

广西名师 英语中考

全真

模拟试题

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2007年

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《广西名师英语中考全真模拟试题》编写组

中国电力出版社
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英语中考全真模拟试题(一)

听力部分(共30分)

一、听句子,选出与所听句子相符的图片,每个句子读一遍。(5分)



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

二、情景反应,根据你所听到的句子选择恰当的答复,每个句子读一遍。(5分)

- () 6. A. Yes, I am. B. No, I can't. C. Yes, I'd love to.
() 7. A. Thank you. B. Don't say that. C. No, I'm not.
() 8. A. I bought a car. B. I've got a headache. C. That's OK.
() 9. A. In a month. B. Ten years ago. C. For seven years.
() 10. A. By reading books. B. By playing cards. C. With books.

三、对话理解。(10分)

A) 听5段对话,回答第11~15小题,每段对话及问题读两遍。(5分)

- () 11. A. Sit beside the man. B. Go to another seat. C. Take the man's seat.
() 12. A. The plane doesn't take off at four o'clock.
B. The man has to take another plane.
C. The man will go back home.
() 13. A. He wants to have some sleep.
B. He needn't have any.
C. He is very sleepy.
() 14. A. He can swim very well.
B. He wants to swim.
C. He has made some progress.
() 15. A. If the woman is in good health.
B. If the woman is keeping in touch with her parents recently.
C. If the woman still receives a letter.

B) 听一段对话,回答第16~20小题,每段对话及问题读两遍。(5分)

- () 16. Where do you think the man is?
A. At a hospital. B. At the Lost and Found. C. In a college.
() 17. What color is the man's bag?
A. Black. B. Black and white. C. Dark blue.
() 18. What are in the bag?
A. Money.
B. A pencil box.
C. A pencil box and some books.



- () 19. Where did the man last have his bag?
A. In the classroom.
B. In the reading room.
C. On the playground.
- () 20. What's the phone number?
A. 5535440. B. 5636442. C. 5536442.

四、短文理解。(10分)

A) 听一段短文，根据其内容选择正确的答案，短文读两遍。(5分)

- () 21. She was a player of a women's basketball team in _____.
A. German B. Germany C. Italy
- () 22. She was born on the _____.
A. 17th of February 1965
B. 16th of January 1967
C. 17th of January 1966
- () 23. She has been a good player at the age of _____.
A. twelve B. sixteen C. seventeen
- () 24. In 1988 they won _____ place in the Olympic Games.
A. the third B. the first C. the fourth
- () 25. In _____ they became No.1 in the world.
A. 1990 B. 1989 C. 1986

B) 听一段短文，根据其内容选择正确的答案，短文读两遍。(5分)

- () 26. What was Mr. Smith?
A. A teacher. B. A farmer. C. A cook.
- () 27. Why did he decide to go to a village for his holidays in summer?
A. Because it was very hot in the town.
B. Because he wanted to see an old man.
C. Because he wanted to go to the forest.
- () 28. What did he do one afternoon?
A. He went to a restaurant.
B. He went out for a walk.
C. He went to a village.
- () 29. Why did he feel worried?
A. Because he lost his way in the forest and didn't know the way to the village.
B. Because it was very late.
C. A and B.
- () 30. Why didn't the old man show Mr. Smith the way to the village?
A. Because Mr. Smith wasn't polite.
B. Because he didn't know Mr. Smith.
C. Because he didn't know the way.

笔试部分 (共 90 分)

选择题 (50 分)

一、单项选择。(20 分)

- () 1. Turn _____ right. You will find the hotel on _____ left.
A. the; the B. the; / C. /; the D. /; /
- () 2. This is my _____ time that I have been in Shanghai.
A. first B. the first C. one D. the one
- () 3. This morning Carmen had a bad cough, so her mom took her to _____.
A. doctor B. the doctor C. doctor's D. the doctor's
- () 4. Don't read _____ the sun. It's bad _____ your eyes.
A. under; for B. in; for C. under; to D. in; to
- () 5. Who is _____ in your family, Jimmy?
A. busy B. busier C. busiest D. the busiest
- () 6. _____ are considered serious and careful.
A. Germany B. Germen C. Germans D. German
- () 7. We got _____ after hearing the _____ news.
A. exciting; excited B. excited; exciting
C. exciting; exciting D. excited; excited
- () 8. Everyone should have a balanced diet to stay _____.
A. healthy B. healthily C. health D. unhealthy
- () 9. What _____ you _____ at this time last night?
A. were; doing B. are; doing C. do; do D. did; do
- () 10. Mr. Smith is a famous artist _____ was born in Canada.
A. whom B. who C. what D. which
- () 11. You are so late. I _____ for you here for nearly three hours.
A. will wait B. wait C. waited D. have been waiting
- () 12. Most of the boys prefer _____ sports outside.
A. to play B. played C. play D. plays
- () 13. Cathy has never been late for work, _____?
A. has she B. does she C. hasn't she D. doesn't she
- () 14. The woman had no idea _____.
A. when would they be back B. when they will be back
C. when they would be back D. when will they be back
- () 15. We have _____ bread. Let's buy some in the supermarket.
A. few B. little C. a few D. a little
- () 16. _____ time with family is also a good way to relax yourself.
A. Spend B. Spent C. Spending D. To spending
- () 17. The letter _____ to the head teacher this morning.
A. sent B. is sent C. was sent D. send

- () 18. When Susan came in, she saw a man _____ on the floor.
A. lay B. lie C. to lie D. lying
- () 19. He said that he _____ the place where his grandfather used to live twice.
A. has visited B. would visit C. had visited D. visited
- () 20. There are too many people _____ at the mall. It's too crowded.
A. hanging out B. to hang out C. hung out D. hang out

二、情景交际。从方框内选择最佳选项完成对话，并将字母序号填在对话空缺处，有两个选项是多余的。(5分)

A: What's the matter, Bill? Why are you sitting on the ground?

B: 1

A: I'm sorry to hear it. Is there anything I can do for you?

B: 2

A: Is he in his office or at home?

B: 3

A: 553246. I've got it down. Now I'll run to the nearest public phone. Wait for me here. It'll save time.

B: 4

A: That's a good idea. I'll be back soon.

B: 5

A: Don't worry. I won't.

- A. OK, you can use my bicycle.
B. I help send you to go to the nearest hospital.
C. Please remember not to ride too fast.
D. You'd better stay in bed for a few days. I'll help you with your lessons.
E. Would you please telephone my father and tell him to come at once?
F. He's in his office and his telephone number is 553246.
G. I fell off my bicycle and hurt my legs badly.

三、完形填空。(10分)

When Sandy and Sue were coming home yesterday afternoon, they saw a crowd of people near a bank. Sandy and Sue joined them. They were 1 to see two thieves in the bank. The thieves were running 2 the bank. They were holding bags full of money. The bank manager was 3 after them. A policeman was 4 among the crowd, but he didn't do 5! "Quick," Sandy and Sue shouted to the policeman. "Can't you 6 those thieves?" The policeman 7. He pointed to a big camera. "We are making a film," he said. "Those 8 aren't real thieves. They're actors. And I'm not a real 9, either. I'm an actor, 10!"

- () 1. A. interested B. angry C. surprised D. pleased
- () 2. A. out of B. into C. in D. near
- () 3. A. walking B. running C. going D. coming
- () 4. A. sitting B. standing C. running D. walking

- () 5. A. nothing B. anything C. something D. everything
 () 6. A. watch B. see C. look at D. find
 () 7. A. shouted B. smiled C. cried D. answered
 () 8. A. boys B. girls C. men D. women
 () 9. A. actor B. manager C. thief D. policeman
 () 10. A. only B. myself C. too D. either

四、阅读理解。(15分)

A

In the Year 2001

In the home cookers will be ready for you to cook a complete meal at the touch of a switch (开关). Television will tell you prices at the shops and news and entertainment. Visionphone will bring pictures as well as sound. Machines will control temperature, lighting, entertainment, washing and gardening. Lighting serves as wallpaper and it will make your room look nicer. At work, robots will take over most jobs in factories. Working hours will fall to under 30 hours a week. Holidays will get longer. Men and women will retire (退休) at the same age. The home will become the center of entertainment through television and electronic (电子的) games. More people will eat out than they do today, also they will have a lot more kinds of food. There will be more foreign travels. Non-stop flights will be cheap. Hobbies and education will become more and more important.

根据文章内容, 判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)。(5分)

- () 1. The main idea of the passage is that there will be great changes in your work and life next century.
 () 2. Machines will control temperature so that you won't run a fever any more.
 () 3. You can get light from only television in the year 2001.
 () 4. "Non-stop flights" means the plane will not stop on the way.
 () 5. Life in the twenty-first century will be simpler and easier so that you won't need higher education any more

B

The first newspapers were written by hand and put up on walls in public places. The earliest daily newspaper was started in Rome in 59 B. C. In the 700's the world's first printed newspaper was published. Europe didn't have a regularly published newspaper until 1609, when one was started in Germany.

The first regularly published newspaper in the English language was printed in London and was published once a week. The first daily English newspaper was the *Daily Courant* (每日新闻). It came out in March 1702.

In 1690, Benjamin Harris printed the first American newspaper in Boston. But not long after it was first published, the government stopped the paper. In 1704, John Campbell started *The Boston Newsletter*, the first newspaper published daily in the American colonies (殖民地). By 1760, the colonies had more than thirty daily newspapers. There are now about 1,800 daily papers in the United States.

Today, as a group, English language newspapers have the largest circulation (发行额) in the world. But the largest circulation for a newspaper is that of Japanese newspaper *Asahi Shimbun*. It sells

more than eleven million copies every day.

根据文章内容, 选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 1. The first daily newspaper came out in _____.
A. 59 B. C. B. the 700's C. 1609 D. 1620
- () 2. The first regularly published newspaper in Europe was printed in _____.
A. England B. Germany C. France D. Sweden
- () 3. The first English daily newspaper was started in _____.
A. London B. Rome C. Amsterdam D. Boston
- () 4. The first printed newspaper in America came out in _____.
A. Washington B. New York C. Boston D. New Orleans
- () 5. Today there are about _____ daily newspapers printed in the United States.
A. 1,621 B. 1,704 C. 1,760 D. 1,800

C

A grown-up person has ten or eleven pints (品脱) of blood inside his or her body. We can lose a pint of blood without feeling anything, but if we lose a great deal of blood, we'll feel weak and cold. Our faces become pale. We may die. This is what often happen when somebody is hurt in an accident or a soldier is hurt in a battle (战争). Many people used to die in this way. But nowadays (当今) they can be taken to the hospital. If they are given more blood at once, they will feel better. Their faces are no longer pale. They do not die.

Where does this blood come from? People who are healthy give some blood so that it can be used in this way. Every three months they go to a place where blood is collected. A special kind of needle (注射针) is put into the arm. It does not hurt. The blood runs through the needle and through a rubber tube (胶管) into a bottle. A pint of blood is taken in this way. Then the person who has given the blood drinks a cup of tea or coffee. He sits down for a few minutes. Then he feels quite well and goes off. Three months later he comes back and gives another pint.

A person who gives blood in this way feels happy. He knows that his blood will be used to save someone's life. Perhaps one day he himself will need blood. When you are older, you may decide to give blood in this way. But you can't do this until you are eighteen.

根据文章内容, 选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 1. There are _____ pints of blood in a grown-up body.
A. eighteen B. no more than ten
C. about eleven D. only ten
- () 2. When people who have lost a lot of blood are given more blood they _____.
A. won't feel better B. will feel weak and ill
C. will become pale D. will feel better later
- () 3. When people give blood, the blood is collected in a _____.
A. needle B. bottle C. rubber tube D. cup
- () 4. A person who has given blood can give blood again after _____.
A. ten weeks B. drinking a cup of tea or coffee
C. three months D. eighteen months



- () 5. A person cannot give blood if he is _____.
- A. unhappy B. over eleven
C. under eighteen D. too old

非选择题 (40 分)

一、请根据句子中所给出的首字母或英文释义完成单词。(10 分)

1. My sister likes to c_____ stamps in her free time.
2. You are supposed to s_____ hands in western countries.
3. The young girl loves helping people. She often volunteers to c_____ up the city park.
4. He realized that he had made a big m_____ in the math test.
5. Because of staying up too late, Lillian felt too s_____ to get up on time.
6. I'm sorry to _____ (bother) you but I've lost my way.
7. Don't forget to _____ (shut) the windows when you leave the office.
8. Could you please help me to _____ (fix up) the jeans? There's a hole in it.
9. Dave didn't _____ (show up) until 10:00 o'clock last night.
10. The little girl used to be _____ (terrified) of the dark.

二、请从方框中选出适当的词并用正确的形式填空。(10 分)

safe, be interested in, knowledge, marry, photograph
pleased, produce, inventor, park, water

1. His pet dog has filled his life with _____.
2. Haven't you seen the sign "No _____" yet?
3. Gu Changwei is one of the best _____ in China.
4. Miss Green is so thrilled because she will get _____ next week.
5. Computer which _____ in 1876 is widely used in our life.
6. By the end of last month, the workers _____ 2,000 cars.
7. She is a _____ woman. It seems that she knows almost everything.
8. The boy packed his clothes instead of _____ the flowers in the garden.
9. Nancy _____ painting a lot. She wants to be an artist when she grows up.
10. It's too dangerous here. Please move to the _____.

三、单句改错。请指出句中的错误并更正在横线上。(5 分)

- () 1. If I am you, I would buy a scarf as a present. _____
 A B C D
- () 2. Would you mind turn down the music? It's too loud. _____
 A B C D
- () 3. Teenagers should be allowed to get their ears pierce. _____
 A B C D
- () 4. Though he studied quite hard, but he failed in the final exam. _____
 A B C D

() 5. A friend of him got hurt in this accident. _____

A B C D

四、任务型阅读。(5分)

Students can benefit from homework in many ways. To begin with, students have to review what they have learned in class in order to do their homework. This gives them the chance to see if they have understood everything the teacher has said and practice what they have learned. Another advantage is that students have to work on their own when they do their homework and do not depend on teachers and classmates for help. However, there are also disadvantages to homework. First, homework needs a lot of time and effort, so students have no time for their favorite hobbies and activities. What is more, many students complain that homework is boring because they have to do the same things again and again.

根据短文内容填写下列表格。

Advantages	Disadvantages
1. review _____ understand everything the teacher has said	3. need _____
2. _____ what they have learned	4. _____ for hobbies and activities complain the homework is boring
work on their own	5. _____ again and again

五、书面表达。(10分)

假设你是 David, 你的朋友 Fred 邀请你下周去听音乐会, 但你下周抽不出时间前往, 因此你给他发一封 E-mail 告诉他你下周的安排。请根据下列表格中的信息, 写一段 90 字左右的短文, 要求语法正确, 语句通顺。

time	activities
Sunday	Have a picnic with family
Monday	Study for a science test
Tuesday	Take computer lessons
Wednesday	Give a speech in public
Thursday	Go to Susan's birthday party
Friday	Visit grandparents
Saturday	Pick apples on a farm

Dear Fred,

Tom

英语中考全真模拟试题(二)

听力部分(共30分)

一、听句子,选出与所听句子相符的图片,每个句子读一遍。(5分)



1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

二、情景反应,根据你所听到的句子选择适当的答语,每个句子读一遍。(5分)

- () 6. A. I think so. B. It's delicious. C. Not at all.
 () 7. A. Are you sure? B. Don't be late again. C. Thanks a lot.
 () 8. A. It's very kind of you to say so.
 B. I really don't believe you.
 C. Thank you all the same.
 () 9. A. It's my pleasure. B. I feel like doing it. C. It doesn't matter.
 () 10. A. Don't mention it. B. Sure. Here you are. C. You're welcome.

三、对话理解。(10分)

A) 听5段对话,回答第11~15小题,每段对话及问题读两遍。(5分)

- () 11. A. Six years ago. B. Five years ago. C. Four years ago.
 () 12. A. Tom. B. Brown. C. Green.
 () 13. A. He doesn't want to lend his pen to the woman.
 B. He doesn't have a pen.
 C. He hasn't got a pencil.
 () 14. A. At the woman's. B. At the man's. C. At a restaurant.
 () 15. A. On foot. B. By bike. C. By car.

B) 听一段对话,回答第16~20小题,每段对话及问题读两遍。(5分)

- () 16. Can Bill go to the tennis match?
 A. Yes, he can. B. No, he can't. C. He doesn't like it.
 () 17. What will Bill do this afternoon?
 A. Do his homework. B. Watch a football match. C. Clean his room.
 () 18. Is Bill free every Friday evening?
 A. Yes, he is. B. No, he isn't. C. Maybe.
 () 19. What does Bill have to do every Saturday?
 A. Learn painting. B. Go to English classes. C. Meet friends.
 () 20. What can't Bill do if he doesn't finish his homework?
 A. He can't do sports.
 B. He can't have dinner.
 C. He can't sleep.




四、短文理解。(10分)

A) 听一段短文, 根据其内容选择正确的答案, 短文读两遍。(5分)

- () 21. Jack was _____ with his hair.
A. unhappy B. happy C. worried
- () 22. When Jack's friend saw him, he _____ Jack.
A. hit B. was angry with C. laughed at
- () 23. The new barber's shop was _____ than the old one according to Jack.
A. worse B. newer C. better
- () 24. Bill's friend told him to go to the barber whose hair looked _____.
A. the best B. the most fashion C. the worst
- () 25. Why did Bill's friend think so?
A. Because good barbers liked to have bad hair.
B. Because barbers often didn't cut their hair by themselves.
C. Because nobody went to barbers who had nice hair.

B) 听一段短文, 根据其内容选择正确的答案, 短文读两遍。(5分)

ROOM WANTED	
Name: _____ 26 _____	E-mail: _____ 27 _____
Time: _____ 28 _____	
Kind of room: _____ 29 _____	
Price (per month): _____ 30 _____	



- () 26. A. Smith R. David B. David R. Smith C. R. David Smith
- () 27. A. *David@yahoo.com* B. *Smith@yahoo.com* C. *David@163.com*
- () 28. A. In February B. In July C. In September
- () 29. A. A single room B. An expensive room C. A. double room
- () 30. A. 530 B. 515 C. 350

笔试部分 (共 90 分)

选择题 (50 分)

一、单项选择。(20分)

- () 1. — I go to school by _____ bus. What about you?
— I ride _____ bike to school.
A. a; a B. a; the C. /; a D. a; /
- () 2. _____ mother is a nurse.
A. Tom's and Mike's B. Tom and Mike's
C. Tom's and Mike D. Tom and Mike
- () 3. — Which room shall we live in tonight?
— In _____.
A. Room 406 B. 406 Room C. 406 room D. room 406
- () 4. _____ travelers come to visit our city every year.
A. Thousands B. Thousand of
C. Two thousands D. Thousands of

- () 5. We are doing much better _____ English _____ our teacher's help.
A. in; at B. at; in C. in; with D. with; with
- () 6. _____ the new computer, travelers at the offices of CAAC can now buy their air tickets much faster.
A. Because B. Thanks for C. Thanks to D. Since
- () 7. He walked _____ fast for us _____ catch up with.
A. so; that B. such; that
C. enough; to D. too; to
- () 8. We found _____ necessary to protect the environment.
A. it B. this C. that D. what
- () 9. — Which would you like, rice or noodles?
— _____ is OK. I'm hungry.
A. Either B. Neither C. Both D. All
- () 10. There are some _____ on the hill.
A. sheeps B. a sheep C. sheep D. sheepes
- () 11. I don't like winter because it's _____ cold.
A. too much B. far more C. much too D. much more
- () 12. — Our holiday was _____.
— Yes, I've never had _____.
A. greatly; a good one B. such great; the better one
C. so great; a better one D. very good; the best one
- () 13. Her mother was out. She stayed at home _____, but she didn't feel _____.
A. alone; lonely B. lonely; alone
C. alone; alone D. lonely; lonely
- () 14. In our exam, the _____ careful we are, the _____ mistakes we'll make.
A. more; more B. more; less C. less; fewer D. more; fewer
- () 15. Lin Tao can't be at home. I saw him _____ here a few minutes ago.
A. plays B. to play C. playing D. played
- () 16. — I have seen the film "Titanic" already.
— When _____ you _____ it?
A. have; seen B. will; see C. did; see D. had; seen
- () 17. I _____ to bed until my grandma came back home.
A. went B. didn't go C. had gone D. have gone
- () 18. If you go to the park tomorrow morning, _____.
A. so will he C. so he will C. so he does D. so does he
- () 19. — Could you tell me _____?
— About two hours.
A. how long it takes to fly to Guilin
B. how long it took to fly to Guilin
C. how long does it take to fly to Guilin
D. how long did it take to fly to Guilin
- () 20. If I _____ a bird, I would fly in the sky freely.
A. am B. is C. was D. were

二、情景交际。从方框内选择最佳选项完成对话，并将字母序号填在对话空缺处，有两项是多余的。(5分)

A: I'm doing a survey about learning English. 1 ?

B: Sure.

A: Great! What's your name?

B: He Yuming.

A: 2 ?

B: I learn the new words by making flash cards.

A: How do you improve your speaking skills?

B: 3 .

A: Do you learn grammar by taking notes?

B: 4 . I never study grammar. It's too boring.

A: 5 ?

B: Yes, I have. And she helps me a lot.

A: OK. Thanks a lot.

B: You're welcome.

A. I practice speaking by joining the English club at school.

B. How do you learn English?

C. How do you learn new words?

D. Did you have an English teacher?

E. No, I don't.

F. May I ask you some questions?

G. Have you ever asked your teacher for help?

三、完形填空。(10分)

Mobile phones have become a problem for middle schools. Some middle schools in Australia have banned (禁止) students from 1 mobile phones during school hours. Mobile phones use 2 children has become a problem for school this year. Mary Bluett from the government 3 mobile phone use was a distraction (分心的事物) to students during school hours and it also gave teachers so 4 in their classroom. Teachers were also saying that sometimes students 5 use phone messages to cheat (作弊) during exams. She said some schools had tried to ban mobile phone. Some parents felt unhappy 6 they couldn't get in touch with children. Many teachers explained 7 the students should not have mobile phones at school: They were 8 to lose and were a distraction from studies. Many people say that they understand why parents would want their children 9 phones, but they 10 schools should let the students know when they can use their mobile phones.

() 1. A. putting

B. buying

C. getting

D. carrying

() 2. A. with

B. during

C. among

D. for

() 3. A. told

B. said

C. spoke

D. talked

() 4. A. much trouble

B. many messages

C. many question

D. much pleasure

() 5. A. need

B. should

C. might

D. must

() 6. A. but

B. because

C. so

D. and

() 7. A. why

B. what

C. when

D. where

- () 8. A. difficult B. different C. important D. easy
 () 9. A. to give B. give C. to have D. have
 () 10. A. find B. think C. understand D. know

四、阅读理解。(15分)

A

The Athens Olympic Games came to an end in laughing and happiness. Reviewing the great Olympics and representing the every wonderful moments in the Game, people can easily found out a striking name which can never be forgotten that is the champion of men's 110m hurdle final — Liu Xiang.

Many people said that Liu Xiang could get the medal just because he had a beautiful name — “Xiang” means “flying” in English — which brought him the fortune. Although the opinion was just like a joke, Liu Xiang really gave people a sense that he was flying with the wind on the track field.

He described his winning performance with a world record — equaling time of 12.91 seconds and claimed the champion title in men's 110 m hurdle final as a miracle. Liu's winning was the first ever biggest success in sprint (短跑) event for Chinese and also for the whole yellow race.

“I didn't expect to run within 13 seconds... But as soon as I began running, I felt I was very excited and it was just like flying. Finally, I made it and I won the success. It is a kind of miracle,” Liu told reporters at the post-match press conference.

“Don't think in the old way that Asians are always weaker than European and American runners in the sprint events. My performance showed that yellow-skinned athletes can also outrun black athletes,” said Liu.

根据文章内容，判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)。(5分)

- () 1. Liu Xiang is the winner of men's 110 m hurdle final in Atlanta Olympic Games.
 () 2. Liu Xiang could get the medal because he had a beautiful name.
 () 3. No Asians had succeeded in the sprint events before.
 () 4. It was a surprise to all the world that Liu Xiang won the success.
 () 5. Liu Xiang's story proved that Asians are always weaker than Europeans and Americans.

B

Ants have nurses for their babies just as some people have nurses for their children.

After the eggs are laid by the ant queen, they are picked up by the nurses and transported (运输) to another room. There they are watched until they hatch (孵化). At that time they are removed to another special room, which is somewhat like a nursery (托儿所).

When the ants are first hatched, they are very small and helpless. They can do nothing but wiggle (摆动) about on the ground. The nurses must wash and feed them and keep them warm and safe. The nurses lick (舔) the babies to keep them clean, feed them several times a day, and at night carry them down to the lower chambers (室) where it is warm. In the morning the nurses return the babies to the upper (上面的) part of the nest (巢, 窝). If the day is warm, the attendants (护理员) may take them outside into the sunshine.

Baby ants need a great deal of care and attention as some other baby insects and animals do.

根据文章内容，选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 6. This article as a whole is about _____
 A. the queen ant B. caring for baby ants
 C. an ant nest D. a nursery



- () 7. From this article, you can tell that _____.
- A. ants eat sugar
B. the queen does not care for her babies
C. the ant's nurses are their mothers
D. the baby ants don't need much care
- () 8. The word "they" in the third paragraph, second sentence, refers to _____.
- A. nurses B. baby ants C. eggs D. ant queens
- () 9. _____ wash and feed the baby ants.
- A. The queen B. The fathers C. The nurses D. Everyone
- () 10. which of these sentences is NOT true?
- A. Ants hatch from eggs. B. Ants live in groups.
C. Ant babies sleep all the time. D. The queen ant lay eggs.

C

Everybody knows that the Internet has become an important part of teenagers' life. Many would find life difficult without it.

Most teens use the Internet to get useful knowledge and information, and to relax in their free time. But some teens are not using it in a good way.

It is important that you use the Internet in a proper manner (恰当的方式). Teenagers should learn how to use the Internet for study and keep away from bad websites, according to the *National Internet Civilization Convention for Teenagers* (《全国青少年网络文明公约》).

Teenagers should make sure that surfing the Net doesn't take the place of the homework or being with friends.

Here are some tips to make sure you are safe and have fun on the Internet.

- 1) Never give out personal information (including your name, home address, phone number, age school name, or friend's names).
- 2) Never share your password (密码) with others, even your friends.
- 3) Never arrange (安排) a face-to-face meeting with someone you have met online unless your parents know.
- 4) Never answer messages that make you feel confused (迷惑的) or uncomfortable.
- 5) Never use bad language or send mean (讨厌的) messages online.

根据文章内容, 选择正确答案。(5分)

- () 11. Many teens would find life difficult without _____.
- A. TV B. Internet C. information D. knowledge
- () 12. What should teenagers learn according to the *National Internet Civilization Convention for Teenagers*?
- A. How to use the Internet for study.
B. How to keep away from bad websites.
C. How to relax themselves.
D. Both A and B.
- () 13. It's true for teenagers to use the Internet to _____.
- A. get useful knowledge and information B. do their homework
C. spend time D. play games