



考博英语宣言：攻城不怕坚，考博莫畏难。见多方识广，多练能过关。

ENGLISH TEST FOR PHD.CANDIDACY:ALL IN ONE

考博英语 一本通

王湘云 主编

听力理解125题

语法和结构1200题

阅读理解400题

改错300题

完型填空300题

短文翻译40题

藉题海战术，在战斗中成长



大连理工大学出版社



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考博英语 一本通

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图书在版编目(CIP)数据

考博英语一本通 / 王湘云主编. — 大连:大连理工大学出版社, 2006. 11

ISBN 7-5611-3361-8

I. 考… II. 王… III. 英语—研究生—入学考试—习题 IV. H319.9

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2006)第 112689 号

大连理工大学出版社出版

地址:大连市软件园路 80 号 邮政编码:116023

发行:0411-84708842 邮购:0411-84703636 传真:0411-84701466

E-mail:dutp@dutp.cn URL:<http://www.dutp.cn>

大连业发印刷有限公司印刷 大连理工大学出版社发行

幅面尺寸:185mm×260mm 印张:31.5 字数:1008千字

印数:1~5000

2006年11月第1版

2006年11月第1次印刷

责任编辑:张婵云

责任校对:陈娇 潇潇

封面设计:苏儒光

定 价:46.00 元

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考博如同一场现代化战争,树立正确的战争观,采取正确的战略战术是打赢这场战争、取得胜利的关键。因此,作者在编写本书时,格外注意了以下三个方面。

听读写译,齐头并进 仅凭一技之长,难以决胜考博英语。你必须在“听力理解”、“词汇和结构”、“阅读理解”、“改错”、“完型填空”、“翻译”和“写作”等诸方面“齐头并进,全面发展”。因此,在选材上,无论是听力理解,还是阅读理解,无论词汇和结构用法,还是辨别改错,作者都力争做到既内容全面,又重点突出。需要特别指出的,针对重点内容,作者通过不同的题目,从不同的角度、不同的方面来检查,并通过检查加深读者对这一重点内容的掌握。

从难出发,从严要求 如果你还只是停留在背四六级词汇,做四六级模拟,那么失败就会等着你。考博不是大学英语考试,它的要求与难度不知要比四六级考试高出多少倍。因此,备考之时,你务必“从难出发,从严要求”。以听力理解为例,不要满足于听明白一问一答的“对话”,不要停留在捕捉百词“短文”的大意。请测试一下你能不能听明白操英语者的“长篇对话”,能不能掌握英语“新闻报道”,可不可以理解操英语的专家的“演讲”。

重点难点,不厌其“繁” 任何“只见树木,不见森林”,只注意到眼前问题且“就事论事”的人,很难想像在考博中,他们不会遇到困难。因此,针对重点难点内容,作者设计多道试题进行测试,期望读者通过反复的训练,达到真正把握这些重点难点内容的目的。同时,在为试题做精解时,作者坚持这样一个原则:不但告诉读者答案,而且告诉读者解题的思路与方法,要使读者不但知其然,而且知其所以然。因此,在对词汇和结构解析时,作者注重指出试题考查的重点,也就是作者所说的题眼,然后援引经典例句来补充说明。

为了帮助读者取得满意的考试成绩,作者精心搜集编写了此书,期望读者藉题海战术,在战斗中成长,炼就不败金身,成就战无不胜的真英雄。因为作者坚信“攻城不怕坚,考博莫畏难。见多方识广,多练能过关。”

王湘云

2006年8月18日



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第1章 听力理解125题

SECTION A STATEMENTS

In this section, you will hear 30 statements. At the end of the statement, you will be given 10 seconds to answer each of the following eight questions.

- Which is NOT true about the listener?
[A] He works hard. [B] He drinks a lot. [C] He smokes a lot. [D] He is healthy.
- How did the speaker feel when he heard the news?
[A] He was satisfied. [B] He was annoyed. [C] He was astonished. [D] He was relieved.
- When does the next coach leave?
[A] At 9:10. [B] At 9:15. [C] At 9:20. [D] At 9:05.
- The speaker thinks that Jane might have _____.
[A] a better marriage [B] a better career [C] a better education [D] a better family life
- What does the statement mean?
[A] I am too happy to be helpful in any way. [B] I am willing but unable to help you.
[C] I shall be very glad to offer my help. [D] I promise to think about how to help you.
- What does the statement imply?
[A] The man was wearing clean clothes. [B] The man was wearing improper clothes.
[C] The man was wearing fanciful clothes. [D] The man was wearing dirty clothes.
- What does the speaker mean?
[A] I believe I can find you in other places as well. [B] I have no idea that I could find you here.
[C] I believe that I can only find you in this place. [D] This is not the place for me to meet you.
- What is said about Harry's brother?
[A] He is happy with his job. [B] He is a very ambitious man.
[C] He is too ambitious to be an engine driver. [D] He doesn't like to be an engine driver.
- What do you learn about Ms. Ellis?
[A] She has been waiting. [B] She is examining her patient.
[C] She is seeing her doctor. [D] She wouldn't mind waiting.
- Joan is probably a _____.
[A] nurse [B] doctor [C] lawyer [D] saleswoman
- The speaker is most probably a(n) _____.
[A] architect [B] construction worker [C] tourist guide [D] housing agent
- What does the statement mean?
[A] Travel is much faster and convenient now than before.
[B] People are now travelling much more than in old days.
[C] Travelling to far-away places has become very common.



- (D) It used to take two more weeks to travel by coach than now.
13. The speaker feels sorry because _____.
(A) he can't attend tomorrow's dinner
(B) his wife can't attend tomorrow's dinner
(C) the couple can't attend tomorrow's dinner
(D) the couple would be unable to cook the dinner
14. Where is the speaker?
(A) In the zoo. (B) In the classroom. (C) In the library. (D) At a meeting.
15. What does the statement mean?
(A) One's success is largely dependent on intelligence.
(B) Low motivation may lead to poor performance.
(C) Motivated people are more likely to succeed.
(D) Both motivation and intelligence are important.
16. What does the speaker suggest?
(A) We should read word by word to get his meaning.
(B) We should read line by line to get his meaning.
(C) We should try to find the hidden meaning.
(D) We should try to find the lines and read them aloud.
17. How much does the overcoat cost at the regular price?
(A) £ 120. (B) £ 15. (C) £ 60. (D) £ 45.
18. What does the speaker mean?
(A) The sports meet has been cancelled.
(B) The sports meet has been held despite of the rain.
(C) The time has been set for the sports meet.
(D) When the sports meet will be held is yet to be known.
19. The speaker sees Mary wear _____ different silk scarves in a week.
(A) 2 (B) 5 (C) 7 (D) 6
20. Where will the passengers change trains to go to Gilford?
(A) East Croydon. (B) Victoria. (C) Southeast. (D) Red Hill.
21. The speaker likes teaching because of _____.
(A) its interesting nature (B) the good salaries
(C) contact with the young (D) more summer holidays
22. What does the speaker mean?
(A) Bad living conditions are due to the poor city.
(B) Bad planning is responsible for poor living conditions.
(C) Living conditions are bad because the city is too big.
(D) Small cities have better living conditions than large ones.
23. What does the statement mean?
(A) Many people are concerned about their security.
(B) Social security bears no relation to population.
(C) Most social security problems are caused by a few people.
(D) Too many people may result in social security problems.
24. Passengers must check in to board Flight 998 by _____.
(A) 10:30 am (B) 10:00 am (C) 11:30 am (D) 11:00 am



25. The speaker is probably a(n) _____.
[A] insurance agent [B] fireman [C] salesman [D] policeman
26. The speaker thinks that _____.
[A] Ian achieved a lot as an athlete
[B] Ian's blind eye prevented him from athletics
[C] Ian's success depended on his childhood experience
[D] Ian trained so hard in athletics as to lose one eye
27. Mrs. Clark is worried about her _____.
[A] husband's health [B] husband's work [C] husband's illness [D] own health
28. The relationship between Susan and Jenny is _____.
[A] neutral [B] friendly [C] unclear [D] strained
29. What do we learn about Jack?
[A] He is well-known for hard work. [B] He is pretty busy with working.
[C] He has overworked and hurt his sight. [D] He doesn't like to have dinner with us.
30. What is the speaker probably doing?
[A] Interviewing a clerk. [B] Writing a job ad.
[C] Dismissing a clerk. [D] Making inquiries.

SECTION B CONVERSATIONS

In this section, you will hear 10 conversations. Listen to the conversations carefully, and then answer the questions that follow.

Questions 31 to 34 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

31. Who are the speakers?
[A] A student and a professor. [B] A theorist and a literature expert.
[C] Two students. [D] Two professors.
32. What is the man's purpose for talking with the woman?
[A] He hopes to be introduced to her professor.
[B] He wants to ask for her advice.
[C] He wants her to be his tutor.
[D] He hopes to discuss theoretical issues with her.
33. What is the name of the course they are discussing?
[A] Theory and Perspective. [B] Classical Literature.
[C] Basics in English. [D] Problems in Philosophy.
34. What is the woman interested in?
[A] Theory. [B] Classical Literature. [C] Writing. [D] Reading.

Questions 35 to 38 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

35. What are the man and woman discussing?
[A] News about a friend. [B] Information they read in a newspaper.



- (C) An article on the economy. (D) A classroom lecture.
36. What is the man's opinion of David?
(A) He is lucky. (B) He doesn't know much about business.
(C) He is a good businessman. (D) He shouldn't have moved to Australia.
37. What does the woman say about the economy in her country?
(A) It is experiencing an economic boom.
(B) It is difficult to make money.
(C) It is very prosperous.
(D) Only good businesspeople can be profitable.
38. What does the woman think about the man's behavior?
(A) He is very practical. (B) He is too nervous.
(C) He's not thinking clearly. (D) He cannot sense what is wrong.

Questions 39 to 42 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

39. When does this conversation take place?
(A) At the beginning of the semester. (B) In the middle of the semester.
(C) Right before final examinations. (D) At the start of summer vacation.
40. What will the man and woman do the next day?
(A) Go to the bank.
(B) Buy a few supplies for class.
(C) Debate whether or not they should take a class.
(D) Audition for a club.
41. Why is the woman considering loaning the man money?
(A) Her dues are less. (B) He doesn't have very much money.
(C) She always has a lot of money. (D) She wants to earn interest.
42. Where are the two going right now?
(A) To the Debate Club tryouts. (B) To class.
(C) Home. (D) To the Campus Center.

Questions 43 to 46 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

43. What has been happening to the man recently?
(A) His telephone bill is too high. (B) He's moving out of town.
(C) He's been ill. (D) He's been seeing a doctor.
44. What can be inferred about the man?
(A) He recently moved to a new city. (B) He isn't in good physical condition.
(C) He's from a poor family. (D) He doesn't have any warm clothes.
45. According to the passage, what is a possible remedy to his problem?
(A) Buying a heater. (B) Calling the weather service.
(C) Wearing winter clothes. (D) Calling the woman in the morning.
46. What does the woman want to know?





- [A] How effective is the service. [B] Which doctor the man is seeing.
[C] Where does the man come from. [D] How long he will stay in the new city.

Questions 47 to 50 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

47. When is the man leaving?
[A] Tomorrow at 8:00 AM. [B] Today at 8:00 PM.
[C] On Saturday at 8:00 AM. [D] On Saturday at 8:00 PM.
48. What will the man be doing this evening?
[A] He will return to his hometown. [B] He will play tennis.
[C] He will go to dinner with the woman. [D] He will go to a coffee shop with the woman.
49. Why can't the woman join the man for coffee?
[A] She doesn't drink coffee. [B] She has a plane to catch.
[C] She has to go to a lesson. [D] She doesn't like the man.
50. Which of the following did the man agree to do?
[A] He will postpone the trip. [B] He will marry the woman.
[C] He will cook dinner for the woman. [D] He will take tennis lessons.

Questions 51 to 54 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

51. What is the man looking for?
[A] The post office. [B] Lintown. [C] A gas station. [D] A map store.
52. How far away is the place the man is looking for?
[A] About one mile away. [B] Across the street.
[C] In the next town. [D] About fifty miles away.
53. What does the woman suggest the man buy?
[A] A map. [B] A credit card. [C] Some gas. [D] A new car.
54. How would you describe the woman's attitude?
[A] She doesn't trust the man. [B] She doesn't know the town very well.
[C] She's very tired. [D] She's happy to help the man.

Questions 55 to 58 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

55. Where is this conversation taking place?
[A] In a large department store. [B] In a thrift store.
[C] In a friend's house. [D] At school.
56. What kind of clothes did the man find?
[A] A leather jacket. [B] A nice hat. [C] A little skirt. [D] A wool coat.
57. How much will the man's purchase cost?
[A] One dollar. [B] Five dollars. [C] A million dollars. [D] Two dollars.
58. What does the man intend to do with his purchase?



- [A] He will sell it.
- [B] He will give it away.
- [C] He will fix it up.
- [D] He will give it to the woman.

Questions 59 to 62 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

59. Why did Josh Ryan speak to Professor Murphy?
- [A] He had some problems with the readings.
 - [B] He wanted to change classes.
 - [C] He is thinking about becoming a politics major.
 - [D] He wanted additional reading on a topic.
60. What does Professor Murphy teach?
- [A] Writing.
 - [B] Politics.
 - [C] Philosophy.
 - [D] Classics.
61. What can be inferred about Josh?
- [A] He will graduate in a few months.
 - [B] He enjoys Professor Murphy's class.
 - [C] He's scared of professors.
 - [D] He will major in philosophy.
62. Which of the following did Professor Murphy NOT do?
- [A] She suggested he major in her field of study.
 - [B] She said she would give him a reading list.
 - [C] She gave him the books he wanted.
 - [D] She praised his enthusiasm.

Questions 63 to 66 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.

63. Where is this conversation probably taking place?
- [A] In a crowded classroom.
 - [B] In an empty room.
 - [C] On a busy street corner.
 - [D] In a shopping center.
64. Who is Colin?
- [A] The man's professor.
 - [B] The man's roommate.
 - [C] The woman's boyfriend.
 - [D] A neighbor.
65. Why does Colin get angry at the man?
- [A] He is too sloppy.
 - [B] He borrows Colin's things.
 - [C] He brings guests over to the apartment.
 - [D] He doesn't use the kitchen enough.
66. What did the woman suggest the man do?
- [A] He should move out of the apartment.
 - [B] He should kick Colin out of the apartment.
 - [C] He should not bring anyone over to the apartment anymore.
 - [D] He should try to work out the problem with Colin.

Questions 67 to 70 are based on the following conversation. At the end of the conversation, you will be given 20 seconds to answer the questions.

Now listen to the conversation.





67. What can we infer about Gary?
 (A) He already knows a lot about painting. (B) He hopes to become a painter someday.
 (C) He's not very familiar with painting. (D) He hates the class.
68. What did the woman think about the art exhibit?
 (A) She thought it was boring. (B) She enjoyed the paintings.
 (C) She hasn't seen it yet. (D) She wished she could accompany the man.
69. Who is Lisa Frank?
 (A) Gary's sister. (B) The woman talking with Gary.
 (C) The professor of the course. (D) The painter Desiree.
70. When does this conversation probably take place?
 (A) At the beginning of class. (B) In the middle of class.
 (C) At the end of class. (D) Before the midterm exam.

SECTION C TALKS

In this section you will hear 4 talks. Listen to the conversations carefully and then answer the questions that follow.

Talk One

Questions 71 to 75 refer to the talk. At the end of the talk you will be given 15 seconds to answer each of the following five questions.

Now listen to the talk.

71. The speaker thinks that _____.
 (A) car causes pollution only in some cities
 (B) 60% of the cities are affected by car pollution
 (C) 90% of the city residents suffer from car pollution
 (D) car is the main contributing factor in polluting air
72. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as a cause of car pollution?
 (A) Car tyres. (B) Car engines. (C) Car horns. (D) Car brakes.
73. Which of the following is NOT cited as a means to reduce the number of cars?
 (A) To pass laws to control the use of cars. (B) To improve public transport systems.
 (C) To increase car tax and car price. (D) To construct effective subway systems.
74. One of the mechanical solutions to car pollution is _____.
 (A) to change the chemical structure of fuel (B) to improve on the exhaust pipe
 (C) to experiment with new engines (D) to monitor the amount of chemicals
75. According to the speaker, a sensible way to solve car pollution is that we should _____.
 (A) focus on one method only (B) explore some other alternatives
 (C) improve one of the four methods (D) integrate all of the four methods

Talk Two

Questions 76 to 80 refer to the talk. At the end of the talk you will be given 15 seconds to answer each of the following five questions.

Now listen to the talk.

76. The technology to make machines quieter _____.





- [A] has been in use since the 1930's
 [C] has just been in commercial use
- [B] has accelerated industrial production
 [D] has been invented to remove all noises
77. The modern electronic anti-noise devices _____.
 [A] are an updated version of the traditional methods
 [B] share similarities with the traditional methods
 [C] are as inefficient as the traditional methods
 [D] are based on an entirely new working principle
78. The French company is working on anti-noise techniques to be used in all EXCEPT _____.
 [A] streets [B] factories [C] aircraft [D] cars
79. According to the talk, workers in "zones of quiet" can _____.
 [A] be more affected by noise [B] hear talk from outside the zone
 [C] work more efficiently [D] be heard outside the zone
80. The main theme of the talk is about _____.
 [A] noise-control technology [B] noise in factories
 [C] noise-control regulations [D] noise-related effects

Talk Three

Questions 81 to 85 refer to the talk. At the end of the talk you will be given 15 seconds to answer each of the following five questions.

Now listen to the talk.

81. According to the passage, during the 18th and 19th centuries cities were small in size mainly because _____.
 [A] the urban population was stable [B] few people lived in cities
 [C] transport was backward [D] it was originally planned
82. Cities survived in those days largely as a result of _____.
 [A] the trade activities they undertook [B] the agricultural activities in the nearby areas
 [C] their relatively small size [D] the non-economic roles they played
83. City dwellers were engaged in all the following economic activities EXCEPT _____.
 [A] commerce [B] distribution [C] processing [D] transportation
84. Urban people left cities for the following reasons EXCEPT _____.
 [A] more economic opportunities [B] a freer social and political environment
 [C] more educational opportunities [D] a more relaxed religious environment
85. Why did the early cities fail to grow as quickly as expected throughout the 18th century?
 [A] Because the countryside attracted more people.
 [B] Because cities did not increase in number.
 [C] Because the functions of the cities changed.
 [D] Because the number of city people was stable.

Talk Four

Questions 86 to 90 refer to the talk. At the end of the talk you will be given 15 seconds to answer each of the following five questions.

Now listen to the talk.



86. Which of the following statements about offices is NOT true according to the talk?
〔A〕 Offices throughout the world are basically alike.
〔B〕 There are primarily two kinds of office layout.
〔C〕 Office surroundings used to depend on company size.
〔D〕 Office atmosphere influences workers' performance.
87. We can infer from the talk that harmonious work relations may have a direct impact on your _____.
〔A〕 promotion 〔B〕 colleagues 〔C〕 management 〔D〕 union
88. Supposing you were working in a small firm, which of the following would you do when you had some grievances?
〔A〕 Request a formal special meeting with the boss.
〔B〕 Draft a formal agenda for a special meeting.
〔C〕 Contact a consultative committee first.
〔D〕 Ask to see the boss for a talk immediately.
89. According to the talk, the union plays the following roles EXCEPT _____.
〔A〕 mediation 〔B〕 arbitration 〔C〕 negotiation 〔D〕 representation
90. Which topic is NOT covered in the talk?
〔A〕 Role of the union. 〔B〕 Work relations. 〔C〕 Company structure. 〔D〕 Office layout.

SECTION D NEWS BROADCAST

In this section you will hear 20 news items, each of which is followed by one or two questions. At the end of each question, you will be given 5 seconds to answer it.

News Item One

91. The UN resolution is about international efforts in tightening control on _____.
〔A〕 terrorism activities 〔B〕 terrorists' networks
〔C〕 weapons for terrorists 〔D〕 funding for terrorism
92. What does the UN resolution specifically require states to do?
〔A〕 To establish a financial network. 〔B〕 To revise their banking laws.
〔C〕 To increase their police force. 〔D〕 To curb regional terror activities.

News Item Two

93. Altogether how many people were injured during the violence?
〔A〕 1. 〔B〕 2. 〔C〕 13. 〔D〕 14.
94. How long has the violence lasted?
〔A〕 For one day. 〔B〕 For two days.
〔C〕 For the whole summer. 〔D〕 For one year.

News Item Three

95. After the terrorist attacks in the United States, insurance rates soared as much as _____.
〔A〕 100% 〔B〕 200% 〔C〕 500% 〔D〕 1000%

News Item Four

96. Eight foreign aid workers were arrested in Afghanistan because of their _____ activities.
〔A〕 political 〔B〕 espionage 〔C〕 religious 〔D〕 relief

97. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as one of the penalties?
〔A〕 A fine. 〔B〕 Expulsion. 〔C〕 A jail term. 〔D〕 Death sentence.

News Item Five

98. According to the report, how many people are HIV-positive?
〔A〕 22 million. 〔B〕 36 million. 〔C〕 25 million. 〔D〕 58 million.

News Item Six

99. Which of the following is NOT a condition for the reduction of debts?
〔A〕 Poverty elimination. 〔B〕 Good government.
〔C〕 Fight against corruption. 〔D〕 Poor living standard.
100. By cancelling the debts owed to her, Britain intends to _____ a similar scheme proposed by the International Monetary Fund.
〔A〕 reject. 〔B〕 restart 〔C〕 follow 〔D〕 review

News Item Seven

101. What happened during the accident?
〔A〕 A train hit another train. 〔B〕 A train killed 23 people.
〔C〕 A train went off its tracks. 〔D〕 A train was trapped inside the station.
102. Which of the following statements best describes the condition of the passengers?
〔A〕 No one was fatally injured. 〔B〕 There were many heavy casualties.
〔C〕 No one was hurt during the accident. 〔D〕 Someone was killed during the accident.

News Item Eight

103. The civil servants held a strike to protest _____.
〔A〕 spending cuts 〔B〕 reform measures 〔C〕 pay cuts 〔D〕 low pay
104. The civil servants' strike was staged _____ the general strike.
〔A〕 a few days after 〔B〕 a few days before 〔C〕 a few weeks after 〔D〕 a few weeks before

News Item Nine

105. Which is the main idea of the news?
〔A〕 Industrial relations in Germany. 〔B〕 The German energy industry.
〔C〕 Coalition in the government. 〔D〕 Closure of nuclear reactors.
106. The decision to shut down nuclear reactors resulted from the demand from _____.
〔A〕 the Government 〔B〕 the energy industry
〔C〕 a party in the coalition 〔D〕 a declining need for nuclear energy

News Item Ten

107. Nigeria returned to the Commonwealth after _____.
〔A〕 she had sentenced minority rights activists to death
〔B〕 the military had resumed control of the country
〔C〕 power had been handed over to an elected president
〔D〕 she had negotiated with Commonwealth leaders
108. The Commonwealth consists of _____ countries which were former British colonies.
〔A〕 54 〔B〕 29 〔C〕 9 〔D〕 95

**News Item Eleven**

109. The space shuttle Discovery completed a _____ mission upon its return to the Kennedy Space Centre.
(A) 11-day (B) 94-day (C) 10-day (D) 49-day
110. When the spacecraft was going to land, _____.
(A) it produced a lot of noise (B) there were scattered showers
(C) people could see it high in the sky (D) people could neither see nor hear it

News Item Twelve

111. How many people died during the collision?
(A) Two. (B) Eighteen. (C) Three. (D) Five.
112. Three Albanians were arrested for _____.
(A) attacking the patrol boat (B) smuggling in refugees
(C) causing the accident (D) injuring refugees

News Item Thirteen

113. The news item is mainly about _____.
(A) efforts to salvage Sun Vista (B) negotiation with the ship's owner
(C) threats Sun Vista poses to passing ships (D) a newspaper's comment on Sun Vista

News Item Fourteen

114. According to the news, NATO and Russia _____.
(A) have finalized a charter on their new relationship
(B) still have differences in military and political issues
(C) will hold a fifth round of talks in Luxembourg
(D) made no progress in this round of talks

News Item Fifteen

115. _____ people were killed during the air crash.
(A) 61 (B) 51 (C) 41 (D) 10
116. According to the news, the plane crashed _____.
(A) shortly before it landed (B) minutes after it took off
(C) after it cleared the mountains (D) at the foot of the mountains

News Item Sixteen

117. Which of the following is NOT listed as a terrorist group by the US?
(A) The pro-Iranian Hezbollah. (B) The Palestinian group Hamas.
(C) The Irish Republican Army. (D) The Basque separatist group ETA.
118. The affected groups will be prevented from _____.
(A) entering the United States legally (B) freezing US financial assets abroad
(C) receiving support from other countries (D) giving weapons to other terrorist groups

News Item Seventeen

119. Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu _____.
(A) has been prosecuted by the Justice Ministry
(B) may be prosecuted by the Justice Ministry



- [C] has been prosecuted by the police
- [D] will be prosecuted on Monday

News Item Eighteen

120. The winners of the reported elections are _____.
- [A] the left-wing Conservatives
 - [B] the left-wing Socialists
 - [C] the centre-right Conservatives
 - [D] the centre-right Socialists
121. If the left secures the parliamentary majority, _____.
- [A] Chirac will share his presidential power with Jospin
 - [B] Jospin will share his prime ministerial power with Chirac
 - [C] Jospin will become prime minister, and Chirac will remain
 - [D] Jospin will become prime minister, and Chirac will resign

News Item Nineteen

122. Some Haitians are on strike in order to _____.
- [A] get proper medical treatment
 - [B] ask for their political rights
 - [C] protest against the US decision
 - [D] demand food supply aid from USA
123. The strikers are denied entry into the US because _____.
- [A] AIDS virus has been found among them
 - [B] they can not get political asylum in the US
 - [C] the US government has refused to take them
 - [D] they don't accept proper medical treatment

News Item Twenty

124. Where did the storms first strike?
- [A] The eastern US.
 - [B] The Gulf of Mexico.
 - [C] The Canadian border.
 - [D] Some areas in Cuba.
125. The storms have resulted in the following EXCEPT _____.
- [A] death and damage
 - [B] disruption of air services
 - [C] destruction of crops
 - [D] relocation of people