李正中 主编

大学核心英语

同步测训 COLLEGE CORE ENGLISH

(第二级)



上海远东出版社

大学核心英语同步测训

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主 编 李正中 副 主 编 张明敏 周荣鑫 本册主编 付桂芝 沈晨声

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《大学核心英语同步测训》是配合全国理工科大学使用的《大学核心英语》(College Core English,修订版,上海交通大学编写)的教学而设计编写的系列测试集。全书共分四册,与大学英语一至四级测试对应。每册各含同步卷、终结卷和水平卷三种,共10份。同步卷一至三册各6份,第四册为4份;终结卷一至三册各2份,分期中与期末卷,第四册为3份,分上、下半学期与期末卷;水平卷一至三册各2份,第四册为3份,相当于四级统考模拟试卷。

本书有两个明显的特点:一是同步,即内容紧扣《大学核心英语·读写教程》,尤其是词汇、结构、完形填空、翻译等项均针对相应课文中出现的难点与重点,每两单元设计一份同步训练测试卷;二是同级,各级的水平测试均注重学生的实际运用能力,重在表达、生成和运用,而不是单纯教会学生机械地选择辨认的应试技巧,从而加强了英语学习的基本功训练,密切了测试与教学的关系,使测试更附合国家教委颁发的《大学英语四级考试大纲》和《大学英语教学大纲》对大学英语教学与考试的要求。因此,使用本书不仅能方便教师进行分级教学,有效地检查学生在各个阶段的学习进展情况,而且能使学生事半功倍地复习每课所学内容,及时自测学习效果。

本书选材广泛,语言规范,内容丰实,循序渐进,重点、难点突出。测试卷中的各个单项均有很强的实用性和针对性。

词汇:有词类转换,选词填空,选近义词和多项选择等。同步 卷和终结卷中的关键词(组)和干扰项全部来自相应课文(A)和 (B)中的重点和难点;水平卷则反映出相应各级应予掌握的常 用词汇和短语。

结构:同步卷和终结卷的设计旨在帮助学生巩固、消化相应 课文中出现的主要语言难点;水平卷则重点考查在各类试卷中 常见的相应级别的语言现象。

阅读:每卷共有三至四篇短文,语言地道,可读性强,字数一般控制在 250 至 350 个,形式与统考的试卷一致。同步卷的短文内容和题材尽量与相应课文的内容配合,并注意侧重科技和科普文章的比例;终结卷和水平卷中短文的词汇和结构力求符合同级要求,凡影响理解的重要的超级词均有中文注释,但专有名词、派生词以及课文中已学过的词即使超级,在同步卷和终结卷中也一般不于注释,这样做显然有利于"迫使"学生熟悉、掌握已学的内容。

完形填空:为了配合统考,此项均为有提示选择填空,语言 和词汇相对浅易,着重词汇、结构及逻辑推理的考查。

翻译,我们从第一、二册相对应的课文中精选实用的句型或 词组作为提示,置于同步卷和终结卷中每句翻译题的后面,以利 检查已学内容。水平卷一般不予提示。

作文:第三、四册设作文单项。作文选题广泛,体裁各异,并 附有范文,完全符合统考要求,以便学生模仿、借鉴,考出好成 绩。同步卷中不设作文,以便有更充分的时间加强生成题的训 练。

听力:各册的水平卷中均设有形式多样的听力题;各单项设置由易到难,循序渐进,最后达到大学四级考试的要求。

本书另有一附册,汇总了各册的参考答案及听力原文。

本书适合大学生、成人高校学生及相应程度的英语自学者使用,也可供报考研究生、自学考试、职称考试及 EPT、BFT 和 TOEFL 等出国考试的考生参考。

全书由李正中任主编,张明敏、周荣鑫任副主编。编著者(以姓氏笔划为序)还有付桂芝、吴敏、沈晨声、汪洁、张兴奎、周星、曲政、夏少慧、缪梨。

本书承蒙参加过《大学核心英语》审订工作的张青彦和钟小满两位教授分别审阅部分书稿;杭州电子工业学院周方和副教授、武汉水利电力大学外语系卢贤选副教授及浙江大学外语系李果红和庞继贤副教授参加部分工作,谨此一并致谢。

编写《大学核心英语同步测训》是一项尝试性的工作。编者同仁虽积多年教学实践之心得,不惮寒冬溽暑之苦匠心编著,然囿于学识水平,缺点错误恐在所难免,诚望专家、读者不吝指正。

编 者 1994年8月

Contents

(Band Two)

Progress Test Paper One 1
Progress Test Paper Two 19
Progress Test Paper Three 36
Progress Test Paper Four 54
Progress Test Paper Five 72
Progress Test Paper Six 89
Achievement Test Paper One 107
Achievement Test Paper Two 128
Proficiency Test Paper One 150
Proficiency Test Paper Two 174

Band Two

A - A - and was a tensible at the oth

Progress Test Paper One

Part I Vocabulary (20 minutes)

Section A

Directions: Complete each of the following sentences with the proper form derived from the word given in the bracket.

word given	in the bracket.
for	. She had no choice but to approve of the
(annlu)	membership.
ntific study	One of the most important activities in scien
(observe)	
prefers to	be called "Mr."
(form)	and the second of the first of the second o
gives off	. We all know that the chemical plant smell.
(please)	

5.	There was an silence as each person waited nervously for the other to speak first.
	(easy)
6.	His remark hurt the people who lent him a hand.
	(thought)
7.	At 5: 30 there was a terrible at the other side of the square.
	(explode)
8.	To a great extent she herself is to blame for her
· F	(fortune)
9.	It is known to all that Columbus discovered America
	(accident)
10.	I have to say she is still quite although not so young now.
	(attract)
Sect	tion B
Dire	ections: Fill in the blanks with some of the words or expressions given below in the box. Change the forms if necessary.
	grant, sufficient, regret, select from, register, astonish, superior to, brush against, rank, at work, converse with, differ from

11.	It is said that this car is in many aspects
	that one.
12.	She that she had not won the champion at
	the First Wimbledon Open.
13.	Linda a chair as she rushed to answer the
	telephone.
14.	Mr. White had with him equipment for a
	small laboratory.
15.	It is now second among the popular white
	wines in that country.
16.	The teacher was hard correcting that day's
	test.
17.	The Chinese people were at the terrible
	earthquake happening in Tangshan in 1976.
18.	The government willland to whoever is will-
	ing to farm it.
19.	This engine that one in power and en-
	durance.
20.	I the traveller on various topics, and found
	him well informed.
Sect	ion C
Dire	ections: From the 4 choices given under each state-
	ment, choose the ONE that best completes the
	sentence. Mark your answer by blackening the
	letter of your choice.
	0. you. o
21.	Brought up in an artist's family, Roger is
	traditional paintings.
	A) keen on B) familiar to

	C) tired in	D) known for	
22.	People living in this district complain of traffic noises		
	which often th		
*	A) prevent		
		D) disturb	
23.		avesome interesting	
	facts to the public.		
	A) made	B) revealed	
	C) appreciated	D) considered	
24.	If the sun's rays are	on a point on the paper,	
	it will catch fire.		
	A) collected	B) selected,	
		D) gathered	
25.	Thomas Jefferson	the Declaration of In-	
		ne one of the most important	
	documents in the history	of the U.S.A.	
	A) came up	B) worked up	
	C) drew up	D) brought up	
26.	The committee	his suggestion that the ticket	
	applications for the conce	ert be made well in advance.	
	A) observed C) approved	D) agreed	
27.	After the tragic death of	her husband, she lived only	
	of her baby.		
	A) for the purpose	B) for the goodness	
	C) for the reason	D) for the sake	
28.	His explanation of the	whole matter the	
	mystery at last.		
	A) distinguished	B) clarified	
	C) recognized	D) spread	

29.	It was not long	before	she _		herse	lf for t	the
	job.						
	A) enabled		B) s	uited			
	C) qualified		D) t	aught			
30.	In the sport the		are		in an	extrem	ely
	informal manner.						
	A) attributed	•	. B) c	ontribut	ed		
	C) assigned		D) d	istribut	ed		

Part I Structure (15 minutes)

Section A

Directions: There is an error in each of the following sentences. Underline the incorrect part and give the correct one.

Example: Jim has been asked to account about his absence.

Answer: about → for

- 31. John likes jogging, swimming, playing chess and to ride a bicycle.
- 32. He plays cricket better than any one in his class.
- 33. Without a doubt, this month has certainly been the hottest July on record.
- 34. In spite of it rained heavily, the children went to school.
- 35. The pagoda has been existed for about two centuries.
- 36. My seat was next to the old lady on board the plane.
- 37. Having been failed to hand in the composition on time,

- he was publicly criticized by the teacher.
- 38. He failed in his exam, this proves that he wasn't working hard enough.
- 39. If you spend half an hour practising to read English every morning, you will certainly improve your pronunciation.
- 40. Mary was interrupted by John to make a lot of noises.

Section B

Directions: Rearrange the following words and expressions in a logical order.

Example: makes, better, praise, and bad man, good men, worse

Answer: Praise makes good men better and bad men worse.

- 41. will, the workers, be, on, paid, basis, a piece-work
- 42. to put, together, it, with, will be, many of, difficult, away, our best players, a team
- 43. millions of, the runners, are watching, competing for, spectators, from many countries, the international prize
- 44. speak highly of, is bad, it, oneself, one's, to, knowledge, all the time, show off, or
- 45. seriously, tried to, even if, he, the impoliteness, being late, he was ill, avoid, for the class, of

Section C

Directions: From the 4 choices given under each state-

ment, choose the ONE that best completes the sentence. Mark your answer by blackening the letter of your choice.

The athlete lookd as if he	the championship.	
) has just won	
_	nds to be on conflict areas	
	*	
C) less than) rather than	
•		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
B) either the headmaster	can	
C) the headmaster cannot	, too	
D) the headmaster can ne	ither •	
49. The boys, at the way the questions were put, did not know the answer to them.		
B) their being surprised		
- -	rised	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
7	, as though the matter was	
•		
) little of	
	across the spacious room	
	A) wins C) had just won One of the dangers of any tions is that the focus te on peaceful area A) other than B) elss than C) less than I cannot make an intelligent both sides of the question A) neither can the headmaster C) the headmaster cannot D) the headmaster cannot D) the headmaster cannot The boys, at t put, did not know the and A) were surprised B) their being surprised C) they having been surprised C) they having been surprised Mother spoke so casually importance. A) having no C) no	

	A) for	B) when
	C) as	
52.	Its cost,, is fo	our times more than it was last
	year.	
1.53	A) I am quite serious	And the second s
	B) I am afraid	
	C) no matter you may s	ay
,	C) no matter you may s D) he was asked	gi sita di manana m Manana manana manan
53.	Not only us li	ght, but it gives us heat.
	A) does the sun give	B) has the sun given
	C) the sun gives	D) the sun has given
54.	She caught a much mor	e serious disease the
	doctor had thought.	The state of the s
	A) as	
	C) so as	D) considering that
55.	I really appreciate	to help me, but I am sure
	that I will be able to ma	nage by myself.
	A) him to offer	B) his offering
	C) that he offers	D) that he is offering

Part I Reading Comprehension (30 minutes)

Directions: Each of the following passages is followed by some questions. For each question there are 4 choices. Choose the best answer to each of the questions. Then mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter.

Questions 56 to 60 are based on the following passage:

Most young people enjoy some form of physical activity. It may be walking, cycling or swimming, or in winter, skating or skiing. It may be a game of some kind—football, hockey, golf, or tennis. It may be mountaineering.

Those who have a passion for climbing high and difficult mountains are often looked upon with astonishment. Why are men and women willing to suffer cold and hardship, and to take risks on high mountains? This astonishment is caused probably by the difference between mountaineering and other forms of activity to which men give their leisure.

Mountaineering is a sport and not a game. There are no man-made rules, as there are for such games as golf and football. There are, of course, rules of a different kind which it would be dangerous to ignore, but it is this freedom from man-made rules that makes mountaineering attractive to many people. Those who climb mountains are free to use their own methods.

If we compare mountaineering with other more familiar sports, we might think that one big difference is that mountaineering is not a "team game". We should be mistaken in this. There are, it is true, no "matches" between "teams" of climbers, but when climbers are on a rock face linked by a rope on which their lives may depend, there is obviously teamwork.

The mountain climber knows that he may have to fight forces that are stronger and more powerful than man. He has to fight the forces of nature. His sport re-

quires high mental and physical qualities.

A mountain climber continues to improve in skill yet after year. A skier is probably past his best by the age of thirty, and most international tennis champions are in their early twenties. But it is not unusual for a man of fifth or sixty to climb the highest mountains in the Alps. The may take more time than younger men, but they probable climb with more skill and less waste of effort, and the certainly experience equal enjoyment.

56.	Mountaineering invol	ves
	A) cold	B) hardship
		D) all of the above
57.	The difference between	en a sport and a game has to do
	with the kind of	•
	A) activity C) uniform	B) rules
	C) uniform	D) players
58.	Mountaineering can	be called a team sport because
	A) it is an Olympic e	vent
	B) teams compete aga	ainst each other
	C) mountaineers depe	end on each other while climbing
	D) there are 5 climbe	rs on each team
59.	Mountaineers compet	
		B) each other
	C) other teams	D) international standards
60.	Choose the best title	for the passage:
		Is Different from Golf and
	Football	
	B) Mountaineering	Is More Attractive Than

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