

江西省教育厅教学教材研究室 编(酉己人孝女片反)

英语作业本

YINGYU ZUOYEBEN 八年级・上学期

班级:

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(练习册)







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编写说明

国家基础教育课程改革在我省启动已经多年,新的教育理念和新的学习方法正在被广大教师和学生所接受。为了更好地帮助教师指导学生学习,满足不同层次学校、不同水平学生的需要,我们在广泛征求专家、教师、学生和家长意见的基础上集中了全省部分优秀教师编写了这套供中小学生使用的作业本。

编写中,我们坚持按照教育部颁布的《英语课程标准(实验稿)》的要求,紧密结合我省中小学教学的实际,力求做到紧扣教材,精选题目,循序渐进,突出重点,与教学同步。在重视"知识与技能"的巩固与训练的同时,注重在"过程"的体验与"方法"的获得中,培养学生的动手实践和探究创新能力,以及"情感态度与价值观",促进全体学生都得到应有的发展,努力使其成为一本融知识、趣味、开放和创新为一体的、符合实际需要的作业本。

由于时间和编者水平的限制,本作业本中一定还存在不少不尽人意的地方,敬请广大教师批评指正。

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江西省教育厅教学教材研究室 2006 年 7 月

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Unit 1 How often do you exercise?

- , L	isten to	ten dialogues and choose	the right answers(听十段对	话,选择正确答案)。
()1.	Who does Lucy go to s	chool with every day?	
		A. Lily.	B. Herself.	C. Her friend.
()2.	How long does Lucy sl	eep?	
		A. For eight hours.	B. For seven hours.	C. For six hours.
()3.	What does the man usu	ally do on Sundays?	
		A. Watch TV.	B. Play basketall.	C. Surf the Internet.
()4.	Who wants Mary to dr	ink milk every day?	
		A. Mary.	B. Tom.	C. Mary's sister.
()5.	How soon will Tom be	here?	
		A. In two hours.	B. At one.	C. In an hour.
()6.	Where are they now?		
		A. In a library.	B. In the office.	C. In the classroom.
()7.	How often does the wo	man go to the movies?	
		A. Once a week.	B. Twice a week.	C. Three times a week.
()8.	Where does the man re	ad English every morning?	
		A. In the garden.	B. In the classroom.	C. Behind his house.
()9.	What is the woman's re	oom number?	
		A. It's 1050.	B. It's 1505.	C. It's 1550.
()10	. At what time is the sh	nop usually closed?	
		A. At 20: 30.	B. At 20:00.	C. At 19:00.
,Cl	noose th	e proper word or phrase	for each blank(选择适当的记	司或短语填空).
		Internet starts w	ith, looking after, once a we	ek . hahit .
			rences, although, grades, twice	
		Trow orten, differ		
1.	—I lov	ve sports, and I do exerc	ise every day.	
		do yo	ou exercise?	
	—Twi	ce a week.		
2.	He is	pretty healthy. He eats	a lot of vegetables, fruit ev	very day and drinks milk
			ting	
3.	Many	young people like playin	g online. They love surfing	the
4.	On We	ednesday and Friday, we	have a PE lesson. So we hav	e PE lessons
			So Mother makes me	
6.	Ann's	Chinese is not very good	d,she	e works hard on it.
			nere are still some	





between them. an English story. 8. Every day our English lesson 9. The class want to make good this term, so they are working harder than before. 10. The little baby's parents are out. Look! Tom is it. He is a good boy. 三、Multiple choice(选择填空).)1. Watching TV too much is not good your eyes. B. to C. for D. with)2. His father goes fishing on Sundays. (C. sometime A. some time B. some times D. sometimes)3. — do you go to the movies? -Once a month. A. When B. How long C. How often D. How much ()4. — were you away from school last year? -Less than a month. A. When B. What time C. How long D. How often)5. he is young, he knows a lot. A. Although, but B. Although, C. Because, so D. Because,/ 四、Cloze test(完形填空). The sun, the moon 1 the stars are in the sky. We see the sun 2 the daytime and the moon and the stars at night. We see well during the day because it is bright. We do not see so 3 at night because it is 4. Daylight comes from the sun. The sun gives a strong light, but 5 gives only a faint(暗淡)light. If we draw the curtain(窗帘),it keeps dark in the 6 ,when it is dark we must turn 7 the light if we want to see. The sun 8 in the east and goes down in the 9 . Day begins in the morning and ends in the evening. 10 begins in the evening and ends in the morning.)1. A. or B. so C. and D. but C. from)2. A. in B. at D. with)3. A. badly B. poorly D. well C. good)4. A. black B. weak C. too bright D. dark)5. A. the earth B. the moon C. the sun D. the star)6. A. room B. open C. sky D. field)7. A. off B. over C. on D. in)8. A. grows B. rises(升起) C. raises(举起) D. gets up)9. A. west B. east C. south D. north)10. A. Afternoon B. Night C. Evening D. Time



D. grow

D. 11 hours.

D. Exercise.

全对话).		
good shape. Do y	ou work out at a gy	m?
I'm strong.		
	?	
ery day after wo	rk. I play tennis very	often.
	,	too.
ay?		
ou play?		
•		
		•
won't play too l	nard.	
]读理解).		
	A	
are ready to wor ho are tired usu- lenty of (充足的 of sleep every r ough fresh(新鲜 cover our head, night, we can ha who want to be s most while we	k and play again. Out ally need sleep. We can be prest. Boys and girl aight. Our body need 的) air, we will feel Our lung(肺) needs to we plenty of fresh air strong must get plen are	r body grows most while an get better at our les- s who are eight or nine s plenty of air when we tired when we wake up. to get enough fresh air. If r. Cool air is better than
	good shape. Do y I'm strong. ery day after wo ay? you play? won't play too lay are ready to wor ho are tired usualenty of (充足的 of sleep every rough fresh(新鲜 toover our head. night, we can hawho want to be so most while we	good shape. Do you work out at a gy I'm strong. ? ery day after work. I play tennis very ay? you play? s. won't play too hard.]读理解).

В

C. happy

C. 10 hours.

C. Warm air.

B. Not enough fresh air D. Too much sleep.

B. hungry

B. 9 hours.

B. Covering.

)4. How many hours of sleep should 9-year-old children have?

)3. What may cause us to feel tired in the morning?

A. tired

A. 8 hours.

A. Fresh air.

(

(

A. Too much air.

C. Too much cold air.

)5. What does the lung need most?

Swimming is very popular in summer. People like swimming in summer because water makes people feel cool. If you like swimming and swim in a wrong place, it may not be safe. These years, more than ten people died while they were enjoying them-





selves in the water, and most of them were students. But some people are still not careful in swimming. They often think they swim so well that nothing can happen to them in water. Summer is here again. If you go swimming in summer, don't forget that better swimmers have died in water. They died because they were not careful, not because they could not swim. So don't get into water when you are alone. If there is a "No Swimming" sign, don't get into water either. If you remember these, swimming will be safer.

Sai	er.		
()6.	Swimming is popular in summer bed	cause
		A. water makes people feel cool	B. the water isn't cold
		C. few people like swimming	D. all the students like swimming
()7.	while they were playing in w	rater these years.
		A. Most of the students died	
		C. More than ten people died	D. More than ten students died
()8.	Why did some good swimmers die is	n water?
		A. Because they were too young.	
		B. Because they were not careful.	
		C. Because they didn't swim well en	ough.
		D. Because they were very interested	_
()9.	Some people are still not careful in	_
		A. they are not sure where there is	
		B. they think they are good swimme	-
		C. the water is not deep	
		D. there is not a "No Swimming" sign	1
()10). In this passage the writer wants us	
Ì	,	A. Swimming is always dangerous	
		C. Swimming will be safer	D. Be careful in swimming
Wr	iting(:	书面表达).	Di De carerar in ownning
3 (rite something about your eating hab	nits
		you think it is good or bad? Why?	
		ive us your ideas about healthy eating	hahits and healthy life style
	0. 0.	ive us your racus about nearthy caring	s habits and hearthy me style.





Unit 2 What's the matter?

-	Liste	n an	d choose the righ	t answers(听句	子,选择恰当的答语).	
	()1.	A. It doesn't ma	tter this time.	B. It's very kind of	ou. C. Nice to mee	et you!
	()2.	A. Thank you.		B. Yes, please.	C. That's a go	od idea.
	()3.	A. Hold on for	a moment, plea	ise. B. T	ne same to you.	
			C. Hello! What	's the matter?			
	()4.	A. It's June 20.		B. It's 6 30.	C. It's Wedne	sday.
	()5.	A. I'm sorry.		B. Hello.	C. See you tom	orrow.
=	,Fill i	n th	e blanks with the	proper forms of	f the given verbs(用	听给动词的适当形式	(填空).
	1		(eat)Dangshe	n and Huangqi	herbs is also good	for this.	
	2. It	is in	nportant	_ (improve) y	our spoken English		
	3. I h	ave	a toothache. I ne	eed(s	ee) a dentist.		
	4. I h	ope	you're	(enjoy) your 1	trip very much.		
	5. My	gra	andpa had a sore	back. It	(start) two wee	ks ago.	
Ξ.	Multi	ple	choice(选择填空).			
	()1.	He is stressed _	He sho	uld have a rest.		
			A. in	B. on	C. out	D. up	
	()2.	Reading in bed	isn'tour	r eyes.		
			A. good at	B. weak in	C. bad for	D. good for	
	()3.	Susan doesn't fe	eeltoday	7.		
			A. good	B. nice	C. well	D. nicely	
	()4.	The old man loo	oksbeca	use heexerc	se every day.	
					s C. healthy, does	D. healthy, takes	
	()5.	Eat a balanced of	dietheal	thy.		
					C. to stay		
	()6.	The boy always	eats too	_eggs and too	meat.	
				B. many, much	C. much, much	D. much, many	
四、			(完形填空).				
					hey <u>1</u> him David		
	But ti				He does everything		
	-	-			what <u>4</u> wrong. S	-	
				-	refully and finds the	boy can't <u>7</u> an	ything.
			or says he can do	_	-	1.1	
					son 8 there is		_
					e. The doctor does		F不)on
	, -		_ .		everything. How ha		
	()1.	A. ask	B. say	C. tell	D. call	



X	\$ * * *	
	and the control of th	
7		

()2. A. something	B. anything	C. nothing	D. everything
()3. A. for	B. about	C. of	D. on
()4. A. is	B. are	C. to be	D. does
()5. A. teacher	B. worker	C. policeman	D. doctor
()6. A. sees	B. looks	C. watches	D. reads
()7. A. see	B. feel	C. smell	D. do
()8. A. listen	B. listen to	C. hear	D. hear from
()9. A. in	B. of	C. on	D. from
()10. A. When	B. After	C. Before	D. In

五、Reading comprehension(阅读理解).

Food is very important. Everyone needs to eat well if he or she wants to have a strong body. Our minds also need a kind of food. This kind of food is knowledge.

When we are very young, we start getting knowledge. Young children like watching and listening. Colour pictures especially interest them. When children are older, they enjoy reading. When something interests them, they love asking questions. Our minds, like our body, always need the best food. Using our own heads bring the most knowledge.

If someone is always telling us answers, we never learn well. When we study correctly and get knowledge on our own, we learn more and understand better.

(1.	Why	does	everyone	need	to	eat	well?
---	----	-----	------	----------	------	----	-----	-------

- A. Because it can help people to be healthy.
- B. Because it can help people to study well.
- C. Because it can help people to enjoy learning.
- D. Because it can help people to enjoy running.

(12	What	kind	٥f	food	to	0117	hodies	need

- A. Pictures.
- B. Books.
- C. Rice.
- D. Knowledge.

()3. When do we start getting knowledge?

A. When we are old.

- B. When we are young.
- C. When we are students.
- D. When we are teachers.

()4. Why do children like watching and listening?

- A. Because they want to eat nice food.
- B. Because they are too young.
- C. Because they have many colour pictures.
- D. Because they need knowledge.

()5. You won't learn well, if you

Tou won't learn wen'n you ____

A. study on your own B. study correctly

C. ask questions

D. are always told the answers

六、Writing(书面表达).

根据下列提示,编写一段医生与病人之间的对话(不少于10句)。



 		 F-,	
 	<u></u>	 	













Unit 3 What are you doing for vacation?

- Liste	en to	ten dialogues and choose the	e right answers(听十段对话	,选择正确答案).
()1.	Where are they going tom	orrow?	
		A. Nanxi River.	B. Jiangxin Island.	C. Xiuhu Park.
()2.	What does the man want	to buy?	
		A. A pair of green trouser	s. B.	A pair of green socks.
		C. A pair of green shoes.		
()3.	How are they going to the	e park?	
		A. By bus.	B. By car.	C. By bike.
()4.	What does the man want	to do?	
		A. He wants to find a poli	ceman.	
		B. He wants to know how	to get to the station.	
		C. He wants to know how	to get to the zoo.	
()5.	Who likes cold water?		
		A. One of them.	B. Both of them.	C. Neither of them.
()6.	What's the girl's family na	ame?	
		A. Alice.	B. Brown.	C. Green.
()7.	What does the man think	of the programme?	
		A. He was interested in it.	B. The	programme is not good.
		C. We don't know.		
()8.	Who is the fatter?		
		A. Tom.	B. Bruce.	C. Tom's brother.
()9.	What time will the meetin	g begin?	
		A. At 6: 15.	B. At 6:30.	C. At 6: 45.
()10	. What was the girl's fathe	er doing at this time yestero	lay evening?
			B. Doing the housework.	_
	n the	e blanks with the correct for	rms of the given phrases(用	所给词组的正确形式填
空).				
		take a long vacatio	n, spend much time, get tog	gether
		i i	ng, decide on, think about	
1 337	1 .	1	lo Ti i i	
			end? The scene is so beaut	iful.
		flying a kite yester		
		this problem for a		hirt
		nuch too busy. He needs	we the pink sl	IIII t.
			to celebrate the	harvast
0. 111	7 11116	Tica and Canada, families	to celebrate the	nai vest.



三,Ch	oose tl	he correct answers(选择与划线部分意思	相同或相近的词或词	组).
()1.	—Hi, Sam. Are yo	ou free this Saturda	y?	
		-Why?			
		-We are going ca	amping. Would you	like to come with us?	
		-What a pity! I	My parents will be	out then. I must lo	ok after my little
		brother.			
		A. look at	B. look for	C. look over	D. babysit
()2.	—I like going on	a bike. What about	you?	
		—I like driving a	car.		
		A. go bike riding	B. ride a bike	C. going bike riding	D. go by bike
()3.	-Mike, I'd like to	go for a walk after	r supper. What are yo	u doing?
		-Nothing much.	May I go with you?	•	
		—Great.			
		A. walking	B. take walks	C. having a walk	D. have a rest
()4.	Maths is hard for	me. It takes me 2 h	ours to work on it ev	ery night. I <u>always</u>
		find the way to st	udy maths well and	easily. But I failed.	
		A. think about	B. look at	C. search	D. think
()5.	Nanchang is more	and more beautiful	. There are many visi	tors coming here.
		A. sellers	B. buyers	C. porters	D. tourists
()6.	The summer holic	lay is coming. What	are you doing for it?	
		A. weekend	B. day	C. vacation	D. festival
四、Mu	ıltiple	choice(选择填空).			
()1.	He finished	_a letter to his pare	ents yesterday.	
		A. write	B. writing	C. to write	D. writes
()2.	—do you li	ke the book?		
		—Very much.			
		A. What	B. Which	C. How	D. Whose
(•)3.	There is going to	a holiday nex		
		A. has	B. have	C. is	D. be
()4.	Jim with his parer	ntsgoing sigl		
		A. am	B. is	C. are	D. be
()5.	I don't like winter	, because it's	-	
		A. too much		C. too many	D. many too
()6.		Hainanvaca		
		A. in	B. for	C. with	D. from
			给的选项中选出五个 ·		
			Jim are talking abou	ut what they are going	g to do tomorrow.
		Tao J=Jim)		1	
L	.Hi,Ji	m! <u>1</u> Wh	at are you going to	do?	

J:I've no idea. 2	
L: I'm going to work on my uncle's farm. Wou	ld you like to come with me?
J:I'd love to very much. 3	,
L: About 15 kilometres. We can go there by bu	· · ·
J: When are we going to leave?	
L:4 It will take us about half an hour	r to get there.
J:5 Then we can work there longer.	
L:OK. Let's make it six thirty then.	
J:Great! Where shall we meet?	
L:Let's meet at the bus stop.	
J: All right. See you then.	
L:See you tomorrow.	
A. Where is the farm?	B. How far is it?
C. It's Sunday tomorrow.	D. What do you think?
E. Why not make it a little earlier?	F. Nice to meet you.
G. What about seven thirty?	
六、Choose the right responses from Column B for the	e sentences in Column A(从 B 栏中选择
与 A 栏中的句子相对应的答语).	, <u> </u>
A	В
1. Would you like to come to supper?	A. Let's meet outside the park gate.
2. Shall we go at a quarter past four?	B. I'd love to.
3. Shall we get some food?	C. It's about 12 kilometres away.
4. May I come after I finish my homework?	D. It's not far.
5. Can I go to play football with you?	E. No, let's go at a quarter to four.
6. Where shall we meet?	F. No, let's have a drink.
7. How far is it from here to Tianjin?	G. Sure! You are welcome!
8. Where is your school?	H. Sure! Work must come first!
七、Cloze test(完形填空).	
My friend David is going on vacation 1	his parents. They are going to Hainan
Island(岛). But they know <u>2</u> about Hainar	n. Last week they surfed the Internet
information(信息)about it. Next Friday th	ey are going to Haikou, the capital of
Hainan. David is very <u>4</u> now. He can't wait fo	or it.
Haikou is a beautiful city with an interesting	g flower market. It <u>5</u> like a big gar-
den. Sanya is famous for "Tianyahaijiao". The we	eather is not too hot <u>6</u> too cold all
the year round. You can go diving, fishing, and b	poating there. If is in your plan,
there are long white beaches to walk along. Ther	e are also many things to <u>8</u> . Wan-
quan River, Hot Spring and Hairui Tomb 9_a	ll places of interest(名胜).
They are staying there <u>10</u> a week. They	will have a good time.
()1. A. for B. to C. o	f D. with
	b
	The same of the sa

()2. A. all	B. much	C. little	D. few
()3. A. for	B. about	C. with	D. of
()4. A. excite	B. excited	C. exciting	D. to excite
()5. A. look	B. looks	C. to look	D. looking
()6. A. and	B. but	C. or	D. not
()7. A. relax	B. relaxed	C. relaxing	D. to relax
()8. A. look	B. see	C. read	D. find
()9. A. am	B. is	C. are	D. be
()10. A. for	B. in	C. after	D. before

八、Reading comprehension(阅读理解).

A

Keeping a diary is the best way of learning to write. So write a diary in English. Write a few lines every day, and you will be quite a good writer of English at the end of the year.

When we keep a diary, it is very important to continue to write in it every day. Even a line will be enough. At first, it may be troublesome, but once we get used to (习惯于)keeping a diary, it offers no difficulty at all. Instead we will be able to have priceless(珍贵的)record of the days of youth, and in addition the ability to write in English.

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()1. The writer sa	ys that in keepin	ng a diary in English	one	_ write lots of	
	things every o	lay.				
	A. needn't	B. must	C. had better	D. should no	ot	
()2. Is keeping a d)2. Is keeping a diary in English the only way to make one's English better?				
	A. Clearly.	B. Yes.	C. Certainly.	D. Not said.		
()3. The word "lir	nes" here concern	ns "".			
	A. ropes	B. belts	C. words	D. language	S	
()4. When one has	formed a	,one will find no	difficulty in k	eeping a diary	
	in English.					
	A. hobby	B. habit	C. record	D. price		
()5. The writer ve	ry probably talk	s to			
	A. very old people		B. American st	B. American students		
	C. persons wh	o want to write	good English			
	D. the young	D. the young people who want to write good English				

В

I go to the barber every three weeks. I don't like very short hair, so my barber doesn't cut off much. I have known him for almost four years now, and when I go to him, we always talk a lot. He tells me all his news, and I tell him all mine. He meets a lot of interesting people in his shop and he talks to most of them, so he always has a lot





of news for me.

Every year my barber goes to France for two weeks for his holidays, and when he comes back to England, he has a lot of interesting news. While he is cutting my hair, he tells me about beautiful old cities and quiet little villages, strange food and drinks and many other things. I sit there and listen to the old man with open ears. One minute, my barber's chair is a seat in a French train, and the next minute it becomes a chair in a restaurant in Paris.

Although my barber is old, he always tries new things. He never says, "I have never eaten this food before, so I am not going to eat it now." He says instead, "Try everything once."

ever	ything once."			
()6. How often does the	author go to	the barber?	
	A. Once a week.		B. Twice a year.	
	C. Every three week	s.	D. Every two weeks.	
()7. How long has the au	uthor known t	he barber?	
	A. Five years.		B. Almost four years.	
	C. Almost six years.		D. Ten years.	
()8. Where does the bark	per go for his	holidays every year?	
	A. England.	3. America.	C. Germany.	D. France.
()9. How long does the l	barber go for l	his holidays every year?	
	A. A month.		B. Two weeks.	
	C. Two days.		D. Three weeks.	
()10. Why does the barb	er never say "	I have never eaten this fo	ood before, so I an
	not going to eat it	now"?		
	A. Because he is to	o old to eat it.	B. Because he likes to e	eat.
	C. Because he want	s to eat.	D. Because he always to	ries new things.
九、Writ	ting(书面表达).			
	为自己设计一次去海南的	假期旅行,谈谈	依的打算,你准备何时去	、如何去、与谁去
呆多	5久等。			
		<u>. </u>		



Unit 4 How do you get to school?

一、Listen to the passage and fill in the blanks(听短文,完成卜面的句子,每空一词).
1. Mr Hill knows he didbefore.
2. Mrs Hill had to look after her mother in thethat night.
3. Mrs Hill thinks her husband is and hopes he has a good rest.
4. Mr Hill thought housework wasand never did it.
5. Mr Hill is ateacher.
二、Fill in the blanks with how long, how often, how far or how (用 how long, how often, how
far 或 how 填空).
1. — is it from here to the station?
—About 2 kilometres.
2.— do you usually go to work?
—I ride my bike. Sometimes I walk.
3. — does it take to get to school?
—About ten minutes.
4. — do you exercise?
—Three times a week.
三、Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of do or take(用 do 或 take 的适当形式填空).
1. —What are you now?
—I'm the subway.
2. He often the train to school.
3. They their work very well.
4. How long it to get to school?
5. — you the bus every day?
Yes,I
四、Multiple choice(选择填空).
()1.—In places where there are rivers and lakes, students usually go to school by
boat.
—That be a lot more fun than taking a bus!
A. can B. may C. must D. maybe
()2. I have milk and bread for breakfast at .
A. ten minutes past four B. twenty minutes past seven
C. half past eleven D. eleven o'clock
()3. At the train station, a beautiful woman gets off the train from Wuhan and
another train before it leaves. The train is going to Guangzhou.
A. climbs B. does C. takes D. gets
()4. Lin Fei has a quick breakfast. Then he school at around half past six.