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北京教育出版社恒谦教育研究院研究成果

金版 1+1

同步双测

新课标

与人教实验版配套

丛书主编 方可

九年级英语

北京教育出版社



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前言

丛书主编答读者问

问：主编先生，您能简单介绍一下《金版1+1》系列丛书吗？

答：“金版1+1”系列主要包括《金版1+1同步双测》《金版1+1中考双测》《金版1+1高考双测》三大部分。该系列定位于同步学习及各考复习使用，主要以练测为主。无论从题目的筛选，还是从编写体例的设计来看，该系列都是一套实用、高效的新型教辅用书。

《金版1+1同步双测》丛书是“金版1+1”系列的重要组成部分，是一套严格按照最新教材内容编写、体例设计创新的同步测试卷，涵盖了中学阶段各个年级的课程教学，非常适合课内外同步练习或检测之用。

问：《金版1+1同步双测》丛书经过第四次修订，主要突出了哪些特色？

答：此次修订在内容上突出了以下三大特色：特色一，注重对学生综合能力的训练和培养。像“能力自测”卷就体现了这一特色。特色二，与中高考的联系更加紧密。像“最新考题展示”卷就辑取了近几年全国各类中考、高考卷中一些较典型的试题，经过科学整合并按单元（章）分别组卷，以便为学生提供一应考实战平台。特色三，汲取最新信息，凸显创新思维意识与素质教育目标。可以说此次修订结合全国各地师生来信中提出的好建议和新观点，从大量最新题型中精选出一些极具代表性的题目，组成了“新颖题型参考”卷，以启发学生创新思维与主动性学习。

问：主编先生，如何理解《金版1+1同步双测》中的“1+1”和“双测”呢？

答：之所以这样命名，是因为本丛书的每册均由两部分组成。第一部分为16K活页印装，按教材顺序划分为若干小单元，各单元自成卷，主要适用于同步教学中课内练习或课外自练；第二部分为8K活页印装，按教材顺序划分为若干大单元，各单元自成卷，主要用于教学中的统一测试或单元末的综合练习。从形式上来讲这是真正的“1+1”模式——“小单元过关”+“大单元检测”模式。

本丛书每册均含有两种不同目标、不同模式、不同题量的检测卷，第一部分的检测卷称为“小卷”，第二部分的检测卷称为“大卷”，主要用于同步教学中两种不同目标的检测与验收，这就是“双测”的由来。

问：请您再详细说说“小卷”与“大卷”的意义及它们的关系，好吗？

答：好的。“小卷”体现了“小”，划分到课时，故亦可称“课时卷”，这是为了“逐课先过关”；大卷相对小卷而言，按单元设计，故可称“单元卷”，这是为了“单元大过关”。“小卷”与“大卷”的关系，可形象地比作合奏中的小锣与大鼓，几声小锣，一声大鼓，轻敲有序，重锤有节，重迭成波澜，迂回有递进。



问：为什么不称为“小卷+大卷”，而偏偏称作“1+1”与“双测”呢？

答：您问到了关键处。您可知道，这里的“1+1”不是简单的“数学式”，而是蕴藏着深刻的“哲学原理”。“1+1”仅仅是形式，还要升华到思想。我们用“1+1”把“两分法”和“整合规则”的普遍哲理引进到检测设计中来。例如，在同一单元的“小卷”里，我们再用“一分为二”分出了两份不同层次的试卷，一名“基础巩固”，一名“综合拓展”，将知识与能力“合二为一”，这才算是一套完整的检测卷。再如：在每一单元的“小卷”之后，我们又设计了两种不同要求的“大卷”，一种供学生自测，一种供教师在教学中进行统一测试或练习，而且“小卷”和“大卷”分别采用了不同的印装形式，这无论从功效还是形式上来看都可称为“1+1”与“双测”。

问：很有意思！这点我没有想到。关于“1+1”哲理的实施，您还能举出一些例子吗？

答：例子很多。如在每一卷的题目设置上，“1+1”指导我们进行“传统题目+探究题目”的设计。要知道，旧教材中的设问，着重于“答”而吝啬于“给”，但新教材着重于“辅”而不苛刻于“求”。这种题设走势，对今后的教学将产生巨大的影响。在此过渡时期，我们恰到好处地把“传统题”和“探究题”按“1+1”的原理进行了合理安排。

问：以上设计，非常之妙。为了确保《金版1+1同步双测》丛书的编写质量，贵中心采取了哪些可靠措施？

答：主要是作者队伍的优化。为保证《金版1+1同步双测》丛书的质量，我中心做了如下工作：其一，请名师设计；其二，找名校坐庄；其三，选名卷垫底。

北京教育出版社恒谦教育研究院
《金版1+1》系列丛书编委会

同步双测

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Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 1

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、下列句子中的单词你掌握了吗?你一定行(共30分)

- How do you improve your English ?
—By reading aloud to practice _____ (发音).
- This story is as _____ (兴奋的) as that one.
—I think so.
- We should _____ (记忆、背诵) words at first.
—I think so.
- How do you learn English ?
—I learn it by reading _____ (高声地).
- Liu Chang didn't win the first prize for physics. That made me _____ (令人失望的).
—Oh, what a pity !

二、本节有用的词语都记住了吗?互译下列词语,检测一下你的记忆能力吧(共40分)

- make flashcards _____
- improve speaking skills _____
- too hard to understand _____
- practice conversations with... _____
- get excited _____
- 向……求救 _____
- 结束、告终 _____
- 参加英语俱乐部 _____
- 根本不 _____
- ……的最好方法 _____

三、睁开慧眼,精挑细选(共30分)

- _____ do you study English on weekends, Wei Ming ?
—I often listen to BBC.
A. What B. How
C. When D. Who
- This maths problem is _____ hard for me to understand. Could you help me ?
—Sure. It's my pleasure.
A. too B. so
C. very D. by
- I'm studying English. Could you give me some advice ?
—How about _____ to tapes ?
A. listen B. to listen
C. listening D. listened
- Do you often practice _____ morning exercises ?
—Yes.
A. do B. to do
C. doing D. did
- Why do you watch English movies ?
—Because I can watch the actors _____ the words.
A. say B. says
C. saying D. to say

Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 1

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、变一变,意思还是一个样。你能写出下列句子的同义句吗(共 22 分)

- What about listening to cassettes ?
_____ listen to cassettes, shall we ?
- This room is not very big. It can't hold so many people.
This room is _____ small _____ hold so many people.
- I have ever studied with a group for three years.
It's three years _____ I _____ with a group.

二、该会话了,快来说一说吧(共 30 分)

A: Which subject do you like most, Bob ?

B: History, of course. I got 1 A for it in the last exam. What about you ?

A: I like almost anything 2 history, you know.

My favorite subject is biology. I often read books 3 plants and animals late into the night, and I spend a lot of time 4 the questions and answers.

B: Well, that's good. But all our school subjects are important, aren't they ?

A: Yes, you're right. I'll try to catch 5.

三、读一读,做一做,你的阅读能力在提高(共 48 分)

How to Learn English Well

The best way of learning English is to use it, to talk in English as much as possible. Sometimes you will get your words mixed up and people will not understand

you. Sometimes people will say things too quickly and you can't understand them. But if you keep your sense of humour, you can always have a good laugh over the mistakes you make. Don't be unhappy if people seem to be laughing at your mistakes. It is much better for people to be laughing at your mistakes than to be angry because they don't understand what you are saying. The most important rule for learning English is: Don't be afraid of making mistakes. Everyone makes mistakes.

根据短文内容,在每个空白处填写一个适当的单词,单词首字母已给出。

- It's i _____ to use English if we want to learn it well.
- We should s _____ much time in talking in English.
- People can't c _____ us if we get our words mixed up.
- We want someone to speak s _____ so that we can understand him or her.
- M _____ people can make mistakes when they begin to learn English.
- People often laugh at us if we have a w _____ expression in English.
- If we are laughed at, we can r _____ the mistakes for ever.
- We must be h _____ when someone tells us about our mistakes.

Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 2

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、下列句子中的单词你掌握了吗?你一定行(共30分)

1. —Take care not to make the same _____ (错误).
—OK. Thank you.
2. —What's your _____ (苦恼)?
—I had a bad cold.
3. —Can you tell me how to make this toy car?
—Oh, sorry. It's a _____ (秘密).
4. This _____ (学期) we will study another subject, chemistry.
5. —Are you _____ (害怕的) of something else?
—I feel a little nervous.

二、本节有用的词语都记住了吗?互译下列词语,检测一下你的记忆能力吧(共40分)

1. later on _____
2. make mistakes _____
3. be afraid to do _____
4. take notes _____
5. enjoy doing _____
6. 构成 _____
7. 取笑…… _____
8. 查阅 _____
9. 决定做…… _____
10. 与……交谈 _____

三、睁开慧眼,精挑细选(共30分)

- () 1. —Please don't forget _____ the light when you leave the room.
—OK. I won't.

- A. turn on B. to turn on
C. turn off D. to turn off
- () 2. Don't worry. You can't understand every word when people talk _____ you.
A. to B. about
C. at D. of
- () 3. At the end of the class, the teacher said, "We must put '_____' after the words 'mind, finish, practice and enjoy'."
A. do B. to do
C. doing D. did
- () 4. —What is your _____ way, to write or to read?
—To read, I think.
A. like B. love
C. much like D. favorite
- () 5. When you come across a word that you don't know, don't _____ at once.
A. look it for B. look for it
C. look up it D. look it up
- () 6. At night, my little son is afraid _____ walk home alone.
A. of B. with
C. to D. in
- () 7. —I make mistakes _____ grammar.
—You should get much practice.
A. in B. with
C. of D. to

Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 2

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、变一变,意思还是一个样。你能写出下列句子的同义句吗(共 30 分)

- English grammar was too difficult for him to learn well.
English grammar was _____ difficult _____ he couldn't learn it well.
- Why don't you join an English language club to practice speaking English?
Why _____ an English language club to practice speaking English?
- I don't know how I can learn English well.
I don't know how _____ English well.

二、该会说了,快来说一说吧(共 40 分)

- A: Hi, Lili. Congratulations !
B: On what ?
A: You did very 1 in the term exams.
B: Really ? Do you know the results ?
A: Yes. You 2 a B plus for physics, 3 A minus for maths and biology. . .
B: Hurray, what good news ! Thanks a lot, Sandy.
A: That's all right. You 4 hard in the last two months.
B: Yes, I did. Now I'll 5 home to tell my mum and dad the good news.
A: They must be very pleased.

三、读一读,做一做,你的阅读能力在提高(共 30 分)

Today as we know that it's important to learn English well in our everyday life. Everyone wants to master a foreign language, but many people don't know how to learn it well.

All people need to have good study habits. When you have good habits, you learn things quickly. You also remember them easily. For example, have you ever studied in the living room? This is not a good place because it's usually too noisy. You need to study in a quiet place, like your bedroom. A quiet place will have you only think out one thing and you will learn better.

Before you begin to study, do clean your desk. A good desk light is important, too. You'll feel tired easily if there is not enough light.

根据短文内容完成句子。

- It's important to learn _____ well in our everyday life.
- We should have good _____.
- If you have good habits, you will memorize things _____.
- The living room is not a good place to study because it's usually _____.
- In order to study well, we should have a good desk _____.

Unit 1 How do you study for a test?

Period 3

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、下列句子中的单词你掌握了吗?你一定行(共30分)

- I have a problem. Could you please come up with to _____ (解决) it?
—OK, let me try.
- It's our _____ (义务) to help others.
—Yes, I think so.
- What does your brother do?
—He's a _____ (军人).
- Don't complain about your friends when you have problems, or you may lose your _____ (友谊).
- Keep quiet, or it'll _____ (影响) the way you speak.

二、本节有用的词语都记住了吗?翻译下列词语,检测一下你的记忆能力吧(共30分)

- deal with _____
- be angry with _____
- go by _____
- try one's best _____
- break off _____
- have problems _____
- be strict with _____
- with the help of _____
- face challenges _____
- regard... as... _____

三、睁开慧眼,精挑细选(共40分)

- We all have problems. What's the best way to _____ it when you have a problem?
—I often see it from another person's eyes.
A. deal B. deal with
C. do D. to do with
- Hand in your homework on time, or our teacher will _____ you.
—I'll try my best.
A. be angry
B. is angry with
C. be angry
D. be angry with
- _____ the help of our teacher, we solve the problems on time.
—Oh, really?
A. By B. As
C. With D. For
- What would you do if someone did something _____ made you angry.
—I'd learn to forget it.
A. that B. which
C. where D. why
- How did you solve the problem?
—By regarding it _____ a challenge.
A. to B. as
C. for D. at

Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 3

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、该会话了,快来说一说吧(共 50 分)

A: Dad, I don't want to go to school today.

B: 1 not ?

A: I don't feel 2 .

B: 3 4 with you ?

A: My head 5 .

B: Well, you aren't feeling well, you'll have to see the 6 .

A: I don't want to see the doctor. I only want to stay 7 bed and have a good rest.

B: Would you like to eat something ?

A: No. I feel like 8 9 now. Please give me only some water.

B: OK. 10 some water.

A: Thanks very much, Dad.

二、读一读,做一做,你的阅读能力在提高(共 50 分)

Dear Alice,

You really have two different questions here, so we'll discuss them one at a time. Your problems at school may be a result of a number of things. You don't say much about how these classmates get along with each other. It's possible that all the students are feeling a little cautious (谨慎的) in the first term.

It's also possible that the others are unkind. If this is so, you have to find out why you are the class "outsider".

In your letter you say you often offer to help others with their work. Is it possible that your classmates don't understand your offers? Could it seem that you were trying to "buy" friends with these offers?

Is it possible that you took no notice of your classmates when you had your good friend near you? They may have felt hurt at that time. It may take a time for them to believe in you if so. Try to ask one classmate directly what the problem is. If you hear a negative (负

面的) answer, at least you'll know what to do.

Yours truly,

Shelia

() 1. From the letter we know that Alice was very _____.

- A. lucky B. unkind
C. clever D. unhappy

() 2. From the letter we can conclude (得出结论) that _____.

- A. Alice wasn't pleased with her teachers
B. Alice's parents made her study too hard
C. Alice didn't get along well with her classmates
D. Alice didn't want to go to school any more

() 3. In the letter Shelia talked about _____ possible reasons for Alice's problems.

- A. four B. six
C. seven D. eight

() 4. Which of the following is NOT true according to the letter?

- A. Alice felt her classmates weren't kind to her.
B. Alice was very warm-hearted to help her classmates.
C. Alice didn't want to get along well with her classmates.
D. The girl asked two questions in her letter.

() 5. Shelia's advice to Alice is that _____.

- A. Alice should find out the true reason for her problems
B. Alice should leave school as soon as possible
C. Alice should get one negative answer
D. Alice should buy friends with her offers

Unit 1 How do you study for a test ?

Period 4

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、你一定会回忆儿时的时光,那就做做下面的文章吧
(共 35 分)

Happy Children's Day !

Come and see the Indian elephants and the tigers from America. The bears are waiting to meet you, and the monkeys from Thailand are waiting to throw things at you. The lovely dogs from Australia are waiting to laugh at you, and the giraffes from Zambia are waiting to look down at you.

Tickets: Time:
Adults: ¥ 60 June 1~June 2
Children: free 9:00 am~7:00 pm

Keep the park clean !

Do not touch, give food or go near the animals.

根据短文选择正确答案。

- () 1. How many kinds of animals are talked about in the poster(海报) ?
A. 4. B. 5. C. 6. D. 7.
- () 2. Mr and Mrs Brown will take their twins aged 6 to the park. How much will the tickets be together ?
A. ¥ 60. B. ¥ 120.
C. ¥ 180. D. ¥ 240.
- () 3. Visitors can do the following things EXCEPT _____.
A. giving some food to the tigers
B. watching the bears playing games
C. laughing at the dogs from Australia
D. taking some pictures
- () 4. From the passage we can guess the animal "giraffe" must be _____.
A. long B. fat
C. tall D. strong
- () 5. The poster may be made just _____.
A. on New Year Day
B. on Christmas Day

C. after Children's Day

D. before Children's Day

二、为了更好地学习,同学们一定会制定一份学习计划,读读下面的这份,你能找出其中的不足之处吗(共35分)

The following is Li Ming's study plan for the next few months. Read it carefully.

Weekdays	
Afternoon	Evening
1. have school lessons 2. have sports 3. do homework in the shortest time	1. watch sports games on TV or read books about football stars 2. read history books

Weekends		
Morning	Afternoon	Evening
1. sleep late 2. watch sports games on TV	1. have sports or go sightseeing 2. do maths exercises if there is time	1. watch sports games on TV 2. review history and geography 3. practice writing in Chinese

Discuss the plan in groups to find its shortcomings. The following sentences may help you.

- Li Ming mustn't spend too much time on sports or watching sports games on TV.
- He mustn't sleep too late on weekends.
- He must spend more time on English and science subjects.
- He must review all the daytime lessons after school.
- He must spend more time doing maths and physics exercises.
- He must find some time to help his parents with the housework.

三、精挑细选,真题演练(共 30 分)

- () 1. Last Thursday when I got to the airport, I _____ I had left my ticket at home.
A. forgot B. realized
C. believed D. seemed
(2005 • 辽宁大连)
- () 2. —Bob speaks Chinese quite well.
—Yes, so he does. He practises _____ Chinese every day.
A. speaking B. speak
C. speaks D. spoke
(2005 • 吉林)
- () 3. I bought some CDs for my friend and they _____ me ¥ 30.
A. spent B. paid
C. cost D. used
(2005 • 陕西)
- () 4. She spent 100 dollars on her dress.
A. cost;for
B. paid;for
C. took;to
D. used;for
(2004 • 湖南常德)
- () 5. He raised his voice to make everybody in the room _____ him clearly.
A. heard B. hear
C. to hear D. hearing
(2004 • 山东烟台)

- () 6. You mustn't forget _____ your dictionary when you come here tomorrow.
A. to bring B. bring
C. to take D. take
(2004 • 湖南娄底)
- () 7. The boy is too young to join the army.
A. too weak
B. old enough
C. not old enough
D. strong enough
(2004 • 湖南长沙)
- () 8. Why don't you join us in the game?
A. What not B. Why not
C. Why to D. How to
(2004 • 湖南长沙)
- () 9. Once he made up his mind to do something. There was no stopping him.
A. wanted B. decided
C. tried D. liked
(2004 • 河北)

Unit 2 I used to be afraid of the dark.

Period 1

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

一、下列句子中的单词你掌握了吗?你一定行(共30分)

1. —It's _____ (黑暗) in the room. Please turn on the light.
—All right.
2. Don't keep the TV _____ (开着的) when you are away.
3. —Do you often _____ (聊天) with your friend on the Internet?
—Not so often.
4. —Did you use to _____ (弹) the piano?
—No, I didn't, but my sister used to do it.
5. —I'm _____ (害怕) of flying. What shall I do then?
—You can read, watch video films or sleep all the way.

二、本节有用的词语都记住了吗?互译下列词语,检测一下你的记忆能力吧(共40分)

1. used to do _____
2. play the piano _____
3. on a football team _____
4. fly in an airplane _____
5. 在……面前 _____
6. 害怕…… _____
7. 对……感兴趣 _____
8. 入睡 _____

三、睁开慧眼,精挑细选(共30分)

- () 1. —How do you study English?
—I study it _____ a group.
A. by B. in
C. with D. on

- () 2. —Mario used to fly in a balloon, _____ he?
—Yes, he did.
A. used B. did
C. didn't use D. didn't
- () 3. —What was your brother like when he was young?
—He _____ be quiet. But now he's very outgoing.
A. uses B. used
C. uses to D. used to
- () 4. —Don't you remember me?
—_____. I used to see you on my way to work.
A. Yes, I do
B. No, I don't
C. Yes, I don't
D. No, I do
- () 5. —What's his job?
—He's a professional player. He's _____ a football team.
A. at B. in
C. by D. on
- () 6. —Why do you often sleep _____ the light on?
—Because I'm afraid of dark.
A. let B. keep
C. with D. without

Unit 2 I used to be afraid of the dark.

Period 1

(时间:45 分钟 满分:100 分)

读一读,做一做,你的阅读能力在提高(共 100 分)

My grandma is already eighty years old. She used to be a history teacher. Her hobby is reading. She likes reading on many different subjects. She often borrows books from the school library. She has also bought a lot of books. She often says, "I love books. Books are my best friends. They give me knowledge and make me happy."

Grandma likes to borrow books from the library and read outside in the schoolyard. Sometimes she reads a few lines, puts down the book, walks a few steps and thinks for a while and then walks away with the book. But last week Grandma forgot to take the book when she left for home. She was worried and asked her friends, "Have you seen a history book? I think I've lost it." The next day she went to the librarian and said to her, "I'm very sorry. I borrowed a history book from the library last week. But I can't find it, I think I've lost it."

"Don't worry. You'll find it," said the librarian.

Several days later Grandma came to the library to borrow some more books. The librarian asked her, "Have you found the book?" "Not yet. I've looked for it everywhere, but I still can't find it."

"Don't worry. Someone will probably find it and return it sooner or later." A few days later, the book was still missing. What was worse, Grandma lost more

books. She was worried and so was the librarian. "I'm afraid I'll have to pay for the lost books," said Grandma sadly.

One day the librarian came up with an idea. She asked Grandma to put a bookmark in each of the borrowed books with the words: "If you find this book, please return it to the school library..." Grandma thought it was a wonderful idea. Now her lost books are usually returned to the library.

I didn't quite understand how they got the books back so quickly until I picked up a book Grandma had left one day. I opened the book and found a bookmark. It said, "If you find this book, please return it to the school library. There you can get a nice present from the librarian. Thank you."

根据短文内容完成句子。

1. Grandma often borrows books from the school library because she likes _____.
2. Grandma borrowed a _____ book, but she _____ it in the schoolyard when she left for home.
3. Grandma often loses the books she borrowed from the library, so the librarian asked her to put a _____ in each of the borrowed books with some words.