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# 大学英语

## 学习导航

### 写作分册

策划：大学英语教学及考试研究组

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# 六级



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# 前 言

大学英语四、六级考试是检查《大学英语教学大纲》执行情况、评估大学英语教学质量的一种有效手段,是获取教学反馈信息的主要来源和改进教学工作的重要依据。为了帮助广大师生真正领会《大学英语教学大纲》的精神,使得同学们既能顺利通过四、六级考试,又能切切实实、真正地提高英语语言能力,我们组织了一批理论功底扎实、教学经验丰富的教师、专家编写这套《大学英语学习导航》。这些编者多年来都一直在从事大学英语的教学或理论研究工作,对大学公共英语及四、六级考试很有研究,而且手头有大量现成的、多年积累的资料。所以,我们在策划出版此书的初期,原以为三、四个月就可以完成全书的编写工作。没想到,编写一套真正能对大家有所裨益的书是一件如此艰辛的工作。尽管有诸如上述的有利条件,十多位作者一干就是整整一年。

出版一套合格的教学辅导材料其实是一项十分辛苦的工作。就拿编写一套模拟题来说,英语四、六级考试试题形式上非常简单,无非是一道题目搞几个选择项,出个题目要求考生以此作文。有些人以为一天就可以轻而易举地命制几十道题。事实上,一套科学的试题,其命制是一项专业性极强的工作,难度大、周期长,其中的题目要经过命题、审题、试测、计算机项目分析、复审、构卷等一系列复杂的程序,以确保其在难易度、区分度等方面都达到规定的要求。而且,命题人员必须经过专门训练、熟悉命题规则。本套书的《精编模拟试题集详解》就是严格依照以上程序精心命制,每套题都在多个四、六级考前辅导班中试用过,并经过反复修改。

在对《大学英语教学大纲》(征求意见稿)进行讨论时,我们就提出:大学英语教学应该既重视打好语言基础,又重视语言应用能力培养;应该借鉴国内外语言学研究的最新成果,反映社会需要和学生的实际需求及大学英语教学的特点,较好地体现科学性、先进性、实用性、灵活性的原则;大学英语教学应帮助学生掌握良好的语言学习方法,提高文化素养,它是实施素质教育的一个组成部分;测试是检查大纲执行情况,评估教学质量的一种有效手段,是获取教学反馈信息的主要来源和改进教学工作的重要依据;语言测试应重点考核学生的语言基础和语言应用能力。我们的上述思想,在新大纲的

正式稿中均得到了体现、重视。我们在编写本书时,也是按照上述理念,严格依据最新教学大纲及考试大纲,应用了国内外语言教学与测试的最新成果,既介绍了英语学习的规律、方法,又全面、精辟地总结、分析了四、六级考试的所有测试内容。相信经过我们这一年多的努力,能够达到编写本书的初衷:帮助广大读者既能顺利通过四、六级考试,又能切实提高英语水平。

尽管本书的编纂工作历时一年有余,但仍感时间仓促;尽管编者均为优秀的教师、专家,但智者千虑仍难免一失。书中错误与不足之处,敬请读者批评指正,以便我们再版时改进。

大学英语教学及考试研究组

2001年8月

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## 第一章 大学英语教学大纲及六级考试大纲 对英语写作的要求

### 第一节 两纲对六级写作的要求

#### 一、新旧教学大纲对写作的要求

99年之前的教学大纲对六级的要求为：“能在半小时内写出120~150词的短文，如文章摘要等。文理比较通顺。”

99年修订后的教学大纲对大学英语教学的较高要求（即达到六级水平）在写的能力方面是如下规定的：“能在阅读难度与课文难度相仿的书面材料时做笔记、回答问题、写提纲和摘要；能就一定的话题、提纲、表格或图示在半小时内写出150~180词的短文，能写日常应用文（如信函、简历等），内容完整，条理清楚，文理通顺。”

不难看出，新大纲对学生写的能力的要求有所提高。

#### 二、六级考试大纲对写作的要求

目前暂时还未颁布与新教学大纲配套的考试大纲。原来的考试大纲对六级考试写作的规定是：

“共1题，考试时间30分钟。要求考生写出一篇不少于120词的短文。试卷上可能给出题目，或要求看图表作文，或根据所给文章（英语或汉语）写出摘要或大意，或给出关键词写短文等等。要求切题，能正确表达思想，意义连贯，文理基本通顺，无重大语言错误。写作的内容为科技、社会、文化等方面的一般常识。”

短文写作部分的目的是测试学生运用英语书面表达思想的一般能力。”

## 第二节 大学英语四、六级考试委员会制定的作文题 评分原则、标准及其分析

### 一、评分原则

1. 大学英语考试的目的是检查考生是否达到大学英语教学大纲规定的四级和六级教学要求,对作文的评分应以此要求为准则。
2. 大学英语考试作文题采用总体评分(Global Scoring)方法。阅卷人员就总的印象给出奖励分(Reward Scores),而不是按语言点的错误数目扣分。
3. 从内容和语言两个方面对作文进行综合评判。内容和语言是一个统一体。作文应表达题目所规定的内容,而内容要通过语言来表达。要考虑作文是否切题,是否充分表达思想,也要考虑是否用英语清楚而适切地表达思想,也就是要考虑语言上的错误是否造成理解上的障碍。
4. 避免趋中倾向。该给高分的给高分,包括满分;该给低分的给低分,包括零分。一名阅卷人员在所评阅的全部作文卷中不应只给中间的几种分数。

### 二、评分标准

1. 本题满分为 15 分。
2. 阅卷标准共分五等:14 分、11 分、8 分、5 分及 2 分。各有参照卷一至二份。
3. 阅卷人员根据阅卷标准,对照参照卷评分,若认为与某一分数(如 8 分)相似,即定为该分数(即 8 分);若认为稍优或稍劣于该分数,则可加一分(即 9 分)或减一分(即 7 分)。但不得加或减半分。
4. 评分标准  
14 分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字通顺,连贯性较好。基本上无语言错误,仅有个别小错。

- 11分——切题。表达思想清楚,文字连贯,但有少量语言错误。
- 8分——基本切题。有些地方表达思想不够清楚,文字勉强连贯;语言错误相当多,其中有一些是严重错误。
- 5分——基本切题。表达思想不清楚,连贯性差。有较多的严重语言错误。
- 2分——条理不清,思路紊乱,语言支离破碎或大部分句子均有错误,且多数为严重错误。

评分原则第3条要求:“从内容和语言两方面对作文进行综合评判。内容和语言是一个统一体。作文应表达题目所规定的内容,而内容要通过语言来表达。要考虑作文是否切题,是否充分表达思想,也要考虑是否用英语清楚而适切地表达思想,也就是要考虑语言上的错误是否造成理解上的障碍。”

这是一条很重要的原则,首先着眼在所要求的内容是否得到了表达,而不是只看语言形式。内容得到了充分表达,这是交际的根本目的,语言形式只是手段。如果不切题,拿一篇随便什么背熟的文字来抄一遍,那是不应当给分的。其次,也不是不看语言的准确性,而是准确性、流利性、适切性综合考虑,进行评分。这是符合把语言作为交际工具来教和学的大原则的,这样进行评分,分数能够反映语言运用能力,才能保证测试的高效率。

其次,评分原则第2条规定“作文采用总体评分方法。阅卷人员就总的印象给出奖励分,而不是按语言点的错误数目扣分”。这一点也非常重要。实践证明,语言教师往往对语言中的语法错误非常敏感,而对语言中用得好的地方常常视而不见,不是着重考虑所要求表达的内容是否得到了充分表达。这一条评分原则就是要求评分时把着眼点放在有效交际上,而不是仅仅停留在语言点上,这也是为了保证作文题的效度。

在评分标准里,把总分15分分为五个等距的等级,第一个等级从内容、语言和组织三个方面提出具体的要求,使准确性、流利性、适切性三者的要求具体而明确,便于操作,在保证信度的前提下提高阅卷的可行性和效率。具体操作时要求阅卷员根据作文的内容和语言,对照参照卷先初步确定所属等级,然后根据阅卷标准进行评分。

语言测试在有限的时间内只可能是对语言运用的抽样,抽样要有一定的量。四级作文要求写100词(新大纲规定为120词)以上,六级120词(新大纲规定为150词)以上,字数不足的,说明运用语言的熟练程度不够、流利性

不够,影响交际的效率,也是语言运用能力不高的一种表现,要酌情扣分,在评分标准中有具体规定。

### 第三节 评分参照卷分析

一、评分原则和评分标准都是用文字说明的,即使做到了明确、具体,毕竟比较抽象,因此在实际操作时,除了评分标准外,每次阅卷前由考试委员会从学生实际作文卷中选出五篇评分参照卷,代表评分标准中规定的五个分数段。参照卷的作用首先是用来具体体现评分原则和评分标准,这是保证作文测试效度的重要手段;其次正式阅卷开始前用来对阅卷员进行培训,做到统一评分标准。这也是提高阅卷信度所必需的。下面是大学英语考试的评分参照卷实例。

#### 1999年6月大学英语六级考试作文题评分参照卷

**Directions:** *For this part, you are allowed thirty minutes to write a composition on the topic **Reading Selectively Or Extensively?** You should write at least 120 words, and base your composition on the outline (given in Chinese) below:*

1. 有人认为读书要有选择
2. 有人认为应当博览群书
3. 我的看法

(说明:所有样卷都是考生的实际作文卷,典型地反映了每一分数段的应有水平。样卷中的底划线是编者所加,用以指出考生作文卷中语言上的错误或不妥之处,包括语法、搭配、用词等,其中有些在后面的“评析”中作了分析。)

#### 14 points

How should we read? Should we read selectively or extensively? Everyone has his own view.

Some people think we should read selectively. They argue that with the development of modern science and technology, more and more books are published

every day. It is impossible for us to read all the books. What's more, there are many bad books that are poisonous to our mind, and we shouldn't read them. Since we can't read all the books, and we shouldn't read bad books, we must read selectively.

But others may not agree. They emphasize that today's society is not what it used to be. If you want to be successful, you must read widely and acquire knowledge in both natural sciences and humanities. If a man knows much in one field but knows nothing in others, he may be useless. Since we must have many kinds of knowledge, we must read extensively.

Who's right? There is a lot to be said for both sides of the argument. However, I think we should read extensively first and then learn deeply about the subject we are interested in.

### 11 points

When it comes to reading, some people think that reading selectively is a good way, but others do not agree with them and they think that reading extensively is better.

Those people who think that reading selectively is better believe that there are as many good books as there are bad ones. Good books can give us pleasure and knowledge, while bad ones can only lead us to the wrong way. So, they suggest that we should only choose the good books to read and never touch the bad books.

But, the other people, who hold that reading extensively is better think that one kind of books can only give us one aspect of knowledge. Even a good book only contains one field of information. So, they can easily come to the conclusion that if you want to acquire more knowledge, you have to read more. That's why they believe that reading extensively is better.

To my point, we should choose good books to read and read good books as many as possible. By this way, we can increase the quality and quantity of reading.

### 8 points

Some people think reading shall be choosed. Because some books are good to hummen beings, and some books are harmful to people.

Some people think that men should read books widely. Because wide reading can help man get much knowledge. And man can use it to change the world.

It is my point that reading must be selectively. Because reading is important to man. Some books can help man, but some books can lead some people to crime. It can be seen in the newspapers and watched on TV. We can make full use of some good books and gain more useful knowledge. It can make our life more beautiful. We must give up those unhelpful books. They are not good to us. Reading them is wasting time and money. So reading selectively is an important part in reading.

## 5 points

I think reading not only selectively but also extensively. Because the two sides are not contradict. Our time is limited. So we can not read every book in the world. However, we will not be interested in every book. We should read those books may be useful to ours, read those books which we like. But those books which we choose must be extensively. So it can give ours all kinds of knowledge, news and so on, it also make ours become a wise man. On the one hand reading selectively let ours not waste our time which it is limited. Moreover it can emphasis among all books that we can read. On the other hand. reading extensively can deal with all kinds of need in our life. They are all useful to ours.

## 2 points

Most people thought that read book should have been selected. But others belived reading extensively was correction.

Selective books or reading extensively?

Sure, you can choice one from previous ideas.

on one hand, There are too book to read for us. We should choose those which we intrested, and it would be helpful for us.

on another hand. Someone's intresting was wide. Each book could bring you specific contain. we couldn't reading at only one level.

I confirmed all of these ideas were good but weren't wise.

As a reader, the main task is to discover more and more books, the second task is to held some which wonderful and helpful for us. Don't treat these books with reckless abandon.

The best technology of reading is connect.

## 【评析】

### 14 points

本文第一段引出话题,说在读书问题上各人有各人的观点。第二段和第三段分别说明两种观点。一些人认为读书要有选择,另一些人则认为要博览群书,各自都有自己的理由。最后一段阐明自己的看法。紧紧围绕题目的要求,段落分明,表达思想清楚,行文相当流畅。除个别地方外,用词也都符合英语的习惯,基本上无语言错误。文章上下文衔接紧凑,连贯性较好。例如,第二段开头用 Some people think ..., 第三段开头用 Others may not agree ..., 而最后一段用一个问句 Who's right? 作为连接,都显得相当自然。另外,英语中常用的一些连接手段,如 What's more, and, since, but, one(field) ... others, However, first, then 等,也都用得很恰当。再看考生的遣词造句,无论是在用词上还是在语法上,都表现出良好的基本功。例如:with the development of modern science and technology ..., today's society is not what it used to be ..., There is a lot to be said for ... 等。如果仔细阅读,你还会发现考生用词上的变化。例如,表达观点看法,不只是用 think, 还用了 argue、agree、emphasize 等。

当然,文章中也有一些美中不足的地方。例如,在 If a man knows much in one field but knows nothing in others, he may be useless 这句中,nothing 和 useless 用在这里就显得太绝对了。再如文章最后一句中的 learn deeply about the subject 用词也不妥当,副词 deeply 在英语中不可以修饰动词 learn, 而 learn about the subject 的意思是“获悉这一学科的有关情况”,而不是学习这一学科。另外,many kinds of knowledge 这种表达似也不太符合习惯。现将原文稍作修改,供读者参考。

How should we read? Should we read selectively or extensively? Everyone has his own view.

Some people think we should read selectively. They argue that with the development of modern science and technology, more and more books are published every day. It is impossible for us to read all the books. What's more, there are many bad books that are poisonous to our mind, and we shouldn't read them. Since we can't read all the books, and we shouldn't read bad books we must read selectively.

But others may not agree. They emphasize that today's society is not what it used to be. If you want to be successful, you must read widely and acquire knowledge in both natural sciences and humanities. If a man knows much in one field but little in others, he may not be of great use to the society. Since we must have a wide range of knowledge, we must read extensively.

Who's right? There is a lot to be said for both side for both sides of the argument. However, I think we should read extensively first and then read selectively and dig into the subject we want to specialize in.

## 11 points

这一篇也具有前一篇的许多优点,文章切题,表达思想清楚,文字连贯。应该说这位考生的语言基本功也相当不错。除少数地方外,表达亦较准确,有一些地方也写得相当精彩。例如,When it comes to reading ..., Those people who think that reading selectively is better believe that there are as many good books as there are bad ones, Good books can give us pleasure and knowledge, while bad ones ..., ... come to the conclusion that ...等等。

但是,文章中也存在少量的语言错误。有些错误比较明显,例如,To my point 应改成 In my opinion, In my view, From my point of view 或 It is my view that ...; By this way 应改成 In this way 或 By doing so. 还有一些错误是较深层次上的错误,例如,When it comes to reading, some people think that reading selectively is a good way for us to enrich our knowledge 这句话语法是对的,表面上看没有什么问题,前半句 When it comes to reading, 还颇有英文的味道,但仔细一读,就会发现信息的重复,去掉前半句 When it comes to reading, 句子的信息一点也没有少。所以,或是干脆将前半句去掉,或是改成 When it comes to reading, people's opinions differ. Some think ...。又如 we can increase the quality and quantity of reading 这一句,语法没问题,可是受汉



语影响,中国式英文的味儿很重,因为英文里 increase the quantity 是可以讲的,但不可说 increase the quality。另外,lead us to the wrong way 这一表达也不太地道,因为英文里定冠词 the 是有所指的,the wrong way 究竟指哪一条错路呢?如果半 lead us to the wrong way 改成 lead us astray,既简洁,又符合英语的习惯,那就好了。基于同样的原因,第三段一开头 But, the other people 中的定冠词 the 也是用得不妥的。现将原文稍作修改,供读者参考。

When it comes to reading, people's opinions differ. Some think that reading selectively is a good way for us to enrich our knowledge, but others do not agree with them, and they think that reading extensively is better.

Those who think that reading selectively is better believe that there are as many good books as there are bad ones. Good books can give us pleasure and knowledge, while bad ones can only lead us astray. So, they suggest that we should only choose the good books to read and never touch the bad ones.

But those who hold that reading extensively is better think that one kind of books can only give us one field of information. Even a good book only contains one aspect of knowledge. So, they can easily come to the conclusion that if you want to acquire more knowledge, you have to read more. That's why they believe that reading extensively is better.

In my opinion, we should choose good books to read and read as many good books as possible. In this way, we can derive the greatest benefit from reading.

## 8 points

这篇作文基本切题,文字勉强连贯,基本上能表达作者的意思,但是有些地方表达思想不够清楚,例如第一句中 reading shall be choosed 是什么意思?shall 用在第三人称中应是表示说话人的意志、决心、命令,可在这里表示什么呢?又如最后一句 So reading selectively is an important part in reading 虽然语法和拼写都没问题,但严格地讲,这句话不合逻辑,因为 reading selectively 是一种读书的方法,而不是读书的一部分。另外,文章的连贯性也比较差,例如第三段第二句 Because reading is important to man 就没有办法跟上下文连起来。至于语言上的错误,用不着多说,读者一看就很清楚该考生在语法、拼写、大小写以及很常用的基本词语的意义和用法上都存在许多问题。因此,