北京市海淀区教师进修学校编

高中

英语单元练习手册

(修订本)



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我们编写的《高中英语单元练习手册》、《高中英语语法手册》出版以来,受到了全国各地广大青年学生和教师的热烈欢迎,多次再版达数百万册,仍供不应求。人们普遍反映:这两本书符合《全日制中学英语教学大纲》的基本要求,能起到使学生牢固掌握基础知识的作用,是提高分析和解决问题能力及应试技巧的有力助手。

近几年来,形势变化很大。最突出的是高考改革、会考与高考两级检测,使考核的方式逐渐地系统、完善起来了。为了更好地配合高中英语教学与复习,巩固所学语言知识并迅速提高运用英语的能力,我们认真研究了这几年英语高考的内容:分析了国内外英语学科考查的趋势,预测了今后几年的高考动向,重新编写了这两本书。本书的编者大多是海淀区教师进修学校的教研员和有丰富教学经验的中学高级教师。他们在多年的教改探索实践中,特别是在落实"双基"和学生的语言训练上有较丰富的经验。本书中的许多习题就是从他们的教学实践中经过测试和科学比较筛选出来的。

《高中英语单元练习手册》(修订本)是按照中学英语课本的内容顺序编排的。初中课本的练习按册编写,高中课本练习按课编写。每份练习包括语言、词汇、语法、惯用法、句型、阅读理解、知识的综合运用、书面表达等方面的内容。本书在全面系统的复习基础上,既注意了突出各册的重点和难点的复习巩固,又注意了适应高考需要的各种能力的培养和提高。本书还参照了近年来高考试题形式,增编模拟高考的单元练习题。力求激发学生的学习兴趣,开拓解题思路,促使并帮助学生不断归纳、整理、使用所学知识。

本书适用于高中各年级学生,特别是高中毕业班学生,也适用于具有同等程度的英语自学者。

本书编者有:北京市海淀区育英中学于蕊兰、潘晓媛;北京市海淀区万寿寺中学柳宁、北京理工大学附属中学王久琴、北京市海淀区八一中学陈琦、北京矿业学院附属中学谢九妹、北京市海淀区西颐中学高秀民、中国人民大学附属中学周启欣、铁道学院附属中学范存智、北京海淀区教师进修学校万紫红、马淑英等同志。

全书由马淑英同志审订。

由于我们的水平有限,时间仓促,不当和错误之处在所难免。恳请读者批评指正。

北京市海淀区教师进修学校

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初中第一至三册

Ⅰ. 语 音: A. 找出下列各组单词中划线部分读音不同的单词: C. wash D. what B. want 1. A. dance D. taught 2. A. autumn B. daughter C. aunt D. thought B. through C. bought 3. A. brought D. comrade 4. A. monkey B. volleyball C. wrong D. breakfast C. peasant 5. A. breath B. great D. borrow 6. A. worry B, forest C. orange 7. A. mouths B. months C. maths D. Smiths 8. A. stronger B. younger C. longer D. singer 9. A. exciting B. exam C. except D. expensive 10. A. hour B. he C. half D. holiday D. nose 11. A. December B. nurse C. message D. dig 12. A. large B. orange C. page B. 从 A、B、C、D 划线部分中找出与所给单词的划线部分读音相同的选项: C. wife D. himself B. off 1. have A. of D. mouth B. breath C. with 2. than A. three D. hungry C. Monday 3. answer A. thank B. ink D. Thursday 4. newspaper A. news B. theirs C. history C. watches A. clothes B. boxes D. oranges 5. babies C. whose D. white 6. whole A. when B. where C. walk D. half 7. also A. always B. talk 8. five C. still D. live A. fifth B. bright C. moon B. school D. good 9. foot A. cool C. pound D. enough B. country 10. thousand A. young C. climbed D. waited A. stopped B. planned 11. asked C. world D. more 12. worse A. north B. horse Ⅱ. 单词拼写: A. 以下所给单词均不完整, 请从 A、B、C、D 中选出适当的字母或字母组合, 使其完整与正确: 1. an __m 1 A. i; e B. i; a C, e; a D. e; o

B. efo

В. о

C. epha

C. u

D. efa

D. a

A, epho

А. е

2. el _____nt
3. gard n

4. th_	selves	A. em	B. eir	C. eim	D. eirs	
	nţ	A. esa	B. esi	C. ese	D. easa	
6. vi	ln	A. a; i	B. a; e	C. o; i	D. 0; e	•
7. rest	rant	A. ua	B. u	C. a	D. au	v
8. mu	m	A. seu	B. siu	· C. cea	D. cia	
9. mag	gne	A. ezi	B. ese	C. azi	D. ase	
10. lib	ry	A. era	B. ere	C. ra	D. re	
B. 以 ⁻	下所给的各组的	单词均有一个	卜是拼错的单	词,请把它挑	出来:	
1. A.	message	B. carrage	C. vi	llage D.	encourage	
2. A.	Rusian	B. perhaps	C. ex	ercise D.	spaceship	
3. A.	ancle	B. aunt	C. pa	rent D.	cousin	
4. A.	connect	B. tennis	· C. co	rnner D.	dinner	
5. A.	African	B. Australi	an C. A	sian D.	Europian	
6. A.	tailor	B. conduct	or C. sa	ilor D.	lawyor	
7. A.	physics	B. chamist	ry C. bi	ology D.	geography	
8. A.	Auguest	B. January	C. Fe	eb r uary D.	April	
9. A.	Tuesday	B. Saterda	y C. T	hursday D.	Wednesday	•
10.A.	stadeum	B. museun	C. pa	alace D.	capital	
	择与句中划线 w _. many <u>lesson</u>					
A.	texts	B. clas	sses	C. exerci	ses	D. lectures
2. Th	e problem is <u>h</u>	ard, so few	people can w	ork it out.		*
Α.	different	B. dif	icult	C. easy		D. easily
3. Yo	u'll be better s	soon.			•	1 45 - 1 14
A.	q a ickly	B. fas	t .	C. long b	oefore	D. before long
4. He	ran to the libi	rary <u>right av</u>	<u>ay</u> .			
A:	right then	B. jus	t now	C. at lass	ŧ [*]	D. at once
5. W	hať a <u>bright</u> da	y!				
A.	sunny	B. cle	ar	' C. light		D. clever
, 6. Th	ne policeman <u>to</u>	ook down his	name.			
A.	turned down	B. wr	ote down	C. mark	ed	D. signed
7. He	er hair <u>turned</u> v	white two ye	ars ago.			4
A.	was	B. ch	anged	C. becan	ne	D. grow
8. Th	ne flowers are g	coming out v	vith spring co	oming on.		
						_
\mathbf{A}_{\cdot}	opening	B. ap	pearing	C. comir	ng up	D. turning up
•	opening ne teacher told				ng up	D. turning up
9. Ti		him not to				D. turning upD. any longer

Ш

A. took out	B. worked out	C. showed	D. showed off
11. You'd better thin	ık it over, or you may a	arrive at a wrong concl	usion.
A. come for	B. come out	C. come at	D. come to
12. Would you like h	er to help you?		•
A. care	B. care for	C. mind	D. love for
13. You have come la	ite to class, and what's	more you have left yo	ur books at home.
A. again	B. besides	C. even	D. once again
14. Did you have a go	ood time at yesterday's	party?	
A. interest yours	elf	B. enjoy yo	ourself
C. delight yourse	elf	D. help you	urself
15. Children are take	n good care of in China		
A. very careful		B. looked t	ıp
C. well looked at	ter	D. taken c	harge of
B. 用句中划线部分的	内单词的适当形式填空	•	•
1. This is his	birthday. Now he	e is a boy of <u>twelve</u> .	
2. There are nine peo	ople in the	room.	
3. She is always happ	oy. Listen, she is singir	ng an American song _	•
4. There is a lot of w	vind today. It is	today.	
5. He shouted at me	, and I was	s <u>angry</u> with him.	
6. He looks	In fact, he needn'	t worry about his son.	
7. Thei	s good at physical scien	<u>ce</u> .	
8. It's your birthday	. Help to s	some cakes.	
9. We are	We love China.		•
10. There is a bottle	of water on the table,	but we need five	•
11. A man has one s	tomach. But a cow has	four	
12. She wants to be	a woman driver. Now i	more and more	drive cars and buses
C. 词义辩异:			
1. I want to be an a	rtist my fat	her.	Same of the same o
A. as	B. like	C. likes	D. as if
2. Be quick. There is	s time to g	ю.	•
A. little	B. a little	C. few	D. a few
3. It's dark in the r	oom. Please	_ the light.	
A. open	B. turn on	C. turn off	D. turn out
4. What will Father	us from Ja	pan?	
A. carry	B. take	C. get	D. bring
	_ long to have the car i		
A. carry	B. take	, C. pay	D. spend
	a baby in l	<u> </u>	
	B. brought		D. got
7. How can you	if you are not	?	

A. listen; hearing	B. hear; hearing	C. hear; listening	D. listen; listening
8. Can you	a job for me? I've bee	n out of work for two	months:
A. look for	B. find	C. look up	D. found
9. I want to	his bike, but he	it to Ling-line	g a moment ago.
A. lend; borrowe	ed B. borrow; lent	C. lent; borre	owed D. borrow; lend
10. — How long ma	ay I the book?		
— Two weeks,	but if you can't finish it is	n time, you may come	e and it.
A. borrow; ren	ew B. keep; borrow	C. have; lend	D. keep; renew
11. I'm	_ carefully, but I	nothing.	
A. looking; see	B. looking at; see	C. seeing; look	D. seeing; look at
12. Can you	what I mean?	t	•
A. see.	B. look	C. notice	D. watch
13. He is	to the assistant about th	ne experiment.	
A. telling	B. saying	C. speaking	D. reading
14. The telegram _	that he was leav	ing Shanghai for Beijin	ng on the 9:45 train on Mon-
day morning.	•		
A. told	B. said	C. spoke	D. wrote
15. She was smiling	, but her eyes	that she was unhapp	y.
A. spoke	B. told	C. read	D. said
16 lo	uder so that those who	are sitting at the ba	ck can hear what you are
•		•	
	B. Talk; speaking	C. Speak; saying	D. Speak; talking
	e for lunch.		
		C. chickens	D. chicks
	could fly to the moon in a	,	
A. want	B. hope	C. think	D. wish
	ou are in good health.		
A. want	B. hope	C. wish	D. would like
	as tea when th		
	B. making		D. burning
	n't her; she is		
A. fit	B. fit for	C. suit for	D. agree with
22. — What are yo			
•	the children.		for lunch now.
A. after	B. at		D. up ·
	as soon as it was d		
•	B. came at		
	w. The farmers are busy _		
	B. getting on		
25 They	the bus and walked aw	av as fast as possible.	

		A. got in	B. got off	C. got on	D. got out
	26	. The students were gi	ven five minutes	the maths prob	olems.
				C. for working on	
	27	. Be sure to turn	the light when	you leave the room, for	r we should save electricity.
			B. down		D. off
	28	. I only bring	money with me,	so I can't afford to bu	y it.
			B. a few		D. a lot of
	29	. He drove so	that the car ran in	nto a lamp post.	
		A. careful	B. carefully	C. careless	D. carelessly
	30	. — Excuse me, is thi	s Mr Brown's office?		
		— I'm sorry, but M	Ir Brown	works here. He left al	oout three weeks ago.
		A. not now	B. not still	C. no more	D. no longer
IV	. 选	择最佳答案:	•		•
	1.	turn gree	n in spring.		
		A. Leaf			D. Leaves
	2.	We are going to have	X-ray che	eck.	•
		A. an		C. the	
	3.	Alice is fond of playing	g violin w	hile Henry is interested	l in listening to
		music.		. ,	
		A. /; the	B. the; /	C. the; the	D. /;/
	4.	Beyonds	tars the astronaut saw	nothing but	space.
		A. the; / .	B. /; the	C. /;/	D. the; the
	5.	— Where is Jack?			
			bed, bu		
		A. /; /	B. the; the	C. the; /	D. /; the
	6.	I know it quite well.			
		A. mustn't	B. hadn't to	C. won't	D. needn't
	7.	— May I go out and	play after supper?		•
		-			
				C. No, you mustn'	t D. No, you needn't
	8.	The teacher			
			B. can	C. ask to	D. perhaps
	9.	— Must I hand in my		noon?	
		— No, you			
		A. mustn't	B. can't		D. may not
	10). Do you have any shi			•
		A. for	B. of	C. in	D. on
	11	1. Last winter we went			
		A by	B into	C: on	D in

A. in; on	B. at; in	C. on; in	D. with; above
	be ready1		D. Williy above
•	B. over		D. within
		C. 101	D. Within
4. His parents are A. all	B. each	C. the	D. both
•			
		are from Beijin	D. the other
	B. other ngs on sid		D. the other
	B. both		D. oooh
		· .	D. each
	ne oil, but he hadn't _		D. ameething
A. any			D. anything
	s end of the boat or th		•
	you can sit at		
	B. each	C. either	D. any
	of us hea		
•	B. all		D. none
	•.	e done the work better v	vith money and
people			
		C. less; fewer	D. less; tew
1. Our city is			
		C. biger than	D. as big as
	English th		
		C. clearly	
		his class.	
A. than any stude		B. than all th	he students
C. as any other stu		•	other student
	e is of the		
	· ·	C. the more patient	t D. the most patient
	k tastes,	the chicken or the fish?	
A. the better	B. better	C. good	D. the best
6. Which is	country, China or	Canada?	
A. a large	B. larger	C. a larger	D. the larger
27. Frank has never ag	ain written	_ as his first one.	
A. such good a boo	k B. so a good bool	k C. such good book	D. so good a book
8. After the new tech	nique was introduced tl	he factory turned out	tractors in 1988 as
the year before.	·		
A. as twice many	B. as many twice	e C. twice as many	D. twice many as
29. The pianos in the	other shop will be	 	
	٠.		
e de la companya de La companya de la co			

lary is the youngest		lass?	but not so good
. well lary is the youngest			en e
lary is the youngest	B. better		
		C. best	D. good
			•
of the sisters	B. of her sisters	C. in the sisters	D. among her sisters
he Yellow River is _	river.		
. second longest		B. Ćhina's s	second longest
the China's longes	t .	D. the secon	id long
he woman found his	ticket and	<u>·</u> •	
. showed it to him		B. showed h	nim it
showed it him		D. showed l	nim with it
Vhen did you	the Summer Pa	lace last Sunday?	
. reach	B. get		D. arrive to
`his isex	pensive. I can't buy	vit.	
	•		D. much
is the cap			
. Which	B. Where	C. In which city	D. What
herean	old fisherman near t	he shore. He met witl	h a strong storm one day and
ever came back.			
. had	B. used to have	C. lived	D. is
- Sorry I forget to p	ost your letter.		
- Never mind	it tomorrow	morning.	
			D. I like to post
The doctor told my bi	other		
		B. didn't re	ead under the sun
C. not to read in the	sun	D. not to re	ead under the sun
late for c	lass next time.	Car	
	,	C. Don't be	D. Not to be
- Who is that girl?		•	
<u> </u>			y• en
A. Is Mary	B. It's Mary	C. It's student	D. Mary is that
— Where are my trou	isers?		•
·	1	•	
A. It's on the bed		B. There's	one in bed
C. There are yours	•	D. They are	e on the bed
- Her mother isn't a	a nurse, is she?		
·			
A. No, she is	B. Yes, she isn't	C. Yes, she does	D. No, she isn't
	is the cap wery is the cap Which here an ever came back. had Sorry I forget to pe Never mind. I'll post he doctor told my br don't read in the late for cap Be not Who is that girl? Is Mary Where are my trou It's on the bed There are yours Her mother isn't an No, she is	his is expensive. I can't buy B. too is the capital of Japan? Which B. Where here an old fisherman near the ever came back. had B. used to have Sorry I forget to post your letter. Never mind it tomorrow I'll post B. I'm going to perfect the doctor told my brother don't read in the sun late for class next time. Be not B. Don't Who is that girl? Is Mary B. It's Mary Where are my trousers? It's on the bed There are yours Her mother isn't a nurse, is she? A. No, she is B. Yes, she isn't	chis is expensive. I can't buy it. Levery B. too C. very much is the capital of Japan? Lewhich B. Where C. In which city Chere an old fisherman near the shore. He met with ever came back. Lewhich B. used to have C. lived Sorry I forget to post your letter. Never mind it tomorrow morning. Lewhich I'll post B. I'm going to post C: I want Che doctor told my brother Lewhich I want C. not to read in the sun B. didn't read in the sun B. didn't read. Lewhich B. Don't C. Don't be Who is that girl? Lewhich B. It's Mary C. It's student Where are my trousers? Lewhich B. There's D. There are yours D. They are

	A 1 1 1 1	D 1: 1 - 2 - 4	C. weren't they	D did they	
	A. hadn't they	B. didn't they	7 veren i mey	D. did they	
	There is nothing in t		C. is there	D. isn't it ·	
		B. is it	C. is there	D. Ish tit	
	- Excuse me, can				
	— Certainly,		C. 1	D	
	A. it's here	B. here is it	C. here you are	D. you may use	
47.	— Thank you for he	elping me with my ph	iysics.		
		D 411 1 1	C W	J. D. Vou and wroloom	
	•	B. All right	C. You are too kin	nd D. You are welcom	16
48.	— Oh, you look so	beautiful today.	· •		
			D. M. J.	9 a 1 a1 a	. •
	A. Thank you.		B. No, don		
	C. It's good.		D. Oh, am	1!	
49.	— What's the date				
	— It's	·•			•
	A. September ten	·		er the tenth	
	C. tenth September	•	D. the Sept	tember tenth	
50.	— Happy birthday!				
			•	•	
	A. The same to you 哎句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个	ı B. Thank you 在工厂工作,另一个a	C. You, too 生大学学习。	D. That's all righ	t
1.	柭句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个		生大学学 习。	D. That's all righ	t at
1.	柭句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个	在工厂工作,另一个在	生大学学 习。	D. That's all righ	•
1.	柭句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons,	在工厂工作,另一个a works in a	生大学学 习。	D. That's all righ	•
2.	战句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons, university	在工厂工作, 另一个7 works in a 的时候了。	生大学学 习。	D. That's all righ	•
2.	龙句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons, _ university — 四点了。是运动i —不,是打扫卫生的	在工厂工作, 另一个q works in a 的时候了。 时候了。	生大学学 习。	,	•
2.	戏句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons, university. — 四点了。是运动的 一不,是打扫卫生的	在工厂工作,另一个和 works in a 的时候了。 时候了。 four o'clock. It's tir	生大学学习。 factory,		at
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 2. 3. 	龙句子 (每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons, university. — 四点了。是运动的 一不,是打扫卫生的 No. It's tim	在工厂工作,另一个和 works in a 的时候了。 时候了。 four o'clock. It's tir	生大学学习。 factory,		at
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1. 2. 3.	成句子(每空一词): 他有两个儿子,一个 He has two sons, university. — 四点了。是运动的一不,是打扫卫生的	在工厂工作,另一个q works in a 的时候了。 时候了。 four o'clock. It's time	生大学学习。 factory,		at
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	wy mother usually Friday afternoon.
	7. 她让那男孩把这封信带给他的家长。
	She asked the boy his parents.
	8. 你最好呆在家里照顾你妹妹。
	You at home your
	sister.
	9. 九十名工人用了十个月建造了这所医院。
	ninety workers ten months the hospital.
	10. 你的左腿怎么了?
	your left leg?
VĮ.	补全对话:
•	玛丽给凯特打电话,告诉她友谊商店有适合年轻人穿的那种外衣。但凯特不在家,她去医
	院看她叔叔去了。她母亲格林夫人接了电话。玛丽请她将这个信息告诉凯特,让她去看看。
	Mary: Hello. 1 Mary speaking. 2 I speak to Kate?
	Mrs. Green: Sorry. She isn't 3. She 4 his uncle at hospital two hours ago.
	M: 5 Mrs. Green?
	G: Yes. Can I <u>6</u> ?
	M: Yes, please. She wants 7 a new coat. There are some green coats 8 at the
	Friendship Store. I think that kind of coat9 . Please tell her to go and10 .
	G: Thank you. Bye-bye.
	M: Bye-bye.
VII.	用动词的适当形式填空:
	1. look, what he (do) over there?
	2. Look at these clouds. It (rain).
	3. If you (add) 45 to 55, you will get a hundred.
	4. He (not like) fishing.
	5. Don't worry. I (understand) well and I (help) you later.
	6. This kind of clock (sell) easily.
	7. My sister (never walk) to school.
	8. The train for Qingdao (leave) at seven thirty every morning.
	9. My father usually listens to the radio but now he (watch) television.
	10. There (be) no air or water on the moon.
	11. It (be) a year and a half now since I (begin) to study English. I
	(be) glad to say that I (get) along quite well with it. One and a
	half year's study (teach) me that we can't (learn) English well
	without (work) hard. Now I (study) it very hard. I
	(study) it even harder next year.
	12. I (have) a letter from my sister yesterday. She (live) in Nigeria. In

	her letter, she sa	iid she (come) to England next	year. We are glad to have heard
	that. If she	(come), she	e (get) a	surprise. We now
	(liv	e) in a beautiful new l	house in the country. V	Work on the house had begun be-
	fore my sister	(leave). It	comple	te) five months ago. The house
	(ha	ve) many large room	s and there	_ (be) a lovely garden. It is a
	very modern hou	se.		
VII.	完形填空:			
	An old woman	1 a clothes shop.	She asked the salesgir	1 2 a new dress on display,
	but the girl stood still	3the counter, t	aking no notice of the	request. 4 old woman 5
				wer. The old woman peered (II
				rell. I can't <u>9</u> a plastic mod-
	el from a real girl."			
	On <u>10</u> this	the rude salesgirl	11_ the old woman	: "What? Did you 12 me a
	plastic model?"			•
	The old woman	was <u>13</u> .		
	"Oh, dear me."	she said, "The mod	el can speak. Then it	must be a Robot (机器人) of a
	new type. "		•	
	1. A. walked	B. walked in	C. walked in	to D. walks into
	2. A. to let her have	a look	B. to let he	er have a look at
	. C. let her have a	look at	D. to let he	er to have a look at
	3. A. on	B. in	C. before	D. behind
	4. A. An	,B. A	C. The	D. /
	5. A. told	B. spoke	C. spoke to	D. talked
	6. A. raise	B. to rise	C. raising	D. rising
	7. A. not ·	B. no	C. an	D. the
	8. A. too	B. very	C. quite	D. enough
	9. A. say	B. tell	C. speak	D. talk
	10. A. listening	B. listen	C. hearing	D. hear
	11. A. cried	B. shouted	C. shouted to	D. shouted at
	12. A. call	B. name	C. called	D. named
	13. A. great surpris	ed	B. greatly surprised	•
•	C. great surpris	<u>a</u>	D. greatly surprising	

初中第四册

Ι.	语	音:	•			
	A٠	找出下列各组单词中	口划线部分读音不	同的单词:		
		1 A. food	B. cook	C. pool	D. soon	
		2. A. south	B. about	C. ground	D. tr <u>ou</u> ble	
		3. A. farm	B. <u>army</u>	C. party	D. warm	•
		4. A. tail	B. said	C. train	D. explain	
		5. A. break	B. head	C. ahead	D. already	
		6 A. piece	B. f <u>ie</u> ld	C. bel <u>ie</u> ve	D. d <u>ie</u>	
		7. A. report	B. north	C. work	D. corner	
	•	8: A. sew	B. new	C. kn <u>ew</u>	D. few	
	B.	从 A、B、C、D 划线部	7分中找出与所给	单词的划线部分	读音相同的选项:	
		1 id <u>ea</u>	A. league	B. read	. C. r <u>ea</u> l	D. instead
		2. dear	A. research	B. tear	C. dare	D. f <u>air</u>
		3. think	A. these	B. other	C. sou <u>th</u>	D. though
		4. post	A. lose	B. knock	C. collect	D. stone
		5 city	A. copy	B. cough	C. circle	D. corner
		6. check	A. college	B. fever	C. enjoy	D. never
			•			
II .	单	词拼写:				
	以	下所给单词均不完整	,从 A、B、C、D 中	选出适当的字母	或字母组合,使其	完整与正确:
	1.	g st	A. ea	B. ue	C. eu	D. au
	2.	lang ge	A. au	B. ue	C. ou	D. ua
	3.	prep	A. air	B. ere	C. are	D. ear
	4.	music n	A. ia	B. ai	C. io	D. ie
	5.	ser s	A. ioa	B. iou	C. uio	D. ioe
	6.	rec ve	A ea	B. ie	C. ei ·	D. ee
	7	v ll ge	A. e;e	B. a; i	C. i; e	D. i; a
	8.	s prise	A. ir	B. er	C. ur	D. or
		•				
11	词	汇:				
	A	. 用每句后面所给单i	词的适当形式或同	司根词填空,使句	子意思完整:	
		1. The boy is so	that he	can't answer suc	h an easy question	n. (fool)
		2. No man has trav	elled	than the moon.	(far)	
		3. It is	of you to give vo	our little brother s	such a small piece	of cake. (fair)

	4. H	le should be for what you have done	e for him. (thank)
	5. B	eethoven (贝多芬) was a famous ir	n the world. (music)
	6. T	he young woman plays the piano	(wonderful)
	7. It	t is for me to work out such a difficu	ult maths problem in one minute. (poss
	b		
	8. I	have learned all the new words from the first lea	sson to thelesson. (nine)
	9. I	'm afraid you're very with me. (di	isappoint)
	10.	I'm sorry for what I said. (true)	
	11.	I have three of him. (photo)	
		His grandpa has been for two years	. (die)
	13.	"Stop walking over my corn!" shouted the farm	er (angry)
	14.	Mr Brown is an scientist. (Australi	ia)
	15.	Jenny saw a wallet on the ground.	(lie)
	16.	His life is in great (dangerous)	
	17.	France is an country. (Europe)	
	18.	We need help, not just promises. (really)
	19.	Few people know him because he is an	writer (known)
	20.	Franz Liszt was a great Hungarian	(piano)
В.	选择	与句中划线部分意思相同或相近的答案:	
	1.	The students had a good time in the party.	
		A. were comfortable	B. enjoyed themself
	:	C. enjoyed themselves	D. lived happily
	2.	He went to the teachers' office to hand in his ex	xercise book just now.
		A. right now B. at once · C. before lon	g D. a moment ago
	3.	The Great Wall is very far from here. We must	start early.
		A. begin B. set off C. set on .	D. set about
	4.	In preparing for the exam, John reviewed his no	otes.
		A. go over B. go through C. went over	D. went with
	5.	Mark Twain was a <u>well-known</u> American writer	
		A. good B. famous C. unknown	D. best
	6.	I'm very <u>glad</u> to meet you.	
		A. please B. pleasure C. pleased	D. pleasant
	7.	The common man in every country wants peace.	
		A. ordinary B. general C. usual	D. correct
	8.	The big ship went down in the terrible storm.	•
		A. lost B. sank C. fell	D. set
	9.	Finally our volleyball team won the game.	
		A. at the end B. immediately C. lastly	D. at last
	10.	Tom is a <u>bright</u> boy.	
		A. clean 'B. shining C. clever	D. naughty

	11. Stop laughing and go ahead with your work.			
	A. go with B.	go down with	C. go on	D. go on with
12. Have you taken any medicine?				
	A. got B.	bought	C. had	D. carried
C.	词义辨异:			
	1. Please av	way the dirty c	oat and	me a clean one.
	A. carry; take B.	bring; take	C. take; bring	D. take; carry
	2. The woman was a baby in her arms.			
	A. taking B.	bringing	C. carrying	D. fetching
	3. I have left my watch	in the living re	oom. Would you	please it for me?
	A. bring B.	fetch	C. carry	D. take
	4. — May I	your text-boo	ok?	
. — Certainly. But you mustn't it to others.				ners.
	A. borrow; lend			B. lend; borrow
	C. lent; to borrow			D. to borrow; to lend
	5. Can you it in English?			
	A. speak B.	talk	C. say	D. tell
	6. He can	not only Russia	n but also Germ.	an.
	A. talk B.	say	C. tell	D. speak
	7. I can hardly the difference between these two pictures.			
	A. tell B.	say	C. speak	D. talk
	8. What are they about now?			
	A. saying B.	telling	C. speaking	D. talking
9. My father enjoys light music.				
	A. to hear B.	to listen to	C. hearing	D. listening to
	10. He someone in the next room and got up.			
	A. hears; sing			B. listens to; sing
	C. heard; singing			D. listened; singing
	11. In those days there were no schools here, and there was no hospital,			
	A. too B.	either	C. neither	D. also
	12. It me l		get there by bik	e.
	A took B.		C. spends	D. cost
	13. He likes English. I	like it,	•	,
		either	C. t∞	D. neither
•	14. Mary has gone to to	own. Her sister	has	gone to town.
	A. too B.	also	C. either	D. neither
	15. Mr Green was a magazine while his wife was TV.			
	A. seeing; looking			B. looking; watching
	C. reading; watching	ng		D. reading; seeing