

THOMSON



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汤姆森语言教学系列丛书

汤姆森英语词汇 进阶训练

Start Building
Your Vocabulary

初 级

编 著 John Flower

翻 译 卢小萍

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北京语言大学出版社

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Chapter One

Start Building Your Vocabulary

开始建立你的词汇库

1. 单词是学习中最重要的一项内容

英语是世界上词汇量最大的一种语言。语法固然重要,但词汇更重要。

2. 课堂上没有充足的时间学习大量的词汇

课堂上老师要完成许多不同的教学任务,你要想得到提高,就必须靠自己,在家里、在公共汽车上、在看电视时,在任何地方学习单词!

3. 拥有一个单词本

在单词本上记下所学的生词与短语,并且要合理排列,以便查看。

4. 本章内容非常重要

先学习本章的内容,书中的建议将会使你的学习更上一层楼。

1.1 How to use this book 如何使用本书

1. 在进入各单元之前先学习本章的全部内容。
2. 学完第1章后再从各章中挑着学,比如,先做2.1的练习,接着跳到3.1,再跳到4.1——这样学起来会更有意思。
3. 为了便于更好地学习词汇,你还需要两本书:
一本好字典
一个单词本
4. 每天都把你认为重要的词语记在单词本里。

1.2 Some important words 一些重要的单词

本书的前几章中使用了下面左栏中的这些单词,将这些单词与右栏中相应的词或短语对应起来,并将答案写在方格里。

- | | |
|---------------------|--|
| 1. verb | a. I'll meet you at the corner. |
| 2. noun | b. We've got a cat . |
| 3. pronunciation | c. I never eat meat. |
| 4. phonetic symbols | d. It's as easy as ABC . |
| 5. phrase | e. We only have a small car. |
| 6. adjective | f. The sound of a word. |
| 7. preposition | g. nation = ['neɪʃən] |
| 8. phrasal verb | h. It's late! Hurry up! |
| 9. capital letters | i. We leave in the morning . |

1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9	
---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--	---	--

1.3 Find the right word 找出恰当的词

从字典里找到下面这些单词。哪两个单词可用于谈论乘坐公共汽车这一话题?

answer catch example fare vowel

1.4 Word partnerships 词的搭配

查字典时一定要看所查单词的例句,并注意哪些单词常与它搭配使用。

将左栏中的动词与右栏中的名词进行搭配。每个单词只能使用一次。按照范例将这些搭配写下来。

- | | | |
|----------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. speak | a bath | <i>speak English</i> |
| 2. do | a bike | |
| 3. have | a bus | |
| 4. make | English | |
| 5. play | TV | |
| 6. ride | your homework | |
| 7. catch | a mistake | |
| 8. watch | golf | |

现在用上面的部分答案来完成下列句子。

9. You can from the stop outside the station.
10. Does Eva ? — She only knows a few words.
11. What's your favourite sport? — I often but I prefer football.
12. Do you very much? — Not really. Most of the programmes are so stupid!

1.5 Word families 词族

查字典时看看能否从所查的单词派生出其他单词来。如:

information → inform use → useful → useless

用句子后面的单词的适当形式完成句子。

1. I like it here. Everybody's so *friendly*. (FRIEND)
2. If the sea is too cold, you can use the pool. (SWIM)
3. Don't walk on the road! It's very ! (DANGER)
4. On her wall she has a copy of a by Dali. (PAINT)
5. Have you got any about your English classes? (INFORM)
6. I don't want to go out. It's so cold and ! (WIND)

1.6 Pronunciation 发音

字典使用音标来标注单词的发音。如果你掌握了这些音标,你就能掌握单词的发音。

在下面的练习中字母“o”有三种发音。请根据“o”的发音将单词写在正确的栏中。

brother	close	come	copy	front	go
home	hot	job	long	love	money
most	often	one	open	show	stop

1. /ʌ/	2. /ɒ/	3. /əʊ/
.....one.....	hot.....	go.....
.....		
.....		
.....		
.....		
.....		

1.7 Words in sentences 句子中的词

当你想把一个生词记在单词本上时,应该将这个生词连同句子一起记下来。这种方法有助于你理解并记住这个单词。

将下列单词填入适当的位置,并添加其他任何有用的信息,比如,单词的译文等。

artist	delicious	department store	give up	hurry
of course	out of order	recommend	shampoo	terrible

1. ...*hurry*... = **go quickly**
I must ...*hurry*... or I'll be late for work.
2. = **good to eat**
Can I have some more, please? This is
3. = **somebody who paints pictures**
Salvador Dali is Helen's favourite
4. = **Certainly/Yes**
Can I have something to drink? you can.
5. = **stop**
You must smoking! You know it's bad for you!
6. = **big shop selling many different things**
You can buy almost anything you want in this
7. = **very bad**
The weather is ! It's very cold and wet.
8. = **not working**
I can't use the phone. It's
9. = **tell someone that something is good**
I don't know any good restaurants. Can you one?
10. = **a liquid for washing your hair**
This new washes my hair much better.

1.8 Words from texts 篇章中的词

看完一篇英语文章后,应回过头来再看看有哪些有用的单词与短语。不要只找出孤零零的单词,而是要注意这些单词与其他词是如何搭配的。

阅读下面的故事,把你认为有用的词用下划线标出来。

A Traveller's Story

I hate flying. It's the worst way to travel. First of all, your plane leaves at 10 o'clock in the morning. Fine. But you have to be there at 8. You live 50 miles from the airport. So, you leave home at 6. That means getting up at 5. Crazy!

You don't want to be late, so you take a taxi. The trains are terrible, but the traffic is awful! You sit in a traffic jam for 45 minutes. Are you going to miss your plane?

No. You arrive just in time. But now you stand in a queue at the check-in for another half an hour. In front of you is a noisy family of eight and an elderly couple who can't find their passports. Then you stand in another queue at passport control for 15 minutes. You are not happy!

Finally, you go through passport control. You have exactly 8 minutes to buy something from the duty-free shop before it's time to board the plane. Then you have a long journey in front of you. The seats are very small. The person sitting next to you is very fat. He wants to tell you his life story...

That's what normally happens. But yesterday it was different. Yesterday the person sitting next to me on the plane was a tall thin man with long black hair and dark glasses. He didn't say a word to me for over an hour. When the flight attendant brought drinks, he refused. When she brought lunch, he refused again.

Suddenly, the man stood up. He took something out of his travel bag. It was a gun. People started to scream. The flight attendant came over to us.

"Can I help you, sir?" she asked.

"Take me to Havana or I'll blow the plane up!"

The flight attendant smiled.

"Please sit down, sir. Havana's where we're going. Now, what would you like to drink?"

Exercise

从短文中找出下面的词组,并填入缺少的单词。

1. Noun + Noun 名词+名词

traffic jam control attendant bag

2. Verb + Noun 动词+名词

..... home a taxi your plane the plane

3. Verb + Preposition + Noun 动词+介词+名词

You stand a queue.

You go passport control.

You buy something the duty-free shop.

4. Time Expressions 时间用语

Your plane leaves 10 o'clock. the morning.

You sit in a traffic jam 45 minutes.

5. Common Adjectives 常用形容词

a tall thin with long black and dark
.....

6. Phrasal Verbs 短语动词

You leave home at 6. That means getting at 5!

Suddenly, the man stood

"Take me to Havana or I'll blow the plane !"

7. Useful Expressions 日常用语

"..... I help you?"

"Please sit"

"What would you to drink?"

8. 你能找出更多有用的单词和用语吗? 请把它们写下来。

.....

.....

.....

1.9 Words from pictures 看图记单词

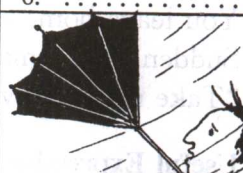
使用图片有助于单词的记忆。本书的一些练习中使用了图片,你也可以利用杂志上的图片或自己画的图画来建立自己的图片字典。画得不好也不要紧。

将下列 12 个短语填入相应的图片下方。

short and fat
old and poor
nice and sunny
rich and famous

tall and thin
young and happy
tired and dirty
hot and angry

thin and bald
wet and windy
tired and sleepy
nice and tasty

		
1.	2.	3.
		
4.	5.	6.
		
7.	8.	9.
		
10.	11.	12.

Chapter Two

Word Groups 词群

1. 按词群来学习单词

英语的单词成千上万,试试按词群来学习单词。如:

服装类单词

工作类单词

爱好类单词

2. 在单词本中按词群列出单词

本章要求你开始按词群来记单词。如果你愿意,还可以注出每个单词的译文。

2.1 Furniture, family, colours, music
家具、家庭、颜色、音乐

一种学习词汇的方法是想出一个话题,将你所掌握的与这个话题相关的单词列下来。每碰到生词,就把它加到相应话题的单词表中。

下面是有关四个不同话题的单词。请将词语分别填入相应的列表中,并在每列的首行写出各自的话题。

armchair	concert	opera singer	stool
bed	cousin	parents	table
brother-in-law	drums	play a tune	uncle
black	grandson	pop song	violin
blue	green	red	white
chair	nephew	sofa	yellow

1.	2. ... <i>family</i> ...	3.	4.
<i>armchair</i>	<i>brother-in-law</i>	<i>black</i>	<i>concert</i>

你能想出更多的词语添加到此表中吗?

2.2	Sport, drinks, clothes, weather 运动、饮料、服装、天气
-----	--

将下列单词分别填入四个列表中,并在每列的首行写出各自的话题。

baseball team	heavy rain	pair of socks	sunny
bottle of wine	lemonade	pair of trousers	sunshine
blouse	long skirt	play volleyball	tennis court
cup of coffee	temperature	referee	warm coat
football stadium	mineral water	shower	win the match
glass of milk	orange juice	smart suit	windy

1.	2.	3.	4.
<i>baseball team</i>	<i>bottle of wine</i>	<i>blouse</i>	<i>heavy rain</i>

你能想出更多的词语添加到此表中吗?