

九年义务教育



新课程·新理念·新教材·新题型

英语课堂同步训练

New Standard English

初中二年级 上册



中国青年出版社

九年义务教育(新标准·外研版)

英语课堂同步训练

初中二年级 上册

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前 言

为适应课程改革的需要,促进学生的全面发展和教学质量的全面提高,我们组织具有丰富教学经验的骨干教师和优秀教研员,根据外研社版初中二年级教材编写了《英语课堂同步训练》。

本书与教材完全同步,体系层次清晰明确,全方位体现了同步教学的辅导作用。本书做到了一课(unit)一练,一个模块(module)一测,并附有期中和期末测试题。既可在课堂上使用,又可作为课后练习,为师生的教与学提供方便。

本书充分体现了新课程标准的理念,注重学生英语学习能力的提高,充分利用图片和最新的语言材料,密切联系学生的生活实际,突出了语言的实用性。此外,每课都设有学习目标,帮助学生理清学习思路,明确学习方向;每套练习均包括听力、词汇、情景对话、句型运用、阅读理解、书面表达等部分。选择本书,一定会促进听、说、读、写能力的全面提高。

由于编写时间所限,本书难免存在着不足和疏漏之处。恳请广大读者提出宝贵意见,我们将精益求精做好修订工作。

愿《英语课堂同步训练》一书助您走向成功。

编者

2006年7月

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Module 1

How to learn English

Unit 1 Try not to translate every word.

学习目标

1. 词汇

translate, translation, correct, number, repeat, grammar, pronunciation, writing, punctuation, spelling, term, advice, write down, mistake, else, radio, newspaper, message, each other, excellent, orchestra

常用短语

pen friend, give sb. some advice, write(it)down, next to, each other, write email messages, do some concerts

句型

You should always speak English in class.

Why don't you write down the correct spelling and next to the mistakes?

What else?

How about listening to the radio or reading a newspaper in English?

2. 语法

祈使句和情态动词“should”的用法。

3. 能力

能够用多种句式向别人提出建议。

听力

听录音, 选择与你所听到的句子意思最接近的选项

1. A. She is a teacher. B. She is Chinese. C. She is a student.

2. A. The shop sells school things.

B. The shop is big.

C. The shop is near our school.

3. A. The world will have larger and larger population.

B. The world is becoming bigger and bigger.

C. The earth is growing older and older.

4. A. The boy prefers to read rather than to write.

B. The boy prefers reading to writing.

C. The boy prefers to reading rather than writing.

5. A. The shop is a new one. It's open from Monday to Friday.

B. The shop is a large one. A lot of people buy things here every week.

C. The new shop was opened only a week ago.

词汇

根据中文填空

6. I'm going to give you some _____ .(建议)
7. We should send e-mail _____ to each other.(信息)
8. They're doing some _____ in China.(音乐会)
9. Please _____ the sentence into Chinese.(翻译)
10. You should _____ your mistake.(改正)
11. Do you have a vocabulary _____ ?(笔记本)
12. Why don't you write it _____ ?(写下来)
13. I don't want to _____ your words.(重复)
14. What should you do to improve your _____ ?(语法)
15. I think your _____ is good.(发音)

情景对话

- A: _____ (16)?
B: Yes, I want to buy a blouse for my mother.
A: _____ (17)?
B: Hmm...I'm not sure. Gray, I think.
A: OK. Here is a gray one.
B: Oh, no. _____ (18).
A: How about this green one? It's in fashion this year. I'm sure _____ (19).
B: Err, that looks nice.
A: What size does she wear?
B: Sorry. _____ (20), either. Oh, she's almost as tall as the woman over there.
A: Then size 6 must be OK. Here you are.
B: Thank you.
A: You are welcome.

句型运用

同义句转换

21. The workers spent about one year in building the hotel.
It _____ the workers one year _____ the hotel.
22. The teacher helped me find my lost watch.
_____ the _____ , I found my lost watch.
23. If you eat more, you will be more and more overweight.
The you eat, the you will be.
24. Sarah is too young to go to school.

Sarah isn't _____ to go to school.

25. Do remember to turn off the light when you leave.

_____ to turn off the light when you leave.

阅读理解

One day Mrs Perry went shopping. When her husband came home in the evening, she began to tell him about a beautiful cotton dress.

"I saw it in a shop this morning," she said, "and..."

"And you want to buy it," said her husband, "How much does it cost?"

"Twenty pounds."

"Twenty pounds for a cotton dress? That is too much!"

But every evening, when Mr Perry came back from work, his wife went on to talk only about the dress. At last, after a week, he said, "Oh, buy the dress! Here is the money!" She was very happy.

But the next evening, when Mr Perry came home and asked, "Have you got the famous dress?" She said, "No."

"Why not?" he said.

"Well, it was still in the window of the shop after a week. That means nobody else wants this dress. So I don't want it either."

26. Mrs Perry talked about the cotton dress _____.

A. for a day B. for about a week C. for ten days D. for two days

27. Mrs Perry told her husband about the dress again and again because _____.

A. she wanted Mr Perry to see the dress
B. she wanted Mr Perry to buy the dress for her
C. Mrs Perry couldn't tell good from bad
D. Mrs Perry was colour blind

28. At first Mr Perry thought the cotton dress _____.

A. was cheap B. was ugly C. looked beautiful D. was too expensive

29. At last Mr Perry _____ and agreed to buy that dress for his wife.

A. lost patience B. saw the dress C. made a lot of money D. was angry

30. Mrs Perry didn't buy that dress because _____.

A. every woman bought the same dress
B. she thought that dress was ugly
C. nobody bought that dress
D. she didn't like that dress any more



书面表达

31. 谈谈你或你的同学在英语学习方面遇到的困难。(60 词)

Unit 2 Please help me!

1. 词汇

send, language, improve, basic, watch, guess, just, yourself, shy, conversation, deep, breath, smile, remember, forget, piece, place, count

常用短语

enjoy yourself, ask for sth, improve one's English, listen to English songs, talk about sth., with sb., the meaning of, speak to sb., lots of, advise sb., to..., start a conversation, take a deep breath, try to do, count the English words, be good at

句型

But it takes a long time.

Do you find it easy to have a conversation in English?

How do you feel when you smile?

Try to decide if you're getting better.

2. 语法

学习 it 作形式主语、形式宾语的用法和 when 引导的时间状语从句。

3. 能力

知道如何向他人请求帮助,寻求建议。

听力

听录音,根据听到的内容填空

1. _____ the meaning of the new words.
2. I'm _____ and can't speak to her.
3. These are good questions to start a _____.
4. My advice is try to _____ eight or ten words a day.
5. How about _____ the English words?

词汇

根据图片选单词

6.



- A. magazine B. dictionary C. newspaper D. notebook

7.



- A. scientist B. artist C. musician D. waiter

8.



- A. theatre B. coffee shop C. museum D. palace

9.



- A. plate B. food C. piano D. vase

10.



- A. forest B. cattle C. beast D. bird

情景对话

- A: Good afternoon. 3-4-6-double 9-6. _____ (11).
B: Good afternoon, Mr Smith. This is Lily. May I speak to Ann, please?
A: _____ (12). She went out shopping with her mother and hasn't been back now.
B: Oh! _____ (13)?
A: Certainly!
B: Thank you very much. Ann asked me to go to the cinema with her this evening.
_____ (14).
A: _____ (15)?
B: My parents and I are going to the airport to meet my aunt. She's returning from America this evening. So I can't.
A: OK, I see. And I'll tell Ann about it.
B: Thanks. Bye.

句型运用

同义句转换

16. The student found out where he could buy a cheap radio.
The student found out _____ a cheap radio.
17. Wherever I go, I will always remember to write to you.
_____ I go, I will never _____ to write to you.
18. He rode a bike to the factory yesterday.
He _____ to the factory _____ yesterday.
19. The box is so light that we can carry it.
The box is _____ for us to carry.
20. I like apples a little, but I like tomatoes better.
I _____ tomatoes _____ apples.

阅读理解

Mrs Black was eighty, but she had a small car, and she always drove to the shop in it on Saturday and bought her food.

She did not drive fast because she was old, but she drove well and never hit anything. Sometimes her grandchildren said to her, "Please don't drive your car, Grandmother. We can take you to the shop."

But she always said, "No, I like driving. I began to drive fifty years ago, and I'm not going to stop now."

Last Saturday she stopped her car at the traffic lights because they were red, and then



she couldn't start the car again. The lights were green, then yellow, then red, then green again, but her car did not start.

A policeman came and said to her kindly.

"Good morning. Don't you like any of our colours today?"

21. For what did Mrs Black always drive to the shops?

- A. To buy food. B. To buy clothes. C. To meet friends. D. To have classes.

22. Why didn't Mrs Black drive fast?

- A. Because her car was old. B. Because she was a new driver.
C. Because she was old. D. Because she doesn't like driving.

23. Her grandchildren wanted her _____.

- A. to walk to the shops B. to sell her car
C. not to drive any more D. to buy a new car

24. Mrs Black began to drive when she was _____.

- A. 50 B. 30 C. 80 D. 10

25. Which of the following is not true?

- A. The policeman was kind.
B. Mrs Black liked the colours of the traffic light.
C. There was something wrong with Mrs Black's car last Saturday.
D. The policeman is very humor.

书面表达

26. 结合自己的体会,写一件在学习英语过程中遇到的有趣的事。

要求:(1) 内容完整,表达清楚。

(2) 60 词左右。

Unit 3 Language in use

1. 词汇

accent, wish, borrow, group, mark, club, start, together, hear

常用短语

all the time, try not to do, look for, practice doing, be good for . . . , say hello to

句型

Do you think he's a good student?

I left my homework at home.

I want to know where the park is.

2. 语法

学习宾语从句的结构和用法。

3. 能力

把本课在如何学好英语方面提供的建议付诸实践,和其他同学交流学习英语的心得,并去图书馆阅览本课提到的几种英文读物。

听 力

I. 听录音,选择与你所听到的句子意思最接近的选项

1. A. The shoes were neither too big nor too small.
B. The shoes were too big, or they were too small.
C. Both the shoes were too big.
2. A. They went on to talk because they were happy.
B. They stopped talking with a smile on their faces.
C. They talked and talked happily.
3. A. He felt better after he had the medicine.
B. He felt better before he had the medicine.
C. He didn't feel better after he had the medicine.
4. A. His temperature is high.
B. It seems that his temperature is OK.
C. His temperature seems a little high.
5. A. I don't like seeing a film.
B. I don't want to see a film.
C. I'd like to see a film.
6. A. I taught in this school in 1989.
B. I began to teach in this school in 1989.
C. I came to this school before 1989.
7. A. We would be the last.
B. We would be the best.
C. We would be the worst.
8. A. We were beaten by them.
B. We kicked the goal as they did.
C. We won the match.

II. 听录音,选择你所听到的句子的答语

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|
| 9. A. No news is good news. | B. I'm glad to help you. | C. Not at all. |
| 10. A. It doesn't matter. | B. Thank you. | C. Congratulations. |
| 11. A. Yes, I haven't. | B. I want to go there. | C. Yes, only once. |

12. A. Not at all. B. Sorry. C. You're welcome.
 13. A. I'd like to. B. Neither do I. C. So do I.
 14. A. On the playground. B. After the match was over. C. In three hours.
 15. A. Nothing much. B. Great. C. The same to you.

III. 听录音, 根据听到的内容填空

You can learn English from _____ (16) and newspapers, for example, try to read *The Times* and *21st* _____ (17) *Teens*. You can find English _____ (18) sites on the Internet. It's a good _____ (19) to listen to China Radio International and to sing in English. And don't forget to watch TV, for _____ (20) CCTV-9, and films in English.

词汇

I. 根据句意和首字母补全单词

21. Why don't you write down the c _____ words?
 22. It's a good idea to c _____ your vocabulary notebook.
 23. How about l _____ to the radio in English?
 24. But try not to t _____ every word.
 25. Everyone should have a pen f _____.

II. 选择填空

26. Kate is _____ than Betty.
 A. more carefully B. more careful C. careful D. the most careful
 27. Could you tell me _____ ?
 A. when shall we start B. who are you waiting for
 C. where the bus station is D. why were you late
 28. Mother told her son _____ in the street.
 A. not play B. to not play C. doesn't play D. not to play
 29. _____ Greens are on _____ visit to a beautiful city in China.
 A. /, a B. A, the C. The, a D. The, /
 30. There is _____ milk in the fridge. Please go and buy some, Tom.
 A. few B. a few C. little D. a little
 31. His father was born _____ Beijing _____ March 27, 1945.
 A. at, in B. in, on C. at, on D. in, in
 32. It's a long trip, so we must start _____ early tomorrow morning.
 A. of B. for C. off D. to
 33. Which city does Uncle Wang _____ ?
 A. live B. live in C. lives D. lives in
 34. What _____ in the middle of the concert?
 A. to happen B. happening C. happen D. happened
 35. I _____ the fruit in the fridge just now.
 A. puts B. put C. may put D. putted

III. 用所给动词的适当形式填空

36. She often _____ (read) English after _____ (get) up.
 37. My sister _____ (call) me as soon as she knows something about the accident.
 38. The teacher said to me that the earth _____ (move) around the sun.
 39. If it _____ (not rain) tomorrow afternoon, we'll have a football match.
 40. When he was in Beijing, he _____ (come) to see me every day.

完型填空



The weather is different in different parts of the world. In some places it is 41, and in others it is wet. If the weather is too dry, the land will not be 42 for animals or plants. In wet weather there may be too much 43. The rivers may go over their sides. The 44 may take the bridge away.

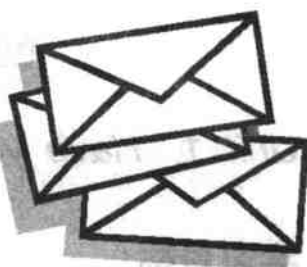
And a lot of people may not have enough food. If there is very dry weather for a long 45, the river beds may be dry. In some other parts of the world the weather may be very cold. There may be 46. When it snows, the trees and the buildings, everything looks 47. In winter the days are short and the nights are long. 48 cold winter nights, when there are no clouds or winds, the 49 is very clear. And the moon and stars are very beautiful. People may 50 their coats and go out for long walks. When they come back to their houses they may be happy to have hot coffee and cakes by the fire.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|--------------|----------|
| 41. A. drier | B. dry | C. cold | D. hot |
| 42. A. bad | B. worse | C. better | D. good |
| 43. A. rain | B. snow | C. wind | D. cloud |
| 44. A. river | B. rain | C. water | D. wind |
| 45. A. time | B. way | C. river | D. month |
| 46. A. rain | B. snow | C. blow | D. shine |
| 47. A. whitely | B. strange | C. strangely | D. white |
| 48. A. On | B. At | C. In | D. After |
| 49. A. river | B. land | C. sky | D. earth |
| 50. A. wear | B. put on | C. in | D. dress |

阅读理解

Perhaps every town in the United States has a post office. Some are very small, and you may also find it in the corner of a shop. Others are large buildings. They are open five days and Saturday morning a week. From Monday to Friday they are usually open from 8:30 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.

If you know how much the postage is for your letter, you can buy stamps from machines. Stamps are sold at many different prices, from one cent to many dollars. If you are not sure how much postage is for your letter, you can ask the worker in the post office. He or she will give you the stamps you need. If you are sending your letter far away, write on the envelope that you want it to go by air or use an airmail envelope. Remember that postage will be more expensive for a letter that you want to send to foreign countries.



At a post office you can also buy postcards. A postcard is cheaper than a letter. Usually the price of postage for a postcard is about half that of a letter. The postcards that you buy at a post office do not have pictures. However, they are not to be sent outside the countries.

51. In the United States, every post office, large or small, is open _____.

- A. every day except Sunday B. from Monday to Friday
C. from 8:30 to 4:00 every day D. five and a half days a week

52. If you don't know how much the postage is, you can _____.

- A. buy different stamps of different prices
B. put more stamps on the envelope
C. get some help from the worker in the post office
D. buy stamps from machines

53. In a post office in the USA people can buy all the following except _____.

- A. letters B. stamps C. envelopes D. postcards

54. If someone writes a letter on Saturday afternoon, he or she _____.

- A. can buy stamps at any shops B. can use an airmail envelope
C. must go to large post buildings D. must wait to send it till next Monday

55. People sometimes like postcards better than letters because postcards _____.

- A. needn't be sent by air B. cost people less money
C. don't have any pictures D. can be bought in post offices

书面表达

56. 向你的表弟介绍一本你认为有帮助的英文读物或一个英文节目。

要求：(1) 简单说明这本读物或节目。

(2) 说出你为什么喜欢它，它是如何帮助你学习英语的。

(3) 60 词左右。
