

大学英语

听读词库与测试

—— 3000 词

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3000

COLLEGE ENGLISH VOCABULARY BANK FOR LISTENING AND READING COLLEGE ENGLISH

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前 言

词汇学习是英语学习过程中极为重要的一个组成部分。对于把英语作为外语来学习的中国学生来说,词汇学习将伴随其整个英语学习过程。然而,他们中的许多人却由于词汇学习的困难而在不同的学习阶段放弃了努力多年的英语学习。确实,词汇的学习是需要学习者有极大的毅力并且要投入大量的时间的。据我们多年的研究调查结果,许多英语学习者在中级或中高级阶段由于词汇的障碍而中断了学习进程,而那些克服了词汇难关的英语学习者则能顺利地进入高级阶段的学习。本书就是针对中国学生学习英语的特点而编写的,它将在一定程度上帮助众多的学习者渡过词汇学习各阶段的瓶颈难关。

1. 英语词汇学习的阶段性

在英语学习的过程中,通常认为与初、中、高级阶段相对应的词汇量分别为 3 000, 5 000 和 8 000。对于一般的学习者而言,通过一段时间的学习都能较为顺利地完成了初级阶段的学习。随后便进入了漫长的中、高级阶段。人们对英语教学的多年研究发现,在学习者进入中级

和高级阶段后,总有一些较难单词成为学习者的突出障碍。而通过这些词的学习,学习者就有一种上了一级台阶的感觉。本套书则根据这一原则和中国人学英语的特点分别编写了大学英语听读词库与测试——3 000 词(初级本),5 000 词(中级本)和 8 000 词(高级本)。

2. 本套书的词汇选择

本套书词汇选择主要是针对中国(大陆)学生的学习特点而选择的实用性强和相应阶段较难的单词。首先我们在选择单词时均是选择在相应学习阶段有一定难度的单词。在选择这些单词时我们又从实用的原则对这些难词进行筛选。同时我们根据中国学生(非港台地区)的教学特点选定一些在英美常用但少见我国教科书的常见实用性单词。我们注意避免选择那些过于生僻且实用性有一定局限性的单词。总之,实用性和针对性是本套书选词的最大特点。

3. 初级本的词汇选择

本册选词共 1 000 个单词,其主要根据是《朗曼当代英语词典》(Longman Dictionary of Contemporary English),《大学英语教学大纲通用词汇表》(1~4 级)。同时,我们对所选择的词汇根据英美最新出版的词典作了适当的调整,以反映英语常用词的变化。这 1 000 个单词大部分属于大学英语四级考试词汇范围,但又不拘泥于四级词汇表的范围。从实用的角度考虑,我们适度增加了一些四级词汇外的单词。而有一些虽是四级词汇表指定的单词,但我们认为这些词对于处于英语学习初级阶段的学习者来说过于生僻而未选入。在选定主要词义的时候,我们注意一些难词的常用词义的选择,同时我们也选择了一些常用单词但中国学生并不熟悉的词义。

4. 初级本的编写形式

本册选录的 1 000 个单词是英语学习者在初级阶段应熟练掌握

握的。本书在每个骨干词后注有国际音标、中文注释、同义词及常用的反义词,希望能有触类旁通、举一反三的效果。学习者可根据录音掌握这些单词的正确发音,从而迅速准确地记住这些单词。为帮助学习者正确掌握所记单词的用法,每一个选录的单词都配以相应的典型例句。本书共5个部分,每部分10个单元,每个单元后配有大量的、形式多样的练习,以巩固所学。本书还在每个部分后附有复习练习,以检验学习者对词汇的掌握程度。另外,本书还配了录有单词和例句的磁带,由外籍教师朗读,可以同时配合对本书词汇的学习。

本书可供大中学生、英语教师及爱好英语的广大读者学习参考。

本套书的编写是由多位长期从事大学外语教学的教师合作完成的。闫传海、郑永安担任全套书的总体策划,并设定全套书的框架和界定选词范围。本套书初级本由曹勇编著,中级本由张梅娟、闫传海编著,高级本由王健、张奕编著。本套书的编写还得到其他教师的帮助和指导。可以说,本套书的出版是多位同仁共同努力的结晶,作者在此表示诚挚的谢意。

限于编者水平,本书不当和错误之处在所难免,敬请广大读者指正。

编著者

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Part 1

Unit 1

deceive[di'si:v]

v. 欺骗, 哄骗

例: I trust him because I know he would never *deceive* me.

[同] cheat

popular['pɒpjulə]

a. 流行的, 大众喜欢的

例: She is very *popular* with her pupils.

[同] favorite

cabin['kæbin]

n. 小木屋; 机舱

例: They lived in a little log *cabin* in the mountains.

[同] hut

scarce[skeəs]

a. 缺乏的, 不足的

例: Good fruit is *scarce* in winter, and costs a lot.

[同] rare

[反] plentiful

sorrow['sɒrəu]

n. 悲哀, 悲痛

例: They all had a feeling of *sorrow* for the death of *their* friends.

[同] grief

[反] joy

inform[in'fɔ:m]

v. 告知, 通知

例: I regret to *inform* you that your application has been refused.

[同] tell

achieve[ə'tʃi:v]

v. 完成, 达到(目的)

例: He will never *achieve* anything if he doesn't work.

[同] accomplish [反] fail

mercy['mɜ:si]

n. 慈悲, 宽容

例: The general showed *mercy* to the defeated enemy.

[同] pity

[反] cruelty

fame[feim]

n. 名望, 名声

例: Her novels about country life brought her *fame*.

[同] reputation

measure['meʒə]

n. 措施

例: What *measures* were taken to prevent fires?

[同] step

talent['tælənt]

n. 才能, 天资

例: Singing and dancing are just two of her many *talents*.

[同] gift

omit[əu'mit]

vt. 省略; 遗漏

例: Tell us everything that occurred.

Don't *omit* anything.

[同] leave out

package['pækidʒ]

n. 包裹; 一揽子(计划、建议等)

例: He carried a large *package* of books under his arm.

abandon[ə'bændən]

vt. 丢弃; 放弃

例: The scientist *abandoned* his research for lack of fund.

[同] give up

secure[si'kjʊə]

a. 安全的, 放心的

例: Do you feel *secure* as to your future?

[同] safe

identical [ai'dentikəl]

a. 相同的, 相等的

例: The fingerprints of no two persons are *identical*.

[同] the same

[反] different

brief [bri:f]

a. 短暂的, 简短的

例: He stood up and made a *brief* speech.

[同] short

detail ['di:teɪl]

n. 详细, 详情

例: I remember every *detail* of that evening.

pollute [pə'lut]

vt. 弄脏, 污染

例: The river has been *polluted* by all kinds of industrial waste.

command [kə'mɑ:nd]

v. 指挥, 统率

例: The general *commanded* his men to attack.

[同] lead

Exercise 1

用下列所学单词填空。

deceive	popular	cabin	scarce	sorrow
inform	achieve	mercy	fame	measure
talent	omit	package	abandon	secure
identical	brief	detail	pollute	command

1. I've never before met two sisters with _____ voices.
2. I can still remember every _____ in my old dormitory room at school.
3. Mr. Johnson arose and made a _____ speech.

4. She felt _____ only when both doors were locked.
5. I don't think that John would _____ his friends if they were in trouble.
6. He has a heavy _____ on his back.
7. You can _____ the last chapter of the book.
8. I was deeply impressed both by his personality and _____.
9. What _____ were taken to protect pollution?
10. He went back to London without having _____ any success.
11. I got to the station only to be _____ the train had gone.
12. Losing her job is just one of the many _____ in her life.
13. The army is under the King's direct _____.
14. This kind of eagles are now fairly _____ in North America.
15. Many fishermen own _____ along the lake.
16. This work established his _____ as a great novelist.
17. You cannot _____ me, I know you took the money.
18. The style of that dress is _____ among young people.
19. They showed little _____ on their enemies.
20. All those waste products are _____ the river.

Key

- | | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|
| 1. identical | 2. detail | 3. brief | 4. secure | 5. abandon |
| 6. package | 7. omit | 8. talents | 9. measures | 10. achieved |
| 11. informed | 12. sorrows | 13. command | 14. scarce | 15. cabins |
| 16. fame | 17. deceive | 18. popular | 19. mercy | 20. polluting |

Unit 2

adventure [əd'ventʃə]

n. 冒险经历, 奇遇

例: I told them of my *adventures* in the mountains.

[同] experience

behave [bi'heiv]

v. 表现, 举止

例: He had *behaved* badly in losing his temper.

[同] conduct

conclude [kən'klu:d]

v. 结束; 推断

例: What can be *concluded* from these observations?

[同] finish; infer

[反] start

occasion [ə'keizn]

n. 时机, 场面

例: The national day celebration was a great *occasion*.

pause [pɔ:z]

vi. n. 暂停, 中止

例: It had continued to rain almost without *pause* all day.

[同] halt [反] continue

supply [sə'plai]

v. n. 供给, 供应

例: The school *supplies* books for the children.

[同] provide

ultimate ['Altimit]

a. 最后的, 最终的

例: After many defeats, the war ended for us in *ultimate* victory.

[同] final

[反] preliminary

parcel ['pa:sl]

n. 小包, 包裹

例: I'm taking this *parcel* to the post office.

ease[i:z]

v. 减轻

n. 容易; 舒适

funny['fʌni]

a. 有趣的, 滑稽的

loyal['lɔɪəl]

a. 忠诚的, 忠实的

tame[teim]

a. 驯服的, 温顺的

destroy[dis'troi]

v. 毁坏, 破坏

engage[in'geɪdʒ]

v. (使) 从事于, 使忙于; 占用(时间等)

indicate['ɪndɪkeɪt]

v. 指示, 表明

calendar['kælɪndə]

n. 日历

assure[ə'ʃʊə]

vt. 使确信, 使放心

例: I gave him some medicine to *ease* the pain.

[同] relieve

例: I heard such a *funny* story this morning.

[同] amusing

例: We should be *loyal* to our country.

[同] faithful [反] false

例: The deer in the park are very *tame*.

[同] docile [反] wild

例: War *destroys* everything and should be avoided at all costs.

[同] ruin

[反] construct

例: It is a hard and long struggle we are *engaged* in.

例: The black clouds *indicate* that it will rain soon.

[同] show

例: I used the *calendar* to count how many days it was until my birthday.

例: You may be *assured* that we shall do all we can to help.

[同] convince

bleed[blid]

vi. 出血, 流血

circuit['sə:kɪt]

n. 电路, 线路; 环行

invent[in'vent]

v. 发明, 虚构

例: The cut on his finger was *bleeding*.

例: The *circuit* of the earth round the sun takes about a year.

例: Alexander Graham Bell *invented* the telephone in 1876.

[同] devise; make up

Exercise 2

A. 选出一个与题前单词意义相同的词。

1. ease

A. relieve

B. difficulty

C. increase

D. drop

2. occasion

A. circumstances

B. employment

C. opportunity

D. observation

3. invent

A. make known

B. enter

C. develop

D. make up

4. assure

A. make sure

B. make sense

C. make believe

D. make out

5. funny

A. serious

B. amusing

C. famous

D. popular

6. destroy

A. harm

B. ruin

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| C. hurt | D. create |
| 7. adventure | |
| A. experience | B. experiment |
| C. action | D. movement |
| 8. pause | |
| A. wave | B. port |
| C. halt | D. march |
| 9. ultimate | |
| A. final | B. total |
| C. entire | D. common |
| 10. conclude | |
| A. start | B. think |
| C. finish | D. control |

Key

1. A 2. C 3. D 4. A 5. B 6. B 7. A 8. C 9. A 10. C

B. 在第二栏中找出第一栏单词的注释。

- | | |
|-------------|---|
| 1. behave | A. a list showing the days and months of the year |
| 2. supply | B. not fierce or wild; trained to live with people |
| 3. engage | C. one or more things wrapped and tied up for carrying or posting |
| 4. parcel | D. a journey ending where it begins, a complete ring |
| 5. loyal | E. to act, to conduct oneself |
| 6. tame | F. to lose blood |
| 7. indicate | G. to be busy with |

8. bleed H. true to one's friends, group, country,
etc.
9. calendar I. to give (something that is needed)
10. circuit J. to point out

Key

1.E 2.I 3.G 4.C 5.H 6.B 7.J 8.F 9.A 10.D

~~~~~ **Unit 3** ~~~~~

**content**['kɒntent]

n. 内容; 含量; 目录

例: I like the style of this book but I don't like the *content*.

**mineral**['minərəl]

n. 矿物, 矿石

例: Many African countries have great *mineral* wealth.

**mood**[mu:d]

n 心情, 情绪

例: She was very tired, and in no *mood* for dancing.

**pour**[pɔ:]

v. 灌, 倾注

例: Shall I *pour* you another cup of tea?

**severe**[si'viə]

a. 严肃的; 严重的; 严

例: I have only just recovered from a *severe* illness.

厉的

[同] serious

**shift**[ʃift]

v. n. 转移; 改变

例: Someone has *shifted* my bicycle and I can't find it.

[同] change

**virtue**['vɜ:tju:]

n. 优点, 美德

例: You can trust him; he's a man of the highest *virtue*.

[同] merit [反] vice

**temper**['tempə]

n. 脾气, 情绪

**border**['bɔ:də]

n. 边缘, 边界

**confuse**[kən'fju:z]

v. 混淆, 混同

**decrease**[di:'kri:s]

v. 减少, 减少

**define**[di'fain]

vt. 给……下定义, 解释

**emotion**[i'məʊʃən]

n. 情绪, 感情

**establish**[is'tæblɪʃ]

v. 建立, 创立

**false**[fɔ:ls]

a. 错误的; 伪造的; 虚  
伪的

**scatter**['skætə]

v. 撒, 分散

**track**[træk]

n. 足迹, 轨道

vt. 跟踪, 追踪

例: Whatever she says to annoy you,  
try and keep your *temper*.

例: You must go through customs in  
order to pass across the *border*.

例: He has *confused* the two authors  
of the same name.

例: The members of the club *de-  
creased* to three hundred.

[同] reduce [反] increase

例: Some words are hard to *define*  
because they have many different  
uses.

例: The candidate addressed the  
crowd with *emotion*.

[同] feeling

例: This hospital was *established* in  
1956.

[同] found [反] destroy

例: I don't want to give you a *false*  
impression.

[同] dishonest [反] faithful

例: My relations are *scattered* all over  
the country.

[同] spread

[反] concentrate

例: Police used dogs to *track* the  
criminal.

[同] trace