

职业高中综合英语

主编 夏军

副主编 冯永富 李青



重庆大学出版社

H165154
XT
C-1

职业高中综合英语

主 编 夏 军
副主编 冯永富 李 青

重庆大学出版社

职业高中综合英语

主编 夏 军

副主编 冯永富 李 青

责任编辑 黄世芳

*

重庆大学出版社出版发行

新华书店经销

四川外语学院印刷厂印刷

*

开本:850×1168 1/32 印张:6.375 字数:169千

1997年4月第1版 1997年4月第1次印刷

印数:1—8000

ISBN 7-5624-1369-X/H·108 定价:7.00元

前 言

职业高中、中专、技校英语课的培养目标应适应社会发展的需要,着重培养学生运用英语进行交际的能力,努力使基础知识转化为言语技能,使学生具备一定的听、说、读、写能力和接受外语职业技术教育的基础。为此,我们结合生活实际和学生今后使用英语的需要,在义务教育初中英语教材的基础上编写了这套教材。

这套教材由课本、同步训练组成,共 24 课,供职业高中、中专或技校一年级学生使用。各课由对话、课文、单词表、注释、练习等构成。

教学建议:

一、建议每周开设英语 3 课时,一学年 35 周,共 105 课时,每课用 4 课时完成。有条件的学校上完这本书以后,可在二年级开设专业英语。

二、本书的对话部分是教学重点,应采取听、说入手的办法,达到口头运用的目的,一般 1.5 课时完成。课文部分作为阅读课处理,不必精讲,在理解的基础上,讲练一些重点词语、句型等,可用 1.5 课时完成。课后的练习可结合对话、课文教学处理。同步练习可在课堂上完成一部分,课后学生自己处理一部分,用 1 课时完成。

三、本书涉及的语法大部分是巩固初中学过的知识,因此没有按语法体系编排,而是根据需要在各课练习中处理,少数新的语法现象,教师可先补充讲解,再让学生完成课后练习。

参加本套教材编写的有夏军、李青、冯永富、张艳玲、梁丽娟、周颖、戴鸿仪等。本书的编写得到了国家重点职业高中重庆市女子职业高级中学的大力支持和帮助,在本书付印之际,谨表示衷心的感谢。

本套教材在编写过程中还参考和引用了各种教材及读物,限于篇幅不一一注明,谨此向所引材料的作者表示衷心的感谢。

由于编者水平有限,本书存在的不妥之处,恳请广大英语教师在使用过程中批评和指正。

编 者

1996 年 11 月

Contents

Lesson One	1
Lesson Two	6
Lesson Three	10
Lesson Four	15
Lesson Five	21
Lesson Six	26
Lesson Seven	32
Lesson Eight	38
Lesson Nine	44
Lesson Ten	50
Lesson Eleven	57
Lesson Twelve	65
Lesson Thirteen	75
Lesson Fourteen	83
Lesson Fifteen	90
Lesson Sixteen	98
Lesson Seventeen	107
Lesson Eighteen	113
Lesson Nineteen	120
Lesson Twenty	126
Lesson Twenty-one	134
Lesson Twenty-two	143
Lesson Twenty-three	153
Lesson Twenty-four	162
Vocabulary	171

Lesson One

Dialogue

Good Night

- A: Good evening, John. .
B: Good evening, Mr. Brown.
A: How's everything with you?
B: Fine, thank you.
A: Have you been to Australia?
B: Yes, I have.
A: Would you like to have some coffee with me?
B: Sorry, I'm afraid I can't. I'm rather tired. I think I'll go right to bed.
A: Well, see you tomorrow.
B: Good night, Mr. Brown.
A: Good night, John.

Text

What I Do Every Day

Every day I get up at six o'clock in the morning. I wash my face, clean my teeth, and comb my hair. After that I have my breakfast. Before I go to work I help my mother mop the floor and get water for her. I go to work at 7 a. m. Smile is always on my face when I work. Customers like me very much. They often

praise me for my good service. My job is to give good service to the customers. I like my job.

I get home from work at 12. I have lunch at 12 : 30. I have a nap at noon. I work five days a week, and have weekends and public holidays off. I enjoy my job. I'm very happy every day. I have supper at 7 o'clock p.m. At 8 o'clock I take a bath. Sometimes I watch TV before I go to sleep. I go to bed at 10 : 30. But at weekend, I enjoy myself with my friends. We sing and dance together. Sometimes, we talk about our future, our job, and so on.

Useful Words and Expressions

everything[ˈevriθiŋ] pron. 事事, 每件事

Australia[ɒs'treɪljə] n. 澳大利亚

coffee['kɒfi] n. 咖啡

rather['rɑːðə] adv. 相当

tired[taɪəd] a. 疲倦的

right[raɪt] adv. 立刻

wash[wɒʃ] v. 洗

comb[kəʊm] n. 梳子 v. 梳理

customer['kʌstəmə] n. 顾客

service['sɜːvis] n. 服务

job[dʒɒb] n. 工作

nap[næp] n. 午睡

weekend['wi:kend] n. 周末

public['pʌblik] a. 公众的

enjoy[in'dʒɔɪ] n. 享受……乐趣

future['fjuːtʃə] n. 将来, 未来

Notes

1. How's everything with you? 一切都好吗?
2. Would you like to have some coffee with me? 你愿意和我喝咖啡吗?
3. My job is to give good service to the customers. 我的工作是为顾客提供优质的服务。
4. I work five days a week, and have weekends and public holidays off. 我一周工作五天,周末和节假日休息。

Exercises

I. Complete the following dialogue:

1. A: Good morning, Mr. Wang.

B: _____

A: How are you this morning, Mr. Wang?

B: _____

A: Fine, thanks.

2. A: Good evening, Mr. Smith.

B: _____

A: What are you going to do, Mr. Smith?

B: _____

A: Good-bye, see you tomorrow.

B: _____

II. Read the following passage:

1. A: Welcome to China, Mr. Brown.

B: Thank you, I have been looking forward to this trip. It was very good of you to invite me.

A: Oh, it's a pleasure for us to meet a friend who has done such good work in promoting our mutual trade.

B: It's very kind of you to say so, but nothing can really

be done without our close cooperation.

2. A: Excuse me, are you Miss Green?

B: Yes, I'm Mary Green.

A: Mary Green? But aren't you Susan Green?

B: No, I'm her sister.

A: Sorry, I'm looking for Susan.

B: Look. There she comes.

A: Thank you.

III. Choose the most appropriate answer:

1. How are you today, sir?

A. Fine, thank you. And you?

B. How are you?

C. Nice to meet you.

2. Excuse me, you must be professor Li?

A. Am I wanted on the phone?

B. And your name, please?

C. Yes. You want to know my name, eh?

3. Welcome to our hotel, sir.

A. What's your job?

B. Thank you.

C. Yes, I've never been here before.

4. Is this your first trip to Beijing?

A. I like the city very much.

B. I'll come some day again.

C. Yes. I've never been here before.

5. It's a nice day, isn't it?

A. Yes, it is.

B. What is the weather like here?

C. What lovely weather!

IV. Translate the following sentences into English:

1. 你为什么不骑自行车上公园？
2. 见到您我很高兴。
3. 我们的经理王先生要我来接您。
4. 星期六我一直在家里。
5. 第一节课什么时候开始？

Lesson Two

Dialogue

Asking the Way

A: Excuse me.

B: Yes?

A: Could you tell me how to get to the post office?

B: The post office is located on Jianxin Road, near the Jiangbei Department Store.

A: How long will it take?

B: About a quarter. But if you take bus No. 101, it'll only take you several minutes.

A: I'd like to go on foot. By the way, am I in the right direction?

B: Yes.

A: OK. Thanks a lot.

B: Not at all.

Text

Shopping

One day in the summer vacation, I went shopping with my mother.

There were too many shops and stores. Which one should we go into? Mother said the goods in the Chongqing Department Store were good in quality, and the service there was also nice. I

agreed.

We went to the "Clothes City" in the Chongqing Department Store. A girl attendant came up to us with a pleasant smile.

"Good afternoon. Can I help you?"

"We'd like to see some clothes."

"Sure. We have clothes for men, women and children. Which do you want?"

"For my daughter first," Mother said.

"Then I would suggest the pleated skirt. Do you like it, little sister?" she asked me.

"Let me try it on," I said. Then she helped me in it and I looked into the mirror.

"Oh, it's a little bigger. And I don't like the design."

"It doesn't matter. How about the waist coat with jeans?"

"That's just what I want, ... En, it fits me well."

"You look so energetic and also very smart."

"How much is it, please?"

"One hundred and five *yuan*".

"OK, We'll take it," Mother said.

Then mother bought a size 40 V-neck pullover, a T-shirt for father, and a pinstriped suit for herself.

On the way home, we felt very happy, because we had bought what we wanted. I was sure father would be happy, too.

Useful Words and Expressions

department [di'pɑ:t'mənt] n. (行政、商业机构中的) 部门
科, 系

store [stɔ:] n. 商店 v. 储藏

department store 百货公司

Vacation [və'keiʃən] n. 假日

agree[ə'gri:] vi. 同意
 attendant[ə'tendənt] n. 服务员
 pleated skirt 百褶裙
 mirror['mirə] n. 镜子 vt. 反射, 反映
 design[di'zain] vt. & n. 设计
 waist coat 马甲, 背心
 jeans[dʒi:nz] n. 牛仔裤
 energetic[enə'dʒetik] a. 精力充沛的, 充满活力的
 smart[sma:t] a. 漂亮, 潇洒, 聪明
 pullover['puləuvə] n. 套衫
 pinstriped['pinstraipt] a. 有线条的

Notes

1. ...the goods...were good in quality, and the service there was also nice. 质量上乘, 服务优良。

2. A girl attendant came up to us with a pleasant smile.
一名女服务员带着热情的微笑迎上来。

3. Then I suggest the pleated skirt. 那么我建议你选择百褶裙。

4. ...and I looked into the mirror.

to look into the mirror 照镜子

5. ...the waist coat with jeans. 马甲配牛仔裤

6. ...because we had bought what we wanted. 因为我们买到了我们想买的东西。

“What we wanted”是宾语从句, 是动词 bought 的宾语。

Exercises

I. Tell whether the following statements are true or false:

1. I went shopping with my mother in the winter vacation.

()

2. We went to the Chongqing Department Store to shop.

()

3. We bought some clothes and shoes. ()

4. We bought clothes only for myself. ()

5. We bought a pinstriped suit for father. ()

I. Put the following sentences in correct order and then retell the story:

1. On the way home, we felt very happy.

2. I tried on the pleated skirt and was not satisfied.

3. We bought the waist coat with jeans.

4. The girl attendant came to help us.

5. We went into the "Clothes City" in the Chongqing Department Store.

6. We bought some clothes for father and mother.

II. Complete the following dialogue according to the Chinese:

A: Excuse me. Can you tell me _____ (怎样到北京饭店)?

B: Go straight along the road. At the bus stop, _____
____ (乘 481 路公共汽车). Get off at the last stop. Then
walk on foot for a few minutes and you'll see a marvelous
building. That's it.

A: _____ (那将花多长时间)?

B: About one hour.

A: _____ (那真是太长了, 坐出租车去呢)?

B: Only half an hour.

A: I'll take a taxi, then. Thank you very much.

IV. Translate the following sentences into English:

在百货大楼, 妈妈给我买了一套马甲配牛仔褲, 给爸爸买了一件号码为 40 的 V 领套衫和一件 T 恤, 给她自己买了一件条纹衣服。我们买到了想买的东西, 所以特别高兴。

Lesson Three

Dialogue

Booking a Table

(C=clerk, G=guest)

C: Good morning. This is Shongshan Restaurant, May I help you?

G: Yes. I'd like to book a table for Tuesday, dinner time.

C: Yes, sir. How many people will there be?

G: Eight.

C: And what time will you be arriving?

G: About six, I think.

C: I'd like to confirm your reservation. A table for eight at 6 p. m. on Tuesday. May I know your name, please?

G: John Smith.

C: Thank you very much. We'll look forward to serving you.

G: Thank you. Good-bye.

C: Good-bye.

Text

Merry Christmas

Christmas is coming. Linda feels very excited because she is going home from Germany for Christmas.

She saw some big Christmas trees in the marketplace this morning, many people were buying them for their festival and the trees looked so pretty. But she knows none of them will be so beautiful as the one in her house. What an exciting moment it will be when all the candles are lighted in the sitting room on Christmas Eve! When Linda was a little girl, she always thought that was the most wonderful moment of all the year. When she sees it again this year, she will think the same again.

Linda's going to buy some presents for her Mom, Dad and her sister, Judy. She isn't going to tell them what their presents are, so it will be a surprise. When she goes home, Linda will help her mother to make an English pudding. The big pudding will look nice and taste delicious.

Linda is looking forward to her happy family reunion. She is sure that everyone is going to have a wonderful time.

Useful Words and Expressions

look forward to 期待, 盼望

merry['meri] a. 欢乐的, 愉快的

Christmas['krisməs] n. (基督教)圣诞节

marketplace['mɑ:kit'pleis] n. 市场

festival['festəvəl] n. 节日, 喜庆日

candle['kændl] n. 蜡烛

Eve[i:v] n. 前夕

present['preznt] n. 礼物

pudding['pudiŋ] n. 布丁(一种食物)

taste[teist] v. 尝味, 有……味

delicious[di'lifəs] a. 美味的

reunion[re'ju:njən] n. 重聚