

人教版

黄冈重点中学 作业本

总主编 傅全安（黄冈中学高级教师）



英语

高二上册

教师的习题库 学生的训练场

中央民族大学出版社

黄冈重点中学作业本

高二英语(上册)

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- ▶ 温故知新
- ▶ 课内作业
- ▶ 课外作业
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《黄冈重点中学名师解读》

本套丛书依据教育部教改的最新精神立足科学体系,着眼思维整合,充分体现了探索性学习的精神。丛书的讲占70%,练占30%充分体现了“解读”特色。

丛书与最新教材同步配套,敏锐反映最新课改动态,是一套集教材、教参、练习册为一体的综合性学习指导丛书。对教材知识点进行全方位解读,为学生呈现课内课外多种教学资源,对学科知识进行多角度分析和讲解,为广大学生提供切实必要的知识储备。

丛书通过立体版式和动态栏目对课程内容进行全面剖析,优化学习方法,提高学习效率。运用立体版式实现对知识点、典型例题、实际应用和理论提升的多角度解析,一次性地将理论、方法、思维方式的总结和提升全方位多层次地呈现给读者。运用动态栏目区分学科特点,帮助学生构建学科思维能力。



五大特点 彰显特色

完全同步 严格依据教材章节顺序,逐字、逐句、逐段、逐个知识点全面讲解教材知识;与教师授课进度同步,与学生学习节奏同步,与中学测试考试同步。

教材全解 通过对教材点的聚焦,面的展开,既高层建构,又深入浅出,全面实现教材知识间的左右贯通,前后纵横。其重点主要体现在:对教材线索脉络的梳理,对知识概念的梳理,对知识概念的阐释与运用,对知识间内涵本质的挖掘与联系;对各学科学习方法的培养和引导。

创新性强 突出学生自主学习,注重情景构建;关注社会热点、时代话题、科技前沿。联系教材,设疑激趣,引导学生在情景中感悟新问题,引发新思路;在探究中获取新知识,掌握新方法使学习成为一种乐趣!

实用性强 栏目设置、知识讲解,题目编排循序渐进,由浅入深,寓高考于平时!

权威性强 各科均由国家级、省级骨干教师领衔主笔,强强联手,精英荟萃。名师对教材内在精神领会深,重难点把握准,讲解细致深入,指导针对性强。



《黄冈重点中学高考总复习》(第一轮)

本套总复习以考点聚焦、考点预测、名师诠释考点、名师点悟名题、名题基础演练、名题强化闯关等体例形式,按照学科比重及学生实际承受的时间合理编写而成。

三大特点 彰显特色

- 一、通过学习本套丛书广大的学生能深入理解考纲、考点,
- 二、《黄冈重点中学高考总复习》使用全面、系统、科学的编制方法,能紧密贴近高考试题;
- 三、通过举一反三、分层演练、解析的方式为学生全面深刻剖析考点。

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前 言

大江东去,吟唱出“古有东坡赤壁,今有黄冈中学”的雄伟乐章。黄冈这块曾孕育了李时珍、董必武、李四光、闻一多等历史名人的神奇土地以其深厚的文化底蕴,在全国教学改革的潮流中,激流勇进,成绩卓著,尤其在国际奥林匹克竞赛中成绩骄人,“以惊涛拍岸,卷起千堆雪”的气势创造了被新闻媒体称之为“黄冈神话”的奇迹。为解密“黄冈神话”,推广百年名校的教改经验,我们组织了在岗的几十位特、高绩教师,结合多年的教学实践和学科特点,参照最新教学大纲将高中各科课程,运用各位老师的学术认识和教学经验透析知识的重点、难点、疑点通过精讲点拨,三步一回首,及时提醒和帮助学生总结所学的知识并形成理论认识,以温故知新、课内作业、课外作业、考题精选、综合测试、期中测试、期末测试等体例形式,按照学科比重及学生实际承受的时间合理配比研制编写出《黄冈重点中学作业本》。这种学习模式是黄冈市重点中学首次运用新教材进行教学与复习相结合的最新尝试,是“黄冈神话”的精髓。《黄冈重点中学作业本》系列丛书有如下特点:

导向明确、可操作性强

这套丛书以人教社新教材修订本为蓝本,按历年来高考命题所涉及的考点和热点为主线。全书遴选习题体现新教材的新特点、新思路。导向明确,可操作性强,可配合人教社新教材修订本使用,减轻科任教师负担,提高教学成绩,为黄冈市重点中学高中各年绩学生课时练和单元检测的配套用书,故名《黄冈重点中学作业本》。

注重探究能力的培养

实行3+X高考改单的目的是培养学生运用所学知识,解决现实生活中实际问题的能力,并引导学生关注社会的焦点和热点,从而培养学生的创新能力。这就是新教材开设研究性学习课题的目的。为适应新形势下的高考改革,本套丛书在选题上摒弃了纯知识技能训练的陈题、偏题和怪题,注重研究性学习题目的讲解与训练,使学生通过研究性学习题目的训练,提高解决实际问题的能力。这类题目具有如下特点:“下手容易,深入难,得分容易,得满分

难。”；每题前标明习题难度级别：A 表示基础题，B 表示中档题，C 表示难题。A : B : C = 6 : 3 : 1；所选习题都是高中各科老师在所教班级中讲授的内容和布置的作业，并附有详尽解答，对开拓学生智力具有一定的指导意义。

变授人以鱼为授人以“渔”

教育心理学研究表明：98% 以上的学生的脑细胞总数基本相同。换言之，98% 以上的中学生的智力是处于同一起跑线上，但为什么成绩有差异呢？这就是各自所接受的教育、教学方法差异所致。本书字里行间不是就题解题，而是通过习题的解析、习题的提示解答，和同学们一起探讨其规律性，远程领略黄冈名师的教学方法。荀子在《劝学》中云：“登高而招，臂非加长也，而见者远；顺风而呼，声非加疾也，而闻者彰……君子生非异也，善假于物也。”借鉴这段名言，但愿同学们能“善假于物”。借助一本好的参考书，点燃你早已具备的智慧火花，到达成功的彼岸。

本系列教辅丛书编写时尽管做到逐字、逐句、逐段推敲，题题把关，历时数年，反复校审，但难免存在疏漏之处，恳请广大读者朋友批评指正，以便我们及时修正。

《黄冈重点中学作业本》编委会

二〇〇六年五月

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Unit 1 Making a difference

作业 1 Period 1 Warming up,
listening and speaking

班级 _____ 学号 _____

姓名 _____

总分 50 分

时间 20 分钟

成绩评定 _____

温故
知新

一、根据所给的首字母或汉语提示,用本课所学的单词的正确形式填空,使句意完整(每小题 4 分,共 20 分)

1. A They have nothing in c _____ with one another.
2. A After a long d _____ the bill (议案) was passed.
3. B Premier (总理) Wen Jiabao pointed out that we should be concerned about _____ (农业), countryside and farmers.
4. A I'm _____ (极渴望的) to know what he said.
5. B Many writers and artists have drawn their _____ (灵感) from nature.

课内
作业

二、单项选择题,从下列 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出填入空白处最佳选项(每小题 3 分,共 30 分)

- () 6. A She undertook _____ the names of the people involved.
A. at not publishing B. not to publish
C. not publish D. for not publishing
- () 7. A Babies are curious _____ everything around them.
A. to B. for C. about D. at
- () 8. C -I have passed the driving test!
-I am glad to hear that you _____ it at last.
A. did B. got
C. passed D. made
- () 9. A _____ is no doubt that he is lying.
A. There B. It
C. That D. This
- () 10. A China has a population of 1.3 billion, of which _____ are farmers.
A. 80 percents B. percents 80
C. percent 80 D. 80 percent
- () 11. A Although they are twins, they have little _____ in qualities.
A. in common B. in turn
C. in advance D. in time



作业2 Period 2 Reading

班级_____ 学号_____

姓名_____

总分 100 分

时间 45 分钟

成绩评定_____



一、根据所给的首字母或汉语提示,用本课所学的单词的正确形式填空,使句意完整(每小题2分,共20分)

1. A Zhang Haidi was d _____, but she didn't lose heart.
2. A The fence marks the h _____ between my land and his.
3. A When you're in trouble, you can s _____ advice from your friends.
4. A Their research has led to a number of s _____ discoveries.
5. A Aids is an _____ (不可治愈的) disease.
6. A I can't go to the cinema with you; I'm _____ (忙于,从事) in writing a novel.
7. A A painter needs good _____ (观察力).
8. A She was wearing a brown dress with hat and gloves to _____ (相配).
9. A Can you imagine living without _____ (引力)?
10. A The earthquake had been p _____ several days before, otherwise there would have been more loss.



二、单项选择题(每小题3分,共45分)

- () 11. A Seldom _____ to the cinema on weekdays.
A. do we go B. we go
C. have we gone D. we have gone
- () 12. A - How long have you _____?
- For more than three years.
A. married B. got married C. engaged D. been engaged
- () 13. B If the people and the army are united as one, who can _____ them?
A. beat B. fight C. match D. win
- () 14. B Nothing can _____ him _____ fighting for freedom. Which of the following is WRONG?
A. keep; 不填 B. prevent; from
C. keep; from D. stop; 不填
- () 15. B The truth turned _____ to be stranger than we had expected.
A. out B. up C. on D. off
- () 16. C Whom had you better _____ it?
A. to let do B. let do
C. to let to do D. let to do
- () 17. A Does this tie _____ the shirt?
A. fit B. match C. agree D. suitable for
- () 18. A Four years had _____ before she finished her research.
A. passed by B. gone C. gone by D. past
- () 19. C The singer became famous in _____, _____ the classical music was better than pop music.
A. early 1980s; which B. early 1980s; when
C. the early 1980s; when D. the early 1980s; which



- ()20. B The little girl dreamt of becoming a bird and _____ freely in the sky.
A. fly B. to fly C. flew D. flying
- ()21. C Meeting my uncle after all these years was an unforgettable moment, _____ I will always treasure.
A. that B. one C. it D. what
- ()22. B - The man must be telling a lie.
- How do you know?
- His face has given him _____.
A. off B. up C. out D. away
- ()23. C I have worked with children before. I know what _____ in my new job.
A. to expect B. to be expecting
C. expected D. expects
- ()24. B - Mr White spent as much time as he _____ the experiments.
- No doubt he succeeded in the end.
A. could do B. could to do
C. could on doing D. could doing
- ()25. C Only when he told me _____ realize what trouble he was in.
A. did I B. I did C. do I D. I do

三、短文改错(每小题2.5分,共25分)

课外
作业

Grandpa was observing his 100 birthday,
and everyone was talking about him on
how well he looked. He said, "Let me

tell you the secret. My wife and I was
married seventy-five years before. On
our wedding night we made promise
that whenever we have a fight, the one
who proved wrong would go out and took
a walk. I hed been walking in the open
air continuously since the past 75 years. This is my secret.

26. A _____
27. A _____
28. B _____
29. A _____
30. A _____
31. B _____
32. A _____
33. A _____
34. A _____
35. B _____

四、阅读理解(每小题2分,共10分)(2005年全国卷I)

考题
精选

As any homemaker who has tried to keep order at the dinner table knows, there is far more to a family meal than food. Sociologist Michael Lewis has been studying 50 families to find out just how much more.

Lewis and his co-workers carried out their study by videotaping(录像) the families while they ate ordinary meals in their own homes. They found that parents with small families talk actively with each other and their children. But as the number of children gets larger, conversation gives way to the parents' efforts to control the loud noise they make. That can have an important effect on the children. "In general the more question-asking the parents do, the higher the children's IQ scores," Lewis says. "And the more children there are, the less question-asking there is."

The study also provides an explanation for why middle children often seem to have a harder time in life than their siblings(兄弟姐妹). Lewis found that in families with three or four children, dinner conversation is likely to center on the oldest child, who has the most to talk about, and the youngest, who needs the most attention. "Middle children are invisible," says Lewis. "When you see someone get up from the table and walk around



during dinner, chances are it's the middle child." There is, however, one thing that stops all conversation and prevents anyone from having attention: "When the TV is on," Lewis says, "dinner is a non-event."

- () 36. A The writer's purpose in writing the text is to _____.
A. show the relationship between parents and children
B. teach parents ways to keep order at the dinner table
C. report on the findings of a study
D. give information about family problems
- () 37. A Parents with large families ask fewer questions at dinner because _____.
A. they are busy serving food to their children
B. they are busy keeping order at the dinner table
C. they have to pay more attention to younger children
D. they are tired out having prepared food for the whole family
- () 38. C By saying "Middle children are invisible" in paragraph 3, Lewis means that middle children _____.
A. have to help their parents to serve dinner
B. get the least attention from the family
C. are often kept away from the dinner table
D. find it hard to keep up with other children
- () 39. A Lewis' research provides an answer to the question _____.
A. why TV is important in family life
B. why parents should keep good order
C. why children in small families seem to have a quieter life
D. why middle children seem to have more difficulties in life
- () 40. C Which of the following statements would the writer agree to?
A. It is important to have the right food for children.
B. It is a good idea to have the TV on during dinner.
C. Parents should talk to each of their children frequently.
D. Elder children should help the younger ones at dinner.

老师点评





作业3 Period 3 Grammar

班级 _____ 学号 _____

姓名 _____

总分 100 分

时间 30 分钟

成绩评定 _____

一、用括号中动词的适当形式填空(每小题 3 分,共 30 分)

 温故
知新

1. A He managed _____ (escape) to South America.
2. C It almost seemed as if the good man were trying _____ (teach) us all he knew at his last lesson.
3. A What would you have me _____ (do)?
4. A I would like _____ (go) there.
5. A He couldn't make himself _____ (hear) above the noise of the traffic.
6. C Missing the train means _____ (wait) for an hour.
7. B Do remember _____ (walk) carefully in London.
8. A Having been ill in bed for nearly a month, he had a hard time _____ (pass) the exam.
9. A My advisor encouraged me _____ (take) a summer course to improve my writing skills.
10. C The news reporters hurried to the airport, only _____ (tell) the film stars had left.

二、单项选择题,从下列 A、B、C、D 四个选项中,选出填入空白处最佳选项(每小题 3 分,共 30 分)

 课内
作业

- () 11. A The problem _____ at the meeting tomorrow is very important.
 - A. discussed
 - B. to discuss
 - C. being discussed
 - D. to be discussed
- () 12. A "Do you have any clothes _____ today?" asked the maid.
 - A. washing
 - B. to wash
 - C. washed
 - D. to be washed
- () 13. B My rats are too clever _____ in traps.
 - A. to catch
 - B. to be caught
 - C. being caught
 - D. catching
- () 14. A He raised his hand _____ the taxi _____.
 - A. to have; to stop
 - B. to have; stop
 - C. having; stopping
 - D. having; stop
- () 15. C My sisters had to wash their faces and hands. I was _____, but I wouldn't till my mother told me _____ the mirror.
 - A. asked; to look in
 - B. asked to do; to look at
 - C. asked to; to look in
 - D. asked to; not to look
- () 16. C To fetch water before breakfast seemed to me a rule _____.
 - A. to never break
 - B. never to be broken
 - C. never to have broken
 - D. never to be breaking
- () 17. A My father hates _____. He never allows me _____.
 - A. to smoke; to smoke
 - B. smoking; smoking
 - C. smoke; smoking
 - D. smoking; to smoke
- () 18. A At first I had some trouble with my car but finally I managed _____.
 - A. to get starting it
 - B. it to get started



- C. to get it started D. getting it started
- () 19. A They asked _____ to work in a mountain village next month.
A. to send B. sending C. to be sent D. will be sent
- () 20. C When I handed the report to John, he said that George was the person _____.
A. to send it to B. to send to
C. for sending it D. for sending it to

三、单句改错(每小题2分,共20分)

课外
作业

21. A I was made repeat the story. _____
22. B Sarah, hurry up, I'm afraid you can't have time to get change before the party. _____
23. C The flu is believed to cause by viruses that like to reproduce in the cells inside the human nose and throat. _____
24. B You were silly not to locked your car. _____
25. A I'm going to the supermarket this afternoon. Do you have anything to be bought? _____
26. A I try remembering the rule but I always forget. _____
27. A There are only five to choose. _____
28. B We'll go with you, if you want us so. _____
29. B It's important of you to master a foreign language. _____
30. B As he spoke, he observed everybody look at him curiously. _____

四、翻译句子(每小题4分,共20分)

31. A 我想要一本书来读。

32. A 我并不打算说我们是完美无缺的。

33. A 试着屏住呼吸以止住打喷嚏。

34. B 我后悔把他叫做小偷,但我更后悔的是让他偷了我的表!

35. C 在这样干旱的天气里,这些花要想活下来,就必须浇水。

老师点评

