

马 扎 斯

小提琴练习曲75首

人 民 音 乐 出 版 社

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作品 36

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一九七七年·北京

本书根据德意志民主共和国莱比锡彼得版影印

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人民音乐出版社出版
(北京朝内大街166号)

新华书店北京发行所发行
北京胶印二厂印刷

924×1260毫米 16开本 136面乐谱 9印张
1977年10月北京第1版 1977年10月北京第1次印刷
书号: 8026·3322 定价: 2.80元

引 言

法国小提琴家兼小提琴音乐作曲家马扎斯 (F. mazas 1782——1849) 曾为小提琴写下许多作品, 其中, 这里所印行的作品第 36 号 “75 课旋律练习曲和深造练习曲”, 无疑地占有非常重要的地位。

作品第 36 号里的前 57 课练习曲一向是以《特殊练习曲》和《华丽练习曲》的标题闻名于世的。它们和古典的克莱策尔 (R. Kreutzer) 及罗德 (P. Rode) 练习曲共同作为最理想的小提琴学习材料。在这些练习曲里, 小提琴技术上的基本训练是和明显的音乐美与旋律感结合起来处理的。也应该着重地指出, 这里除了照顾到左手的发展之外, 也特别重视运弓的技术和模拟歌唱风格的演奏法。可以看到, 学习这些练习曲对于有关发音和技术上的各种问题都会得到无限益处, 活泼生动的弓法应该和轻松美妙的演奏^① 齐步前进的。

这新的版本是以一种先进的观点来修订的, 这里考虑到小提琴上一切技巧必须完全服从乐曲的要求。因此, 我们舍弃了一般公认的所谓“方便的”指法,^② 对所有的把位都给与同等的重视 (这里我们也时常应用半把位、第二把位和第四把位, 以及这些把位间的相互关联), 因为这样做对下述一原则的实践一定会大有帮助, 就是说: 只能从最好的演奏效果来决定技术的应用。

瓦尔特·达维松 (Walther Davisson)

① 指对乐曲的解释 —— 译者注

② 即喜欢常用第三、第五等把位的指法 —— 译者注

符 号 说 明

 下弓	 上弓
Sp. 用弓尖	M. 用弓中部
Fr. 用弓根	G.B. 用全弓
Bu. 用下三分之一弓或下半弓	Bo. 用上三分之一弓或上半弓
--- 饱满广阔的分弓 (détaché)	 重断弓或跳弓
I 在E弦上奏	II 在A弦上奏
III 在D弦上奏	IV 在G弦上奏
restez: 停在本把位上	—— 手指保留在弦上
 手指伸展到次一个把位	

有的地方, 音符上面和下面各有一指法标号, 这意味着两种不同的指法, 不要把它们混在一起。

特殊练习曲

随时改变弓与琴弦的接触点。发音应该优美如歌并且充分地表现出音量的渐变（渐强和渐弱）。

马扎斯 作品 36, 第一集
(1782—1849) 达维松编注

The image displays a musical score for a piece, likely for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The tempo is marked 'Largo' and 'Sostenuto'. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The tempo 'Largo' is indicated above the first staff, and 'Sostenuto' is indicated above the second staff. The score is divided into measures, with measure numbers 1, 8, 17, 25, 34, 43, 50, 57, and 67 marked at the beginning of their respective staves. The music features a variety of note values, including eighth, quarter, and half notes, as well as rests. Dynamic markings such as *p* (piano), *cresc.* (crescendo), *f* (forte), *ff* (fortissimo), *p(subito)* (piano subito), and *fz* (forzando) are used throughout. The score also includes articulation marks like accents and slurs. The notation is in a standard musical format, with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp. The overall style is that of a classical musical score.

★ 用三指在其八度音上作颤指动作

★ ★ 用第二指在G弦上的D音处做颤指动作。

弓法进一步的发展

Moderato
全弓

8

14

19

25

32

38

44

50

56

61

mf *fz* *segue*

fz *f* *martelé*

半弓

要拉得饱满广阔

全弓

Sp. *Fr.* *fz* *f*

Sp. martelé

sostenuto *f* *Fr.* *fz* *martelé fz*

più dolce *f*

弓法要清脆坚定

用有力的重断弓 (martelé) 弓法, 所用的弓量是由弓中央到弓尖这一段, 弓不要离开琴弦。

Allegro moderato

3

6

11

16

21

25

30

35

42

47

52

60

Bu.

G.B.

Bu.

G.B.

dolce

III

II

dolce

发展分弓和重断弓弓法的练习

Allegro moderato

4 *f* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *segue*

5 *fz* *fz*

9 *f* *fz* *fz* *fz*

13 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

17 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

21 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *II*

25 *fz* *fz* *fz*

29 *mf* *dolce* *Sp.*

34 *p*

39 *pp* *mf* *Bo.*

44 *dim.* Fr. Sp. *fz* *fz* *fz*

49 *fz* *fz* *p cresc.* *fz*

54 Sp. *p* *f* *fz* *fz* *fz*

59 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

63 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz*

67 *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *fz* *p*

71 *restes*

75 *cresc.* *fz*

79 *sempre f* *fz* *fz*

83 *fz* *fz*

87 *restes* *fz*

饱满广阔的分弓

弓不离开琴弦，用弓中部拉奏。

Allegro non troppo

5 *mf* *segue*

8

6

9

12

15 *f* *mf* *f* *mf* *f* *mf*

18 *f* *mf* *f* *mf* *f* *mf*

21 *dim.* *p*

24 *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

27 *mf* *restez*

30

33 *cresc.* *f* *restez*

36

弓不离开琴弦

音量要厚，用上半弓拉奏。

Allegro non troppo

The musical score is written for a violin in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The tempo is marked 'Allegro non troppo'. The piece consists of 44 measures, with measure numbers 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 27, 31, 35, 40, and 44 indicated at the start of their respective staves. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and accidentals. Technical markings are present throughout, including fingerings (e.g., 1, 2, 3, 4, 0), bowings (e.g., > for accents, > for bow direction), and dynamics (e.g., *fz* for fortissimo, *restex* for rest, *decresc.* for decrescendo, and *cresc.* for crescendo). The piece concludes with a final measure marked with a double bar line.

Andante

[illegible]

在模拟歌唱的奏法中弓段的划分

Andante espressivo

Bo.
con grazia

G.B.

4

7

10

18

16

21

25

28

32

35

dolce e cantabile

mf

Fine

rall.

Da capo sin' al Fine

进行曲

Allegro maestoso

9 *frisoluto* *fz*

4

8 *V*

11 *f*

15 *f*

19 *f* *fz*

23 *fz* *dolce*

27 *III* *II*

31 *f*

35 *I*

39 *dim.* *p*

43

47

52

56

59

f

con espr.

cresc.

f

GB

用弓尖雄浑有力地拉奏

Allegro non troppo

10 *f martelé*

5

10

15

20 *fz*

25

Detailed description: This image shows a page of a guitar score, measures 10 through 25. The tempo is 'Allegro non troppo'. The key signature has two sharps (F# and C#). The score is written on a single staff in treble clef. Measure 10 is marked with a forte 'f' and 'martelé' (martellato). Measures 10-14 contain a complex sequence of chords and single notes with various fingerings (0, 1, 2, 3, 4) and accents. Measure 15 features a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 16 has a double bar line and repeat signs. Measure 17 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 18 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 19 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 20 is marked with a fortissimo 'fz' and contains a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 21 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 22 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 23 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 24 has a triplet of eighth notes. Measure 25 has a triplet of eighth notes. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and repeat signs.

用上段弓做越弦动作，不要让弓离开琴弦

Allegro non troppo

11 *Sp. f martelé* *simile*

6 *fz*

12

18

24

30

36 *più f*

42

48 *f* *p* *f* *p* *f* *p*