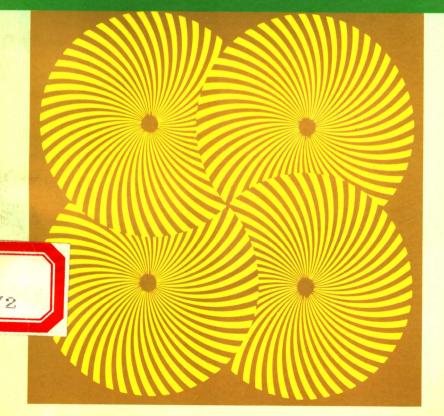
统测必备

●下册●

大学英语精读词汇

COLLEGE ENGLISH INTENSIVE READING VOCABULARY



H3/3 |18/2

统测必备

大学英语精读词汇 (下)

主编 吴燮元

贝聿建

方飞雷 **汤德纲**

(浙) 新登字第3号

责任编辑:周布谷封面设计:詹良善

统测必备大学英语精读词汇(下) 吴燮元 贝聿建 方飞雷 汤德纲

断江科学技术出版社出版 断 江 临 安 印 劇 厂 印 刷 浙 江 省 新 华 书 店 发 行

开本787×1092 1/32 印张5.375 字数254,000

1995年8月第一版1995年8月第一次印刷

ISBN 7-5341-0752-0/G·161 定 价: 8·00 元

前言

《大学英语精读》(文理科用)是由国家教委审定批准,根据《大学英语教学大纲(文理科本科用)》(以下简称《大纲》)编写的教材,目前为全国高等院校广泛使用。

理解和记忆词汇,掌握和运用词汇举足轻重,是学好英语的关键。为此我们编写了《大学英语精读词汇》一书,以配合大学英语教学,满足广大读者的迫切需要。

《大学英语精读词汇》分上、下册出版。上册含《大学英语精读》1—2册;下册含3—4册。全书内容编排与教材同步,词条以相关课文词汇表顺序编排。每个词条一般由以下几个部分组成:词目、音标、词级、基本构词、同义词(Syn.)或反义词(Ant.)、词性、释义、例证和短语。

本书以《大学英语教学大纲通用词汇表(1—4级)》(简称《通用词汇表》)为依据,对词目标明词级。E级(Elementary)为中学词汇,I级(Intermediate)为1—4级词汇。词目下属词义项中,先列出课文出现的词义。如果该词义超过《通用词汇表》规定范围,在其下面用圆点标明。《通用词汇表》以外的词目不标词级。这样做有利于读者在学习课文词汇时区别对待,分清主次,同时为教师有重点地进行词汇教学提供参考依据。

《大纲》要求,学生应掌握前缀、后缀等基本构词,以识别新词,扩大词汇量。本书采用同义联想和反义对比方法,以有效地记忆词汇。词目中的构词、同义词和反义词旨在帮助读者快速记忆词汇,以期取得事半功倍的效果。

本书词义项附例句说明用法,例证力求简明规范,通俗易懂,体现词义和用法。例后不附汉译,其目的是希望读者通过直接阅读原文句子,培养英语的思维能力,增强语感。

《大学英语精读词汇》下册由吴燮元、贝聿建两位副教授主编。参加编写的有:浙江工业大学吴燮元副教授(第三册1—5课)、贝聿建副教授(第三册6—10课)、浙江丝绸工学院方飞雷副教授(第四册1—5课)、浙江大学汤德纲副教授(第四册6—10课)。

本书为《大学英语精读》教材配套用书,可与教材同步 使用,供大学生、英语自学者以及英语教师参考之用。

由于时间仓促,编者学识与经验有限,书中疏漏和错误

在所难免, 敬请读者批评指正, 使本书渐臻完善。

编 者 1994年12月

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.co

CONTENTS

Book Three	
Unit One	A Brush with the Law (1)
Unit Two	The Woman Who Would Not Tell
	(10)
Unit Three	Why I Teach (18)
Unit Four	Lady Hermits Who Are Down But
	Not Out (23)
Unit Five	The Day Mother Cried (31)
Unit Six	A Day's Wait (37)
Unit Seven	The Shelter (40)
Unit Eight	Daydream a Little (50)
Unit Nine	The Death of Hitler (57)
Unit Ten	The Fantastic Spurt in Technology
	(65)
Book Four	•
Unit One	Big Bucks the Easy Way (73)
Unit Two	Deer and the Energy Cycle (81)
Unit Three	Why Do We Believe That the Earth
	Is Round? (89)
Unit Four	Jim Thorpe (97)
Unit Five	To Lie or Not to Lie—The Doctor's
	Dilemma (105)
Unit Six	How to Mark a Book (114)
Unit Seven	The Luncheon (125)
Unit Eight	The New Caves (133)
Unit Nine	Journey West (141)
Unit Ten	Why People Work (150)
附录	
大学蓝语 1~44	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Book Three

Unit One

A Brush with the Law

brush/bras/ (E)

n. 小冲突

He had a brush with the Customs men.

He has already had one brush with the law.

刷子,毛刷

a clothbrush 衣刷

a toothbrush 牙刷

a hairbrush 发刷

a shoebrush 鞋刷

a paintbrush 画笔; 漆刷 a writing brush 毛笔

画筆

Her face will delight the painter's brush.

vt.刷

He brushed the ashes from his coat.

The mother wanted her child to brush himself up.

process/'prauses/ (I)

Sym. course 过程; method 制作法; refine, treat 加工, 处理

m. 过程,进程

The process of learning to read takes a long time.

The job is not finished but is still in process.

工序,制作法

The book deals with some new techniques and cost-saving processes. By what processes is cloth made from wool?

工艺

Is this cloth dyed with the latest processes?

textile processes 纺织工艺

a new process for making steel 炼钢新工艺

court/ka:t/ (I)

Syn. lawcourt 法庭, 法院; courtyard, yard 院子

n. 法庭, 法院

I must bring the affair before the court.

The case came up before the local court.

take sb. to court 对某人起诉, 控告

She decided to take him to court. the Supreme People's Court 最高人民法院

Higher People's Court 高级人民 法院

球场

Do you prefer grass courts or hard courts?

He had met her on the tennis court.

院子

The inner court of a castle 城堡的内院

a court of grass 草坪

arbitrary/'q:bitrəri/ (I)

Syn . unreasonable, absolute 专制

的;random 任意的

Ant. rational

a. 任意的,武断的

I didn't know anything about any of the books, so my choice was quite arbitrary.

A good judge tries to be fair and does not make arbitrary decisions.

随心所欲的

This is just an arbitrary deci-

circumstance/'sə:kəmstəns/ (I)

Syn. condition, situation 情况

n. 情况,条件

I don't remember all the circumstances of the quarrel.

In the given circumstances, he could have acted otherwise.

(pl.) 境遇,经济状况

He was dissatisfied with himself and with all his circumstances.

"What sort of circumstances is this Mrs. Jones in?""I hear she's in poor circumstances."

under the circumstances

在这种情况下,(情况) 既然如此 Under the circumstances we must be very cautious.

subsequent/'sabsikwent/ (I)

Syn. following, later 随后的

Ant. earlier, previous

n. 随后的, 后来的

The first ticket cost \$10, but all subsequent ones were \$8.

In subsequent lessons, we shall take up more difficult problems.

due/diu:/ (I)

Syn. scheduled 预定的; deserved 应 得的; adequate 充分的

a. 预定(或应到)的

Early in April the city elections were due.

The plane is due at 4:15 this afternoon.

应给的, 应得的

My salary is due tomorrow.

The task was begun with due precaution.

They will surely meet with due punishment.

应有的, 充分的, 适当的

Due care must be taken not to overdo this.

Every driver has to drive with due care and attention.

应付的,到期的

This bill is due.

The final payment is due.

I want to renew a book that's due today.

due to

由干、因为

He arrived late due to the storm. Due to the change, a scheduled visit to a factory has been cancelled.

temporary/'tempərəri/ (I)

Syn. momentary 短暂的

Ant. permanent

a. 暂时的, 临时的

This is only a temporary solution to the problem.

The improvement will probably be only temporary.

stroll/straul/

Syn. walk 散步; ramble 闲逛

v./n. 散步,闲逛

He strolled around for an hour or so.

Would you like to come for a little stroll?

I'd like to take a little stroll in the garden.

(I) \sejvdc'\zuoivdo

Syn. apparent, evident 明显的

Ant. unclear, obscure

a. 明显的,显然的

Of course your meaning was obvious.

It is quite obvious that we must apply other methods of settling it.

He was very obvious in his distrust of us.

downfail/daunfo:l/ (down+fall)

R. 垮台, 陷落

His downfall was caused by gambling and drink.

The revolution brought about the dictator's downfall.

local/'laukal/ (I)

Sym. district 地方的; neighbourhood 当地的

Ant. national

a. 当地的,地方性的

We must take local conditions into account.

The writer's fame is local rather than national.

local industry 地方工业

local time 当地时间 local news 本地新闻

local government 地方政府 local products 土产

局部的

It is a local war.

a local infection 局部感染

a local pain 局部疼痛

employment/im'ploiment/(I)(employ +名词后缀-ment)

十名阿伯敦-ment/

Sym. occupation, job, career 职业, 工作

Ant. unemployment

m. 工作,职业

All this year's graduates have found employment.

The new factory provided employment for many men.

雇用

He is trying to take employment with a foreign company.

in employment 有工作

This was a problem even for people in employment.

out of employment 失业

The government is trying hard to solve the problems of those out

of employment.

commit/kəlmit/ (I)

vt. 犯 (罪), 干 (坏事)

They have committed many horrible crimes against the Korean people.

If we don't understand this, we shall commit the gravest mistakes.

The murder was committed at 3 p. m. on June 12.

arrestable/əˈrestəbl/(arrest+形容词后缀-able)

a. 应被逮捕的

The young man was accused of wandering with intent to commit an arrestable offence.

offence/ə'fens/

Syn. crime 罪

m. 犯罪: 冒犯, 触怒

The punishment for that offence is two years in prison.

It's very kind of you to forgive my offence.

His words gave great offence to everybody present.

straight face

n. 严肃的面孔

He kept a straight face, though he wanted to laugh.

petty /'peti/

a. 细小的; 次要的

You must not bother the headmaster with such a petty matter.

Our difficulty seems petty when compared to those of people who never get enough to eat.

doorstep/'do:step/ (door+step)

n. (门前的) 石阶

They used to put their milk bottles on doorsteps.

Our doorsteps are covered with snow.

regard/ri'ga;d/ (I)

Sym. consider 认为; respect 敬重

Ant. disregard 不顾, 无视

vt. (as) 看待,把…看作为,对待

He is generally regarded as one of the best students in the class.

I regard that movie as one of the worst I've ever seen.

I regard him as stupid.

Don't regard this very seriously. 尊重

She always regards her parents' wishes.

He seldom regards my advice.

n. (pl.) 敬意, 致意, 问候

He has won my regards.

With kindest regards to you all. with sincere regards 谨致真诚的 回候

with best regards 谨致问候

as regards

关于,至于

You needn't worry as regards the cost of the operation.

with/in regard to

关于,至于

I'll write you later with/in regard to this matter.

counterculture/'kauntə,kAltʃə/(前缀 counter-+culture)

n. 反主流文化

Counterculture is a culture of the young who oppose the traditional standards and customs of their society.

unconcerned/'An kən'sə;nd/(前缀 un-+concerned)

Syn. indifferent, cool 冷漠的; carefree 不在乎的

Ant. concerned, worried

a. 漠不关心的;不在乎的

She is unconcerned with school affairs.

The children in the playground seemed unconcerned about the rain.

casual/'kæ3juəl/ (I)

Sym. unconcerned 漫不经心的;acci-

dental 偶然的; informal 非正式的

Ant. deliberated 故意的; planned 有 计划的; formal 正式的

a. 漫不经心的,随便的,非正式的 I gave a casual glance in his direction.

Does that shop sell clothes for casual wear?

偶然的, 碰巧的

The two old friends had a casual meeting.

临时的

A casual labourer is one who has no steady job.

conversational/,konvə'seifənl/ (conversation+形容词后缀-al)

a. 会话的

Is this word used in conversational style or only in writing? confirm/kən'fə;m/ (1)

Syn. prove 证实; approve 批准

Syn. prove 证实; a
vt. 证实, 肯定

The experiment confirmed his theory.

The Prime Minister confirmed that he would visit France next month.

进一步确定

Please confirm your telephone message by letter.

批准,确认

The treaty was confirmed by the king.

The king confirmed him as minister of foreign affairs.

belief/bi'li:f/ (I)

Syn. trust 信任; faith 信念
Ant. disbelief

n. 信任

I have no great belief in doctors.

It was once a common belief that the earth is flat.

His belief in ghosts makes him afraid of the dark.

信念,信仰

He has many strange beliefs.

The young man confessed his belief in Christianity.

disreputable/dis'repjutabl/ (I)

a. 声名狼藉的

A disreputable person is one who has a bad name.

worldly/'wə:ldli/ (world + 形容词后缀-ly)

Syn. sophisticated

a. 老于世故的

He is too worldly to be shocked by the scandal.

A worldly person is one who is experienced in the ways of society.

au fait/ˌəuˈfei/(法语)

a. 熟悉的

officially/əˈfiʃəli/(official+副词后缀-lv)

Syn. authoritatively 官方地; formally 正式地

Ant. unofficially

ad. 按官方说法;正式地

Officially, he's on holiday; actually, he's in hospital.

Although the new road is being used, it has not yet been officially opened.

charge/tsq:d3/ (I)

Syn. accuse 指控; price 家价; expenditure 费用

vt. 控告, 指控

He was charged with stealing / theft.

They charged that the police had beaten three students to death.

索价,要…支付

He charged £ 20 for doing it. They charged us too much.

充电

He charged the battery (with electricity).

m. 控告, 指控

"What is the charge?" "The

charge is dangerous driving." 价钱,费用

The charge for a front row seat is £ 5.

The charges here are too high; let's go elsewhere.

电荷, 充电

The charge was too great for the fine wire, which melted as a result.

in charge of

负责,主管

An experienced worker is in charge of the project.

take charge

开始管理,接管

He has been sent to the shop to take charge.

Mr. Jones will take charge of this task.

magistrate/'mæd3istreit/

Syn. judge

n. 地方法官; 行政长官

The police take the lawbreaker to the local court where a magistrate is the judge.

The couple were married by a magistrate.

conduct/kən'dakt/ (I)

Syn. direct 引导; manage 指挥, 管理; behaviour 举止

vt. 引导,指挥

He conducted the members of the audience to their seats.

He conducted an orchestra of fifty instruments.

处理,管理

If he conducts his business affairs in such a careless way, they must be in confusion.

传导,传 (熱、电)

Copper conducts electricity and heat.

m. 举止,行为

Mrs. Smith was very angry with them over their recent conduct.

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.co

She always got the good conduct prize.

defence/diffens/ (1)

Syn. excuse 辩解; protection 保护; shelter 防御物

Ant. attack

n. 辩护,答辩

The prisoner's defence is very weak.

The accused did not engage a lawyer and made his own defence.

防御,保卫

There was no defence against the enemy.

The defence of this town is of strategic importance.

防御物

What defences do you have? (pl.) 防务,防御工事

The defences of the city are strong.

solicitor/səˈlisitə/

Sym. lawyer

m. (初级) 律师

A solicitor in Britain is a lawyer who advises clients on legal matters and speaks on their behalf in lower courts.

arm (with) (E)

vt. 配备

He armed himself with a big stick.

以(武器)装备

This warship is armed with nuclear weapons.

witness/'witnis/ (I)

Syn. watcher, viewer 目击者,见证

人; notice 注意到 n. 证人,见证人

The judge asked the witness to speak louder.

日市者

She was a witness of the accident.

w. 目击,注意到

Did anyone witness the robbery? We witnessed the meeting between the two great men.

作…的证人

Mr. Black witnessed to having seen the accused near the scene of the crime.

trial/'traiəl/(1) (try+名词后缀-al)
Syn. judgement 审讯; experiment 试验

n. 审判,审讯

His trial for murder begins tomorrow.

He was given a fair trial.

试用,试验

The trials show that the medicine is safe for most people.

dismiss/dis'mis/ (I)

Syn. reject 驳回; disregard 不考虑; fire 解雇; disband 解散

vt. 驳回

The judge dismissed the case because of lack of evidence.

不再考慮

She did her best to dismiss the thoughts.

免…的职,解雇,开除

He was dismissed from the service for his careless behaviour.

He was dismissed by his boss for neglect of his duty.

The boy was dismissed from school.

解散,遺散

The teacher dismissed the class 10 minutes earlier.

case/keis/ (I)

Syn. lawsuit 条件; circumstances, condition 情况

B. 案件

The case will be tried in the law court next week.

病例

The woman is a bad case of arthritis.

情况,事实

Is this the case that you have lost all your money?
If that's the case, you'll have to work much harder.

in any case

无论如何,不管怎样

In any case, I shall return in a day or two.

in case

假使, 以防万一

In case he arrives before I get back, please ask him to wait. I shall sit up for a time in case I am wanted.

in case of

假如,如果发生

In case of fire, ring the bell. 助冬

He armed himself with an axe in case of emergencies.

in no case

无论如何不, 决不

In no case should we get conceited.

cost/kost/ (E)

Syn. expense 费用: price 价格

R. 费用,价格:成本

In those years the cost of living rose by nearly 4 per cent.

The cost of this watch was \$10.

Their prices are high because production costs are very great.

vt. 价钱为, (使) 花费

How much does it cost?
The suit cost me over £ 6.

at all costs

不惜任何代价,无论如何

We are determinded to defend our motherland at all costs.

We must arrive there at all costs before midnight.

at the cost of

以…为代价

He saved his daughter at the cost of his own life.

award/alwo:d/ (I)

Syn. grant, give 给予, 授予; prize 奖

vt. 给予,授予

The prize was awarded to me for excellence in English.

The soldier was awarded a medal for his bravery.

n. 奖,奖品

His horse was given the highest award at the horse-show.

The Olympic winner received a gold medal as an award.

record/ (E)

/ˈrekəːd/m. 纪录,记载

The travellers wrote a record of their journey.

She had a fine record at school.

唱片

Put a record on the record-player and let's have some music.

最高纪录,最佳成绩

He did very well, but he failed to break the record.

履历,历史,成绩

A criminal's record is the list of his crimes.

He has an honourable record of service.

/riˈkəːd/vt. 记录,记载

She recorded everything that was said at the meeting.

This volume records the history of the regiment.

将 (声音等) 录下

The tape-recorder has recorded his voice and the camera has recorded his features.

accent/'æksənt/ (I)

Sym. pronunciation 发音; intonation 语调; stress 重音

n. 口音,腔调

He had a strong Scotch accent. He spoke quickly with a queer accent.

重音、重音符号

The word "woman" has its accent on the first syllable.

respectable/ris'pektəbl/ (respect +形容词后缀-able)

Syn. respected, honourable 可敬的 Ant. dishonourable 无耻的

a. 体面的,可敬的

What he said is not quite respectable.

My parents are respectable people.

reliable/ri'laiəbl/(I)(rely+形容词后 缀-able)

Syn. dependable 可靠的

Ant. unreliable

a. 可靠的

Is this information reliable? He looks a nice, reliable man.

given/'givn/

a. 如果有…,特定的,一定的 Given good weather, our ship will reach Shanghai Friday evening.

They were to meet at a given time.

He has to decide within a given period.

obscure/ablskjua/

a. 模糊,阴暗

The point of his speech was obscure.

The room is too obscure for reading.

guilty/'gilti/(I) (guilt+形容词后缀-v)

Syn. criminal 有罪的; ashamed 负 疚的

Ant. innocent 无辜的

a. 有罪的

In the eyes of the law, Aziz was not yet guilty.

He still feels guilty about that error in the accounts.

He felt guilty at deserting his wife.

be guilty of 犯有 (某种罪或过

失)

I am not guilty of this crime.

/vlcv'ir/svlova

Syn. rotate, turn 旋转

vi. 绕转,旋转

The moon revolves around the earth.

Wheels revolve when in motion.

brilliant/'briljent/ (I)

Syn. remarkable 卓越的; splendid 灿烂的

Ant. dull 阴暗的

a. 杰出的,卓越的

He is one of our brilliant mathematicians.

光辉的,灿烂的

The stars were brilliant in the clear night sky.

She was wearing brilliant jewels.

courtroom/'ka:tru:m/ (court+room)

n. 审判室, 法庭

A courtroom is a room where a law court is held.

The judge entered the court-room.

gloomily/'glu:mili/

ad. 沮丧地, 忧闷地

 He went upstairs and looked gloomily at his office.

We thought gloomily of the coming examination.

complain/kəm'plein/ (I)

Syn. grumble

ν. 拖怨

He complained to me about the food.

She complained to me of his rudeness.

She complained that he had been rude to her.

reproachfully/rilproutsfuli/

ad. 责备地

Mrs. Carey looked at me reproachfully.

presumably/pri'zju:məbli/

ad. 可能,或许

Presumably there's a good reason for her absence, as she doesn't usually stay away from work.

Jim was walking towards, the baths with his costume and towel, so presumably he was going for a swim.

outrage/'autreid3/

vt. 引起…的气愤, 激怒

The speaker's remarks outraged the audience.

The poor man was outraged by his repeated insults.

apologize/ə'pələdʒaiz/(I) (apology+ 动词后缀-ize)

vi. 道歉,认错

I have come to apolog apologize to you.

I must apologize for the untidy state of the room.

I must apologize for calling so late.

Phrases and Expressions

a couple of

几个,一两个

We walked a couple of miles. She was expecting a baby in a couple of months.

save up

积累,积蓄,存钱

Mary saved up pieces of cloth to make a quilt.

You should save up and get a house.

take one's time (E)

不着急,不慌忙

He likes to take his time over breakfast.

It is better to take your time at this job than to hurry and make mistakes.

turn out (E)

(最后) 证明是,结果是

The examination turned out (to be) easy.

The person I spoke to turned out to be an Italian.

It turned out that he was George's father.

制造,生产

This factory turns out bicycles.

驱逐,(使) 离开

He was turned out of the hotel because he was drunk.

关掉,旋熄

Please turn out the lights before you go to bed.

call on (E)

要某人做…,号召,呼吁

I will now call on Jean for an answer.

I will now call on Mr. Webster to drink the health of the happier pair.

The Party called on us to increase production and practise economy.

访问, 拜访

The next afternoon I went to call on her again.

stand a chance

有机会,有可能(取得…)

We stand a good chance of seeing Mary to the party.

He doesn't stand a chance of passing the examination.

revolve around

围绕…旋转;以…为核心

The earth revolves around the sun.

The life of the home revolves around the mother.

turn against

使…反对;转而反对,变得对··· 不满 She tried to turn the children against their father.

His friends turned against him.

The people turned against their president.

Unit Two

The Woman Who Would Not Tell

tell/tel/ (E)

Syn. reveal 泄露; state 讲述; instruct, order 吩咐, 命令; distinguish 区别

vt. 说出,判断

If I whisper you my secret, will you promise not to tell?

It's impossible to tell who'll win the next election.

讲,告诉

I always tell my daughter a story before she goes to bed.

Can you tell me when the party starts?

吩咐,命令

I told you not to climb the trees, because I knew you would fall and hurt yourself.

I told him to go away.

显露,显示

Her nervousness began to tell as soon as she entered the room.

(from) 辨别,认出

One should know how to tell the good ones from the bad ones.

It was so dark I couldn't tell it was you.

Yankee/'jæŋki/

n. 美国内战时期的北方人(尤指士 兵); 美国佬

In the American Civil War, the Yankees fought the Confederates.

great-aunt

n. 姨婆

A great-aunt is an aunt of one's father or mother.

picture/'piktfa/ (E)

Syn. imagine 想象; painting, drawing 画; photograph 照片; movie 由影

vt. 想象,描绘

She could not see his face, but she could picture its expressions.

The soldier pictured the battle.

m. 画,图片,照片

You can't paint a picture without an inspiration.

These papers had pages full of comical pictures.

Photographers took pictures of them.

影片,电影

There is a good picture at the local movie house.

美景,景色

This garden is a picture in the summer.

civil/'sivl/ (I)

Syn. domestic 国内的; well-mannered 文明的

Ant. uncivil 不文明的

a. 国内的

When did the American Civil War break out?

公民的

Martin Luther King devoted his whole life to civil rights.

a civil case 民事案件

civil lawsuit 民事诉讼

civil law 民法

civil administration organ 民政机 关

平民的,文职的

The governors met to discuss civil problems.

He announced his retirement from the civil service.

文明的,有教养的

The boy pointed out our road in a civil way.

It's civil of you to say so.

confederate/kən'fedərit/

a. 南部联盟的

He was a confederate soldier. capture/'kæpt[ə/ (I)

Syn. arrest 捕获; seize 夺得

vt.:/n. 捕获, 俘获

We capture butterflies with a

The police have not captured the thief yet.

With the capture of the escaped lion everyone in town felt relieved.

groan/graun/

m. 呻吟

With a groan the boxer realized he had lost.

attic/'ætik/

n. 阁楼

An attic is the space just under the roof of a house that is made into a low small room.

Union/'ju:njən/

n. 联邦, 合众国

The Union often means the United States.

a. 联邦的

Following them to the attic, he found a wounded union soldier, with a rifle at his side.

rifle/'raifl/ (I)

Syn. gun

m. 步枪

We heard a single rifle shot.

nightmare/'naitmsə/

n. 恶梦

A nightmare is an unpleasant and

terrible dream or a bad, fearful or terrible experience or event.

awful/'p:ful/ (I)

Syn. unpleasant 令人不快的; nasty 讨厌的; bad 坏的

Ant. wonderful 极好的

a. 令人不愉快的,讨厌的

The weather's so awful the only thing to do is to stay in. The pain was awful.

ine pain was a

极坏的

Your grammar is awful. It was an awful film.

极度的

I have got in an awful mess.

bandage/'bændid3/

n. 绷带

Wrap the bandage round your injured arm.

dreadful/'dredful/

a. 可怕的; 讨厌的

There was a dreadful earthquake in Iran.

We were glad when that dreadful child went home.

bugle/'bju:gl/

n. 军号,喇叭

Bugles are played by blowing.

filth/file/

n. 污物,污秽

Go and wash that filth off your hands.

The rain washed all the filth from the dirty streets.

establish/is tæbli / (I)

Syn. confirm 使确认; found, institute 创立,创办

vt. 使确认,确立

She established her fame as an actress.

He established himself as the most powerful minister in the new government.

建立, 创办, 设立

On January 1 diplomatic ties between the United States and

此为试读,需要完整PDF请访问: www.ertongbook.com