teacher.

D. Our teacher will go to the chemistry lab by himself.

#### 三、根据所听材料完成下列两段短对话

##### Dialogue 1

Tom: Excuse me. Can you tell me, how do you say 1 in English that I like this flower 2 that one? Prettier?

Lily: Haha. You say prettier when you talk about 3. Just say more beautiful.

Tom: Oh Yeah. I thought it was something like that.



Teacher: Tom and Lily, do you 4 ?  
 Lily: It's 5 . Tom asked me to tell him  
 how to say more and most beautiful.

### Dialogue 2

M: Excuse me , but could you tell me how to  
 get to the 6 ?

W: Why, yes. It's very far from here. You'll  
 have to take the 7 .

M: Does the bus take me straight to the sta-  
 tion?

W: Yes. When you get off the bus, you'll  
 find the station just 8 .

M: Good. But where is the bus stop?

W: Go straight a long the road and turn right  
 at the 9 crossing. You can't miss it.

M: Thank you. How soon can I get there?

W: Well, if the streets are not too crowded,  
 you'll get there in about 10 .

M: Thank you ever so much.

W: You are welcome.

### 四、听短文, 根据内容填空。

The English language started about 1,500  
 years ago in England. 1 came to the coun-  
 try. They were the Angles, the Saxons, and  
 the Jutes. These three groups 2 to Eng-  
 land. After some time, the three languages be-  
 came one new language—English. The name  
 “English” comes from the Angles. They lived  
 in most of England. “England” means “Angle  
 Land” or “Country of the Angles”.

The language that we speak today—mod-  
 ern English — 3 the English that people  
 used 1,500 years ago, including Old English  
 (before 1150 ) and Middle English (up till  
 1500). That language— Old English — 4

—, and it has some different rules of gram-  
 mar. There were only a few thousand words in  
 Old English. But Modern English 5 Old  
 English, and it is still like it in many impor-  
 tant ways.

### 五、把听到的句子变成直接引语或间接引 语

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_



### 巩固提高

### 六、听下面一段对话, 选出正确选项。

1. ( ) When does the woman usually watch  
 TV?  
 A. After midnight.  
 B. When she was free.  
 C. After she has dinner.
2. ( ) Why was the man unhappy?  
 A. He lost his meal tickets.  
 B. The food was terrible.  
 C. The TV program was boring.
3. ( ) Why did the man feel even worse?  
 A. He didn't sleep well.  
 B. He wasted so much time.  
 C. The woman has the same prob-  
 lem.



# 七、听短文,选择正确答案并完成句子和表格。

根据所听材料完成下列文段

In an American zoo, the visitor can walk through a big special \_\_\_\_\_ that is filled with \_\_\_\_\_, some small animals and many birds, and large enough for the \_\_\_\_\_ to live naturally. In a zoo in New York, with the use of special night light, people can watch certain animals that are active only \_\_\_\_\_, when most zoos are closed. Some zoos have special places for visitors to \_\_\_\_\_ that live in the desert or under water.

根据所听材料选择最佳答案

1. ( ) In modern zoos \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. animals are no longer taken good care of
  - B. animals have more freedom
  - C. visitors can walk wherever they like
2. ( ) In a modern zoo \_\_\_\_\_ feel comfortable
  - A. the animals, not the visitors
  - B. neither visitors nor animals
  - C. both visitors and animals
3. ( ) The main idea of the passage is that \_\_\_\_\_.
  - A. zoos are now places where animals can live naturally
  - B. there should be old and modern zoos alike
  - C. rare animals may soon die out

根据所听材料完成表格

In zoos built 50 years ago	In modern zoos
People could _____ from many parts of the world.	Animals are given more _____ in larger place.
Animals lived in _____.	Even the appearance of zoos has _____.
Animals did not feel _____, and they often _____.	They not only show animals to _____, but also keep and save _____.



自我检测

第三阶段

## 第一节

听下面 5 段对话,选出最佳选项。

1. ( ) How far is the South Street from here?
  - A. It's about five minutes' walk from here.
  - B. It's five kilometers from here.
  - C. It's fifteen miles from here.
2. ( ) Who is the woman hoping to get in touch with?
  - A. Mr. Brown.
  - B. Mrs Brown.
  - C. The man himself
3. ( ) Where should the man get off?
  - A. At the next stop.
  - B. At the next stop but one.
  - C. Right here.
4. ( ) Where are the man and woman?
  - A. At home,



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B. In an office.

C. In a taxi.

5. ( ) What happened to the woman?

A. She found a new job.

B. She gave up her job.

C. She felt terrible yesterday.

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

12. ( ) What drink did the man order?

A. Milk.

B. Wine.

C. Coffee

## 第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白, 选出最佳选项。

听第 6 段材料, 回答 6-7 小题。

6. ( ) What do you know about the man?

A. He is Welsh.

B. He is a singer.

C. He is British.

7. ( ) What does the sentence 'What are you?' here means?

A. What's your nationality?

B. What's your job or nationality?

C. Who are you?

听第 7 段材料, 回答 8-9 小题。

8. ( ) Where does the man plan to go?

A. To Ireland.

B. To Scotland.

C. To England.

9. ( ) What does the woman suggest?

A. To take train there.

B. To carry an umbrella.

C. To buy a new umbrella.

听第 8 段材料, 回答 10-12 小题。

10. ( ) Where might the dialogue take place?

A. In a small restaurant.

B. At a party.

C. At a night club.

11. ( ) How many kinds of vegetables did the man order?

听第 9 段材料, 回答 13-16 小题。

13. ( ) What is the news about?

A. A fire.

B. An earthquake.

C. A flight accident.

14. ( ) When did the accident happen?

A. When the plane was taking off.

B. When the plane was in the sky.

C. When the plane was landing.

15. ( ) How many people were killed in the accident?

A. 100.

B. Nearly 100.

C. More than 100.

16. ( ) What do we know about the man?

A. He would rather stay at home.

B. He remembered the exact number of the dead.

C. He took the Taiwan plane.

听第 10 段材料, 回答 17-20 小题。

17. ( ) When did the story happen?

A. On a hot day in June.

B. In early June.

C. On a summer afternoon.

18. ( ) Why did Jack get up and talk in the class?

A. He wanted to ask a question.



B. He was tired of school.

C. He couldn't sit in his seat.

19. ( ) How did the teacher feel when he knew Jack was talking?

A. He felt angry.

B. He kept quiet.

C. He felt tired.

20. ( ) What do you think of Jack?

A. He was naughty.

B. He was brave.

C. He was pleased.



能力培养

一、听写单词或词组

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_

7. \_\_\_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_\_\_

9. \_\_\_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_

二、请听句子, 选出与其意思最接近的选项。

1. ( ) A. When are you coming back from Guangzhou?

B. When are you going to leave Guangzhou?

C. At what time do you plan to

start for Guangzhou?

- D. When are you leaving for Guangzhou?

2. ( ) A. People can have a wonderful time in the open air.

B. People can go to different parts of the world.

C. If you want to experience something different, you can travel around.

D. People can have terrible experience in the world.

3. ( ) A. It was so hot that he couldn't fall asleep.

B. It was so hot that he fell asleep.

C. It was hard for him to go to sleep.

D. It was not hot so he fell asleep.

4. ( ) A. He started working at 11 last night.

B. He enjoyed working last night.

C. He worked eleven hours yesterday.

D. He didn't stop working till 11 last night.

5. ( ) A. He did nothing but go over his lessons last night.



- B. He went over some of his lessons before eight last night  
C. He did something else before he went over his lessons.  
D. He wanted to go over his lessons at seven.

### 三、根据所听材料完成下列对话

W: OK, let's start. I want to invite tourists to our mountain because I think that can give us the money we need to 1.

M: How will we get the money?

W: Well, let's say that each visitor pays 10 yuan to visit the mountain. And maybe we can 2 and souvenirs.

M: 3. I think that tourists will destroy the mountain. If too many people visit the mountain, they will throw rubbish on the ground and destroy trees, flowers, and plants. I also think that tourism will 4 in our city.

W: Why do you think so?

M: Well, um, if we sell food and souvenirs, maybe people will just work with tourists. I mean, we would not be able to make money without tourists. It is better if we 5, so that we don't need tourists.

W: I disagree. Tourism will help make our city famous and will help us 6. It will be good for all of us.

M: I am afraid I don't agree. I think it is better if our city is famous for 7 or for 8. If our city is a place for tourists, it will not be a good place to live.

W: But what about our history and the beautiful mountain? Tourism will make people

interested in 9. If nobody comes here, how will they ever learn about our city?

### 四、听短文, 根据内容填空。

#### Tips for traveling abroad

Whether you are traveling overseas for business, pleasure or study, the best way to ensure a carefree and relaxing trip is to 1. The more you learn about passports, visas, customs, and other travel basics, the less likely you are to 2 during your travels.

#### Before you go

There is much that you can do to prepare for your trip, 3 where you are going, how long you are staying, 4.

1. Learn about the places that you plan to visit, such as the 5, customs and politics.
2. Learn about the travel agents, transportation, and travel insurance.
3. Make sure of the things to take, such as your ID card, passport, the right amount of 6.
4. Learn about the lodging, organized programmes.
5. Learn about the places to receive 7.
6. Make sure of the things to leave behind with relatives or friends, such as names, addresses, and phone numbers of persons and places to be visited so that you 8 in an emergency.

### 五、听写句子

1. \_\_\_\_\_



2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_



## 第三阶段 巩固提高

### 六、听下面一段对话，选出正确选项。

1. ( ) Where is the man going to visit?
  - A. He is going to visit the USA.
  - B. He is going to visit France.
  - C. He is going to visit Britain.
2. ( ) Why is the girl familiar with the city?
  - A. She has a postcard from the city.
  - B. She has heard a lot about the city.
  - C. She has lived there for some time.
3. ( ) How many places of interest in Paris did the girl mention?
  - A. She mentioned four places.
  - B. She mentioned three places of interest.
  - C. She mentioned five.

### 七、听短文一篇，选出正确选项并填空。

4. ( ) Which of the following is true according to the passage?
  - A. Don't let your family know you are in trouble, they will be worried.
  - B. If you change your travel plans,

be very careful.

- C. If something dangerous happens, you'd better let your relatives know.
5. ( ) When will you use your passport?
  - A. When you pick up your mail.
  - B. When you want to go to a big crowd.
  - C. When your friend needs it
6. ( ) Where should you be more careful?
  - A. At the airport.
  - B. At a festival.
  - C. At the bank

再听一遍，根据内容填空。

Coat pockets, 7, and hip pockets are particularly 8. You can try to prevent theft by carrying your belongings 9. For example, consider not carrying a purse or wallet when going along crowded streets. A wallet wrapped in rubber bands is more difficult to remove 10. Be especially careful in a large crowd (in the subway, on buses, at the marketplace, or at a festival).



## 第三阶段 自我检测

### 第一节

听下面 5 段对话，选出最佳选项。

1. ( ) What is the woman going to do?
  - A. See the man smile.
  - B. Take the man's photo.
  - C. Take out the film.



2. ( ) What does the woman mean?  
 A. He won't pass unless he takes the test.  
 B. He must study in order to pass.  
 C. He must take the test.
3. ( ) What does the woman mean?  
 A. She can stay a little longer.  
 B. She must go home now.  
 C. Her parents are too nervous.
4. ( ) What does the man mean?  
 A. Everyone ate his fish,  
 B. No one ate his fish,  
 C. It was almost enough for all of us.
5. ( ) Does Jane know Arvid Brown?  
 A. She doesn't know him.  
 B. She knows something about him.  
 C. She knows nothing about him.

- B. The boy has neither much interest in school nor in work.  
 C. The boy is discouraged because he hasn't passed the exam.

听第7段材料,回答9-11小题。

9. ( ) What do you think the man is? Why?  
 A. A policeman, because he works hard.  
 B. A postman, because he often works late.  
 C. A taxi driver, because he often works through the evening rush hours.
10. ( ) When were they having this dialogue?  
 A. After the man finished his work.  
 B. After they got up.  
 C. Before they went out shopping.
11. ( ) How is the weather in New York compared with the weather in Florida?  
 A. Colder.  
 B. Warmer.  
 C. Rains more.

听第8段材料,回答12-14小题。

## 第二节

听下面5段对话或独白,选出最佳选项。

听第6段材料,回答6-8小题。

6. ( ) What is the possible relation between the two speakers?  
 A. Good friends.  
 B. Mother and son.  
 C. Teacher and student.
7. ( ) What did the boy often do at school?  
 A. He was often late for school.  
 B. He often fell asleep in class.  
 C. He often stayed after class.
8. ( ) Which of the following statements is true?  
 A. The boy prefers to go out and work.

12. ( ) What happened to the man?  
 A. He was out of work.  
 B. He had hurt his back.  
 C. Both A and B.
13. ( ) What do you think Puerto Rico is?  
 A. The name of the man's uncle.  
 B. The name of an island.  
 C. The name of a mountain.
14. ( ) Which of the following is true?





- A. The woman didn't like chicken.
- B. The woman grew up in New York.
- C. The man couldn't speak Spanish.

听第9段材料,回答15-17小题。

15. ( ) What can we learn about the couple?
- A. They worked in a restaurant.
  - B. They had a restaurant in the shopping centre.
  - C. They owned a successful restaurant.
16. ( ) What was the man considering?
- A. Being employed by the two men.
  - B. Opening a branch in the centre.
  - C. Passing their management on to George and Jane.
17. ( ) Who were George and Jane?

- A. Relatives.
- B. Neighbors.
- C. Son and daughter.

听第10段材料,回答18-20小题。

18. ( ) What can we learn about the radio station?
- A. It is owned by the English Coffee Shop.
  - B. It is on Montana at Seventh Street in Santa Monica.
  - C. It sells advertising time.
19. ( ) What will the weather be like?
- A. Cloudy.
  - B. Cold.
  - C. Fine.
20. ( ) What can we learn about Santa Monica Beach?
- A. It is used for parking cars.
  - B. It is a good place for surfing.
  - C. It is a good place for swimming.

