

# 尖子生 英语

(五、六年级)

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尖子生英语

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## 前言

当今社会科技迅猛发展，英语能力的提高将直接影响综合国力的提升。英语作为语言的交际工具已越来越多地被人们所重视。

我们根据学生的经验基础、年龄特点及知识点的达成情况，设计编写了这套《尖子生英语》，分三、四年级和五、六年级各一册，每册共含17个单元。全书内容与学生的课堂学习紧密结合，并适当延伸拓展，以满足学生的求知欲和探索需求。

书中每一单元由六大部分组成，分别是“Reading Garden”、“Golden Keys”、“Practice Field”、“Activity Corner”、“Easy Time”和“Useful Tips”。“Reading Garden”和“Golden Keys”可以使学生在阅读到许多有趣的故事，并在此基础上学到很多新词和句型；“Practice Field”和“Activity Corner”则将学生带入热身的情景；“Easy Time”又为学生提供了饶有趣味的儿歌、歌曲和绕口令，让学习变得不再枯燥乏味。“Useful Tips”为学生介绍中西方文化的差异和语言的有趣用法。

愿本书能成为教师和学生的好朋友。

编者

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# Unit 1 Colours



## Reading Garden

This is a beautiful garden. You can see flowers. They are white, yellow, pink and golden. Look at the trees. They are green. There are some birds in the trees. They are singing. You can see some children. Three are boys and two are girls. They are playing games on the green grass. The girls wearing beautiful dresses are behind the trees. The boys are looking at the red, yellow flowers and the birds. They are all happy.



### 1. Key words.

golden 金色

silver 银色

light 浅

dark 深

blond 亚麻色

rose 蔷薇色

scarlet 深红色

cream 乳黄色

wind 风

glass 玻璃杯

## 2. Key sentences.

Look at the flowers.

They are \_\_\_\_\_. (white, yellow...etc)

What colour can you see?

I can see a tree. It is green.

What colour are these/those birds?

They are yellow.



## Practice Field

## 1. Listen and write. (听录音，将短文补充完整。)

(1) It's a sunny day. You can see the sun is \_\_\_\_\_. The trees \_\_\_\_\_.

Some boys are wearing \_\_\_\_\_ T-shirts. Some girls are wearing \_\_\_\_\_ dresses.

(2) It's a beautiful day. Let's go to the garden. Look, many \_\_\_\_\_ are in the garden. Some are \_\_\_\_\_. Some are \_\_\_\_\_. Who are they? They're birds.

They're \_\_\_\_\_.

## 2. See some pictures and say. (看图说句子。)



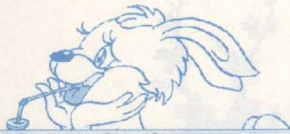
## 3. Look and write. (看图介绍。)



light 浅  
scarlet 深红色  
glass 玻璃

silver 银色  
rose 蔷薇色  
wind 风

golden 金色  
plum 亚麻色  
cream 乳黄色

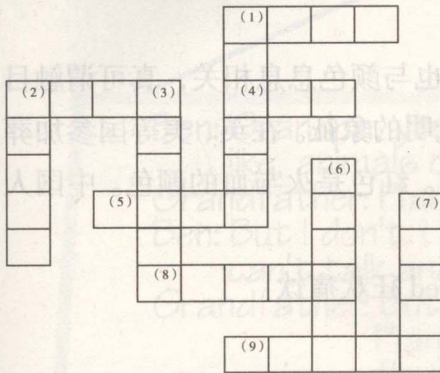


## Activity Corner

1. Listen and guess the animals. (听录音, 猜谜语。)

(1) \_\_\_\_\_ (2) \_\_\_\_\_ (3) \_\_\_\_\_

2. Crossword. (写出单词。)



Across

Down

(1) 桃花的颜色

(1) 茄子的颜色

(2) 老鼠的颜色

(2) 盛果汁的杯子

(4) 西红柿的颜色

(3) 香蕉的颜色

(5) 天的颜色

(6) 轻轻的风

(8) 雪的颜色

(7) 树干的颜色

(9) 小草的颜色



Rhyme.

Colours

Blue is the sea,

Green are the trees.

White are the clouds,

Black are the crows.

Brown are the chocolates,

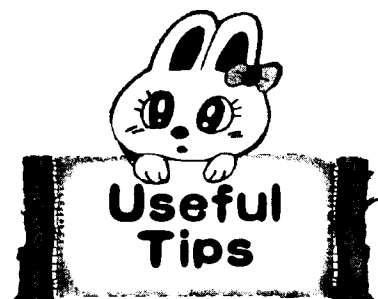
Red are the tomatoes.

Pink are the peaches,

Orange are the flowers.



Purple are the grapes,  
Yellow are the lemons.



自然界存在着各种颜色，人们的实际生活也与颜色息息相关，真可谓触目即“色”，无色不成世界。黑与白便是黑暗与光明的象征。在英、美等国参加葬礼一般穿黑色礼服，表示庄重和对死者的哀悼。红色是火与血的颜色。中国人以红色为贵，源于古代对月神崇拜。

red-letter day 喜庆的日子    paint the town red 狂欢痛饮

roll the red carpet for sb. 隆重欢迎某人

紫色一般是高贵、优雅、权利的象征。

be born in the purple 出身王室    raise sb. to the purple 升为红衣主教

marry into the purple 嫁入名门望族

绿色表示和睦、友善、和平和希望。



## Unit 2 Plants



### Reading Garden

Ben: Grandpa, you work so hard! Which do you like, animals or plants?

Grandfather: Plants, of course.

Ben: But I don't. I like animals. You see, plants can't talk and they can't walk, either.

Grandfather: But they have their lives, too.

Plants have roots, stalks, leaves, flowers, and seeds. Big trees can give us shadows in hot summer.

And plants can give us food, too.

Ben: Oh, yes. We can have vegetables and fruit. They are plants, too.

Grandfather: How is our garden in spring?

Ben: Wow, it's so beautiful! Beautiful flowers have different colours. The flowers make our garden more beautiful.

Grandfather: What's your favourite flower, Ben?

Ben: I like carnations. I give it to my mother on Mother's Day. But what's your favourite flower, grandpa?

Grandfather: Oh, roses. I give them to your grandmother on her birthday. It means I love her very much.

Ben: It's autumn now. there are many kinds of fruits. They are plants, too.

Grandfather: Yes, autumn is the fruit season.



# Golden Keys



## 1. Key words.

gardener 花匠

stalk 茎

vegetable 蔬菜

root 根

plant 植物

trunk 树干

carnation 康乃馨

## 2. Key sentences.

Which do you like, flowers or vegetables ?

What's your favourite flower?

It's rose.

How is the garden in spring?

It's beautiful.



## Practice Field

### 1. Listen and choose the words.( 听录音, 圈单词。)

(1) garden gardener (2) tree seeds (3) flowers favourite

(4) table vegetables

### 2. Answer the questions.( 回答问题。)

(1) What does Ben's Grandfather do?

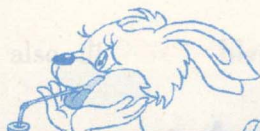
(2) What does Ben like?

(3) What does Grandpa like?

(4) What plant can give us shadows in summer?

(5) What's the best flower for mother on Mother's Day?

### 3. Act this short dialogue.( 根据对话排练节目。)



## Activity Corner.

Find some different plants on computer. Then talk about it.



## Easy Time

### Rhyme.

Spring is coming  
Everything is greening.  
Summer is coming  
The plants are green.  
Autumn is coming  
The leaves are falling.  
Winter is coming  
Nothing there can be seen.

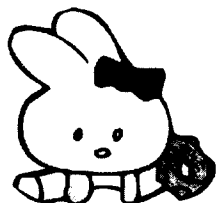


## Useful Tips

我们认识了许多植物，但你们还知道其他的植物吗？“吵闹的花” Evening primrose 夜来香在夜间开花。这种花开的速度非常快，当花蕾突然绽放的时候，你甚至可以听到花开的声音。Desert plants 沙漠中的植物一定要减少水分的流失。为了保存水分，沙漠中的植物的叶片上气孔都比较少。也有的植物叶片上有一层蜡状防水保护层。还有些植物看起来很漂亮，但它的花、叶或果实很可能含有剧毒。Poinsettia 一品红的红色叶片有剧毒。Lantana 马樱丹的果实不能吃。Thorn apple 曼陀罗是一种泻药，它会让你不停地往厕所跑。Frangipani 鸡蛋花的汁液有毒。Century plant 龙舌兰的汁液使人产生烧灼感。



# Unit 3 Insects



## Reading Garden

All of the bees are insects. A bee has six legs and three body parts —head, thorax, and abdomen. It has a pair of antennae. It use them to smell and feel. It has two eyes. But it cannot move its eyes or see very far. And its eyes stay open all of the time.

Bees can fly and they make sounds with their wings. Bees can help the plants make seeds. They go from plant to plant getting sweet food. When they do this, they help to make new seeds. Bees also give us honey. They take the sweet food back to the hive and make the honey.



### 1. Key words.

thorax 胸

abdomen 腹

move 移动

antenna 触角 — antennae (复数)

seed 种子

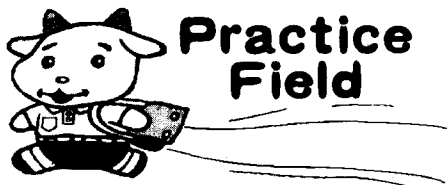
also 也

hive 蜂房

take 拿走

## 2. Key sentences.

Bees can fly and make sounds with their wings.



### 1. Choose the right answer for each of the following questions. (选择正确答案。)

(1) Bees use antennae to \_\_\_\_\_.

A. smell and feel

B. make sounds

C. move around

(2) A bee has \_\_\_\_\_ antennae.

A. one

B. two

C. three

(3) Bees can make sounds with their \_\_\_\_\_.

A. wings

B. antennae

C. eyes

(4) Which of the following is true, according to the passage? \_\_\_\_\_

A. A bee has six body parts and three legs.

B. A bee has two eyes and it can see very far.

C. Bees can't close their eyes.

### 2. Listen and choose the right word to fill in each of the blanks according to the meaning of the text. (听录音并根据短文内容选择正确的答案。)

honey, smell, open, a pair of, cannot, make, can, insects

- (1) A bee has \_\_\_\_\_ antennae and it use them to \_\_\_\_\_ and feel.  
 (2) A bee has two eyes, but it \_\_\_\_\_ move them. So its eyes always stay \_\_\_\_\_.  
 (3) Bees are \_\_\_\_\_. They \_\_\_\_\_ fly and \_\_\_\_\_ sounds with their wings.  
 (4) Bees help the plants make seeds and they also give people \_\_\_\_\_.

3. Complete the sentences. Find the right words. (根据短文选出正确的单词。)

Bees \_\_\_\_\_ ( is , are ) insects. They have \_\_\_\_\_ ( antenna , antennae ). They use them to smell and feel. Each bee has two eyes. They \_\_\_\_\_ ( can , cannot ) move \_\_\_\_\_ ( there , their ) eyes \_\_\_\_\_ ( and , or ) see very far. But they \_\_\_\_\_ ( can , cannot ) help the plants \_\_\_\_\_ ( take , make ) seeds. And they also \_\_\_\_\_ ( take , give ) us honey.



**Activity Corner.**

1. Look at the picture of a bee and try to write out the names of its parts. (看图并写出蜜蜂身体各部分的名称。)



## 2. Oral discussion. (口语讨论。)

- (1) How can bees help the plants make seeds?
- (2) Do they do good to (有益) people?
- (3) What do you think about bees?



### Rhyme.

Oh, bee! Oh, me!

Oh, bee! Oh, me!

I want to be a bee.

I want to dance among the flowers.

Oh, bee, bee, bee, bee, bee!

Oh, bee! Oh, me!

I want to be a bee.

I want to make the honey.

Oh, me, me, me, me, me!



蜜蜂是一种既有益又有趣 (beneficial and interesting) 的昆虫, 是昆虫世界中一个有组织的 (organizable) 伟大集体。古生物学研究证实, 五千万年前 (50 million years ago), 蜜蜂就已经在地球上生存 (exist)。在漫长的自然进化 (natural evolution) 过程中, 地球的生物圈几经变迁 (vicissitude), 很多物种 (species) 消亡了 (die out), 如强悍的恐龙 (intrepid dinosaurs) 早已灰飞湮灭, 但是小蜜蜂却依然顽强地 (indomitable) 生存在这地球上 (the earth) ...



# Unit 4 Animals



## Reading Garden

There are many animals in the world. I'm afraid of crocodiles.

It has a long hard-skinned body and a long mouth with many strong teeth. It lives in warm parts of the world. It floats (浮) silently in rivers and water holes looking for animals to catch and eat. In Asia, Africa and Australia (澳大利亚), You can see them.



### Golden Keys



#### 1. Key words.

crocodile 鳄鱼

fox 狐狸

donkey 驴

hippo 河马

deer 鹿

camel 骆驼

turtle 海龟

starfish 海星

sea-horse 海马

kangaroo 袋鼠

gorilla 大猩猩

seal 海豹

polar bear 北极熊

koala 树袋熊

Asia 亚洲

Africa 非洲

#### 2. Key sentences.



Where does it live?

It lives in warm parts of the world.



## Practice Field

### 1. Listen and circle the right answer. (根据听到的内容, 圈出正确答案。)

- (1) hare here (2) deer bear  
(3) camel camera (4) little turtle  
(5) monkey donkey (6) love live  
(7) grow gorilla (8) koala kangaroo



### 2. Fill in the blanks. (根据所给的单词填空。)

gorilla, camel, hippo, seal, koala, polar bear

(1) \_\_\_\_\_ live in deserts (沙漠) which are hot and dry. They can go without (没有) food and water for many days. The deserts of Africa people often use camels instead (代替) of cars to carry them.

(2) \_\_\_\_\_ live in jungles which are hot and steamy. They eat lots of fruit and bark. They live in big family groups.

(3) \_\_\_\_\_ live in Africa. They spend the day keeping cool in the lakes and rivers. They leave the water at night to eat grasses and plants.

(4) \_\_\_\_\_ live in cold places where it is snowy and icy. Harp seals live in the Arctic (北极), the far north of the world. Seals are good at diving and swimming underwater so that they can catch fish to eat.

(5) \_\_\_\_\_ are big and strong, with sharp teeth and claws (爪). They roam (漫步) the frozen north looking for seals to eat.

(6) \_\_\_\_\_ live in the branches of eucalyptus trees in Australia. They never drink because they get all the juice they need from the tree leaves they