

當代著名中國畫畫家專列·上海

畫集

FANG ZENG XIAN PAINTINGS

# 當代著名中國畫畫家專列·上海

SERIAL PICTURE ALBUMS OF CONTEMPORARY CHINESE FAMOUS PAINTERS · SHANGHAI

# 方增先畫集

FANG ZENG XIAN PAINTINGS

上海教育出版社 SHANGHAI EDU CATIONAL PUBLISHING HOUSE

### 方增先畫集

當代著名中國畫畫家專列・上海

編 者 當代著名中國畫畫家專列編委會

出版發行 上海教育出版社

(上海永福路 123 號 郵政編碼 200031)

經 銷 新華書店

印 刷 深圳利豐雅高印刷有限公司

開 本 787×1092 1/12

印 張 4

版 次 1996年5月第1版 1996年5月第1次印刷

印 數 2,000本

標准書號 ISBN 7-5320-4827-6/G・4797

定 價 55 元(軟精)

SERIAL PICTURE ALBUMS CONTEMPORARY CHINESE FAMOUS PAINTERS • SHANGHAI

#### FANG ZENG-XIAN PAINTINGS

Editor: Editorial Committee Of Serial Picture Albums Of Contemporary Chinese Famous Painters
Publishing: Shanghai Educational Publishing House
(123 Yong Fu Road, Shanghai P.C. 200031)
Printing: Shen Zhen Leefung-Asco Printers Ltd.

顧 問 Advisor 程十髪 Cheng Shi-fa

E 編 Editor-in-chief 韓天衡 Han Tian-heng

副主編 Deputy Editor-in-chief 陳 和 Chen He

編 委 Editorial Committee
程十髪 Cheng Shi-fa
韓天衡 Han Tian-heng
陳 和 Chen He
陸曉波 Lu Xiao-bo

**責任編輯** Editor Eu Xiao-bo

英文翻譯Translators陸 珏Lu Jue王 今Wang Jin

装幀設計Designer無 逸Wu Yi

圖版攝影Photographer吳立東Wu Li-dong

**Technical Editor** 周宏彪 Zhou Hong-biao



作者近影 Painter's Recent Photo

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com

# 總序

一九〇〇年五月,敦煌石窟被突然發現。這一發現與世紀的開端連在一起,似乎隱含着一種預兆。果然,此後發現不斷,二十世紀成了中國歷史文物大發現的一個世紀。但是衆所周知,二十世紀又是連續發生了兩次世界大戰的世紀,在中國,則是一個包含着更多戰亂和災難的世紀。成批的文物與連年的血火緊緊交糅,華美的文明與愚昧的野蠻兩相周旋,組成了悲愴的復調結構。我腦海裏經常浮現出這樣一幅圖景:在抗日戰爭爆發之初,有一列奇異的車馬隊冒着時時可能被轟炸、被搶劫的危險向西南方向蠕動,車上裝着幾萬箱文物,幾萬箱代表着中國人最高文明的藝術作品。一個處于生死存亡邊緣的民族經過寧肯舍棄一切的選擇,終於領悟到最後需要擁抱住的究竟是什麼,這一點,直到今天回想起來我還十分激動。

人們記得,在十八世紀的歐洲,萊辛、温克爾曼等美學、哲學家通過對一系列古代藝術作品的研究而把握住了自己立足的文明根脈,從而使這種文明能够底氣十足地昂首未來。可惜這種情況并没有在中國發生,無邊的災禍和動蕩使人們不可能從審美視角平静而完整地來梳理中華民族的昨天、今天和明天。人們能做的極致,便是努力保存遺産,然後憑着自身感悟進行匆忙而艱難的創造。保存和創造都是延續,延續着中華民族在審美領域未被堙没的精神活力。

鑒于此,我們有充分理由對本世紀來仍然沉浸在中國傳統藝術裏的藝術家們表示由衷的敬意,不管他們是偏于繼承還是偏于創新,都是在藝術氣氛稀薄的社會大環境裏用自己的生命滋潤和弘揚了中國傳統藝術,爲我們這個蒼老人種固執求索的心理境界,提供了現代佐證。

二十世紀已經臨近末尾,對于本世紀以來中國藝術各門類的評價和總結,應該着手進行。然而,評價和總結的前提,是整理和匯攏。爲此,近年來由不少有識之士主持,開始編寫出版各種縱覽性的書籍圖册,這是一項傳世工程,不管我們是否滿意各藝術門類的既有成就,新世紀的道路卻總是以此爲起點的。只有讓更多的人找到并認清了起點,今後的步伐纔會邁得更自覺。

由程十髮先生、韓天衡先生主持,上海教育出版社出版的《當代著名中國畫畫家專列》便是一套經過精力策劃而鄭 重推出的系列畫册。入選各位,都是在當代中國畫領域有造詣、有影響、有鮮明個人風格的著名畫家,每人一册,均由畫 家本人自選畢生最滿意的作品,因此又以健在的畫家爲限。這種把自我選擇和總體選擇連在一起的編輯方針,具有不 言而喻的文化學術意義。

這個系列畫集規模宏大,在操作上只能逐步推進,首先推出的是上海畫家們的集了,以後再拓展到其他地區。爲了寫這篇序言,我有幸比讀者更早了解入選畫家的名單和他們的部分作品,深感就上海而言,這種時代性的藝術總攬也做得十分必要和及時。在我看來,把當代上海畫家的這些畫册合在一起,出現的是一種可以與"上海十大景觀"媲美的文化景觀。如果缺了這種景觀,一座城市也就缺了一種活生生的內涵。

祝當代中國畫畫家們健康長壽,祝祖國傳統藝術在二十一世紀能展現出更加舉世矚目的新面貌。 是爲序。

#### PREFACE Yu Qiu-yu

The Dunhuang Caves were suddenly discovered in May, 1900. The link of this event with the turn of the century seems to imply an omen. Really, the subsequent continued discoveries make the 20th century the century of a great discovery of historical relics in China. Nevertheless, as everyone knows, the 20th century is also a century in which two world wars occurred. In China, there occurred more battles and disasters in this century. The discoveries of historical relics in batches have been closely linked with bloodsheds in consecutive years, while the splendid civilization has been confronted with benighted barbarism. These contrasts have composed a deplorable polyphonic structure. I was deeply impressed by a scene. Immediately after the outbreak of the War of Resistance Against Japan, a strange caravan carrying some hundred thousand boxes of historical relics slowly moved toward the Southwest, defying the risk of bombing and plunder. The contents of these boxes were artistic works representing the Chinese highest civilization. At a moment when her fate hung in the balance, the nation finally realized what she should choose to protect in the end, while all other interests were at stake. So far I still feel very excited whenever I recall it.

It is well known that great European aesthete-philosophers in the 18th century like Lessing and Winkelman had made great strides in advancing the civilization from a firm basis after having studied a series of ancient artistic works and grasped their vitals of civilization. It is a pity that such events did not happen in China. On the contrary, people had not been able to meditate on China's past, present and future calmly and wholly from an aesthetical viewpoint in a period of endless disasters and unrest. What they could do at best was to preserve the legacy of history and hastily perform some hard creative works depending on their own perceptive abilities. Both preservation and creation in their efforts are prolongation in nature, i. e. the prolongation of the extant mental vitalities of the Chinese nation in the aesthetic realm.

In view of these facts, we have every reason to show our sincere respect for those artists who have still immersed themselves in Chinese traditional arts since the present century. Whether they lay emphasis upon inheritance or creation, their efforts signify that they dedicate their lives to enriching and glorifying the Chinese traditional art while living in a social environment with very thin artistic atmosphere. It offers a contemporary witness to the psychological state of perseverance and probe on the part of our old race.

The 20th century is approaching its end. It is time for us to evaluate and summarize the works in various categories of Chinese arts since the present century. However, evaluation and summarization presuppose sorting and classification. Hence, in recent years under the direction of many persons with breadth of vision, various books and picture albums for extensive reading and appreciation began to be edited or published. This is considered as a project of long-standing value. No matter how you think of the achievements of different categories of arts, they will be taken as starting points for the road of further progress in the coming century. Only by letting more people find out and recognize these starting points can they forge ahead more consciously.

Under the direction of Mr. Cheng Shi-fa and Mr. Han Tian-heng, the Shanghai Educational Publishing House published "Serial picture Albums of Contemporary Chinese Famous Painters", i. e. ingeniously-designed and earnestly-published serial picture albums. All the listed painters are versed in Chinese traditional painting. They are very influential persons in this realm, and each has his own distinctive style of painting. Each volume contains the works of a single painter which were selected by the painter himself as best works of his throughout his career. Thus, all the painters listed are alive. Self-evidently, such approach of editing, i.e. the combination of individual selection of works in each volume by the painter himself with overall selection of painters for the whole collection by editors, has a deep cultural and academic significance.

The serial picture albums will be voluminous and only step by step can the whole project be performed. Now, as a first step, a collection of albums belonging to Shanghai Painters is put out. Later on, collections for painters of other regions will be gradually put out. For writing this preface, the author has the opportunity of learning the namelist of selected painters and appreciating a part of their works in this collection in advance. I deeply feel that so far Shanghai is concerned, such an overall collection of artistic works in an era is quite necessary and timely. In my opinion, when the picture allums of Shanghai painters are displayed together, it may present a culture-scape comparable to the existing ten major landscapes of Shanghai. A city devoid of it will be lacking in vivid content.

I wish contemporary Chinese painters may keep fit. Long may they live. I hope that the Chinese traditional art will have a more appealing feature attracting worldwide attention in the 21st century.

## 簡歷

1931年出生於浙江浦江。

1953年畢業於浙江美術學院,并留校、進研究生班。

1954年隨同中央美術學院、浙江美術學院敦煌考察隊,赴 千佛洞,研究、臨摹壁畫三個月,又深入草原藏區寫 生。

1955年任教於浙江美術學院中國畫系,創作《粒粒皆辛苦》。

1964年創作《説紅書》。

1978年任第五屆全國人民代表大會代表,當選爲浙江省美 術家協會副主席。

1983年入上海中國畫院。

1984年任上海中國畫院副院長,當選爲中國美術家協會常務理事。

1985年任上海美術館館長。

1989年作品《母親》參加第七屆全國美術展覽,獲銀質獎、 齊自石獎。

1991年被美國傳記研究院授予該院終身董事和國際顧問。 作品《母親》獲上海文學藝術成果獎。

1993年任中國美術家協會中國畫藝術委員會副主任。

1995年受聘爲上海大學講席教授。

### Biographical notes

Born in Pujiang, Zhejiang Province.

Graduated from Zhejiang Fine Arts Academy. Asked to stay on for pursuing post-graduate courses.

Went to stay in Qian Fo Caves studying and copying frescoes for three months and in Tibet plateau painting from nature along with Central Fine Arts Academy and Dun Huang Study Group of Zhejiang Fine Arts Academy.

Teacher in Traditional Chinese Painting Department of Zhejiang Fine Arts Academy. His painting "Hard-carned Food" completed.

"Relating Revolutionary Stories" produced.

Deputy to the Fifth National People's Congress. Elected Vicechairman of Zhejiang Artists Association.

Worked in Shanghai Chinese Painting Academy.

Vice-president of Shanghai Chinese Painting Academy. Elected standing member of China Artists Association.

Head of Shanghai Art Gallery.

His painting "Mother" dispayed in the Seventh National Painting Exhibition and obtained Silver Prize and Qi Ba-shi Prize.

Honoured by U.S. Biographical Research Institute as its life-long board of directors and adviser. His painting "Mother" captured Shanghai Literary and Art Achievements Prize.

Deputy director of Traditional Chinese Painting Art Committee under China Artists Association.

Served with Shanghai University as honorary professor.



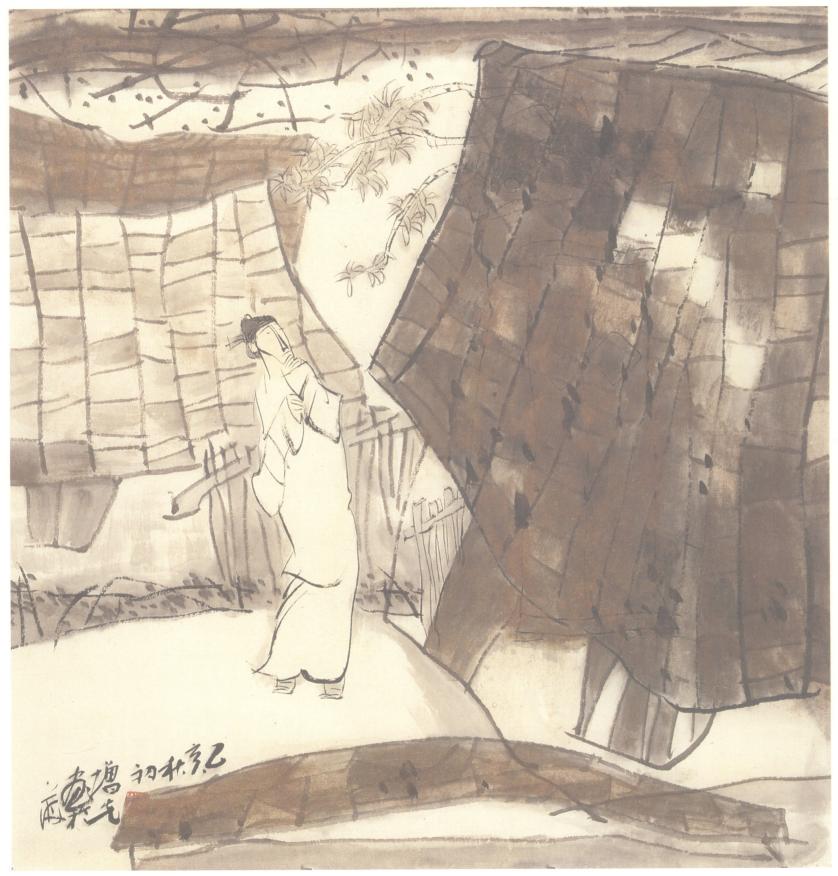


2. 空山松子落 Pine nuts falling down on lonely mountain

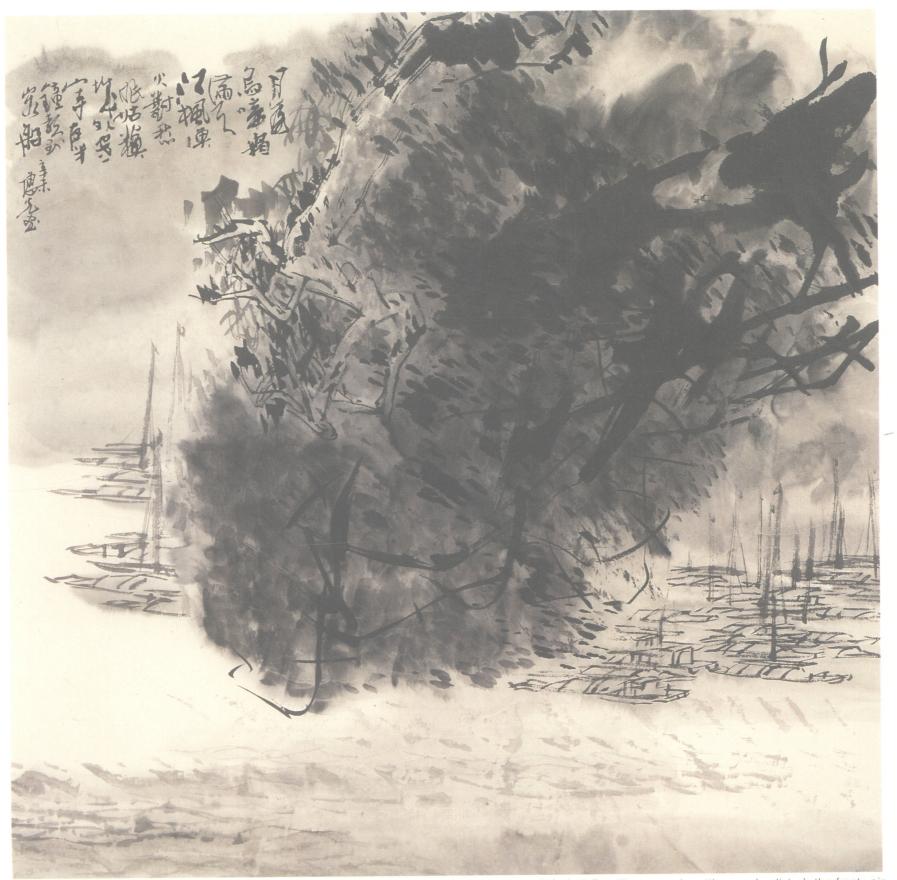


3. 人定 Sitting quietly and meditating

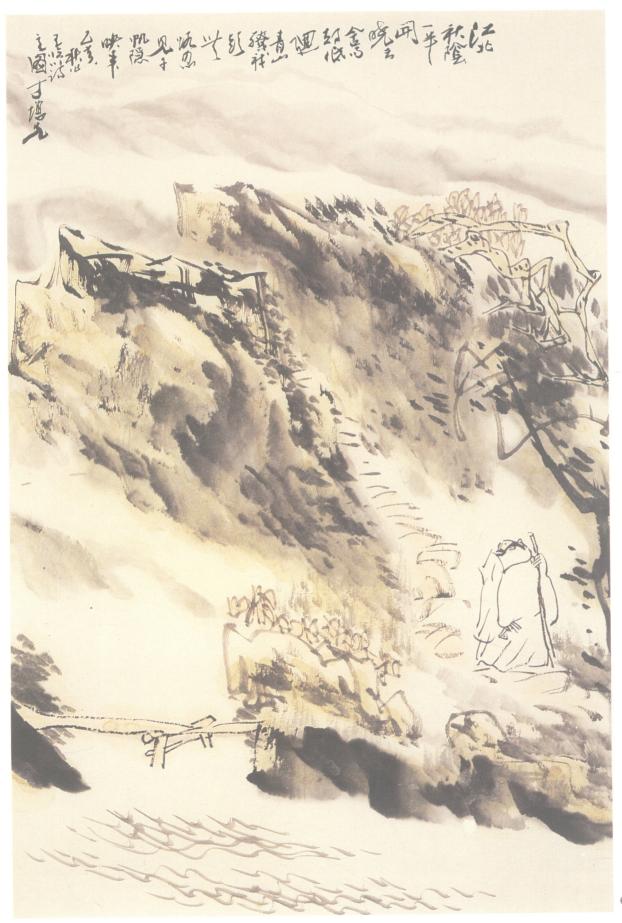
此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com



4. 桃花依舊 The peach tree is still here, my beloved-one has gone



5. 月落烏啼霜滿天 The moon is setting, rooks disturb the frosty air



6. 王臨川詩意 Flavour of poem by Wang Lingchuan



7. 孤燈曉夢 Dream at dawn under lonely lamplight



8. 松溪垂釣圖 Fishing in the creek lined with pine trees



9. 面壁圖 Facing the wall

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com