



荣德基 总主编

®

典

综合应用创新题

新课标

九年级英语

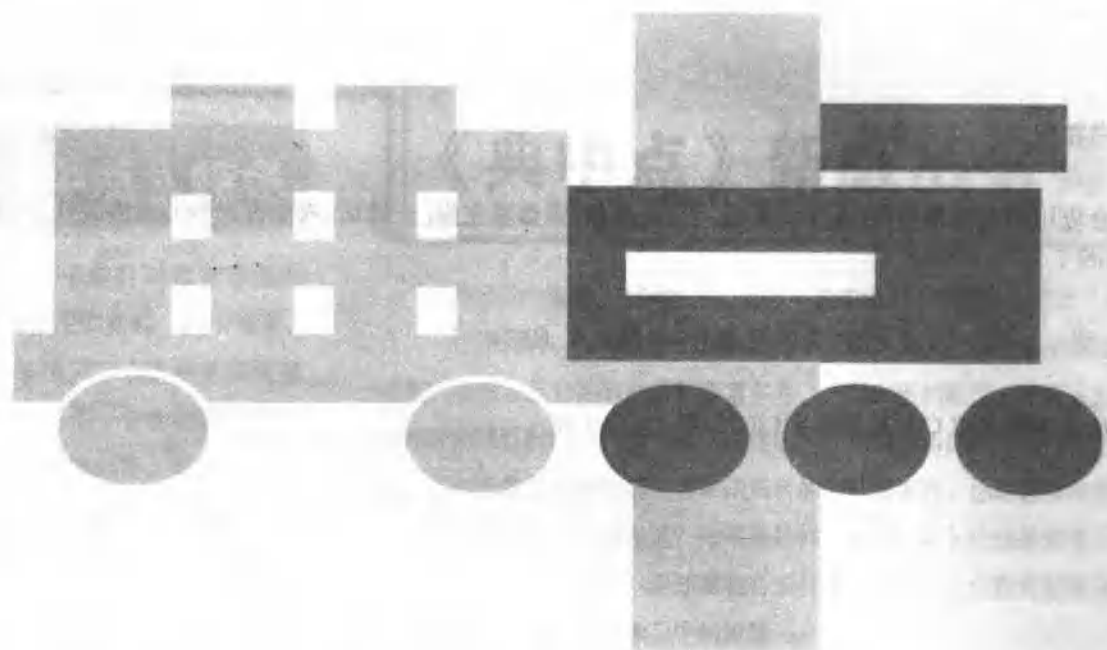
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配人教版

掀起题海的浪花

凝起知识的雨露

内蒙古少年儿童出版社



九年级英语(下)

(配人教版)

内含听力磁带

总主编:荣德基

本册主编:王允山



鸟儿选择天空,因为它可以高飞
鱼儿选择大海,因为它可以畅游
骆驼选择沙漠,因为它可以跋涉
骏马选择草原,因为它可以驰骋
做最好的选择,才能展现最优秀的你

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你的差距牵动着我的心



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一个橘子成就的梦想

悉尼歌剧院是与印度泰姬陵、埃及金字塔比肩的世界顶级建筑。它是20世纪建筑史上的奇迹。

而令人意想不到的是，这样一个令世人惊叹的建筑，竟出自丹麦38岁建筑师琼·伍重的灵机一动，而这个灵机一动，竟然与一个橘子有关。

在征集悉尼歌剧院方案的时候，琼·伍重也得到了这个消息，他决定参加大赛。他研究了世界各地歌剧院的建造风格，尽管它们或气势宏伟，或华美壮丽，他都没有从那里获得一点灵感。

这是在南半球一个十分美丽的港湾都市海边建造的歌剧院，必须摒弃一切旧的模式，具有崭新的思维。

早上，晚上，一日三餐，他沉浸在设计里。一天一天过去，截稿日渐近，却仍无头绪。

一天，妻子见苦苦思索的他又没有及时进餐，就随手递给他一个橘子。沉浸在思索

中的他，随手接过橘子。一边思考一边漫无目的地用小刀在橘子上划来划去。橘子被他的小刀横的竖的划了一道又一道。无意中橘子被切开了。当他回过神来，看着那一瓣一瓣的橘子，一道灵感闪电划过脑海上空。

“啊，方案有了！”

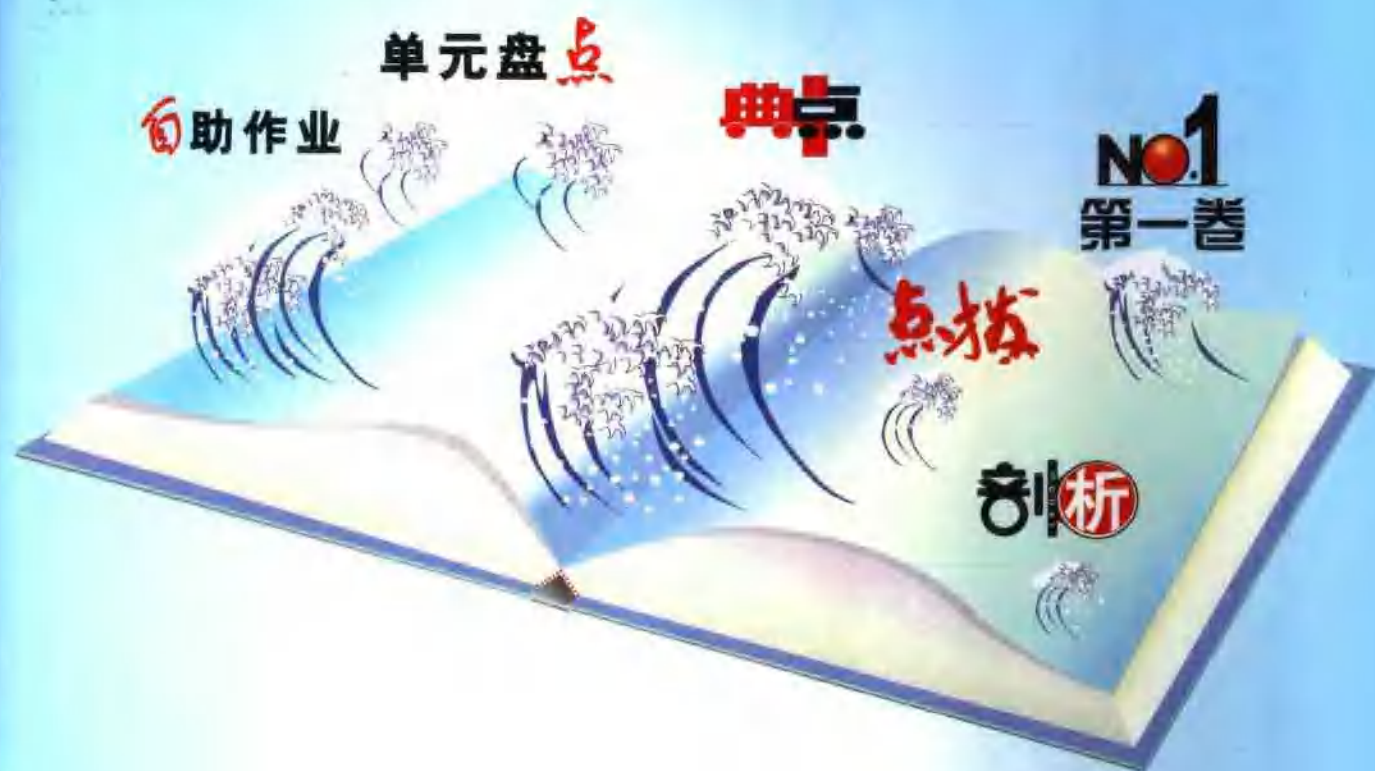
他迅疾设计好草图，寄往新南威尔士州。于是，20世纪世界上最伟大的建筑——悉尼歌剧院诞生了。在悉尼——这世界第一美港的贝尼朗岬角上，三面临海的歌剧院，不管它怎么样变幻着色彩都与周围景色浑然一体。它已经成为一种海的象征，艺术的象征，人类精神的象征。

奇迹就是奇迹：琼·伍重的小刀在橘子上划过，无意中获得了悉尼歌剧院的外观造型。他的小刀无意划过，触动了一个科学原理：球体网割弧线分割法。

或许这对我们每个人都有启示：

人，不能轻易丢掉自己的梦想。





在知识的海洋里汲取智慧的浪花

见过一片海，
用渊博的知识激荡起壮阔的海面；
采过一丛花，
因智慧的碰撞绽放开含蓄的花瓣；
有过一个梦，
决定从这里启程……

《典中点》特色

◆ 内容分A卷针对性训练题和B卷综合应用创新题，两个难度，两种训练方式。A卷侧重课堂基础知识的巩固，B卷侧重综合应用创新能力的训练。基本知识点基本能力点双管齐下，全面发展。

◆ 信息含量高。充分体现“综合、应用、创新”的精神，在命题素材、命题角度、命题方式等各方面均做到新、热、准，既渗透了新课程标准要求的新理念，又采取稳中求变的过渡式引导，让同学们在知识的学习与运用过程中自然地提升综合、应用、创新能力。

◆ 答案点拨到位。答案独立成册，是荣德基老师在教辅图书领域的又一独创，因此《典中点》也自然成为了先行者，它的答案包括参考答案、解题思路引导、详细解题过程、多种解题方法及本题拓展等信息，真正让你取得举一反三的学习效率。

◆ 题型丰富，命题结构科学。包括知识点解读案例题、经典基础题和一系列渗透新课标理念题。总之，“综合应用创新”是荣德教辅的灵魂式理念，而《典中点》则是这一理念的发展、完善、开拓的先行者和探索者。

《典中点》新版丛书特写

《综合应用创新题·典中》，简称《典中点》，荣德基老师继《点拔》之后又一经典品牌，荣德教辅的灵魂之作！顾名思义，它的经典不仅在于它每一道题的质量以及它拥有的各种丰富多彩、开放创新的题型，更在于它是根据荣老师对新课标进行研究所总结出的“综合应用创新”学习理念量身定做的。当你在各个书店看到那些琳琅满目的教辅图书时，你是否突然很真切地感受到了学海无边、题海无涯？如果是这样，《典中点》应该是海面上一座静静伫立的小岛，它不巍峨，但却藏着奇珍异宝，它可以让你脱离题海漫游的苦累，轻松愉快高效地获取学习中的惊喜……

《典中点》系列

《典中点》新课标各版本教材配套用书

《典中点》试验修订版教材配套用书

《典中点》丛书贯彻的荣德教辅策划理念

点拨理念——用易学、易掌握、易变通的方式，用妥帖、精辟的语言，深入浅出，使同学们在思维里顿悟，在理解中通透，在运用中熟练。

创新理念——深入挖掘贯彻同步辅助教学的两个概念：教材新知识学习同步和教材知识复习同步。

精品理念——精益求精，策划读者需要的、做最适合读者的精品图书。

差距理念——荣老师的独创，贯彻荣德教辅始终的CETC循环学习法的精髓。

中考在平时理念——在练习中融入对应本课（节）知识点的中考真题，培养中考应试能力。

感谢一直以来关心支持《典中点》丛书的老师、家长和同学们，是你们给了我们动力和灵感。因此，你们来信中的鼓励和建议都将在荣德教辅新书中找到影子，希望你们能仔细观察、认真使用，也在本书中找到您的汗水！

最后，祝老师和家长朋友们工作顺利、身体健康！

祝同学们学习进步，天天快乐！！

编委会祝福

《典中点》丛书编委会

2006年4月

震撼学生心灵的学习方法

◆ 撬动灵感的杠杆——荣德基老师创造CETC学习法灵感的由来

创造从学习开始。1997年两本书叫醒了荣老师沉睡的灵感神经，点亮了CETC循环学习法的灵魂之光。她们是《在北大等你》（光明日报出版社出版）和《等你在清华》（中国检察出版社出版）。

书中考入清华和北大的文、理科高考状元及优秀学生，用自己的切身经历，介绍了他们高效率的复习方式和独特的高考心态平衡法。摘录如下：

1. “我习惯于把每次测验中出现的错误记录下来，到下一次考试前翻过来看看，这样就不会重犯过去的错误。”

（熊远朝，1996年广西文科高考第一名，北京大学经济学院）

2. “题不二错。我们班同学大都有一个错题本。通过分析错题，可以明白自己的弱点，更好地查漏补缺。同学们不妨一试。”

（段楠，1995年北京文科高考第一名，北京大学经济学院）

3. “对高考来说，重视一道错题比你做一百道习题也许更为重要。”

（洪森，1996年河北省文科高考第三名，北京大学法学院）

4. “我高中三年的单元考和期末考的卷子以及高三的各种试卷基本上都保存着，在最后关头把它们拿出来看

看，主要是看其中的错题，分析一下错误原因，讨论一下正确做法，使我加深了印象，不让自己再犯相同的错误。”

（徐海燕，1995年四川省理科高考第三名，北京大学生命科学学院）

7. “要重视自己的学习方法。在学习中，学习方法非常重要，两个智力和勤奋程度差不多的人，

方法好的可能会优秀很多。这里我只提供一个比较适用的方法：自己准备一个笔记本，把平时做题中出现的错误都整理上去，写上造成错误的原因和启示。如果你平时做题出错较多，比如一张练习卷要错五、六处或更多，抄错题恐怕得不偿失，这时你可以在试卷上把错题做上标记，在题目的旁边写上评析，然后把试卷保存好，每过一段时间，就把‘错题笔记’或标记错题的试卷翻着看一看，好处会很大。在看参考书时，也注意把精彩之处或做错题目做上标记，这样以后你再看这本书时就有所侧重了，不必再整个看一遍。”

（魏少岩，1996年平时成绩优秀保送清华）

◆ 荣老师规律总结：

如何对待错误？考上清华、北大的同学们，都有一个错题记录本，关注做错的题，花精力复习做错的题！

◆ CETC的灵魂——差距

C—comprehension：听老师讲课，读教材，看教辅，不懂的地方——差距。（为什么不懂，有差距）

E—exercise：做练习题的错题——差距。（练习时为什么做错，有差距）

T—test：各种考试中做错的题——差距。（考试时为什么做错，有差距）

C—countermeasure：应对措施——消灭差距的方式方法。（再次做题时，保证题不二错）

锁定差距：C、E、T

缩小差距与消灭差距：C

CETC：锁定差距——缩小差距——消灭差距（这是CETC的目标和核心）

荣德基CETC循环学习法：CETC不停地循环——循环——再循环，差距在循环中锁定，在循环中缩小，在循环中消灭。

5. “我建议同学们能建立一个‘错题记录’，仔细分析原因，找出相应的知识点加以巩固强化，这样能避免重复犯同样的错误。”

（尹华，1997年山东省理工科高考第一名，清华大学化学系）

6. “一个很有效的方法就是做完题后写总结、感想，尤其是对那些想了半天没做出来的或者会做错题的题尤为重要。要把自己为什么不会做

或者为什么做错的原因记下来，这样才会有真正的收获，做题的意义也在于此。我自己就一直是这样做的，如果你翻看我做过的习题集或试卷，就会发现随处都是用红笔写的批注，我从中收获极大。”

（陈卓恩，1997年保送清华大学经济管理学院，1997年北京市理工科高考第七名）



荣德教辅对教师和学生们的关爱

荣德教辅丛书编委会在认真用心地策划教辅的同时,更加注重对全国的教师和学生读者的跟踪服务和相互交流。为了保证您享受到相应服务,请务必在寄给读者服务部的信中详细注明您的通信地址、邮编和联系电话,我们将为每一位教师和学生建立个人跟踪服务档案,并提供以下多种特色增值服务,敬请参与。

服务一:读书建议奖

荣德基老师非常重视同学们在使用荣德教辅过程中总结的意见和建议,自2002年设立“读书建议奖”以来,已有许多读者获得了该项奖励。2006—2007学年,继续对具有建设性的建议给予奖励,奖项如下:

一等奖2名,奖金500元;二等奖5名,奖金200元;三等奖50名,荣德基主编图书《单元盘点》《自助作业》或中考《第一卷》任选三册;四等奖200名,荣德基主编图书《单元盘点》《自助作业》或中考《第一卷》任选一册。

欢迎教师 and 同学们积极对荣德教辅的各个方面提出意见,以便我们再版时采纳并修改,更好地为读者服务:

1. 你认为本书在实用性上(题量及知识覆盖面)、适用性上(符合学习习惯)、难易度上(难易程度等方面)如何改进?
2. 你认为本书结构体系在设计上有哪些值得改进的方面?
3. 在用过的教辅书中你认为哪些对你最有帮助(请指出书名、科目、年级、出版社),主要优点是什么?

活动截止时间:2007年5月30日(以当地邮戳为准)。

获奖名单于2007年6月30日在荣德网上公布,请注意上网查询,祝你好运!

服务二:“在线擂台”和“在线评估”

荣德网(www.rudder.com.cn)设有两个“金牌”栏目,一是“在线擂台”,即同学们在网上同台竞技,看谁解题正确并且最快,优胜者将获得精美奖品;二是“在线评估”即“成长标杆”,根据同学们网上同步试题的测试结果,进行全国、各省、各地区的成绩成长排名,并剖析错题原因,弥补不足,消灭差距。还有学生、教师都很喜欢的“试卷交流”“课件交流”等栏目。

服务三:“读好书!收好礼!”活动

为了奖励同时选用荣德教辅两个系列以上的读者,丛书编委会精心策划了“读好书!收好礼!”活动:



如果在当地荣德教辅销售书店一次性购买荣德基主编五个系列图书《**点读**》《**中考**》《**剖析**》《**自助作业**》《**单元盘点**》中两个系列（注：1. 必须含《剖析》《单元盘点》或《自助作业》；2. 必须为同一年级用书；3. 同一系列不同学科）以上正版荣德教辅共九本者，请将购书小票、每本书的扉页（即该书第一页）和详细联系方式（地址，邮编，姓名，联系电话）一同寄回读者服务部，即可获赠《单元盘点》《自助作业》或中考《第一卷》任意一册（注明所要图书的年级、版本、系列、科目、上/下册）。

服务四：权威试卷助你成功！

为了更好的服务读者，加强 CETC 差距理念的指导作用，应广大读者朋友的要求，2005 年 8 月，荣德基老师联合中考命题研究专家等为 2006 年中考学子倾心打造了《荣德基 CETC 中考攻略第一卷》。

2005—2006 学年度中考《第一卷》，全面解析中考各阶段考试信息，配合、辅助师生备考。

2006 年中考，《第一卷》战果累累，乘风破浪，荣德基教育研究中心题海集粹，拾珍献宝，为 2007 年中考备考学子又特呈了《2006 年中考真题分类点拨》，造 2007 年中考考务强势。

2007 年中考《第一卷》特点主要表现为：

细挑精选、试题荟萃：对各教育发达地区的 2006 年中考真题进行了精心挑选，特别关注探究题、开放题、创新题，体现出中考改革最新特点和 2007 年中考命题趋势。

考题分类、效果检测：按照专题对 2006 年各地新课标中考真题进行分类，有助于考生检测第二轮专题复习效果。

点拨精辟、能力提升：对每一道试题的命题意图、解题方法、答题技巧进行了详细的讲解和点拨，能够提升考生的应试能力。

状元建议、经验共享：集中介绍历年各地中考状元的学习经验、备考秘诀和应试技巧。

你将参加 2007 年中考，让我们以优秀的图书打造优秀的你，让神气自信的你见证我们的努力和成就，让我们和你一起分享骄傲和自豪！

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tell me where the restrooms are?

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Unit 11 Could you please tell me where the restrooms are?

单元知识点概览表

话题	1. Ask and tell the location of a certain place. (询问与说明某个地方的位置) 2. Learn to offer help. (学习给别人提供帮助)				
功能	1. Learn to describe a place or a sign. (学会描述一个地方或标志) 2. Learn to be polite in social communication. (学会社会交往中的礼节)				
	知识点	Section A 训练题号	Section B 训练题号	Self Check and Reading	单元达标 测验题题号
重点 单词	1. escalator <i>n.</i> 电动扶梯; 自动扶梯	— 1			
	2. fresh <i>adj.</i> 新鲜的; 清新的	— 2			
	3. block <i>n.</i> 街区; 街段				II 卷 二 4
	4. drugstore <i>n.</i> 杂货店; 药店	— 3			
	5. uncrowded <i>adj.</i> 不拥挤的; 宽敞的		— 3		II 卷 二 2
	6. safe <i>adj.</i> 安全的; 可靠的				II 卷 二 7
	7. furniture <i>n.</i> 家具	二 7			
	8. lend <i>v.</i> 借给; 借出			— 4	
	9. park <i>v.</i> 停车			— 8	
	10. wonder <i>v.</i> 觉得奇怪; 想知道			— 3	
	11. trouble <i>v.</i> (使) 烦恼; 麻烦; 打扰			— 7	
	12. offend <i>v.</i> 冒犯; 得罪; 使生气				II 卷 二 3
	13. staff <i>n.</i> 职员; 工作人员; 全体职员				II 卷 二 5
重点 短语	1. hang out 闲逛	四 2			
	2. dress up 盛装; 打扮; 装饰				
	3. hand in 交上			— 6	
	4. depend on 依赖; 取决于			— 1	
句 型	1. Could you tell me how to get to the post office?	四 4			
	2. I prefer being outside.	四 3			II 卷 三 6
	3. Parents will spend many happy hours walking through the History Museum.			三 2	
语 法	Could you please tell me where I can get a dictionary?	二 4	二 5		II 卷 三 1
其 他	重点口语句: It's kind of small.	二 2 四 5			

Section A 针对性训练 (48 分 30 分钟) (81)

一、根据首字母提示写出单词 (每小题 1 分, 共 8 分)

- If you want to go to the second floor, you needn't take an elevator, you may take an e _____.
- Is the soup f _____ or sour?
- I want to buy some medicine. Where is the nearest d _____?
- Could you show me h _____ to make cakes?
- Lily is on my right and Lucy is on my left. I'm

b _____ them.

- A b _____ is a place where books are sold.
- John majors in English. He is in the English d _____.
- A public lavatory is also called a r _____.

二、单项选择 (每小题 1 分, 共 10 分)

- There _____ bank near my house.
A. has B. is a C. has a D. have a
- Why not read this book?

—Because it's _____ boring. [N]

- A. a little of B. a kind of
C. kind of D. kinds of

3. The Blacks live _____ Rose Road.

- A. in B. on C. at D. to

4. Excuse me, could you tell me where _____?

- A. I got some stamps
B. can get some stamps
C. I can get some stamps
D. can I get some stamps

5. Peter doesn't _____ like vegetables but his mother asks him to eat them every day.

- A. very B. much very
C. really D. very much

6. _____ you please _____ me with my housework?

- A. Would; helping
B. Could; to help
C. Could; help
D. Can; to help

7. —What did they buy yesterday?

—Some _____. [N]

- A. furniture B. furnitures
C. piece of furniture D. pieces of furnitures

8. I'm _____ tired because I have _____ school work to do.

- A. too much; much too
B. much too; too much
C. too many; many too
D. too much; too much

9. There are some kids _____ and dancing over there. Can you see them?

- A. singing B. to sing
C. are singing D. sing

10. It's fun _____ a comedy movie.

- A. to watch B. watch
C. watching D. for watching

三、选用方框中的句子完成对话(每空2分,共10分)

- A. Where is the bus stop then?
B. How far is it from here?
C. Where is the nearest post office, please?
D. Thanks a lot.
E. Oh, dear! I don't think I can walk there.

A: Excuse me, _____ I _____

B: Oh, there isn't a post office near here. There is one on the other side of the river.

A: _____ 2 _____

B: About 10 kilometers away.

A: _____ 3 _____

B: You can take a Number 4 bus.

A: _____ 4 _____

B: It's on the other side of the road. Look! The bus is coming.

A: _____ 5 _____

B: That's OK.

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

5. _____

四、句型转化(每小题2分,共10分)

1. Could you please ring me up when you wake up?
(改为同义句)

Could you please _____ me _____
_____ when you wake up?

2. The visitors roamed around the town. (改为同义句)

The visitors _____ around the town.

3. I like reading, but I like dancing better. (合成一句)

I _____ dancing _____ reading.

4. Could you tell me how I can get to the book store?
(改为简单句)

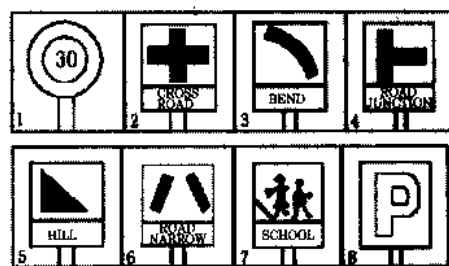
Could you tell me how _____ to the
book store?

5. The boys are a little noisy. (改为同义句)

The boys are _____ noisy.

五、阅读理解(每小题2分,共10分)

A sign is another kind of language. Here are some of them that you see on the roads.



Number one is a sign with the number thirty on it. When drivers see this sign, they must not go at more than thirty kilometers an hour. We see this sign when we are getting near a town. Number two is a sign that we're near a crossing. We must drive carefully. Number three is a sign that there is a bend in the road. Again, we must drive slowly and carefully. It is not safe to go round a bend very fast. Number four is a sign that there is another road coming in from the right. There is a junction at this place. Number five is a sign that there is a hill and number six is a sign that the road gets

narrow. Drivers must go slowly and carefully. Number seven has the word "SCHOOL" on it. This is a sign that there is a school at the side of the street or the road. Perhaps there are children going to or leaving school. So drivers must look carefully and go slowly. Number eight is a sign with the letter "P" on it. The letter "P" means "Parking". At some places, there're the signs "No parking" or "No waiting". If a driver leaves his car near one of these signs, a policeman may come and write down the number of his car.

- At the places where you see Sign 1, _____.
A. you are already out of a town
B. you still have thirty kilometers to go
C. there must be a town thirty kilometers away
D. there must be many houses and buildings not far away
- There stands Sign 2 near a place where _____.
A. two roads cross
B. people can cross the road
C. the roads get narrow
D. there are no traffic lights
- You have to drive not only slowly but also carefully when you find _____. [N]
A. each of the eight signs
B. either of Signs 2 and 3
C. all of Signs 3, 5, 6 and 7
D. any of Signs 3, 5, 6 and 7
- A driver can leave his car _____.
A. near Sign 8 at any time
B. near a sign with "No parking" on it
C. near a sign with "No waiting" if there're no police there
D. near a sign with "P" on it in the daytime
- People put these signs on the roads to _____.
A. show drivers the way
B. stop cars going too fast
C. make driving even safer
D. learn another kind of language

Section B 针对性训练 (42分 30分钟) (81)

一、用单词的适当形式填空 (每小题1分,共5分)

- I don't think that movie is _____ (fascinate).
- Is this kind of food _____ (delicious) than that one?
- There was no room for them to stand on the bus. It was _____ (crowd).
- Last night, I stayed at my _____ (aunt).

- A library is a good place for the kids _____ (open) their eyes.

二、单项选择 (每小题1分,共10分)

- _____ your father _____ your mother are teachers.
A. Either; or B. Neither; or
C. Both; and D. Not only; but also
- Where are you going _____ ?
A. take vacations
B. taking vacation
C. to take a vacation
D. to vacation
- Did you have great fun _____ at the party?
A. playing B. to play
C. played D. play
- I don't think a zoo is a good place _____.
A. to play B. playing
C. for play D. to playing
- When do you think _____ ?
A. the bus will come
B. the bus is come
C. will the bus come
D. will come the bus
- Did you buy the shampoo in this _____ ?
A. drugstore
B. escalator
C. department store
D. furniture store
- I really want to know _____.
A. where you are from
B. where do you live
C. where are you come from
D. are you where from
- Could you tell me where I can _____ a phone call?
A. put B. ring
C. set D. make
- The supermarket _____ people. [N]
A. is crowded with B. is crowded in
C. are crowded with D. is crowding with
- I prefer _____ a nurse.
A. be B. to be
C. am D. to being

三、学会有礼貌地问问题 (每小题2分,共10分)

Example: You want to know: What bus do you need to take?

You ask; Please tell me what bus I need to take.

You want to know;

1. How long can you keep the library book?

You ask; Could you tell me _____ ?

2. When and where will they exchange money?

You ask; Excuse me, do you know _____ ?

3. What is the most important thing about this meeting?

You ask; I'm sorry to trouble you, but can you tell me _____ ?

4. Where is the nearest post office?

You ask; Excuse me, sir. Could you tell me _____ ?

5. How do you get to the drugstore?

You ask; Excuse me, I need to find out _____ .

四、完形填空(每小题 1 分,共 7 分)

Mr Holland drove to work every day. He wanted to be 1, so he stopped driving and rode a bike instead. Sometimes when all the cars stopped at a red light, he went 2 them to the front, because his bike was small. He was 3 with this.

Sometimes when the roads were too narrow for 4, he could still go easily. He liked to get away from the noise of the 5 streets.

Yesterday, as he stopped at a red light, a man 6 from behind him on another bike. He looked at Mr Holland, "Did the police 7 your driving license away, too?" he asked.

- | | |
|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. taller | B. happier |
| C. thinner | D. heavier |
| 2. A. through | B. past |
| C. across | D. along |
| 3. A. pleased | B. angry |
| C. excited | D. disappointed |
| 4. A. motorbikes | B. bikes |
| C. cars | D. taxis |
| 5. A. long | B. busy |
| C. high | D. right |
| 6. A. ran up | B. walked up |
| C. went up | D. came up |
| 7. A. take | B. bring |
| C. give | D. put |

五、综合能力创新应用题(每小题 2 分,共 10 分)

The two boys, each 17 years old, were on a small boat trip(旅行). They had left weeks before. Now they had gone as far as Norway House(See the map). They wanted to get to York Factory. But it was 450 miles(英里)away! And there was only one village be-

tween Norway House and it.

That night, the boys could hardly sleep. Over and over, each asked himself, "What can I say to my family if we turn back? But isn't it foolish(not clever) for us to go alone into such a place? What if we get lost? Should we turn back or not?"

The next morning, the boys talked with two policemen.

"We don't like to see you boys start out on this trip," said one of the men seriously.

"It's dangerous," said the other. "Why don't you boys go home now?"

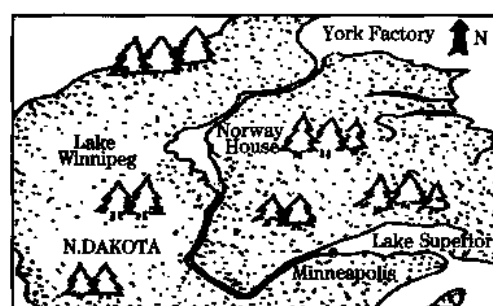
"We've thought it over," said Eric. "We can't stop half-way now. Shall we go on, Walter?"

"Yes," Walter answered. "Maybe it is a very hard trip, but let's go on! We started out to go to York Factory. Let's not stop until we get there."

An old man was near the boys. He heard what they had said. "Good for you!" he said to them. "I'm sure you can make it. Just think about the next mile you have to go. Don't think about the ones after that."

- The two boys _____ in the story.
 - were on their way home
 - were having a boat trip
 - had lost their way
 - wanted to get to a village
- That night, Eric and Walter could hardly sleep because _____.
 - they were too tired
 - they felt cold and alone
 - they had got lost
 - they were thinking about what to do next
- How many persons were there in the story?
 - 2.
 - 3.
 - 4.
 - 5.
- The underlined(画线) part "you can make it" here means _____.
 - you won't fail
 - you can decide what to do now
 - you will reach the village
 - you can cover the next mile
- Look at the map and tell which of the following is right. [N]
 - It is about 1200 miles from Minneapolis to York Factory.

- B. The two boys traveled from the southwest to the northeast.
- C. Minneapolis is about 450 miles away from York Factory.
- D. Norway House is on the west side of Lake Winnipeg.



荣德基 CETC 循环学习之 Section A、B 针对性训练错题反思录

题号	错解关键	错解分析	正确解法	规律总结

Self Check and Reading 针对性训练 (73分, 50分钟) (82)

一、根据首字母提示写出单词(每小题1分,共8分)

- Whether we'll go or not d _____ on the weather.
- Help me find some i _____ about the population of the world on the Internet.
- I w _____ if you'll come to my birthday party tomorrow.
- My pen is missing; could you please l _____ me yours?
- Ms Li is our good teacher. On the other h _____, she is our best friend.
- If you finish your homework, h _____ it in please.
- We have some t _____ making this kite, please give us a hand.
- The sign "P" tells you it's a place to p _____ your cars.

二、选用方框中的句子完成对话(每空2分,共10分)

从A~G选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项补全对话(选项中有两项是多余的)

- A. Please ask that girl.
B. Which bus shall I take?
C. I don't know.
D. Is it far from here?
E. Can I take a bus to get there?
F. It's my pleasure.
G. Don't thank goodness.

A: Excuse me, sir. Could you please tell me how to get to the zoo?

B: Sorry, 1 I'm new here. 2

A: Excuse me, could you tell me the way to the zoo?

B: Go along this street until you reach the second traffic lights, then turn left. At the end of the street, you'll see the zoo.

A: 3

C: Yes, you can.

A: 4

C: You can take the No. 6 bus.

A: Thank you very much.

B: 5

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____

5. _____

三、单项选择(每小题1分,共10分)

- In this way we can speak _____ than he does.
A. polite B. politer
C. more polite D. more politely

2. Children like spending much time _____ TV on weekends.

- A. to watch B. watching
C. on watching D. watches

3. I _____ if you can help me.

- A. know B. like know
C. wonder D. want know

4. You need _____ polite when you speak to others.

- A. to be B. be
C. are D. being

5. Chinese is _____ English.

- A. more important as
B. not important as
C. as important as
D. so important as

6. We can get _____ information from the newspaper.

- A. many B. much
C. quite a few D. lots

7. It's not important _____ your friends.

- A. to like
B. being like
C. to be like
D. like

8. He said as loud as he could _____ let us hear clearly.

- A. so that to B. in order to
C. so as D. order to

9. _____, could you please tell me the way to the park?

- A. Excuse me B. I'm sorry
C. I beg your pardon D. Thank you

10. Jim is _____ at English than his brother.

- A. good; does
B. better; is
C. good; is
D. better; does

四、句型转化(每小题2分,共10分)

1. My new dress is similar to the one you have. (改为同义句)

My new dress is _____

2. Don't speak to people when you are eating. (改为同义句)

Don't speak to people when _____.

3. Please tell us what we should do next. (改为简单句)

Please tell us _____ next.

4. I'm speaking to your English teacher about your study. (对画线部分提问)

_____ are you speaking _____ about my study?

5. I borrowed a pen from Jim yesterday. (改为同义句)

Jim _____ a pen yesterday.

五、完形填空(每小题1分,共10分)

Every country has its favorite food. One of the most popular kinds of food in 1 is fish and chips. People usually 2 it in fish and chip shops. They put it in paper bags, and take it home, or to 3 workplace. But the world's favorite food 4 English, Italian or Japanese. It 5 that American fast food is the most popular. In many 6 like Moscow, Paris, Tokyo and Shanghai, you can 7 people eating fried chicken and chips. Chinese food is also popular 8 the world. In many big cities you can find Chinese restaurants(餐馆). People like Chinese food very much 9 it has different tastes(味道) and is very 10.

1. A. America B. England
C. Japan D. China
2. A. give B. sell C. buy D. bring
3. A. their B. our C. your D. his
4. A. weren't B. wasn't
C. aren't D. isn't
5. A. seems B. thinks
C. feels D. finds
6. A. countries B. cities
C. towns D. villages
7. A. see B. learn
C. know D. look
8. A. at B. on C. in D. from
9. A. if B. when
C. until D. because
10. A. terrible B. delicious
C. expensive D. dangerous

六、阅读理解(每小题2分,共10分)

The summer holidays are coming. Most of the students have ideas about their holidays. Here are two students' holiday ideas. Read their ideas and try to look for information from the following ads to help them.

Holiday ideas	
Li Li	I like to go out and have fun. I'll look for new CDs or books. But I also want to go to sports clubs and take more exercise.
Hu Hui	It's great to get close to nature. I want to fly to Hainan island. And I'll ask my friends to go with me!

Ad 1	Ad 3
Xinhua Library Books, CDs and Videos Over 100 foreign newspapers and magazines Entrance Free Monday — Saturday 9:30 a. m. — 6:00 p. m. New Rose House Museum Street	THE BEST OF HAINAN ISLAND ON A 4-0DAY TRIP Price only 1,300 yuan including: Round-trip plane tickets between Taiyuan and Haikou. Bus service around Hainan. Three nights' stay in good hotels. Best guide service.

Ad 2	Places to visit:
Holiday Sports Club 27 Xishan Street July—August Monday—Sunday 7: 30 am—6:00 pm For young people (10 —18 years) Play different sports every day Price 25 yuan a week	Day 1 Haikou (A city visit and a visit to Hairui Tomb) Day 2 Sanya (A chance to see surprising, colorful sea animals and a wonderful place for swimming) Day 3 Xinglong (A nice experience to see different kinds of plants) Day 4 Qionghai (A full day visit to Wanquan River and other places of interest)

1. According to Hu Hui's holiday ideas, he can look for information from _____.
A. Ad 1 B. Ad 2 C. Ad 3
2. If Li Li goes to the Xinhua Library, _____.
A. she can go there on Sunday
B. she has to pay for her entrance
C. She can find CDs and videos there
3. Holiday Sports Club is _____.
A. at Museum Street
B. open from July to August