

与学科专家面对面 与名校名师面对面

主编 武泽涛

面对面

讲练测

英语

高二(上)

颠覆 $1+1+1=3$ 的理念

● 坚持讲练互动 迈向学科第一

适用于全日制普通高级中学教科书

主编 武泽涛

面对面

讲练测

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● 与名校名师面对面

● 与学科专家面对面

万唯教育

倾心打造



高中同步《面对面·讲练测》

本套丛书紧跟教育改革的步伐，秉承“源于教材，高于教材”的宗旨，在紧抓知识点的同时注重对学生能力的培养，遵循将知识点与练习紧密结合，讲练互动的原则。做到融会贯通，举一反三，从而全面提高学生运用知识的能力和实际解决问题的能力。

丛书特色：营造真正的课堂

1. 全书以知识模块进行讲述，切合学生的认知水平。
2. 坚持互动模式、“针对性练习”，有重点的进行巩固提高。
3. “综合创新”和“新题探究”预测高考动向，紧跟高考发展趋势。
4. 技巧“点拨”、“类比发散”让学生以全新的视角掌握所学内容，拓展学生思维，培养学生的创新意识。
5. “本章方法透视”总结本章的经典解题方法，开阔学生的解题思路。

年级	科目	定价(元)
高一	语文	14.2
	数学	17.2
	英语	18.2
	物理	14.2
	化学	13.2
	历史	13.2
	政治	14.2
	地理	15.2
高二	语文	14.2
	数学	15.2
	英语	16.2
	物理	16.2
	化学	14.2
	历史	13.2
	政治	14.2
	地理	15.2
	生物	17.2

讲解 一针见血

练习 学以致用

测评 有的放矢

同样的课程，这里有不同的精彩！

单元要点回顾

以表格的形式直观地概括单元知识点，明确单元目标，指导学习方向，让你整体把握单元要点，提高学习效率。

知识点解读

以课本为基础，逐个对单元中的重点词汇、短语、句型进行讲解，全面总结语法。直击知识要害，深入精髓，使你在全面掌握知识点的同时提高自身学习能力。

针对性练习

与讲解的知识点相对应，将知识溶于问题，即讲即练，加深对知识点的理解，让你学以致用，全面提高知识运用能力和实际解决问题的能力。

讲·练·测

Face to face 面对面 Face to face

Unit 1 Making a difference



单元要点回顾

类别	课程要求掌握的知识点
话题	Science & scientists
重点单词	undertake analysis obvious within curious branch promise (promising) debate scan graduate disable seek scientific observe match (v.)
重点短语	make a difference be on fire for be similar to work on go by be engaged to sb. go on with sth. dream of turn out use up be satisfied with the other way round
重点句型	1. It takes a very unusual mind to undertake analysis of the obvious. 2. (There did not seem) much point in working on my PhD-I did not expect to survive that long. 3. ...and only by discovering what we do best can we hope to reach our goals and truly make a difference. 4. By asking why, how and what if, curious minds find new ideas and solutions.
重点语法	动词不定式 (The infinitive)
交际英语	辩论 (Debating) That's correct. That's true. It's clear that... I doubt whether / if... It's hard to say. Well, maybe, but... There's no doubt that... What's your idea? Have you thought about...?
写作	A description of people



知识点解读

词汇透视

5. match vt.

(1) cause to correspond 使符合

☞ You should match your deeds to your beliefs.

你应该使你的行动与你的信仰保持一致。

(2) go with 与……匹配

☞ The carpets should match the curtains.

地毯应与窗帘相匹配。

(3) be equal to (sb.) 与(某人)相匹敌

☞ No one can match her at chess.

下国际象棋谁也比不上她。

知识延伸

辨析: match, suit, fit

(1) match 一般指两样东西互相匹配或两个人的能力势均力敌。



针对性练习

用 match, suit, fit 的正确形式填空

18. Do you think this style _____ me?

19. These shoes don't _____ me. Have you got a larger size?

20. The colour of the shirt doesn't _____ that of that coat.

21. I'm ready to _____ my strength with yours.

22. This climate doesn't _____ her.

单项选择

23. (2004·全国)—How about eight o'clock outside the cinema? —That _____ me fine.

A. fits B. meets

C. satisfies D. suits

24. The shoes _____ your trousers very much.

A. fit B. match

献出我们的爱心，成就你的学业



万唯文化 倾情奉献

说明

本丛书样张按学科分别设计，通过样张您可了解本书栏目、功能等基本信息，仅供参考，如所购图书与样张有个别区别，以所用图书为准。

Unit 1

短语归纳

1. **make a difference** 产生差别；有影响；起重要作用
 Your help will certainly make a difference to our cause. 你的帮助当然会对我们的事业起作用。

知识延伸

(1) make no / some difference 没有/有一些作用或影响
 The rain made no difference to the show.

短语拓展

make a decision 做出决定 make a discovery 发现
 make a choice 做出选择 make progress 取得进步
 make preparations 准备 make up 化妆

句型创新

6. **Imagination is more important than knowledge.**
 想像力比知识更重要。

(1) 在这个句子中，我们应注意 more...than... 的正确理解，意思是“比……更……”

He works more and better than he used to.

语法精讲

动词不定式

1. 动词不定式作六种成分：

(1) 作主语

To talk with him is a great pleasure.
 和他谈话是一种乐趣。

2. 不定式的时态、语态

	主动	被动
一般式	to do	to be done
进行式	to be doing	to be being done
完成式	to have done	to have been done

3. 不定式的被动式可用作许多成分：

(1) 作宾语

I asked to be relieved of my job. 我请求免除我的职务。

单项选择

46. It won't make ____ difference whether you go today or tomorrow.
 A. many B. no C. little D. much
47. If everyone did something to improve our environment, we could make a big ____.
 A. decision B. discovery C. difference D. promise
48. They are now in great need of help. So your support will certainly make a ____.
 A. deal B. decision

完成句子

84. 他缺乏想像力。
 He's got ____.
85. 新出台的政策似乎恰恰投合公众的喜好。
 The new policies appear to have ____.

单项选择

93. It is possible ____ us to finish the work in such a short period of time.
 A. of B. for C. to D. at
94. There are five pairs ____, but I'm at a loss which to buy.
 A. to be chosen B. to choose from C. to choose D. for choosing
95. The question is difficult ____.
 A. answer B. to answer C. to be answered D. answering
96. He often makes his sister ____, but this time he was made ____.
 A. cry; cry B. to cry; to cry C. cry; to cry D. to cry; cry

单元测评

一、语音知识(共5小题；每小题1分，满分5分)

从A、B、C、D中找出其画线部分与所给单词的画线部分读音相同的选项。

1. silence
 A. satisfy B. sail C. living D. design
2. stomach
 A. lunch B. match C. headache D. branch

二、语法和词汇知识(共15小题；每小题1分，满分15分)

从A、B、C、D四个选项中，选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

6. The students are ____ fire ____ what they are learning in the computer class.
 A. of; for B. on; to C. for; to D. on; for

单元测评

考查综合技能和学
 习成果，评估市单元知
 识掌握程度。紧跟高考
 命题趋势，特别设计了
 语音知识、补全对话、
 单词拼写等题型，营造
 仿真应试氛围，让你与
 高考近距离接触。

参考答案

每道习题都有详细
 的解析，点拨解题思路，
 归纳解题规律，总结应
 试技巧，让你在解题中
 获得尽可能多的知识，
 提升思维潜能。

本书宗旨

源于教材，高于教材；
 开拓视野，发散思维；
 注重双基，培养能力。

征稿启事

为了加强对高中同步类教辅的研究,充分展现优秀教师对高中同步讲练类教辅的精准把握,打造高中同步精品教辅,以维广大读者,我们本着积极、开放的态度,现面向全国教育界(包括课改区和非课改区)征集同步讲练类稿件。相信您的智慧、我们的努力,将会铸就更具价值的品牌教辅。

对于您的积极参与,我们将会以实际行动给予您更多的支持和鼓励。

一、征稿对象

1. 各省、市、地、县的高中一线优秀教师,特别欢迎高级、特级教师踊跃投稿。
2. 各省、市、地、县教研室和考试中心的研究员。

二、征稿内容

高一、高二所有科目。

三、征稿要求

1. 稿件在题量、题型、知识点覆盖等方面要充分考虑学生实际,由浅入深,精心设置梯度,并适度、前瞻地把握高考动态和趋向,渗透高考意识。
2. 所提供的稿件中每道题都应附有相应的解析和参考答案,包括本题考查的知识点、解题思路及答案。
3. 要避免重题现象。
4. 鼓励原创稿件,严禁拼凑。

四、稿件报酬

一经采用,稿酬从优。具体稿酬请致电垂询。



(请沿此虚线剪下)

反馈信息我自写,精彩创意得“表”达

姓名: _____ (老师请填写) 所教科目: _____ (学生请填写) 年级: _____

所购的是高 _____ (科目) _____

学校名称: _____ ☐ 省级重点 ☐ 市级重点 ☐ 县(区)重点 ☐ 普通

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编者寄语

当前的高中同步教辅资料举不胜举，可其中能让人眼睛一亮的同步教辅却少之又少。究其原因，是少有“创新”的缘故。为此，我们在深入研究高中教材和考试改革的基础上，组织长期工作在教学一线的学科带头人和重点中学的特、高级教师，精心策划编写了这套《**面对面·讲练测**》系列丛书。

本丛书秉承了“源于教材，高于教材”的宗旨，不仅巩固基础知识，而且能充分调动学生主观能动性，提高学生自学能力，培养学生创新意识和思维方法。全书栏目设置合理、新颖，是科学性和创新性的有机结合，能更有效地解决学生学习过程中出现的问题。书中讲解直击知识要点，深入精髓，切合学生的认知水平；练习注重知识的迁移与引申，将知识融于问题，让学生学以致用，突出素质的培养；测评考查综合技能，紧跟考试动向，训练“应试”的能力，使学生始终走在最前沿。

在这套系列丛书即将面市之际，我们有信心，也有决心让它来满足学生学习和教师教学的需要，我们会尽最大努力不断完善，使其成为高中同步类教辅图书家庭中的“先锋”。

最后，感谢那些给我们帮助和支持的作者及顾问老师。因为有他们的帮助和支持，我们的系列丛书才能如期面市；同时也要感谢读者你，因为你的信任和选择，我们的系列丛书才会实现“相同的课程，这里有不同的精彩”……

编者



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Unit 1 Making a difference



单元要点回顾

类别	课程要求掌握的知识点
话题	Science & scientists
重点 单词	undertake analysis obvious within curious branch promise(promising) debate scan graduate disable seek scientific observe match(v.)
重点 短语	make a difference be on fire for be similar to work on go by be engaged to sb. go on with sth. dream of turn out use up be satisfied with the other way round
重点 句型	1. It takes a very unusual mind to undertake analysis of the obvious. 2. (There did not seem) much point in working on my PhD - I did not expect to survive that long. 3. ... and only by discovering what we do best can we hope to reach our goals and truly make a difference . 4. By asking why, how and what if , curious minds find new ideas and solutions.
重点 语法	动词不定式(The infinitive)
交际 英语	<p>辩论(Debating)</p> <p>That's correct. That's true.</p> <p>It's clear that... I doubt whether / if...</p> <p>It's hard to say. Well, maybe, but...</p> <p>There's no doubt that... What's your idea?</p> <p>Have you thought about...?</p>
写作	A description of people



知识点解读

词汇透视

1. **curious** *adj.* 好奇的; 有求知欲的

☞ Children are curious about everything around them.

孩子们对周围的一切感到好奇。

知识延伸

curiosity *n.*

(1) 【U】好奇心; 求知欲

☞ Children show curiosity to know about everything.

儿童对一切事物都显露出好奇心。

(2) 【C】罕见而有价值之物; 奇物; 珍品

☞ The museum is full of historical curiosities.

这个博物馆里有许多珍奇历史文物。

短语拓展

be curious about sth. 对……感到好奇

be curious to do sth. 极想做某事

It's curious that... 是奇怪的

2. **promise** *v.*

(1) assure that one will do or not do sth. 许诺; 答应

☞ He promised me a present for my birthday.

他答应送我一件生日礼物。

(2) make (sth.) seem likely 使(某事物)很有可能

☞ The clouds promise rain. 阴云预示有雨。

知识延伸

promise *n.*

(1) 【C】承诺; 诺言; 契约

☞ He gave a promise of helping me. 他答应要帮助我。

(2) 【U】将获得成功的迹象

☞ a young musician of promise

一个有前途的年轻音乐家

短语拓展

make / give / keep / carry out / break a promise

许下诺言/作出允诺/信守诺言/履行诺言/违背诺言

promise (sb.) sth. 答应(某人)某事

promise (sb.) to do 答应(某人)做某事

promise that... 答应……

3. **disable** *v.*

(1) make (sb.) unable to do sth. 使失去能力; 使残废

☞ He was disabled by an accident.

他在一次事故中致残。

(2) **disabled** *adj.* unable to use a limb or limbs 残疾的; 残废的

针对性练习

单项选择

- I am curious _____ what is written in his letter.
A. to know B. knowing
C. to knowing D. know
- If you are _____ about Australian city, just read the book written by Dr. Johnson.
A. interested B. anxious
C. upset D. curious
- _____ is curious that we often hear some voices from that room.
A. That B. It
C. This D. What
- The little boy is curious _____ the origin of mankind.
A. to B. for
C. about D. how

单项选择

- Father _____ me to buy a new bicycle but he didn't, so I was disappointed.
A. had agreed B. had promised
C. had let D. had told
- It _____ to be warm this afternoon.
A. promises B. is promised
C. likely D. is possibly
- Many people speak _____ of him and he is considered as a _____ young scientist.
A. high; promise B. highly; promising
C. high; promised D. highly; promised

完成句子

- 他答应带我去海南, 但是他却食言了。
He _____ to take me to Hainan, but he _____.
- 你认为他是一个有前途的学生吗?
Do you think he is a _____ student?
- 瑞雪兆丰年。
A heavy snow _____ a good harvest.

单项选择

- The story of Helen Keller opened up a bright future for _____.
A. the disable B. the disabling
C. disabled D. the disabled

☞ a disabled man in a wheelchair

坐轮椅的残疾人

the disabled 残疾人(总称)

4. seek (sought, sought) v.

(1) look for; try to find or obtain (sth.) 寻找; 找到或得到 (某事物)

☞ The young graduates are seeking (for) success in life.

年轻的毕业生在探索人生成功之途径。

(2) 征求; 请求

☞ He sought his doctor's advice. 他征求了他的医生的建议。

知识延伸

(1) seek sth. from sb. = ask sb. for sth. 向某人请求; 征求

☞ You must seek permissions from the manager.

你需请求经理批准。

(2) seek sb./sth. out 找出或找到某人/某物; 挑选出

☞ We sought her out to tell her of her success.

我们找到她告诉她成功了。

(3) seek after/for 寻找; 追求; 探索

☞ seek after the truth 追求真理

seek for a solution 寻找解决办法

短语拓展

seek to do sth. 企图干某事 play hide-and-seek 捉迷藏

seek one's fortune (习语) 寻找发财或成功之路

5. match vt.

(1) cause to correspond 使符合

☞ You should match your deeds to your beliefs.

你应该使你的行动与你的信仰保持一致。

(2) go with 与……匹配

☞ The carpets should match the curtains.

地毯应与窗帘相匹配。

(3) be equal to (sb.) 与(某人)相匹敌

☞ No one can match her at chess.

下国际象棋谁也比不上她。

知识延伸

辨析: match, suit, fit

(1) match 一般指两样东西互相匹配或两个人的能力势均力敌。

(2) fit 一般指衣服、鞋帽等合体, 强调大小、尺寸与某人的身材合适。

(3) suit 一般指气候、食物、衣着等适合某人。指衣着时, 强调衣服穿着很好看, 包括款式和花式都合适。

6. undertake (undertook, undertaken) vt.

make oneself responsible for sth. 承担; 负起(某事)的责任

☞ She undertook the organization of the whole scheme.

单句改错

12. His uncle disabled in the civil war, and he lost his left arm.

单项选择

13. It's wise _____ you to _____ your father's advice when you come to any difficulty.

- A. of; ask B. of; seek
C. for; try D. for; attempt

14. When the thief _____ to enter the room, a cough frightened him away.

- A. sought B. risked
C. imagined D. need

15. The shoe was discovered on the Chilkoot Pass, the famous trail used by people _____ gold in Alaska.

- A. looking B. finding
C. searching D. seeking

16. (2005·安徽) He is such a man who is always _____ fault with other people.

- A. putting B. seeking
C. finding D. looking for

17. I think it's time we _____ legal advice.

- A. seek B. have sought
C. sought D. are seeking

用 match, suit, fit 的正确形式填空

18. Do you think this style _____ me?

19. These shoes don't _____ me. Have you got a larger size?

20. The colour of the shirt doesn't _____ that of that coat.

21. I'm ready to _____ my strength with yours.

22. This climate doesn't _____ her.

单项选择

23. (2004·全国) — How about eight o'clock outside the cinema?

— That _____ me fine.

- A. fits B. meets
C. satisfies D. suits

24. The shoes _____ your trousers very much.

- A. fit B. match
C. suit D. correct

25. This hat _____ your jacket perfectly.

- A. suits B. makes
C. matches D. fits

单项选择

26. Who do you think is the right person to _____ the task?

她负责整个计划的组织工作。

知识延伸

undertake to do sth. 同意或答应做某事

sb. undertake that + clause... 保证……

7. observe vt.

see and notice; watch carefully 注意; 仔细观察

☞ The biologist is observing the behavior of birds.

那位生物学家正在观察鸟类的行为。

知识延伸

辨析: look, see, watch, observe

(1) look 强调“看”的动作

(2) see 强调“看”的结果, “看见”

(3) watch 长时间地看; “监视”; “观察”

(4) observe 仔细看, “观察”

短语拓展

look at 看

see sb. do sth. 看见某人做某事

see sb. doing sth. 看见某人正在做某事

observe sb. do 注意到某人干……(全过程)

observe sb. doing 观察某人干……(正在进行)

observe + that-clause 发觉……

8. within prep.

(1) 在……以内(表时间, 距离)

☞ You will have to finish the work within an hour.

你必须在一小时内完成工作。

The station is within walking distance away.

车站离此不远。

(2) 在……范围之内(表范围, 程度)

☞ Medicine should not be left within reach of small children.

药品不可放在幼儿伸手可及的范围内。

It wasn't within my power to help her.

帮助她并非我力所能及之事。

9. branch n. /vi.

(1) n. ①树枝

☞ He climbed up the tree and hid among the branches.

他爬上树藏在树枝后面。

②(河流, 公路, 铁路或山脉的)分支, 支线, 支流

☞ a branch of the Rhine 莱茵河的支流

③(家族的)分支; (知识的)分科

☞ His uncle's branch of the family emigrated to Australia.

他的家族中叔父这一支系已移居到澳大利亚。

④(属于某大公司或机构的)地方办事处或分店

☞ The bank has branches in all parts of the country.

该银行在全国各地设有分行。

(2) vi. ①长出枝; 长出分叉

A. undergo

B. undertake

C. understand

D. underline

27. He _____ to finish the job by Friday.

A. undertook B. promised C. undergo D. A and B

用 look, see, watch, observe 的正确形式填空

28. He _____ around, but _____ nothing.

29. That evening he went to _____ a film instead of _____ TV at home.

30. The student stared at the sky, _____ the stars.

31. She had a feeling that she was being _____.

单项选择

32. _____ him and then try to copy the way he does.

A. Mind

B. Glance at

C. Stare at

D. Watch

33. The young boy devoted lots of time _____ the stars at night, making him a famous astronomer years later.

A. to observe

B. to observing

C. to watch

D. to watching

34. Last night, he saw the glass of the window _____.

A. break

B. broke

C. breaking

D. broken

英译汉

35. Stay within hearing distance of the house.

36. They finally came within sight of the shore.

单项选择

37. He finds it hard to live _____ his income.

A. within

B. in

C. on

D. by

38. There is discontent _____ the farming industry.

A. about

B. of

C. within

D. in

英汉互译

39. The little child is playing with a fallen branch.

40. 我们在大城市都有分店。

41. 这是黄河的支流。

42. He comes from a branch of our family that settled in America.

43. Follow the main road to the end, and then take the road that

☞ Most trees branch thickly in suitable environment.

大多数树木在适宜的环境里茂密地分出枝叉。

②(道路)分岔

☞ The road branches after the level-crossing.

这条路在经过平面交叉道口后岔开了。

知识延伸

(1) branch off (指车辆或大路)转入或转为小路

☞ The car in front of us suddenly branched off to the left.

我们前面的那辆汽车突然转入左边的小路上去了。

(2) branch out (into sth.) 向新的方向扩展自己的活动或兴趣

☞ The company began by specializing in radios but has now decided to branch out into computers.

该公司开始专营无线电器材,现在已决定扩展业务经营计算机了。

短语归纳

1. make a difference

产生差别;有影响;起重要作用

☞ Your help will certainly make a difference to our cause.

你的帮助当然会对我们的事业起作用。

知识延伸

(1) make no / some difference 没有/有一些作用或影响

☞ The rain made no difference to the show.

这场雨没有影响到表演。

(2) It makes... difference + 从句

it 是形式主语,后接 wh-从句。

☞ It makes no difference to me what colour she likes.

她喜欢什么颜色对我无关紧要。

短语拓展

make a decision 做出决定

make a discovery 发现

make a choice 做出选择

make progress 取得进步

make preparations 准备

make up 化妆

2. go by 经过(地点);(时间)过去

☞ I went by the post office on the way to school.

在上学的路上我经过那家邮局。

知识延伸

go by 既可指经过时间也可指经过地点;by 后可以有宾语也可以没有。

表示“多少时间过去”,不用被动语态。

☞ Three years has gone by since I came here.

我来这儿已经有三年了。

as time goes on 随着时间的推移

branches off to the right.

单项选择

44. Just after the lake, the path _____ to the right.

- A. branches off
- B. branch off
- C. branches out
- D. branch out

45. The company has now _____ into selling insurance.

- A. branched
- B. branched out
- C. branched off
- D. branched to

单项选择

46. It won't make _____ difference whether you go today or tomorrow.

- A. many
- B. no
- C. little
- D. much

47. If everyone did something to improve our environment, we could make a big _____.

- A. decision
- B. discovery
- C. difference
- D. promise

48. They are now in great need of help. So your support will certainly make a _____.

- A. deal
- B. decision
- C. point
- D. difference

49. _____ makes a difference _____ you can tell the truth to us.

- A. That; whether
- B. Which; when
- C. It; which
- D. It; whether

50. As if the weather _____, people still go on working in the hard sunshine.

- A. makes no difference
- B. makes any difference
- C. makes some difference
- D. is different

单项选择

51. Four months had _____ but still he didn't pass the driving test.

- A. gone on
- B. gone by
- C. been gone on
- D. been gone by

52. Don't let the chance _____. It may never return.

- A. give up
- B. go away
- C. go by
- D. get over

53. With spring _____, everything begins to come to life.

☞ As time went on, things improved.

随着时间的推移,事物都发生了变化。

3. be / get engaged (to sb.) (与某人) 订婚

☞ His daughter is engaged to an engineer.

他女儿和一个工程师定了婚。

辨析: be engaged (to sb.) 与 get engaged (to sb.)

意思都是(与某人)订婚

be engaged to sb. 表示状态; get engaged to sb. 强调动作。

用 engage 过去分词作表语, to 是介词。

知识延伸

be engaged in sth. 从事某事; 忙于某事

☞ The teacher is engaged in preparing his lecture.

老师正忙着备课。

be engaged = be busy

4. dream of / about sth. / doing 梦想某事; 梦想做某事

梦见或梦想某事, 不能直接说 dream sth., dream 后应用介词 of 或 about 或用 dream that-从句。

☞ I often dream of my mother.

我常常梦见我的妈妈。

知识延伸

dream 也可以作名词, dream a... dream 做了一个……梦

☞ I dreamed a strange dream last night.

昨晚我做了一个奇怪的梦。

5. turn out

(1) result 结果(是); 证明(是)

表示此意时, 相当于系动词, 与主语之间不用被动式。

☞ What he had said turned out false.

他的话被证明是假的。

(2) produce 生产

☞ The factory can turn out 1,000 cars a day.

这个工厂一天能生产一千辆汽车。

(3) be present at an event; appear 在场; 露面

☞ The whole village turned out to welcome the pope.

全村人出来欢迎教皇。

知识延伸

(1) sth. turns out + 形容词/名词/副词/介词短语/to be 后来证实……

☞ The weatherman said it was going to rain this afternoon but it turned out to be very lovely.

天气预报说今天下午有雨, 其实今天天气非常好。

(2) It turns out that... 后来证实……

☞ It turned out that two travelers had been killed.

A. goes by

B. draws near

C. going by

D. drawing near

单项选择

54. How long had they _____ before they _____?

A. engaged; married

B. got engaged; got married

C. been engaged; got married

D. been engaged; were married

55. My wife, _____ the housework, is singing a folk song.

A. was engaged in

B. was engaged to

C. engaged in

D. engaged to

56. — Can you come on Monday?

— No, I'm _____.

A. stuck

B. engaged

C. lost

D. puzzled

单项选择

57. At the age of 18 he dreamed _____ a rich man.

A. that he will become

B. to become

C. of becoming

D. becoming

58. I finally got the job I _____. Never in all my life had I felt so happy!

A. dreamed

B. dreamed for

C. dreamed over

D. dreamed about

单项选择

59. Her parents had a very anxious moment but everything _____ all right in the end.

A. turned up

B. carried out

C. turned out

D. carried away

60. (2004 · 浙江) We wanted to get home before dark, but it didn't quite _____ as planned.

A. make out

B. turn out

C. go on

D. come up

61. (2005 · 福建) The dictionary is being printed and it will soon _____.

A. turn out

B. come out

C. start out

D. go out

62. The products that they _____ are of high quality.

A. make out

B. turn out

C. go on

D. come up

63. We can go outing tomorrow. The weather will _____ fine.

A. turned up

B. turned out

C. turned over

D. turned down