

经湖南省中小学教材审定委员会审查通过 供 2006~2007 学年试用

自主训练 学会学习



ZIZHU XUNLIAN XUEHUI XUEXI

全日制普通高中

人教版

英语

第二册(上)

供二年一期用

《自主训练 学会学习》编写组 编



新世界出版社
NEW WORLD PRESS

图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

自主训练·学会学习. 高中二年级 / 《自主训练·学会学习》编写组编. —北京: 新世界出版社, 2006. 5

ISBN 7-80228-095-8

I. 自... II. 自... III. 课程—高中—教学参考资料 IV. G634

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字 (2006) 第 054771 号

自主训练 学会学习 高中英语 第二册 (上) (人教版)

作 者: 《自主训练 学会学习》编写组
责 任 编 辑: 梅逸
执 行 编 辑: 樊燕
出 版 发 行: 新世界出版社
社 址: 北京市西城区百万庄大街24号(100037)
总编室电话: +86 10 6899 6304 6832 6679 (传真)
印 刷: 湘潭人民印务有限公司
开 本: 787 × 1092 1/16
字 数: 1,454,000
印 张: 56.625
版 次: 2006 年 8 月第 1 版
印 次: 2006 年 8 月第 1 次印刷
书 号: ISBN 7-80228-095-8/G · 046
总 定 价: 70.65 元 (全九册)

新世界版图书 版权所有 侵权必究
新世界版图书 印装错误可随时退换

编辑说明

为了适应全国课程改革的需要，帮助同学们自主学习并逐步学会学习，我们遵照全日制普通高级中学各科教学大纲的要求，根据现行使用的高中各科教材的内容，组织多位富有高中教学经验的特级教师、高级教师和教研员编写了这套高中《自主训练 学会学习》，供高中同学使用。

在这套书的编写过程中，我们特别注意紧扣大纲，突出重点，解决难点，密切结合教学实际，面向全体普通高中同学，强调切合实用，以有助于提高学习能力。同时，我们注意充分发挥同学们学习的积极性、主动性和创造性，通过自主学习、自主训练，逐步树立科学的学习思想，掌握常用的学习方法，养成良好的学习习惯，培养创新精神和实践能力，从而真正掌握学习与发展的主动权。

这套书包括思想政治、语文、数学、英语、物理、化学、生物、历史、地理等九科，与高中各科教材配套、同步。单册供上学期使用，双册供下学期使用。其中物理、化学，供一学年使用。训练内容涵盖相关每课或每章的有关知识，使学生练习后达到掌握知识，提高能力的目的。

本书的编写目标明确，题目精当，难易适中。逐课安排了练习，一课一练或一章一练，留有答题的版面。题型选择以高考题型为主，会考题型为辅。每门课程之后有期中、期末测试卷各一套。各册均附有参考答案，供老师及家长辅导时参考。

我们的宗旨是：为广大高中同学提供一套高质量的学习用书，让同学们牢固掌握知识，学会学习，学以致用，成就自我。

正由于该套书具有以上特色和优势，因此深受同学们的青睐。现经湖南省中小学教材审定委员会审查通过，全书更臻完善。

我们竭诚希望使用本书的老师和同学们，将使用中的意见告诉我们，以便进一步修订充实，使这套书常出常新。

E-mail: xsj6506@163.com

编者
2006年8月

目 录

Unit 1	Making a difference	1
Unit 2	News media	5
Unit 3	Art and architecture	9
Unit 4	A garden of poems	13
Unit 5	The British Isles	17
期中测试卷		21
Unit 6	Life in the future	32
Unit 7	Living with disease	36
Unit 8	First aid	40
Unit 9	Saving the earth	44
Unit 10	Frightening nature	48
期末测试卷		52
附:参考答案		

Unit 1 Making a difference

I. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确的答语补全对话。

- () 1. A. He was very healthy. B. He must give up smoking.
C. He had an incurable disease.
- () 2. A. Yes, he did. B. No, he didn't.
C. He did not go on working any more.
- () 3. A. In the late 1970s. B. In the early 1980s. C. In the early 1970s.
- () 4. A. It is the result of the scientific method. B. It is a difficult problem.
C. It is a kind of art.
- () 5. A. A book. B. Practice. C. A model.

II. 根据你所听到的对话,选择最佳答案回答问题。

- () 6. How is the man going home?
A. By train. B. By plane. C. By ship.
- () 7. Why is the woman complaining about the noise?
A. Because she is sleeping. B. Because she is reading.
C. Because she is writing.
- () 8. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. At the beach. B. In the post office. C. On a bus.
- () 9. What are they doing?
A. They are doing some shopping. B. They are watching TV.
C. They are driving a car.
- () 10. Where is the man?
A. At a post office. B. In a shop. C. At the dentist's.

III. 单项填空 从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- () 11. We were all surprised when he made it clear that he _____ office soon.
A. leaves B. would leave C. left D. had left
- () 12. I'll look into the matter as soon as possible. Just have a little _____.
A. wait B. time C. patience D. rest
- () 13. Now you've come to the point _____ a change is needed, or you'll fail.
A. when B. where C. which D. that
- () 14. I didn't expect the weather would be _____.
A. such hot B. that hot C. that hotter D. so hotter
- () 15. The young lady _____ the painter after she had _____ him for 3 years.
A. married; engaged B. be married; he engaged
C. married; been engaged to D. as married to; engaged to
- () 16. —I think you should phone Jenny and say sorry to her.
—_____. It was her fault.
A. No way B. No possible C. No chance D. Not at all

- () 17. What he said _____ a good idea.
A. sound like B. sounds C. likes D. sounds like
- () 18. The teacher asked us _____ so much noise.
A. don't make B. not make C. not making D. not to make
- () 19. It is not known _____ written language came into being.
A. that B. which C. when D. who
- () 20. Do you let your mother know all the truth? She appears _____ everything.
A. to tell B. to be told
C. to ha telling D. to have been told

IV. 单词拼写 根据所给单词的首字母或中文意思,在句子右边的横线上,写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。

21. Can you i _____ walking in a desert on a very hot day?
22. The children are s _____ a good camping place.
23. But anyhow they are e _____ to be married.
24. They have d _____ (争论) new laws for three hours.
25. We o _____ (观察) the storm and wrote a report on it.

V. 完形填空 通读下面短文,掌握其大意,选择正确的答案完成短文。

When I was six, I went to a local grade school. In the grade school, I was 26 the other children because of my speech and reading 27. All the children would shout, "You are a dummy; you are a dummy." and so on. I thought they were 28 because all my grades showed it. I had no self-confidence. Through the first five years of grade school, I was small and very clumsy(笨拙的). I would 29 cups and trays in the café, and sometimes 30 myself and fall onto the floor when I walked. In sixth grade, I became interested in 31. The class had its annual field day. Each class would have its own teams 32 against each other. I went out for all of the 33. I was not the best 34 I was not bad. The thing thet I could do was run and run fast. This 35 the other children because I was so clumsy, and then 36 a lot more name-calling from the children. When somebody else won a race, the children told how 37 he was. When I won, they called me 38. I did not know why they were doing this. I think thet it was unfair, and it 39 me.

Between seventh and eighth grade, I started to 40. In three months, I grew seven inches. At the start of eighth grade, I began to play football. I was much bigger than everybody else. I was 41 than most of the backs we played against. The other team would not 42 the ball towards me, so I just ran them 43. It was the first time in my life that I was really good at something and 44 it. It was a new feeling of 45.

- () 26. A. above B. before C. behind D. among
- () 27. A. material B. questions C. skills D. problems
- () 28. A. right B. smart C. rude D. foolish
- () 29. A. clean B. drop C. collect D. serve
- () 30. A. trip B. help C. enjoy D. injure
- () 31. A. studies B. sports C. books D. talks
- () 32. A. stand B. fight C. quarrel D. compete

- ()33. A. teams B. subjects C. tests D. aims
 ()34. A. because B. if C. but D. and
 ()35. A. interested B. shocked C. delighted D. disappointed
 ()36. A. happened B. continued C. made D. came
 ()37. A. famous B. good C. happy D. stupid
 ()38. A. names B. numbers C. classmates D. leaders
 ()39. A. frightened B. ashamed C. hurt D. worried
 ()40. A. progress B. change C. grow D. play
 ()41. A. faster B. taller C. cleverer D. harder
 ()42. A. push B. run C. hand D. pass
 ()43. A. back B. down C. off D. away
 ()44. A. judged B. recognized C. decided D. knew
 ()45. A. courage B. sadness C. pride D. regret

VI. 词组专练 根据句意选择短语, 并用其适当形式填空。

make a difference	be similar to
what if	go by
turn out to be	
work on	be engaged in
use up	
seek for	be curious about

46. Your views on education _____ mine.
 47. Mr Baker is busy these days _____ a new book on how to develop a child's reading skill.
 48. Time _____ quickly. Three years had passed before I realized it.
 49. The old lady _____ making clothes for her neighbor's children.
 50. Children _____ naturally _____ everything around them.
 51. The oil _____ after the long and hard trip. They had to get off the car and walk.
 52. The shoe was discovered on the Chilkoot Pass, the famous trail used by people _____ gold in Alaska.
 53. _____ we move the picture over there? Do you think it will look better?
 54. Keep on practicing and you will _____ a good writer.
 55. They are now in great need of help. So your support will certainly _____.

VII. 句型专练 完成 B 句, 使其与 A 句意思相同或相近。(每空一词)

56. A. There did not seem much point in working on my PhD.
 B. It seemed that _____ was _____ working on my PhD.
 57. A. The trouble is that it gives me an American accent.
 B. _____ me is that it gives me an American accent.
 58. A. The doctor told her that she had an incurable disease.
 B. The doctor told her that she suffered a disease which _____ not _____.
 59. A. Did everybody think the earth was the center of the universe at that time?
 B. _____ at that time _____ everybody _____ the earth was the center of the universe?

60. A. The blacks rose up because of the inequality in society.
 B. _____ because of the inequality in society _____ the blacks rose up.
61. A. The girl was so young that she didn't understand the whole story.
 B. The girl was _____ young _____ the whole story.
62. A. We can get to Ellis Island only by boat.
 B. Only by boat _____ get to Ellis Island.
63. A. We should take more exercise so as not to get infected by some diseases.
 B. _____ get infected by some diseases, we should take more exercise.
64. A. We can hope to reach our goals and truly make a difference by discovering what we do best.
 B. _____ by discovering what we do best _____ hope to reach our goals and truly make a difference.
65. A. What do you think of going out for a walk after dinner?
 B. _____ going out for a walk after dinner?

Ⅶ. 短文改错。

I often read English aloud and trying to learn something important in heart. It helps me remember what I have learned and form good habit of thinking in English. I listen a lot and communicate with the others in English. In this way, I improved both my listening ability and my speaking English. I keep a diary in English every day and my written English is becoming better and better. I also try my best master the necessary grammar knowledge. By this means, I can express me correctly. That's why I have been learning English.

66. _____
 67. _____
 68. _____
 69. _____
 70. _____
 71. _____
 72. _____
 73. _____
 74. _____
 75. _____

Unit 2 News media

I. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确的答语补全对话。

- () 1. A. To keep the newspaper balanced and interesting to the readers.
B. To sell well.
C. To tell the reader more about the paper.
- () 2. A. By using the modern machines.
B. By contacting the people to be interviewed and then prepares questions.
C. By going to many places round the town.
- () 3. A. I don't think we should choose the expensive TV set.
B. I often give him my advice.
C. Yes, let's go on.
- () 4. A. Yes, of course. B. I'm interested in Science.
C. The famous people in the world.
- () 5. A. I would like to listen to you. B. I often do that with them.
C. No. I'm going to do that this afternoon.

II. 根据你所听到的对话,选择最佳答案回答问题。

- () 6. With whom is the woman going to New York?
A. John. B. Joan. C. Jane.
- () 7. What do we learn from the conversation?
A. Both physics and chemistry are difficult.
B. Only physics is hard.
C. Physics is more difficult than chemistry.
- () 8. Where did this conversation probably take place?
A. At a garage. B. At a car shop.
C. At a car factory.
- () 9. How much does one shirt cost?
A. One costs 15 dollars. B. One costs 10 dollars.
C. One costs 25 dollars.
- () 10. Why was John in the hospital?
A. His wife was ill. B. His wife just had a baby.
C. He was visiting his daughter.

III. 单项填空 从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- () 11. As students, you mustn't be addicted to surfing the Internet.
A. addicting to B. addicted in
C. addict to D. addicted to
- () 12. He would take the slowest train rather than go by air.
A. rather than go B. rather than go
C. rather go D. or rather go

kitchen. Mr Richards was the 28 of the conversation. The old man lived three doors 29. Janice had seen him now and again, 30 he was walking with his dog. The dog looks as old as 31 — grey, slow and a bit breathless, 32 of them. Mrs Richards had always left the 33 to her husband. She had been ill for years and Janice had not seen her since she went to her present 34. Old Mr Richard had 35 to do with neighbors. He greeted Janice when their paths crossed, but never stopped to chat. He 36 walked far, just down to the shop and back, only a few hundred yards, 37 it took the old man half an hour. He was a bit lame and could not walk far.

“That was Meg,” said her mother, putting the 38 down. “She wants to know if you could help Mr Richards.” Meg Cartright had helped 39 regularly with their shopping and some of the housework.

“I thought she was 40 that,” answered Janice.

“She always does. At least, she was while...” Janice’s mother looked unhappy. 41 had died the week before.

“Meg’s ill herself, Jan,” she said. “She can’t do anything for anybody, 42 not for some time.”

“Oh,” said Janice. Her 43 was elsewhere. She was thinking about something at school that morning. One of the girls in her class had made fun of her 44 and Janice could not laugh it off, because she thought her hair did look 45.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| () 26. A. poor | B. happy | C. unpleasant | D. angry |
| () 27. A. live | B. help out | C. talk to | D. comfort |
| () 28. A. organizer | B. title | C. subject | D. object |
| () 29. A. away | B. apart | C. far | D. under |
| () 30. A. especially | B. whenever | C. anytime | D. usually when |
| () 31. A. the others | B. its owner | C. its father | D. anyone else |
| () 32. A. neither | B. both | C. all | D. one |
| () 33. A. feeding | B. house | C. job | D. cleaning |
| () 34. A. house | B. work | C. school | D. company |
| () 35. A. something | B. much | C. anything | D. little |
| () 36. A. sometimes | B. usually | C. always | D. never |
| () 37. A. but | B. and | C. however | D. though |
| () 38. A. dishes | B. phone | C. cooker | D. pan |
| () 39. A. the old man | B. the old couple | C. the children | D. the old lady |
| () 40. A. considering | B. expecting | C. asking | D. doing |
| () 41. A. Mr Richards | B. The dog | C. Mrs Cartright | D. Mrs Richards |
| () 42. A. above all | B. at most | C. at least | D. at last |
| () 43. A. worry | B. mind | C. head | D. idea |
| () 44. A. handwriting | B. teaching | C. clothes | D. hair |
| () 45. A. untidy | B. unhealthy | C. nice | D. well |

VI. 词组专练 根据中文提示写出所缺短语, 使句意完整。

46. This matter is of great importance, because it _____ (与……有关联) the safety of our country.

47. They always keep the rules of our school, but _____ (就这一次) they were late for school.
48. If you form the habit of drinking, you'll _____ (对……上瘾) it.
49. We were surrounded _____ (在各方面) by a wall of flames.
50. I don't look down upon the poor girl. On the contrary, I _____ (尊敬) her very much.
51. You should _____ (注意) the correct spelling of the word.
52. Could you tell me when you _____ (爱上) her?
53. Once you have made your decision, you cannot _____ (改变主意).
54. Her pale face suggests that she is _____ (遭受……痛苦) serious illness. I can't help feeling sorry for her.
55. Excuse me, can you tell me the way _____ (通向) the station?

Ⅵ. 语法专练 使用 that, which, what, how, when, why or whether 填空。

56. _____ he is ready to help others is well-known.
57. _____ he will attend the meeting is not decided.
58. _____ team will win the match is still unknown.
59. _____ we need is your help.
60. _____ he became a famous musician is known to all.
61. It's a pity _____ she has made such a mistake.
62. That is _____ I didn't attend the meeting.
63. They are just _____ I'm looking for.
64. The possibility _____ the majority of the labor force will work at home is often discussed.
65. I have no idea _____ he will be back.

Ⅶ. 书面表达。

假定你叫张平,寒假欲赴美国。你写信告诉你的美国朋友 Smith 关于你的行期及航班,嘱咐你到洛杉矶机场接你。

行期:2月2日 10:30am

航班:NW 1805

第一站: Detroit, 停留 3 小时

终点站: Los Angeles Airport

总行程: 约 18 小时

注意: 信的开头已给出, 内容可以适当增减。词数 100 左右。

Jan. 20th

Dear Smith,

...

Unit 3 Art and architecture

I. 根据你所听到的内容,选择正确的答语补全对话。

- () 1. A. Yes, I do.
B. I prefer to live in the country where I can enjoy fresh air and quietness.
C. No, certainly not.
- () 2. A. They are earth, stone, brick, wood and so on.
B. There are a lot of materials to be used.
C. I am interested in them, too.
- () 3. A. I don't want to trouble you so much. I must leave at once.
B. Do you come from the USA?
C. I'm sorry, but I can't do that.
- () 4. A. He heard someone calling his name.
B. He always does things like that.
C. I'm sure he will come soon.
- () 5. A. It stands at the foot of a mountain.
B. It has many halls and workshops of different sizes.
C. It's too old to be used.

II. 根据你所听到的对话,选择最佳答案回答问题。

- () 6. What's the probable relationship between the two speakers?
A. Patient-Doctor. B. Waitress-Customer. C. Wife-Husband.
- () 7. What conclusion does the woman want us to make from her statement?
A. The man is too tired to go to the movie.
B. The woman wants to go to the movie.
C. The woman does not want to go to the movie.
- () 8. How much earlier does the man want to leave?
A. 50 minutes. B. 15 minutes. C. 5 minutes.
- () 9. What is the relationship between the two speakers?
A. They are girl friend and boy friend. B. They are lovers.
C. They are husband and wife.
- () 10. What does the man prefer to do?
A. Take care of the kids. B. Cut the lawn.
C. Do things alone.

III. 单项填空 从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- () 11. —How do you find the book?
—_____.
A. Interesting B. I want to buy it
C. I like it D. I can read it
- () 12. —I'd like to invite you to dinner this Saturday, Mrs. Smith.

families might use the time for a real family hour. They might 28 together after dinner and actually talk to one another. It is well known that many of our 29 —everything in fact, from the generation gap to the high divorce rate to some forms of 30 illness—are caused at least in part by 31 to communicate. By using the quiet family hour to 32 our problems, we might get to know each other better.

On evenings when such talk is 33, families could rediscover more active pastimes. Freed from TV, forced to find their own activities, they might take a 34 together to watch the sunset 35 they might take a walk together. 36 free time and no TV, children and adults might rediscover reading. There is more entertainment in 37 than in a TV program. 38 report that the generation growing up with television can hardly write an English sentence, 39 at the college level. 40 is often learned from reading. A more literate new generation could be a product of the quiet hour.

A different 41 of reading might also be done as it was in the past: reading aloud. The quiet hour could become the story hour. When the 42 ends, the TV networks might be forced to 43 with better shows in order to get us back from our newly discovered activities.

At first glance, this idea seems radical(激进的). How will we spend the time then? The fact is: it has been only twenty-five years 44 television came to control American free time. Those of us thirty-five and older can 45 childhoods without television. It wasn't that difficult.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| () 26. A. valuable | B. pleasant | C. quick | D. serious |
| () 27. A. advice | B. suggestion | C. opinion | D. offer |
| () 28. A. get around | B. stand still | C. meet | D. sit around |
| () 29. A. problems | B. trouble | C. affairs | D. misfortune |
| () 30. A. physical | B. common | C. mental | D. familiar |
| () 31. A. attempt | B. failure | C. ability | D. permission |
| () 32. A. discuss | B. talk | C. make sure | D. see to |
| () 33. A. impossible | B. unnecessary | C. funny | D. unpleasant |
| () 34. A. walk | B. look | C. ride | D. rest |
| () 35. A. and | B. or | C. but | D. while |
| () 36. A. At | B. In | C. For | D. With |
| () 37. A. a fine poem | B. a good book | C. a quiet hour | D. a composition |
| () 38. A. Professors | B. Scientists | C. Parents | D. Educators |
| () 39. A. yet | B. still | C. even | D. just |
| () 40. A. Writing | B. Skill | C. Speaking | D. Listening |
| () 41. A. form | B. kind | C. method | D. step |
| () 42. A. reading | B. quiet hour | C. activities | D. programme |
| () 43. A. come across | B. come about | C. come up | D. broadcast |
| () 44. A. before | B. since | C. until | D. after |
| () 45. A. remind | B. remember | C. recognize | D. know |

VI. 读下列句子, 根据语境推断 present 的含义。

46. Were you present when the news was announced? _____
47. You can't use it in the present condition. _____

48. Historical romances offer an escape from the present. _____
49. This book was a present from my brother. _____
50. They presented a sum of money to the college in memory of their son. _____
51. May I present my new assistant to you? _____
52. She presented her case to the committee. _____
53. This job presents many difficulties to the new recruit. _____
54. The National Theatre presents a new production of *Hamlet*. _____

VII. 句型专练 完成 B 句,使其与 A 句意思相同或相近。(每空一词)

55. A. My computer doesn't work. I will have someone repair it this afternoon.
B. My computer doesn't work. I will _____ this afternoon.
56. A. If it is seen from space, the earth looks like a blue ball.
B. _____ from space, the earth looks like a blue ball.
57. A. He came to the lecture though he was ill.
B. He came to the lecture _____.
58. A. I prefer living in a modern flat to living in a traditional house.
B. I _____ live in a modern flat _____ live in a traditional house.
59. A. The house, whose windows and doors are broken, looks old and shabby.
B. The house, _____ windows and doors _____, looks old and shabby.

VIII. 书面表达。

为了更好地宣传德阳市,市政府决定在《21st Century》上刊登一篇介绍该市三星堆博物馆的文章。请你就以下内容拟写一篇英语短文。

三星堆博物馆位于成都平原中心,是四川省重要的旅游景点之一。三星堆悠久的历史可追溯到青铜器时代。博物馆的馆藏丰富、精美,有许多青铜器,其中最著名的有青铜面具、金杖等。许多青铜器到过许多地方展出,引起了世界各国人民的关注和兴趣。每年有成千上万的人到三星堆博物馆参观。今年中国和埃及共同发行了一套纪念邮票。

生词:青铜 bronze 面具 mask 金杖 gold baton 纪念邮票 commemorative stamps

Unit 4 A garden of poems

I. 根据你所听到的内容, 选择正确的答语补全对话。

- () 1. A. I love Li Bai best.
B. I'm starting my work tomorrow.
C. There were a lot of good poems during the century.
- () 2. A. I'm starting my work the day after tomorrow.
B. I think Shakespeare was.
C. I am going to stay at the Hyde Park Hotel.
- () 3. A. They were interested in them.
B. Between 1910 and the late 1930s.
C. There were some good poets in China at that time.
- () 4. A. No. He was only a translator.
B. He is respected by the Chinese people.
C. Yes, he was. He was also a good translator.
- () 5. A. I like to read poems when I feel sad.
B. I usually write poems when I feel happy.
C. I started to read poems when I was young.

II. 根据你所听到的对话, 选择最佳答案回答问题。

- () 6. What does the woman mean?
A. She knows it. B. She is not sure.
C. She has a dictionary.
- () 7. What is the woman?
A. She is a tailor. B. She is a customer.
C. She is a shop assistant.
- () 8. What's the probable relationship between the man and the woman?
A. Husband and wife. B. Father and daughter.
C. Doctor and patient.
- () 9. Where are the two speakers?
A. In a hotel. B. At a dinner table. C. In the street.
- () 10. What did the woman want to borrow?
A. The man's notes. B. A book. C. A box.

III. 单项填空 从 A、B、C、D 中选出可以填入空白处的正确答案。

- () 11. What you said just now _____ me of that American professor.
A. mentioned B. informed C. reminded D. memorized
- () 12. With the development of socialist construction, our country will _____ more and more advanced technology and management from abroad.
A. lead B. bring C. introduce D. result
- () 13. I have no choice but _____ home at once.