

无忧英语考试系列丛书

# 精编高等学校 英语应用能力考试

# 历年真题全解

适用于高职、高专、成教、自考

◎ 顾问 刘绍忠

◎ 总主编 易永忠 范振辉

# B级

**Don't Worry  
about Your English!**



# 精编高等学校英语应用能力 考试历年真题全解·B级

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# 前言

本书根据最新《高职高专教育英语课程教学基本要求》结合近年试题精心编写而成。全书共收集了12套试题,每套试题均由英语教学专家和语言测试专家作了详细讲解。本书突出试题的答题技巧和方法,旨在提高学生综合运用英语的水平和能力,以期达到事半功倍的效果。

本书信息量大,考点突出,具有很强的考前辅导针对性和可操作性,便于学生自学和查阅,适合应试者和广大英语爱好者学习使用。

本书具体在编纂方面有如下特点:

一、题型全面:本书囊括了近年的试题,是国内同类图书中题型涵盖量最大的。

二、详解精辟:本书对所有试题进行了详细、透彻的解析,与同类书相比,对试题的解析更有深度,更具体。读者读后稍加思考定能举一反三、触类旁通。

三、版式实用:本书编排版式设计新颖独特,既便于学生自我测试,又不至于因在书中前后翻找答案而耗时费力。

四、解析权威:本书的编写人员全是多年从事高职高专教学工作的教师和英语应用能力考试的命题人或阅卷人,他们融合多年的授课经验和出题技巧,把素质教育和应试技能有机地结合起来,通过研析考点,解读经典试题,对历年试卷作了系统详实的讲解。

五、全文翻译:对试题的主要部分提供了参考译文,使学生使用更方便,更利于理解原文。

六、精品作文:本书写作部分提供的参考范文均是英语专家呕心沥血深思熟虑之作,其中使用的经典习语、句式和套路,被该考试的应试者奉为圭臬。

本书在编写过程中征求了全国著名英语专家和教授的意见,得到数十所学校领导和师生的支持,并在教学中进行了实验,得到了广大师生的支持和认可,深受师生们的喜爱。书中如有疏漏与错误之处,恳请广大读者及同仁批评指正。

编 者

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# 2006年6月全国高等学校英语应用能力考试B级试卷

	总得分	听力理解	语法结构	阅读理解	英译汉	写作
卷面分值	100	15	15	35	20	15
得分						

## Part I Listening Comprehension (15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your listening ability. It consists of 3 sections.

### Section A

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to give proper answers to questions. There are 5 recorded questions in it. After each question, there is a pause. The questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

**Example:** You will hear: Mr. Smith is not in. Would you like to leave him a message?

You will read: A) I'm not sure.

B) You're right.

C) Yes, certainly.

D) That's interesting.

From the question we learn that the speaker is asking the listener to leave a message. Therefore, C) Yes, certainly. is the correct answer. You should mark C) on the Answer Sheet. Now the test will begin.

- A) So do I.  
B) Thank you.  
C) Yes, I like it.  
D) Yes, of course.
- A) Yes, it is.  
B) Yes, I have.  
C) I like the city.  
D) It's a famous city.
- A) My pleasure.  
B) Not at all.  
C) Nothing, thank you.  
D) Sure.

【提示】这部分测试听力。它由3部分组成。

【提示】这部分测试回答问题的能力。一共有5个问题，问题播放两遍。听完问题后，请从4个选项中选出最佳答案。

1. 【答案】D 【考点】一般疑问句

【解析】回答一般疑问句需用 Yes 或 No，其后为主语 + 助动词或用短语加强语气。

2. 【答案】A 【考点】一般疑问句

【解析】问句中主语为 this，助动词为 is，因此简略回答为：Yes, it is. 或 No, it isn't.

3. 【答案】C

【考点】带 there be 的疑问

【解析】在拒绝对方主动提出的帮助时，应在否定后表示感谢。

4. A) I often drink tea at home.

B) No, thanks.

C) Not likely.

D) No problem.

5. A) Thank you.

B) It's important.

C) Yes, I will.

D) No, it isn't.

## Section B

**Directions:** This section is to test your ability to understand short dialogues. There are 5 recorded dialogues in it. After each dialogue, there is a recorded question. The dialogues and questions will be spoken two times. When you hear a question, you should decide on the correct answer from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D) given in your test paper. Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

6. A) A business plan.

B) A working schedule.

C) A computer problem.

D) A computer class.

7. A) She's a manager.

B) She's a secretary.

C) She's an engineer.

D) She's a teacher.

8. A) A list.

B) A product.

C) A contract.

D) A book.

9. A) In a post-office.

B) In a restaurant.

C) At the airport.

D) At a railway station.

10. A) Anytime today.

B) This morning.

C) Next afternoon.

D) Tomorrow morning.

4. 【答案】B 【考点】询问意愿

【解析】在否定对方委婉地征询意愿时,应在否定后表示感谢。

5. 【答案】C 【考点】一般疑问句

【解析】问句中的助动词为 will, 因此作简略回答时应为: Yes, I will. 或: No, I won't.

【提示】这部分测试理解小对话的能力。一共有 5 段对话,每段对话后将有一个问题,对话和问题将播放两遍。听完问题后,请从 4 个选项中选出最佳答案。

6. 【答案】C 【考点】推断题

【解析】由关键词 computer, doesn't work, have a look 可以判断出二人谈论的话题为计算机故障,故答案为 C)。

7. 【答案】B 【考点】推断题

【解析】男士询问女士是否有工作经验,由女士的回答 I have been a secretary for five years. 可知其身份为秘书。

8. 【答案】A 【考点】推断题

【解析】从女士的提问 Have you brought a price list with you? 可知她想要的东西是价格单,故答案为 A)。

9. 【答案】B 【考点】推断题

【解析】由关键词 menu, special food 可推断出对话应发生在餐馆,故答案为 B)。

10. 【答案】D 【考点】推断题

【解析】女士询问何时需要结账,从男士的回答:明天上午什么时候都行 (Anytime tomorrow morning) 可判断答案为 D) 选项。



## Section C

**Directions:** In this section you will hear a short recorded passage. The passage is printed in the test paper, but with some words or phrases missing. The passage will be read three times. During the second reading, you are required to put the missing words or phrases that you hear on the Answer Sheet in order of the numbered blanks. The third reading is for you to check your writing. Now the passage will begin.

Modern technology has a big influence on our daily life. New devices are widely used today. For example, we have to 11 the Internet every day. It is becoming more and more 12 to nearly everybody. Now it's time to think about how the Internet influences us, what 13 it has on our social behavior and what the future world will look like. The Internet has 14 changed our life; there is no doubt about that. I think that the Internet has changed our life in a 15 way.

## Part II

## Structure

(15 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your ability to construct grammatically correct sentences. It consists of 2 sections.

## Section A

**Directions:** In this section, there are 10 incomplete sentences. You are required to complete each one by deciding on the most appropriate word or words from the 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). Then you should mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

16. My impression of the service in the hotel was that it had really \_\_\_\_\_.  
A) improved  
B) implied  
C) imported  
D) imagined
17. The policeman stopped the driver and found that he \_\_\_\_\_ alcohol.  
A) drinks  
B) has drunk  
C) is drinking  
D) had drunk

**【提示】**在这部分你将听到一篇短文。短文已印在试卷上,但有部分单词或词组缺失。短文将播放3遍,听第2遍时请填补空格,听第3遍时,请检查核对。

**【参考译文】**

现代技术给我们的日常生活带来了巨大影响。如今新的设备正在广泛应用。举例来说,每天我们都要面对因特网,它对于周围每个人来说都变得越来越有使用价值。该是考虑因特网如何影响我们的时候了,它对我们的社会行为产生什么样的影响,未来生活是什么样子的。毫无疑问,因特网完全改变了我们的生活,而且我认为因特网是以一种美妙的方式改变了我们的生活。

11. **【答案】**deal with  
12. **【答案】**useful  
13. **【答案】**effects  
14. **【答案】**totally  
15. **【答案】**wonderful

**【提示】**本部分测试语法和造句能力,它由两小部分组成。

**【提示】**这部分共有10个不完整的句子,请从每题所给的4个选项选出最佳答案填到空格上。

16. **【答案】**A **【考点】**动宾搭配

**【译文】**这家酒店给我留下的服务印象是服务质量真的提高了。

**【解析】**题中的it指代the service in the hotel,而能与service构成搭配的动词只有improve,表示“服务质量提高了”。

17. **【答案】**D **【考点】**过去完成时

**【译文】**警察把这个司机拦了下来,并发现他酒后驾驶。

**【解析】**由于drink发生在过去动作found之前,因此需要用过去完成时had drunk。

18. There are three colors in the British flag, \_\_\_\_\_ red, white and blue.

- A) rarely
- B) namely
- C) really
- D) naturally

19. I can't find the key to my office. I \_\_\_\_\_ have lost it on my way home.

- A) would
- B) should
- C) must
- D) ought to

20. David has \_\_\_\_\_ much work to do that he is staying late at his office.

- A) such
- B) so
- C) very
- D) enough

21. I tried hard, but I couldn't find the \_\_\_\_\_ to the problem.

- A) solution
- B) help
- C) reply
- D) demand

22. \_\_\_\_\_ writing a letter to the manager, he decided to talk to him in person.

- A) Due to
- B) Because of
- C) As for
- D) Instead of

23. As far as I'm concerned, I don't like \_\_\_\_\_ in that way.

- A) to be treated
- B) to treat
- C) treated
- D) treating

18. [答案]B [考点]细节题

【译文】英国国旗上有三种颜色,即红色、白色和蓝色。

【解析】空格前的 three colors 与之后的 red, white and blue 所指内容相同,因此选择意为“即,也就是”的副词 namely 做插入语。

19. [答案]C [考点]情态动词

【译文】我没找到办公室钥匙了,肯定是在回家的路上丢了。

【解析】must 除了可以表示“必须”的含义之外,还能后接 have done 表示对过去情况非常肯定的判断。

20. [答案]B [考点]固定结构

【译文】大卫有太多工作要做,现在还在办公室熬夜呢。

【解析】选项的作用是修饰形容词 much,其后的从句由 that 引导并表示结果,可知本题为 so/such... that... 结构,同时,当名词前有 many, much 修饰时,常用副词 so 与之搭配,故选 B)项。

21. [答案]A [考点]词语搭配

【译文】我尽力了,但还是找不到这一问题的解决办法。

【解析】名词辨析:选项后的介词短语为 to the problem,因此确定答案为 solution,表示“问题的解决办法”。

22. [答案]D

【考点】介词短语辨析

【译文】他决定找经理面谈,而不是给他写信。

【解析】due to 因为,由于; because of 因为; as for 关于,提及; instead of 而不是...。原句表示两种方式的对比,因此选择 D)项。

23. [答案]A [考点]不定式

【译文】就我而言,我可不喜欢受到那种待遇。

【解析】考查不定式的被动形式。句中 I 与动作 treat 在逻辑上是动宾关系,且短语 not like to do 表示“具体的一次不喜欢...”,因此需用不定式的被动形式 to be treated。

24. Lisa was busy taking notes \_\_\_\_\_ Mark was searching the Internet for the information.

- A) until                                      B) unless  
C) while                                        D) if

25. There was a heavy fog this morning, so none of the planes could \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) get through  
B) take off  
C) put out  
D) break away

## Section B

**Directions:** There are 10 incomplete statements here. You should fill in each blank with the proper form of the word given in brackets. Write the word or words in the corresponding space on the Answer Sheet.

26. Of all the hotels in the city, this one is the (good) \_\_\_\_\_.

27. Yesterday they received a written (invite) \_\_\_\_\_ to a dinner from Mr. Black.

28. That new film is worth (see) \_\_\_\_\_ for the second time.

29. Next week we (sign) \_\_\_\_\_ the sales contract with the new supplier.

24. 【答案】C 【考点】连接词辨析

【译文】丽莎忙着记笔记，而马克在通过因特网查找信息。

【解析】原句表示同类别的事物进行对比，此时只能用 while。

25. 【答案】B

【考点】动词短语辨析

【译文】今天早上雾很大，因此几乎所有的航班都无法起飞。

【解析】get through 通过，打通；take off 起飞；put out 扑灭；break away 并非固定搭配。由句意可知大雾会造成飞机的无法起飞，因此答案为 B)。

【提示】这部分共有 10 个不完整的句子，请将括号内单词的适当形式填在每句的空格上。

26. 【答案】best

【考点】形容词最高级

【译文】全城的酒店中，这家是最好的。

【解析】所填词位于系动词后，并有定冠词修饰，因此应为 good 的最高级。

27. 【答案】invitation

【考点】词性转换

【译文】昨天他收到了布莱克先生发来的参加晚宴的书面邀请。

【解析】所填词前有不定冠词及形容词，后为介词短语充当的定语，因此需填名词。invite 的名词为 invitation。

28. 【答案】seeing 【考点】动名词

【译文】那部新影片值得再看一遍。

【解析】worth 的用法为 be worth doing，因此需填 see 的动名词形式 seeing。

29. 【答案】are going to sign/will sign

【考点】将来时态

【译文】下周我们将和新供货商签订销售合同。

【解析】题中有明确的将来时间状语 next week，提示时态为一般将来时，因此答案为 will sign 或 are going to sign。

30. (general) \_\_\_\_\_ speaking, he is a person that you can trust.
31. The new machine ought to (test) \_\_\_\_\_ before it is put to use.
32. If your credit (信誉) is good, you will be allowed (use) \_\_\_\_\_ the credit card.
33. It will be very (help) \_\_\_\_\_ if each member presents his or her own opinion at the meeting.
34. The number of sales people who have left the company (be) \_\_\_\_\_ very small.
35. It is well-known that sports will (strengthen) \_\_\_\_\_ the friendship between nations.
30. 【答案】Generally  
【考点】固定搭配  
【译文】总的来说,他是个可以信赖的人。  
【解析】所填词的作用为修饰现在分词 speaking, 其形式应为副词, 所以答案为 general 的副词形式 generally。
31. 【答案】be tested  
【考点】被动语态  
【译文】这部新机器应该在投入使用前进行检测。  
【解析】The new machine 与 test 逻辑上为动宾关系, 因此 test 应为被动形式; 又因前有情态动词 ought to, 所以答案为 be tested。
32. 【答案】to use  
【考点】不定式  
【译文】如果信誉良好, 你就能获准使用信用卡。  
【解析】动词 allow 的用法为 allow sb. to do sth., 因此其被动形式为 be allowed to do sth., 故答案为 to use。
33. 【答案】helpful  
【考点】词性转换  
【译文】如果每个成员都在会议上表达意见, 这将是非常有帮助的。  
【解析】所填词位于系动词后, 且前有副词 very 修饰, 因此答案应为 help 的形容词形式 helpful。
34. 【答案】is 【考点】主谓一致  
【译文】已经离开公司的销售人员数量非常少。  
【解析】所填词应与单数主语 the number 保持一致, 所以答案为 is。
35. 【答案】strengthen  
【考点】词性转换  
【译文】众所周知, 体育运动会增进国与国之间的友谊。  
【解析】将来时由助动词 will+ 动词原形构成, 因此所填之词为 strengthen 的动词形式 strengthen。

## Part III Reading Comprehension (40 minutes)

**Directions:** This part is to test your reading ability. There are 5 tasks for you to fulfill. You should read the reading materials carefully and do the tasks as you are instructed.

### Task 1

**Directions:** After reading the following passage, you will find 5 questions or unfinished statements, numbered 36 to 40. For each question or statement there are 4 choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should make the correct choice and mark the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet with a single line through the center.

Dear Sir or Madam,

The MDC Company was established in 2001 and in four short years has become one of the most successful companies in the market place. For this, we are pleased, proud and grateful.

We are pleased because our customers have confirmed our belief that if the products we offer are new, exciting, innovative (有创意的) and of excellent quality, they will be purchased.

We are proud because we know we are a company that keeps its word to its customers; that guarantees that any product can be returned within 30 days if it proves to be unsatisfactory in any way; and that always lets our customers know if there is to be a delay in delivery.

We are grateful to customers like you, because you confirm our beliefs that good service and quality result in satisfied customers. Without you, there would be no reason for us to be pleased or proud. We thank you for your orders and for giving us the opportunity to be of service to you.

Our special summer catalogue (商品目录) is at the printers and should be in your home soon. We hope that you will be pleased with the new selections.

Yours faithfully  
John Brown

36. From the passage we can learn that MDC Company always \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) keeps its promise
- B) provides the same products
- C) sells its products at a low price
- D) delivers its products without delay

**【提示】**本部分测试阅读能力。需完成5个任务,请仔细阅读每篇文章再按指示答题。

**【提示】**读完下面一篇文章后,请为第36至40题选出最佳答案。

### 【参考译文】

尊敬的女士或先生,

MDC公司成立于2001年,并在短短四年期间成为市场上最成功的公司之一。我们为此感到欣慰、骄傲并充满感激。

我们感到欣慰,是因为我们的客户坚定了我们信念:若我们提供的产品新颖、令人振奋、有创意并且质量上乘,产品就会有市场。

我们感到骄傲,是因为我们知道自己是一家对客户信守承诺的公司;一家保证任何产品若证明为在任何方面不合人意便可在30日内退还的公司;一家在有送货延迟的情况时总是让客户知晓的公司。

对于如贵方这样的客户,我方充满感激,因为贵方坚定了我们信念:良好的服务和质量会带来满意的客户。没有贵方,我方没有理由感到满意和骄傲。我们感谢贵方的订单并感谢您为我们提供服务的机会。

我方夏季特供商品目录正在印刷,不久将送达贵处。我方希望贵方满意新品种。

真诚的  
约翰·布朗

36. 【答案】A 【考点】细节题

**【解析】**本题问的是:“由文章可知MDC公司总是...”根据文章第三段第一句话... we are a company that keeps its word to its customers... 得知。

37. MDC Company believes that its customers are satisfied because the company \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) gives them opportunities to order  
 B) provides good service and quality  
 C) guarantees the quickest delivery  
 D) sends new catalogues to them
38. The customers will be informed if \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) the product can't be delivered on time  
 B) the product is out-of-date and unsatisfactory  
 C) the company doesn't accept the returned product  
 D) the company can't send a new catalogue on time
39. The purpose of this letter is to \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A) tell the customers about the quality of their products  
 B) express the company's thanks to the customers  
 C) prove the excellent service of the company  
 D) inform the customers of a new catalogue
40. What can we learn about the company?  
 A) It has the largest number of customers.  
 B) It is grateful for its employees' efforts.  
 C) It is successful in the market place.  
 D) It charges the least for its services.

## Task 2

**Directions:** This task is the same as Task 1. The 5 questions or unfinished statements are numbered 41 to 45.

Unlike Britain, the US does not have a national health care service. The government does help pay for some medical care for people who are on low incomes and for old people, but most people buy insurance (保险) to help pay for medical care. The problems of those who cannot afford insurance are an important political subject.

In Britain, when people are ill, they usually go to a family doctor first. However, people in America sometimes go straight to an expert without seeing their family doctor first. Children are usually taken to a doctor who is an expert in the treatment (治疗) of children. In Britain, if a patient needs to see a specialist doctor, their family doctor will

### 37. 【考点】B 【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第四段第一句中的 "... because you confirm our beliefs that good service and quality result in satisfied customers. 可知良好的服务和质量会让客户满意。

### 38. 【考点】A 【考点】细节题

【解析】问题问的是“如果发生...客户会被通知”。根据文章第三段最后一句话中的 "... and that always lets our customers know if there is to be a delay in delivery. 可知当发生送货延迟时公司会通知客户。只有 A) 选项中提到没有按时送货, 因此 A) 选项正确。

### 39. 【考点】D 【考点】主旨题

【解析】本题问的是写这封信的目的是什么。纵观全文可知 MDC 公司提到了自己的成就并表达了对客户的谢意, 根本目的是向客户推荐新产品, 希望与客户建立更深的业务关系。

### 40. 【考点】C 【考点】推断题

【解析】文章并未提及客户的数量、公司对员工的感激和收取的费用, 但提及了公司在市场上的成就, 因此 C) 选项正确。

【提示】读完下面这篇文章后请为第 41 至 45 题选出最佳答案。

### 【参考译文】

不同于英国, 美国没有全民健康保障服务。政府确实给低收入者和老人支付一些医疗费用, 但大多数人买保险来帮助支付医疗费用。那些无力支付保险的人的问题成为一项重要的政治议题。

在英国, 人们生病时通常先去家庭医生。然而, 在美国人们有时直接去找专家而不先去家庭医生。孩子们通常被带去看在儿童治疗方面专业的医生。在英国, 如果病人需要去看专业医生, 他们

usually recommend a specialist.

Doctors do not go to people's homes when they are ill. People always make appointments to see the doctor in the doctor's office. In a serious situation, people call for an ambulance(救护车). In America, hospitals must treat all seriously ill patients, even if they do not have medical insurance. The government will then help pay for some of the cost of the medical care.

41. Some medical care is paid by the US government for \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) people living in the country
- B) non-government officials
- C) people with insurance
- D) the poor and the old

42. Most people in the United States buy insurance \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) to pay for their own medical care
- B) to help to live on their low incomes
- C) to improve the national health care service
- D) to solve one of the important political problems

43. What do British people usually do when they are ill?

- A) They go to see their family doctor first.
- B) They go to see a specialist doctor first.
- C) They call for a specialist doctor.
- D) They call for a family doctor.

44. In America, seriously ill patients will \_\_\_\_\_.

- A) be treated if they have an insurance
- B) make an appointment with a specialist only
- C) receive treatment even without insurance
- D) normally go to see an expert for treatment

45. Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?

- A) Types of Doctors in the United States.
- B) Health Care in the United States and Britain.
- C) Treatment of Sick Children in the United States.
- D) Medical Insurance in the United States and Britain.

的家庭医生通常会推荐一名专业医生。

医生在人们患病时不会去他们家里。人们总要与医生预约去医生那儿看病。病情严重时,人们会打电话叫救护车。在美国,医院必须救治所有的重症病人,即使他们没有医疗保险。然后政府会帮助支付一些医疗费用。

41. 【考点】D 【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第一段第二句话 The government does help pay for some medical care for people who are on low incomes and for old people... 可知,只有D)选项“穷人和老人”符合题意。

42. 【考点】A 【考点】细节题

【解析】根据第一段第二句话中...but most people buy insurance to help pay for medical care. 可知,人们买保险是用来支付自己的医疗费用的。

43. 【考点】A 【考点】细节题

【解析】本题问题是:“英国人在生病时通常会怎么做?”根据文章第二段第一句话 In Britain, when people are ill, they usually go to a family doctor first. 可知人们通常先去看家庭医生,因此A)选项正确。

44. 【考点】C 【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第三段第四句话 In America, hospitals must treat all seriously ill patients, even if they do not have medical insurance. 可知即使重症病人,没有医疗保险也会得到救治。因此C)选项正确。

45. 【考点】B 【考点】主旨题

【解析】本题问题是:“文章最好的题目是哪个?”根据文章总体可知,全文主要谈到在英国和美国生病时人们应该如何做及健康保险的状况,D)选项为“英美两国的医疗保险”,只是文章谈到的部分内容,只有B)选项对此进行了概括,因此B)选项正确。

## Task 3

**Directions:** The following is an advertisement. After reading it, you are required to complete the outline below it (No. 46 to No. 50). You should write your answers briefly (in no more than 3 words) on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

## Thanks for using Metro (地铁)

Clean. Modern. Safe. And easy to use. No wonder Metro is considered the nation's finest transit (公交) system. This guide tells how to use Metro, and the color-coded map on the inside will help you use Metro to get all around the Nation's Capital.

## Metro-rail fares

Each passenger needs a fare-card. (Up to two children under 5 may travel free with a paying customer.)

Fares are based on when and how far you ride. Pay regular fares on weekdays 5:30—9:30 a.m. and 3:00—7:00 p.m. Pay reduced fares at all other times.

Large maps in each station show fares and travel times. Please ask the station manager if you have any questions.

Fare-card machines are in every station. Bring small banknotes because there are no change machines in the stations and fare-card machines only provide up to \$ 5 in change (in coins). Some machines accept credit cards (信用卡).

## A Transit System Metro

Features of the system: 1) 46,

2) modern,

3) safe, and

4) 47

Fares for weekends: 48 fares

Place showing fares and travel times: large maps in 49

Change provided by fare-card machines: up to \$ 50

【提示】以下是一则广告,读完后在每一空格内填入不超过3个单词使其完整。

## 【参考译文】

## 感谢使用地铁

清洁、现代、安全、便于使用。毫无疑问地铁被视为国内最优的公交系统。本指南讲述如何使用地铁,内附的彩标地图将有助于您乘坐地铁到达国家首都的任何地方。

## 地铁乘车费

每位乘客须有车票卡(一名付费乘客可至多免费带2名5岁以下儿童)。

车费基于乘车时间和距离。每周一至周五上午5:30—9:30和下午3:00—7:00为普通票价。其他时间均为优惠票价。

每一站台的大型地图显示了票价和运行时间。如您有任何疑问,请咨询站长。

每个站点均有车票卡购买机。请携带小额纸币,因为站内不设零钱机,且车票卡购买机仅提供至多5美元零钱(硬币)。一些购买机接受信用卡。

46. 【答案】clean 【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第一段第一行中的四点 Clean. Modern. Safe. And Easy to use. 得知这一系统的特点之一是 Clean。

47. 【答案】easy to use

【考点】细节题

【解析】见第46题解题思路。

48. 【答案】reduced

【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第二段第二点,可得出除周一至周五规定的时段外,车票均优待。

49. 【答案】each station

【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第二段第三点中 Large maps in each station show fares and travel times. 可得出答案。

50. 【答案】5 in change (in coins)

【考点】细节题

【解析】根据文章第二段最后一点中 ...and fare-card machines only provide up to \$ 5 in change (in coins). 可得出答案。



## Task 4

**Directions:** The following is a list of signs for public attention. After reading it, you are required to find the items equivalent to (与……等同) those given in Chinese in the table below. Then you should put the corresponding letters in the brackets on the Answer Sheet, numbered 51 through 55.

- A—Buses Only
- B—No Parking
- C—No Standing
- D—Police Cars Only
- E—No U-Turn
- F—No Admittance
- G—No Entry By This Door
- H—One Way Street
- I—One Lane Bridge
- J—Admission By Ticket Only
- K—Admission Free
- L—Keep Away
- M—House To Let
- N—Keep Order
- O—Wet Paint
- P—Line Up For Tickets
- Q—No Posting of Signs
- R—Seat By Number
- S—Wheelchairs Only

Examples (Q) 请勿张贴

(C) 禁止停车候客

- |               |          |
|---------------|----------|
| 51. ( ) 禁止停车  | ( ) 禁止掉头 |
| 52. ( ) 此门不通  | ( ) 不得入内 |
| 53. ( ) 房屋出租  | ( ) 单行道  |
| 54. ( ) 排队购票  | ( ) 凭票入场 |
| 55. ( ) 公交专用道 | ( ) 对号入座 |

## Task 5

**Directions:** There are two business letters here. After reading them, you are required to complete the answers that follow the questions (No. 56 to No. 60). You should write your answers (in on more than 3 words) on the Answer Sheet correspondingly.

**[提示]** 根据所给的公共标志表的提示, 为第51至55题中填入相应的字母。

- A—公交专用道
- B—禁止停车
- C—禁止停车候客
- D—警车专用道
- E—禁止掉头
- F—不得入内
- G—此门不通
- H—单行道
- I—单行桥
- J—凭票入场
- K—自由进入
- L—请勿靠近
- M—房屋出租
- N—保持秩序
- O—油漆未干
- P—排队购票
- Q—请勿张贴
- R—对号入座
- S—轮椅专用道

- 51. [答案] B, E
- 52. [答案] G, F
- 53. [答案] M, H
- 54. [答案] P, J
- 55. [答案] A, R

**[提示]** 下面是两封商业信函, 读后完成第56至60题。答案不超过3个词。