

国家发展计划委员会地区经济司资助项目

凉山彝族经济发展战略研究

● 韦安多 著

STRATEGIC STUDIES OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN YI NATIONALITY OF LIANG SHAN

民族出版社

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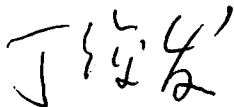
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《凉山彝族经济发展 战略研究》评审意见

以韦安多同志为课题组组长完成的《凉山彝族经济发展战略研究》，通过对凉山大量的调查研究，占有了充足的实际资料，运用经济学、民族学、管理学、生态学等的原理，特别是与美国、澳大利亚等国成功经验的对比分析，提出了凉山彝族经济发展战略设想，涉及社会经济发展模式，一、二、三产业结构调整，建立“教育特区”，实施科教兴州、立足生态自然环境建设、加快林草和畜牧业共同发展的基本思路，扶贫后期政府工作重心下移等等独到的见解，具有重要的现实参考价值，对少数民族社会经济发展战略理论做出了一定贡献。

由于中国西部大开发战略的推进，扶贫工作的新进展，特别是对解决“三农”问题的一系列新举措，彝族的社会经济状况也在发生新的变化，研究是动态的，建议对研究报告中的有关城镇化建设等内容作适当补充，并进行后续研究。

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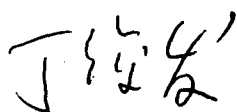
2004年12月18日

The comments on strategic studies of economic development of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan

Strategic Studies of economic development of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan by Professor Anduo Wei as a leader in charge of this project have come up with tentative ideas about strategies of economic development of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan through the way of a large of investigations carried out to account for adequate practical materials, and the principles of economics, ethnic studies and management ecology applied, especially comparisons of successful experience among America, Australia, etc analyzed. Some unique viewpoints related to framework of development of social economy, adjustments to industrial structures, setting up 'education special zone', application of policy of state developed by science and education, fundamental thoughts of development based on the construction of ecological & natural environment, and on speeding up the pace of forestry, herbage and animal husbandry, downward movement of government's emphasis in subsequent stage of poverty alleviation, are of crucial in realistic value of reference, and make certain contributions to theories of ethnic strategies of economic development.

The constant changes in situations of social economy of Yi Nationality have been taken due to propulsion of strategies of development of west china, further movement of poverty alleviation, especially a series of new measures taken to solve problems of countryside, peasants, and agriculture. In the event of research subject to dynamic nature, it has been proposed that relevant contents about urbanized construction involved in report should make proper supplements and carry out subsequent research.

Group leader in professional Judge group: Professor Junfa Ding

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of stylized Chinese characters, likely '丁继发' (Ding Junfa).

18/12/2004

序

别人问我是哪里人，我常回答，我第一是江苏人，因为我出生在江苏张家港；第二是北京人，因为我1964年从中国人民大学毕业后大半辈子工作在北京；第三是四川人，我不仅在绵竹东方汽轮机厂工作三年，在物资部、国内贸易部工作期间，还负责四川凉山扶贫多年，与凉山人民结下了深厚的友情；第四是安徽人，因为80年代在合肥工业大学当过两年常务副校长。

1992年，我带一个小组到凉山去考察，以确定物资部的扶贫点，所到之处，我被凉山的大好河山所倾倒，被凉山彝族人民的真情所感动，也为凉山老百姓的贫困而心碎，回顾过去，红军二万五千里长征，经过凉山，刘伯承与小叶丹喝血酒为盟的故事打动了多少中国人的心，彝族人民为了中国的解放事业做出了不可磨灭的贡献。凉山彝族同胞的贫困有历史根源，也有各级领导的责任，中央的扶贫政策一定要在凉山开花结果。所以，从1992年起，一直扶贫了八年，直到国家内贸局撤销。扶贫结束了，但我心系凉山，一直关心着凉山彝族人民的改革与发展。

记得在扶贫八年中，我先后曾提出教育兴州的设想，想通过人才的培养，观念的转变来改变面貌；根据凉山的实际，提出靠山吃山，靠水吃水，大兴畜牧业、经济林业、特种种植业的设想；凉山有许多矿山资源，也提出大办工业、电力的建议；按市场经济规律，极力主张实施凉山流通大通道的战略。但对整个凉山的研究不系统、不完整、不十分科学。

凉山州历届党委、政府，在中央与省委、省政府领导下，与

时俱进，在改革开放与社会经济发展方面取得了突破性的进展，使凉山州的面貌发生了翻天覆地的变化，这是有目共睹的。但我们是共产党人，什么事都得一分为二，凉山要与全国比特别是与东部发达地区比差距还很大，我们一分一秒都不能停步，不能在成绩面前固步自封，为了人民的利益，为了民族的利益，必须自我加压，快马加鞭。

韦安多同志曾经参加过物资部 1992 年的第一期扶贫，1999 年主动要求到凉山工作，在凉山大学任校领导期间，一边工作，一边从事对凉山彝族经济、社会、文化的研究，他的这种精神是值得赞扬的，他已与彝族人民结下不解之缘。我每次与他交谈都受益匪浅，他有所作为，的确大跨步前进了。

《凉山彝族经济发展战略研究》是他花了三年多时间的心血研究的成果。有外国人问我，你们中国搞改革开放的目的是什么？我说只有一个目的，就是让中国人民过上好日子，凉山的改革开放、经济发展也只有一个目的，就是让彝族人民过上好日子，过上小康日子，韦安多同志的这个研究报告就是围绕这一主题展开的。专家们对这个研究报告也给予了高度的评价，我希望能对政府决策部门有所帮助。

我衷心祝愿凉山彝族人民安康！

我衷心祝愿凉山经济腾飞！

我衷心祝愿凉山能成为中华民族之花！

丁俊发

2004 年 12 月 6 日

Foreword

Some people ever asked me where exactly I am from. I frequently replied: I am from Jiang Su province first, for I was born in Zhang Jia Gang. I am from Beijing second, for I have always been working over the last most half of life in Beijing since from I graduated from China Renmin University in 1964; I am also from Si Chuan province, for I did not ever only worked for oriental factory of automobile turbine in Mian Zhu over 3 year, but also used to take responsible for poverty alleviation in Liang Shan attached to Si Chan province and set up deep friendship with people in Liang Shan during the period of working for State Materials and Equipments Department, Domestic Trading Department; Meanwhile, I am from An Hui as well, for I ever worked for He Fei Industrial University as Standing Deputy President for 2 years in 1980s.

In 1992, I guided a group to Liang Shan and performed investigations in order to identify the areas of poverty alleviation run by State Materials and Equipments Department. I got attracted to fascinating landscape in Liang Shan, touched by local people's enthusiasm, and heart broken by their suffering of poverty. Reviewing the past, large numbers of Chinese used to be thrilled by the story that Liu Bocheng established covenant

with Xiao Yedan by drinking blood while Red Army crossed the Liang Shan in the course of 12500 kilometers long distance of expedition. People of Yi Nationality made eternal and great contributions to China's liberation. The poverty of people of Yi Nationality incurred is not attributed to historical nature, but also to responsibilities generated by different leaders in charge of different sectors. The policies of poverty alleviation made by central government are subject to making achievements. Consequently, I have always been concerned about reform and development of people of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan. Although 8 - year activities of poverty alleviation since from 1992 was over after the Domestic Trading Department removed to eliminate.

It has been brought about my recollection that I ever subsequently came up with tentative ideas such as state developed by education, where backward situation is changed by cultivation of talents and alteration of concepts involved in peoples' mind; Living by feeding on wherever they rely on, animal husbandry developed vigorously, forestry economized, special types of plants grown in accordance with reality of Liang Shan; industries and electric power exploited dramatically due to abundant mineral resource; the strategy of dredging the mainstream channel of circulation implemented by favor. However, the general research on Liang Shang is less systematic, less integrated and less scientific.

It has been witnessed that the state Party Committee, Government in succession under authorization of Provincial Party Committee, and Directors of Provincial Government moves accompanied with process of time, and made unprecedented improvements in the aspects of Reforming and

opening up to the outside world and development of social economy, which have caused significant changes in current situations of Liang Shan. However, we are required to treat anything with dialectical analyses. The gap between economy in Liang Shan and nationwide economy, especially in east developed areas is still wide, which committed us to keeping movement rather than slowing down the pace of growth even self – appointed to walk firmly. Therefore, we are supposed to pick up the pace of development and put much more pressure on us for peoples' benefits and national benefits.

Professor Anduo Wei used to take part in the first group to relief poverty in Liang Shan run by State Materials and Equipments Department in 1992. He initiatively applied for approval to work for Liang Shan in 1999, and has been engaged in research on economy, society, and culture of Yi Nationality while working for Liang Shan University as president. His spirit is worthy of compliment and he has made inseparable relationship with people of Yi Nationality, so that I always benefited greatly from each our conversation. What he did is truly a symbolic of significant development.

Strategic studies of economic development of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan are Professor Wei' s accomplishments to which he was dedicated over 3 years. What is the motivation to make innovation on China exactly? Some foreigners ever asked me. There is only one motivation that is to make Chinese live a better life. Correspondingly, reforming and opening up to the outside world in Liang Shan is also driven by the motivation of to make people of Yi Nationality live a better life even stand in line with the

comfortable standard of living. This report by Anduo Wei starts to expound on the basis of this primary topic, and it has been highly appreciated by many professional experts. It will be grateful as I expect if this report by Anduo Wei can contribute to decision making sectors to some extent.

I sincerely wish people of Yi Nationality in Liang Shan safe and sound;

I sincerely wish economy in Liang Shan dramatic improvement;

I sincerely wish Liang Shan preeminent uniqueness among ethnic group.

丁维发

06/12/2004

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