

新东方词汇进阶 VOCABULARY 12000

包凡一 王玉梅【编著】

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新东方词汇进阶
VOCABULARY
12000

包凡一 王玉梅 [编著]



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本丛书专为哪些人编写?

- 准备TOEFL、IELTS、GRE、GMAT等考试,但英语水平或词汇量不足,难以直接复习准备这些考试,需要实实在在、循序渐进提高词汇量及英文水平的人——本丛书从“Vocabulary Basic”开始,逐级学习,直到“Vocabulary 23000”。
- 准备参加大学英语四级考试的人——“Vocabulary Basic”包括了《大学英语教学大纲》规定的英语四级应掌握的全部核心词汇。
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本丛书有何特点?

- 以“课”为单元,每课4个部分,每部分虽只有10个主词,但由其衍生出来的同义、反义、形近、同根、同类词等的量非常之大。这样既方便读者安排学习进度,每天1~2课,又能够保证其3个月内词汇量迅速达到20000以上。
- 每个单词均附有国际音标、词性说明、中文解释及例句。
- 列出各单词的同义词,帮助迅速扩大词汇量。配合联想记忆法,举一反三,事半功倍。
- 根据例句精心设计的插图,既便于更好地理解单词,又为学习增加了无穷的乐趣。

- 每一部分后均附有习题，以加深对所学单词的印象；每一课后面更有综合复习，便于读者自我检测对所学单词的了解程度，并增强活用单词的能力。
- 中、美籍专家制作的高品质录音文件，包含书中的所有主词和中文释义，可在新东方图书网(www.dogwood.com.cn)上免费下载，用来配合学习，效果更佳。

词汇量的增加非一蹴而就，但是若能采用系统的方法，还是可以缩短扩大词汇量所需的时间。为此，我们特别为全国广大的英文读者编写了这套词汇丛书。从最基本的“**Vocabulary Basic**”到足以应付留学考试之需的“**Vocabulary 23000**。”，读者只要按部就班，循序渐进地学习本丛书，必可在最短的时间内取得最大的成效。无论您目前在校求学或已步入社会，都会发现本系列书籍即是您苦寻已久、增强英文实力的最佳利器。学校老师更可采用本系列书籍作为辅助教材，以弥补平时上课内容之不足。

编者

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预备测验

找出与句子中划线单词意义最相近的词。

- It is seldom acceptable to abbreviate words in formal writing.
(A) omit (B) explain (C) shorten
- Although they had never met before the party, Dick and Jane felt a strong affinity for each other.
(A) affability towards (B) attraction to (C) dislike of
- Male lions remain aloof from the day-to-day activities of their families.
(A) upwind of (B) separate from (C) exhausted from
- Frequent minor ailments kept her home from work.
(A) irritations (B) young children (C) sicknesses
- In the autumn, the northern mountains are ablaze with shades of red, yellow, and orange.
(A) radiant (B) abloom (C) decorated

第一部分

① abbreviate [ə'brɪ:vɪeɪt] vt.

① 缩短 (同 shorten, abridge)

President Yu Minhong was asked to *abbreviate* his speech since the students crammed in the room without air-conditioning were running out of patience.

② 缩写

“Mister” is usually *abbreviated* as “Mr.”.

【联】abbreviated adj. 简短的; abbreviation n. 缩写, 缩写词

② ablaze [ə'bleɪz] adj. 着火的, 燃烧的; 闪耀的

〈同 burning; bright〉

After the firewood was *ablaze*, he felt warm. →



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【记】a+blaze (火焰)

【联】blaze *n.* 火焰 *v.* 燃炽; 发怒; blazing *adj.* 炽烧的, 闪耀的; laze *v.* 偷懒, 混日子; glaze *n.* 釉; plaza *n.* 广场, 购物中心

③ abort [ə'bo:t] *n.* 中止计划(或任务)

〈同 failure, stop〉

The minister ordered a general *abort* in stamp production when he learned there was a mistake on the newly issued stamp.

【联】abortive *adj.* 流产的; 失败的; abortion *n.* 流产; 失败

④ abrasion [ə'breɪʒ(ə)n] *n.* 磨(擦)破; 表面磨损 〈同 scratch; friction〉

She fell and suffered an *abrasion* on her left hand.

【联】abrasive *adj.* 研磨的

⑤ absenteeism [æbsən'ti:ɪzəm] *n.* 旷课; 旷工 〈同 absence〉

The rate of *absenteeism* at this school is so high that punishments were introduced for nonattendance.

【联】absentee *n.* 缺席者; absent *adj.* 不在的, 缺席的; absence *n.* 缺席

⑥ absolute [ˈæbsəlu:t] *adj.*

①完全的 〈同 total, complete〉

After he quit his old job a feeling of *absolute* freedom befell (降临, 落到) him.

②绝对的 〈同 definite, certain〉

The captain of a ship has the *absolute* right to jettison cargo when necessary.

【记】ab+solute (溶解) → 不溶解的 → 不能变的 → 绝对的

【联】absolution *n.* 赦免, 赦罪; solute *n.* 溶解物, 溶质; salute *v.* 敬礼; resolute *adj.* 坚决的

⑦ abut [ə'bat] *v.* 邻接, 毗邻 〈同 be next to, border on〉

The library *abuts* the old museum.

【联】abet *v.* 教唆; debut *v.* 初进社交界; 首次演出

⑧ accidental [æksɪ'dent(ə)l] *adj.* 意外的, 偶然的

〈同 unexpected, unforeseen〉

The *accidental* encounter with an old friend, whom he hadn't seen in two years, made him very excited.

【联】accidentally *adv.* 偶然地, 意外地; accident *n.* 意外事件, 事故

Lesson 1

⑨ acclaim [ə'kleɪm]

n. 赞誉, 赞许 <同 recognition, praise>

The best-selling author's new book was greeted with great *acclaim*.

vt. 喝彩, 欢呼; 称赞 <同 hail; praise>

Spectators *acclaimed* the winner of the competition.

【记】ac+claim (= clam 叫喊) → 不断叫喊 → 欢呼

【联】*acclaimed adj.* 受赞誉的; *acclamation n.* 欢呼, 喝彩; *claim n. /v.* 主张, 要求; *declaim v.* 演说; *exclaim v.* 呼喊, 大声说; *proclaim v.* 宣布, 声明; *reclaim v.* 要求归还

⑩ accredit [ə'kredɪt] *vt.* 授权 <同 authorize, commission>

Diplomatic negotiations generally take place in embassies where ambassadors are *accredited*.

自我检测: 从第一部分中选出最适当的词填入空格内。

6. The _____ from wind and weather made the house look very old.
7. The title was too long, so they had to _____ it.
8. The crowd _____ the winning team.
9. The school was _____ after it began to hire teachers with Master's Degrees.
10. Breaking the new dish was _____; I did not mean to do it.
11. The dictator had _____ power.

第二部分

⑪ acronym [ˈækronɪm] *n.* 用大写字母表示的缩写词 <同 abbreviation>

AIDS is an *acronym* for Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome.

⑫ actual [ˈæktʃuəl] *adj.* 实际的, 现行的 <同 real, true>

Our *actual* expenses for food and clothes last year were much lower than we thought.

【联】*actually adv.* 实际上, 事实上; *actuate vt.* 开动; 促使; *activate vt.* 刺激, 使活动; *actively adv.* 活跃地, 积极地

⑬ addict [ə'dɪkt]

vt. 使沉溺, 使上瘾 be addicted to <同 indulge in, be devoted to>

Realizing that she was *addicted* to cigarettes, Janet decided to quit.

n. 上瘾者

The drug *addict* was required to get medical help.

【联】*addictive adj.* (使人)上瘾的; *addiction n.* 沉溺, 上瘾; *addicted adj.* 沉溺的, 上瘾的; *abdicate v.* 放弃, 退位; *predict v.* 预言; *dictate v.* 口授, 听写

- 14 *additive* ['ædɪtɪv] *n.* 添加剂 <同 *addition, supplement*>

The scientists had to use certain *additives* to make the drug more powerful.

【联】*additional adj.* 另外的, 附加的, 额外的; *in addition to* 除...之外

- 15 *adept* [ə 'dept] *adj.* 熟练的, 擅长的 <同 *competent, skilled*>

Mr. Bao is known to be an *adept* writer.

- 16 *adjunct* ['ædʒʌŋkt] *n.* 附件, 附属 <同 *addition, accessory*>

I hoped that I would find the computer course a useful *adjunct* to my other studies.

- 17 *adobe* [ə 'dəʊbi, ə 'dəʊb] *n.* 泥砖, 土坯 <同 *clay, brick*>

Adobe is type of brick made of clay baked in the sun.

- 18 *adorn* [ə 'dɔ:n] *vt.* 装饰 <同 *decorate, embellish*>

She *adorned* her hair with flowers. →

【联】*adornment n.* 装饰; 装饰品; *unadorned adj.* 未装饰的, 朴实的



- 19 *advisable* [əd 'vaɪzəbl] *adj.* 适当的; 明智的; 可取的 <同 *suitable; sensible*>

It is not *advisable* for you to go to school while you are still sick.

【记】*advise* (提建议) + *able* (能...的) → 能提建议的 → 可取的

【联】*advisor n.* 顾问; *advisory adj.* 劝告的; *visible adj.* 可见的

- 20 *affinity* [ə 'fɪnɪtɪ] *n.*

① 紧密关系 <同 *connection, relationship*>

She felt an *affinity* with all who suffered; their pains were her pains.

② 吸引; 喜爱 <同 *attraction; liking*>

Many girls have a strong *affinity* for chocolate candy.

自我检测: 从第二部分中选出最适当的词填入空格内。

12. The _____ time of departure was two hours later than expected.

13. He added an adage as an _____ to his essay.

14. He had an _____ for his old car, so he really didn't want to sell it.
15. _____ are substances that are added to other substances to preserve them or increase their effectiveness.
16. The law firm's name, TLC, was an _____ for Tender Loving Care.
17. Having started when he was five, Paul was an _____ pool player.

第三部分

21 aggregate ['ægrɪɡɪt] *n.*

① 总数 <同 total, sum>

The *aggregate* of all the gifts was over \$ 700.

② 聚集体 <同 combination>

Society is an *aggregate* of individuals.

【记】ag+greg(团体)+ate → 成为团体 → 集合

【联】aggregation *n.* 集合, 群体; gregarious *adj.* 爱社交的; aggravate *v.* 加重, 使恶化; congregate *v.* 集合, 聚集; segregate *v.* 隔离

22 agile ['ædʒaɪl] *adj.* 敏捷的, 活泼轻快的 <同 nimble, quick>

The *agile* kid climbed up the tree in no time.

【记】ag(做)+ile → 能够做的 → 敏捷的

【联】agility *n.* 敏捷, 活泼; agitate *v.* 搅动; 煽动; agitated *adj.* 焦虑的, 激动的; fragile *adj.* 易碎的

23 ailment ['eɪlmənt] *n.* 疾病(尤指轻病、小病) <同 illness, affliction>

A feeble body is always prone to minor *ailments*.

【联】disease *n.* 疾病; unsoundness *n.* 不健全

24 ajar [ə 'dʒɑ: (r)] *adj.* (门、窗等)微开的

<同 half-open>

She left the door *ajar* so that she could hear what they were saying. →

25 akin [ə 'kɪn] *adj.* 同族的; 类似的 <同 related; similar>

His tastes in music seem *akin* to mine.

26 alignment [ə 'laɪnmənt] *n.* 排列; 联合, 结盟 <同 arrangement; association>

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All four wheels must be in perfect *alignment*.

【联】align *v.* 结盟；alight *v.* 落下

27 allegory ['æliɡəri; (US) 'æliɡɔ:ri] *n.* 寓言 〈同 parable, fable〉

Orwell's "Animal Farm" is an *allegory* which uses a farm to illustrate philosophical ideas.

28 alliteration [əli'te'reiʃ(ə)n] *n.* 头韵

"Sally sells sea shells by the seashore" is an *alliteration*.

29 allowance [ə'laʊəns] *n.* 津贴；补助 〈同 stipend, subsidy〉

She was given an *allowance* of five dollars per week.

30 allude [ə'lu:d] *vi.* 暗指，影射，间接提到 〈同 imply, hint〉

He's sensitive about his size, so let's not *allude* to it.

自我检测：从第三部分中选出最适当的词填入空格内。

18. Parents like to use _____ to explain to children what they should and should not do.
19. Although she was very _____ she could never do the splits (劈腿).
20. Don't tell them of our decision; don't even _____ to it.
21. If your immune system is weak you will constantly suffer from some _____.
22. The _____ of all the gifts was over \$ 100.
23. Our company gives us a travel _____ for getting to and from work.

第四部分

31 aloft [ə'loft] *adv.* 在高处；在空中

The spacecraft stayed *aloft* for two weeks.

32 aloof [ə'lʊf] *adj.* 远离的；冷淡的，漠不关心的

〈同 distant, remote; indifferent〉

After he dropped out of school, the relationship between him and his friend became *aloof*.

33 altitude ['æltitju:d] *n.* (海拔)高度 〈同 elevation, height〉

The pilot announced that our *altitude* was 30, 000 feet.

【记】alt (来自 altus) (高) + itude → 高度

【联】altimeter *n.* 高度计; altruism *n.* 利他主义; altruistic *adj.* 利他的, 无私心的; latitude *n.* 纬度; platitude *n.* 陈词滥调

34 ambience ['æmbɪəns] *n.* 周围环境, 气氛

〈同 atmosphere, environment〉

The small park possesses a pleasant *ambience* that appeals to young people. →

【联】ambient *adj.* 周围的; ambition *n.* 雄心; ambitious *adj.* 雄心勃勃的; ambiguous *adj.* 模棱两可的



35 ambivalent [æm 'bɪvələnt] *adj.* 有矛盾情绪的, 举棋不定的

〈同 mixed, contradictory〉

He was *ambivalent* because he wanted to eat a lot of cake, but was determined to lose weight.

【联】ambivalence *n.* 矛盾心理

36 amble ['æmb(ə)l] *vi.* 漫步, 缓行 〈同 ramble, roam〉

The old man *ambled* through the park.

【联】scramble *vt.* 搅乱, 使混杂

37 amenable [ə 'mi:nəb(ə)l] *adj.* 顺从的; 应服从的 〈同 submissive, tractable〉

He was *amenable* to any suggestions which came from those he looked up to (尊敬).

38 amenity [ə 'mi:nɪtɪ] *n.*

① amenities (常作复数) 生活福利设施, 文娱康乐场所

There are a lot of *amenities* in the city such as libraries, cinemas, and hospitals.

② amenity (不可数名词) 愉快, 适意 〈同 comfort, agreeableness〉

We went to Hawaii to enjoy the *amenity* of a warm climate.

【联】amity *n.* 和睦; enmity *n.* 敌意

39 amid [ə 'mɪd] *prep.* 在...中 〈同 among〉

On the floor, *amid* many books, were two small envelopes.

【联】pyramid *n.* 金字塔; 金字塔现象, 越到上面越狭窄的现象

40 amnesia [æm 'ni:zjə; (US) æm 'ni:zə] *n.* 健忘症

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After the car accident, he could not identify any of his friends because of *amnesia*.

【记】a + mnes (记忆) + ia (病) → 没有记忆的病

【联】*amnesty n.* 大赦; *anemia n.* 贫血症; *aphasia n.* 失语症; *malaria n.* 疟疾; *insomnia n.* 失眠, 失眠症

自我检测: 从第四部分中选出最适当的词填入空格内。

24. He was strangely quiet and _____, like a lone wolf.
25. Because Beijing was awarded the honor of being host to the 2008 Olympic Games, the _____ and infrastructure will have to be improved and expanded.
26. After the accident he got _____ and could not even remember his parents.
27. He has an _____ attitude toward his friend; he likes him but always quarrels with him.
28. Peter liked going to that particular bar, because he found the _____ appealing.
29. The flying carpet remained _____ through the power of magic.

综合复习

Exercise 1: 从第二栏中选出第一栏各词的反义词。

	COLUMN I	COLUMN II
_____	30. amenable	A. unskilled
_____	31. adorn	B. planned
_____	32. accidental	C. discomfort
_____	33. actual	D. unwilling
_____	34. amenity	E. certain
_____	35. aloof	F. fictitious
_____	36. adept	G. disfigure
_____	37. acclaim	H. clumsy
_____	38. agile	I. warm
_____	39. ambivalent	J. condemnation

Lesson 1

Exercise 2: 找出与句子中划线单词意义最相近的词。

40. Ron O'Neal received widespread acclaim for his acting in productions of "Dream on Monkey Mountain".
 (A) recognition (B) confidence (C) reimbursement
41. The climate of the Middle Atlantic region of the United States varies with the altitude and land surface.
 (A) ocean waves (B) humidity (C) elevation
42. Airplanes and gliders remain aloft by going fast enough for the pressure of the air moving around their wings to create an upward force.
 (A) in flight (B) out of danger (C) intact
43. The amenities of civilization are left behind when an individual embarks on a camping trip in a remote area.
 (A) activities (B) rules (C) comforts

Exercise 3: 从第二栏中选出第一栏各词的同义词。

	COLUMN I	COLUMN II
_____	44. <u>ambience</u>	A. juxtapose
_____	45. <u>alignment</u>	B. suggest
_____	46. <u>abort</u>	C. air
_____	47. <u>abut</u>	D. dependent
_____	48. <u>additive</u>	E. memory loss
_____	49. <u>addict</u>	F. sum
_____	50. <u>aggregate</u>	G. alliance
_____	51. <u>allude</u>	H. chafe
_____	52. <u>amnesia</u>	I. enhancing agent
_____	53. <u>abrasion</u>	J. terminate

Exercise 4: 从下列单词中选出最适当的词填入空格内。

alignment	amble	abort	adorn	ajar
abut	amenable	ablaze	addict	advisable

54. A new extension was built _____ the old west wing of the house.
55. He _____ from shop to shop but could not find what he was looking for.

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56. Peter wanted to _____ the Christmas tree with colorful toys but his father liked the plain look.
57. The climbers had to _____ the mission because the weather was too bad.
58. The dog ran away as the door was left _____.
59. He seems to be _____ to this computer game. He plays it day and night.
60. The hotel was _____ with lights.
61. It would have been _____ to ask for directions first, because now we are lost.
62. When I am hungry, I am _____ to eating any kind of food.
63. The USA and the USSR (前苏联) formed an _____ during World War II.

参考答案

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|--------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. C | 2. B | 3. B | 4. C | 5. A | | | | | |
| 6. abrasion | 7. abbreviate | 8. acclaimed | 9. accredited | 10. accidental | | | | | |
| 11. absolute | 12. actual | 13. adjunct | 14. affinity | 15. Additives | | | | | |
| 16. acronym | 17. adept | 18. allegory | 19. agile | 20. allude | | | | | |
| 21. ailment | 22. aggregate | 23. allowance | 24. aloof | 25. amenities | | | | | |
| 26. amnesia | 27. ambivalent | 28. ambience | 29. aloft | | | | | | |
| 30. D | 31. G | 32. B | 33. F | 34. C | 35. I | 36. A | 37. J | 38. H | 39. E |
| 40. A | 41. C | 42. A | 43. C | 44. C | 45. G | 46. J | 47. A | 48. I | 49. D |
| 50. F | 51. B | 52. E | 53. H | | | | | | |
| 54. abutting | 55. ambled | 56. adorn | 57. abort | 58. ajar | | | | | |
| 59. addicted | 60. ablaze | 61. advisable | 62. amenable | 63. alignment | | | | | |