

河北教育版

北大绿卡

Permanent Resident Card



课课大考卷

KEKE DAKAOJUAN

锁定新教材

瞄准新考纲

创设新题型

英语

九年级上



主编 刘亚妮

东北师范大学出版社

目录

CONTENTS

课课大考卷

Unit 1 The Olympics	1
Lesson 1 Higher, Faster, Stronger	1
Lesson 2 Swimming for Gold	2
Lesson 3 Are You an Athlete?	3
Lesson 4 Good Luck to You	4
Lesson 5 Danny's Very Special Guest	5
Lesson 6 Diving "Dream Team"	6
Lesson 7 Don't Fall off the Pizzas!	7
Unit 1 综合测试卷	8
Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest	10
Lesson 9 Be a Champion!	10
Lesson 10 Where's the Highest Hotel?	11
Lesson 11 Don't Fall, Danny!	12
Lesson 12 Let's Go the Farthest!	13
Lesson 13 Who's the Champ?	14
Lesson 14 So Many Records!	15
Lesson 15 My Favourite Record	16
Unit 2 综合测试卷	17
Unit 3 Buying and Selling	19
Lesson 17 Who Will Buy It?	19
Lesson 18 Two Hours Too Early	20
Lesson 19 Know Business Lingo	21
Lesson 20 I'll Buy It!	22
Lesson 21 Cookies, Please!	23
Lesson 22 A Cookie Sale	24
Lesson 23 Push That Product	25
Unit 3 综合测试卷	26
Unit 4 Stay Healthy	28
Lesson 25 What's Wrong with Danny?	28

Lesson 26 Where Is Danny?	29
Lesson 27 Good Food, Good Health	30
Lesson 28 Move Your Whole Body	31
Lesson 29 Don't Smoke, Please!	32
Lesson 30 Jane's Lucky Life	33
Lesson 31 Danny Tells All	34
Unit 4 综合测试卷	35
Unit 5 Great People	37
Lesson 33 What Does Life Mean?	37
Lesson 34 A Universe of Thought	38
Lesson 35 China's Most Famous "Farmer"	39
Lesson 36 Make the World a Better Place	40
Lesson 37 Touch the World	41
Lesson 38 To China, with Love	42
Lesson 39 Guess My Hero, Danny!	43
Unit 5 综合测试卷	44
Unit 6 Accidents!	46
Lesson 41 After an Accident	46
Lesson 42 Be Careful, Danny!	47
Lesson 43 Brian's Injury	48
Lesson 44 Please Take Care!	49
Lesson 45 How Safe Is Your Home?	50
Lesson 46 Help People	51
Lesson 47 Never Catch a Dinosaur	52
Unit 6 综合测试卷	53
期末测试卷	55
参考答案	59

北大绿卡
BEIJING UNIVERSITY
Permanent Resident Card

KeKeDaKaoJuan



① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

考号

姓名

班

年级

学校

密封线内不要答题

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 1 Higher, Faster, Stronger

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词或短语。

- Xu Haifeng won C _____ first Olympic medal.
- Which e _____ did you take part in your school sports meeting?
- Nobody broke the school r _____ in the high jump except Li Jing.
- The steps of m _____ life are faster and faster.
- If Ma Jing is second at the Olympics, she will get a s _____ medal.
- Fu Mingxia won two _____ (金牌) at Atlanta in 1996.
- Luoyang is an _____ (古老的) city.
- Bolt _____ (打破) the world record for 100 metres.
- At the Olympics, athletes _____ (争夺) for medals.
- If you are _____ (第二十), you can't get a medal.

II. 单项选择。

- () 1. _____ Olympic Games were held in Beijing in 2008.
A. 29th B. The 29th C. the 29th D. 29
- () 2. —Which team will _____ the game, your team or theirs?
—Ours, I think.
A. win B. beat C. defeat D. hit
- () 3. _____ the Olympics, athletes compete _____ medals.
A. On; for B. At; in C. At; for D. In; to
- () 4. —Who won the long jump?
—I _____.
A. was B. do C. am D. did
- () 5. Once the Winter Olympics _____ the “white” Olympics.
A. call B. is called C. were called D. called
- () 6. —Why are you in such a hurry?
—_____ the 6:30 train.
A. Catch B. To catch C. Catching D. Caught
- () 7. She can jump _____ than her sister in the high jump.
A. higher B. farther C. further D. taller
- () 8. English is also very popular in many _____ countries in the world.
A. another B. others C. the other D. other
- () 9. The little boy is very _____ to hear the _____ news.
A. amazed; amazing B. amazed; amazed
C. amazing; amazed D. amazing; amazing

- () 10. We call the first Olympic Games the “_____” Olympics.
A. modern B. now C. today D. ancient
- () 11. He won the gold medal in the _____.
A. jump long B. jumping long C. long jump D. jumped long
- () 12. The Olympic Games _____ every four years.
A. is held B. are held C. hold D. holds
- () 13. My twin sister and I have got _____ same nose.
A. the B. a C. an D. /
- () 14. The family _____ looking after the patient.
A. take turns B. taking turns C. took turns D. takes turns
- () 15. George Washington was the _____ president of the United States.
A. first B. one C. once D. last

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- What's the _____ (mean) of this word?
- Brian _____ (hurt) his left leg when he was playing football.
- How many _____ (sport) did the 2008 Olympics have?
- If you are _____ (one), you can get a gold medal.
- Jiang Wenzhong wants _____ (be) an Olympic athlete.
- At the _____ (open) event of the 2008 Olympics, she won a silver medal.
- He said that he jumped an _____ (amaze) 8.8 metres.
- The world's population is becoming _____ and _____ (large).
- Her hair is the same colour as her _____ (mother).
- The 400 m is the _____ (two) event of the afternoon.

IV. 用适当的介词或副词填空。

- The ancient Olympic Games began in Greece _____ 776 BC.
- Nobody broke his record _____ twenty-three years.
- At the opening event _____ the 2008 Olympics, he won a bronze medal.
- In a small group, talk _____ the Olympics.
- Please take turns acting _____ this dialogue in pairs.

V. 句型转换。

- Women competed in the ancient Olympic Games. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ women _____ in the ancient Olympic Games?
- The modern Olympics started in Athens, Greece in 1896. (对画线部分提问)
_____ and _____ did the modern Olympics start?
- Xu Haifeng won a gold medal in shooting at the 1984 Olympics. (对画线部分提问)
_____ won a gold medal in shooting at the 1984 Olympics?
- I have watched the 2008 Olympics in Beijing. (改为否定句)
I _____ the 2008 Olympics in Beijing.
- What do you mean by this word? (改为同意句)
What _____ this word _____?

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 2 Swimming for Gold

I. 英汉互译。

- 去游泳 _____
- 对……擅长 _____
- 和……一样快 _____
- 上上下下 _____
- 同时 _____
- catch up with _____
- at the swimming pool _____
- one of the four Chinese women _____
- set a world record _____
- the others _____

II. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词或短语。

- Zhuang Yong won the w _____ 100-metre freestyle with a time of 54.64 seconds.
- The girl from Class Two won the 100-metre r _____.
- It s _____ that Zhuang Yong and Jenny had finished at the same time.
- When Zhuang Yong won China's first gold in swimming, the Chinese s _____ jumped up and down, cheering.
- The door is _____ (关着的). Aunt Huang may be out.
- It _____ (好像) that he has finished all homework.
- Today our math teacher _____ (穿着) a new dress.
- Just _____ (跟我走) me and I will show you where the library is.
- We show the groups where _____ (开始) and where to stop.

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Liu Xiang won a gold medal. He _____ everyone.
A. surprises B. surprising C. surprised D. surprise
- () 2. She seems _____ every day.
A. to be happy B. to happy C. to be happily D. happily
- () 3. Meimei won the _____ race.
A. girl's 100-metre B. girls' 100-metre
C. girls' 100 metres D. girls' 100-metres
- () 4. Everything begins _____ in spring.
A. to grow B. growing C. grows D. grew
- () 5. Liu Xiang is an Olympic winner in the _____ hurdles. We're proud of him.
A. 110-metre B. 110-metres
C. 110 metre D. 110 metres
- () 6. —It seems that it will rain. Take my umbrella.
—_____. I have a raincoat in my bag.
A. I'd love to B. Sorry
C. Thanks anyway D. No problem
- () 7. A lot of _____ got gold medals in the 2008 Olympics.
A. China's women B. the China women
C. Chinese women D. the Chinese woman
- () 8. She is going to compete in _____ Olympic swimming event tomorrow.

- A. a B. an C. / D. both A and B

- () 9. —How old is the little boy?
—I'm not sure. Maybe he is _____.
A. three-years-old B. three years old
C. three-year-old D. three old
- () 10. —I won the high jump yesterday.
—_____.
A. It's a small thing B. That's all right
C. Good luck D. Congratulations to you

IV. 选词填空。

- Everybody was _____ (exciting; excited) at the news of the victory.
- Our school library is _____ (close; closed) on Sundays.
- _____ (None; All) of these buses goes to the village.
- "Be careful" sometimes has the same meaning as "_____ " (look at; look out).

V. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- He often goes _____ (swim), but he's not a good _____ (swim).
- Zhuang Yong won the _____ (woman) 100-metre freestyle with a time of 54.64 seconds.
- Liu Xiang _____ (surprise) everyone at the 2008 Olympics in Beijing.
- Before the Olympics, her best time had been _____ (slow) than Miss Thompson's.
- Wei Hua _____ (catch) up with the others at last.
- We were very _____ (excite) at that time.
- Tom won a gold medal in _____ (shoot).
- This is an _____ (amaze) story.
- When it was over, no one _____ (know) who had won.
- Do you often go _____ (shop) on Sundays?

VI. 句型转换。

- I asked him what I should do. (改为同意句)
I asked him _____.
- He has little money with him, _____? (完成反意疑问句)
- China has won many gold medals in diving since 1984. (对画线部分提问)
_____ has China won many gold medals in diving?
- There are eighty-five kinds of dives off the platform. (对画线部分提问)
_____ kinds of dives off the platform are there?
- I said to him, "I want to be in the Olympics some day." (改为间接引语)
I _____ him that I _____ to be in the Olympics some day.
- Both Li Ping and she like reading English stories. (改为否定句)
_____ Li Ping nor she _____ reading English stories.
- I seem to have caught a cold. (改为同意句)
It _____ I have caught a cold.
- She won the women's 100-metre relay race last term. (改为同意句)
She won the women's _____ relay race last term.

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密封线内不要答题

注意事项

①考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
②用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 3 Are You an Athlete?

I. 根据句意和首字母提示完成单词。

1. Good l _____ to you, Brian!
2. Kong Linghui is good at playing table t _____.
3. How many p _____ can you do in one minute?
4. Who can d _____ some events for our coming classroom Olympics?
5. —Would you like a _____ cup of tea?
—Yes, please.
6. “Happy New Year!” “The s _____ to you.”
7. Stand s _____ while I am taking your picture.
8. I'm thinking about what to d _____ next.
9. Let's s _____ reading. It's time to have a rest.
10. Today our English teacher wears a coat w _____ four pockets.

II. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. 贴上, 粘贴 _____ | 6. What about...? _____ |
| 2. 很多其他项目 _____ | 7. jump over _____ |
| 3. 乒乓球 _____ | 8. good luck _____ |
| 4. 写下 _____ | 9. at the same time _____ |
| 5. two metres tall _____ | 10. sixty times _____ |

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Tom asks his mother _____ a computer for him.
A. buys B. bought C. to buy D. buy
- () 2. What do you need _____ to class for the event?
A. to bring B. bring C. brought D. bringing
- () 3. The boys are getting ready for _____.
A. for run B. to run C. running D. ran
- () 4. My father was very _____ when he heard the good news.
A. excite B. exciting C. excited D. sad
- () 5. They ran to the finishing line _____.
A. at the same time B. in the same time
C. at same time D. at the same times
- () 6. —Here's coffee and tea. You may have _____.
—Thanks.
A. either B. each C. one D. it
- () 7. I'd love to trek (徒步旅行) _____ the Amazon jungle next summer.
A. across B. through C. crossing D. cross
- () 8. —I don't know _____ to play the violin.
—My cousin can teach you.
A. how B. who C. what D. when

- () 9. —Happy birthday to you, Jenny!
—_____.
A. Thank you B. The same to you
C. Me, too D. Too many thanks

- () 10. Where do you _____ the poster?
A. put on B. put off C. put up D. both A and B

IV. 根据汉语提示完成句子。

1. Mary _____ (设计) all her dresses.
2. How many _____ (俯卧撑) can you do in one minute?
3. This ring can bring you _____ (好运).
4. Song Wenchao can do forty _____ (仰卧起坐) in one minute.
5. Li Yang is running _____ (横穿) the street.
6. I went to school without _____ (吃) breakfast.
7. Look! The girl _____ (放飞) a kite on the playground.
8. What do you need _____ (带来) to class for the event?
9. The teacher asked us _____ (写下) down all the words.
10. Nobody could break the _____ (记录) for twenty years.

V. 连词成句。

1. do, to, you, need, what, make
_____?
2. the, up, on, poster, put, your, wall
_____.
3. for, the, who, idea, has, event, a, good
_____?
4. the, we, show, to, where, stop, students
_____.
5. in, minute, how, do, can, you, many, one, sit-ups
_____?

VI. 句型转换。

1. Can you tell us where we should go? (改为同意句)
Can you tell us _____?
2. Please show me your new book. (改为同意句)
Please show your new book _____.
3. You'd better go there now. (改为否定句)
You'd better _____ now.
4. What about going to the movies? (改为同意句)
_____ going to the movies?
5. He does his homework at home every day. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ he _____ his homework at home every day?
6. He has to buy a dictionary for his daughter. (改为否定句)
He _____ to buy a dictionary for his daughter.

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 4 Good Luck to You

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词或短语。

1. I b _____ I can dive by myself.
2. Good l _____ with your oral English competition.
3. You mustn't g _____ up studying English.
4. Do your b _____, and then you will catch up with others.
5. I believe that my parents will be p _____ of me.
6. _____ (幸运的是), we passed the exam.
7. We are all _____ (自豪的) of Liu Xiang and Yao Ming.
8. Look! The _____ (游泳选手) are diving into the swimming pool.
9. I _____ (放弃) smoking two years ago.
10. All the students _____ (参加) the sports meeting yesterday.

II. 单项选择。

- () 1. When you _____ the fifth _____, please pay attention to the traffic lights.
A. across; cross B. cross; crossing
C. cross; cross D. cross; across
- () 2. —There is so much rubbish!
—Yes. Let's _____.
A. throw them away B. throw it away
C. throw away it D. throw away them
- () 3. —It may be in one of your bags.
—_____, thanks.
A. So it does B. So is it C. So does it D. So it is
- () 4. Jim often makes a face in the classroom. It makes us _____.
A. laugh B. laughing C. to laugh D. laughs
- () 5. —Good luck!
—_____.
A. Good luck B. The same to you
C. Thank you D. Fine
- () 6. Nobody knows _____.
A. where is the post office
B. where the post office is
C. where the place is the post office
D. where the post office is the place
- () 7. We are proud _____ our great country.
A. of B. with C. in D. for
- () 8. I have looked for her _____ in the school.
A. here and there B. up and down

C. everywhere D. all of the above

- () 9. They _____ to _____ herself yesterday evening.
A. did their best; stop her from killing
B. do their best; stopped her to kill
C. did them best; stop her to kill
D. do them best; stop her to kill
- () 10. It's up to you to decide _____ you'll go there, by air or by train.
A. by B. that C. how D. when

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Who has _____ (win) the race?
2. He has given up _____ (play) football.
3. Run as _____ (fast) as possible. You'll be the winner.
4. Can you tell me how _____ (use) the computer?
5. You must do your best _____ (finish) the work.
6. I am very _____ (luck) to meet the famous movie star.
7. Can you tell me who _____ (get) the gold medal?
8. They are very _____ (excite) about passing the final exams.
9. What do you need _____ (take) with you?
10. Write as _____ (careful) as you can and try not to make any mistakes.

IV. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

1. 生病以后, 他不再开车了。
He has _____ since his illness.
2. 我们应当尽力学好英语。
We should _____ to study English well.
3. 在2008年奥运会上, 郭晶晶获得了金牌。
Guo Jingjing _____ the _____ at the 2008 Olympics.
4. 你有没有告诉别人你要来看我?
Did you tell anyone _____ you were _____ to see me?

V. 句型转换。

1. Can you tell us when we should go? (改为同意句)
Can you tell us when _____?
2. Fang Xia has to go home before six p. m. (改为否定句)
Fang Xia _____ to go home before six p. m.
3. Mike is 14 years old. Brian is 13 years old. (合并为一句)
Mike is 1 year _____ Brian.
4. The computer is very useful. (改为感叹句)
_____ the computer is!
5. How about going to the shopping center? (改为同意句)
_____ going to the shopping center?

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密 封 线 内 不 要 答 题

注意事项

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

考号

姓名

班级

年级

学校

密封线内不要答题

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 5 Danny's Very Special Guest

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. be able to _____ | 5. 打篮球_____ |
| 2. some day _____ | 6. 同……谈话_____ |
| 3. special guest _____ | 7. 到……的时间了_____ |
| 4. stop doing sth. _____ | 8. 第二天上午_____ |

II. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- It's time for _____ (have) breakfast.
- Class begins. Stop _____ (play) basketball, please.
- Was Lucy able _____ (speak) Chinese?
- My favorite _____ (dive) is Wu Minxia.
- Would you like _____ (be) an athlete in the future?
- How _____ (wind) it is! Please don't open the door.
- My mother _____ (not be) able to sleep until 11:00 last night.
- Danny loves _____ (eat) donuts.
- It's time _____ (go) to school.
- It's helpful for us _____ (keep) a diary.

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. I have never seen _____ wonderful stamps.
A. so a B. such a C. so D. such
- () 2. I have enjoyed talking _____ you.
A. to B. about C. on D. in
- () 3. If it _____ rain tomorrow, we _____ go to the park.
A. don't; will B. doesn't; will C. will; will D. won't; will
- () 4. Liu Ying _____ sing this song many years ago.
A. is able to B. may C. was able to D. can
- () 5. I want to go on a trip to Beijing _____.
A. some day B. some days C. either D. always
- () 6. Li Ming played football _____ our team in the last game.
A. to B. on C. for D. at
- () 7. I asked _____.
A. why did you like the player B. why you liked the player
C. why do you like the player D. why you liking the player
- () 8. Our class came _____ second in the sports meet.
A. of B. with C. in D. from
- () 9. We talked _____ music all night.
A. to B. with C. about D. from
- () 10. He practices _____ the piano every day.
A. playing B. to play C. plays D. played

- () 11. _____ the end we found the house.
A. In B. On C. By D. For
- () 12. When the teacher came into the classroom, they _____.
A. stop to talk B. stopped to talk
C. stopped talking D. stop talking
- () 13. Mum, what do I need _____ now?
A. doing B. will do C. to do D. all of the above
- () 14. —Which of the following has the same meaning as “would like”?
—_____.
A. Want B. Borrow C. Know D. Carry
- () 15. Boys and girls, turn to Page _____ and look at the _____ picture in Lesson Five.
A. Twentieth; one B. Twenty; one
C. Twentieth; first D. Twenty; first

IV. 根据汉语提示完成句子。

- He is the best _____ (客人) of our school.
- Li Ming is _____ (练习) driving a car.
- Tang Jian, you must work hard at English, and never _____ (放弃).
- I _____ (相信) he must win the game.
- Jenny _____ (尽最大努力) to win the game yesterday.

V. 句型转换。

- I can say “Goodbye” in Japanese. (改为同意句)
I _____ say “Goodbye” in Japanese.
- He asked me, “Where is she going?” (改为间接引语)
He asked me _____.
- I'm too busy to go to the cinema tonight. (改为同意句)
I have _____ to go to the cinema tonight.
- Guo Jingming is my favourite writer. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is your favourite writer?
- I go to see my grandfather twice a week. (对画线部分提问)
_____ do you go to see your grandfather?

VI. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

- 布朗先生说我们有一位非常特别的客人。
Mr Brown said that we _____ a very _____ guest.
- 我喜欢看奥运会，篮球是我最喜欢的运动。
I love _____ the Olympics, and basketball is my _____.
- 他说我应该一直努力，永不放弃。
He said that I should always _____, and never _____.
- 我希望有朝一日你会来看我。
I hope you will come and visit me _____.
- 她讲了很长时间，最后终于使我相信了她的话。
She talked for a long time, and in the end she _____ to make me believe her.

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 6 Diving "Dream Team"

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词。

1. My d _____ is to travel around the world.
2. Football is one of the most p _____ events today.
3. He won the first in the game. He is the c _____.
4. I don't know his a _____, but I know his sister is as old as I.
5. The boy d _____ from the bank into the river yesterday.
6. He won the both _____ (竞赛) last year.
7. Go to bed, Li Ming. Sweet _____ (梦)!
8. China's divers have the most _____ (胜利) at the Olympics today.
9. Wang Baoquan is the _____ (教练) of China's women volleyball team now.
10. The price _____ (包含) the food and the drink.

II. 单项选择。

- () 1. My father never stopped _____ hard.
A. working B. work C. to work D. works
- () 2. She won her first gold medal _____ 1991.
A. for B. at C. in D. since
- () 3. China has the "Dream Team" in _____.
A. swimming B. dive C. basketball D. diving
- () 4. I don't do yoga (瑜伽) _____.
A. no more B. any more C. no longer D. not any more
- () 5. I can _____ the others in my English.
A. catch up with B. come up with
C. caught up with D. kept up with
- () 6. Mary has three brothers. Smith is _____ of the three.
A. most tall B. the tallest C. taller D. the taller
- () 7. —Do you know Li Ming well?
—Certainly. We _____ friends since ten years ago.
A. were B. have made C. have become D. have been
- () 8. She got a gold medal in the women's _____ platform event.
A. 10-metres B. 10-metre C. 10 metre D. 10 metres
- () 9. More and more people have won two gold medals in the Olympics _____ 1904.
A. in B. on C. at D. since
- () 10. Did _____ compete at the 1904 Olympics?
A. woman divers B. women diver
C. women divers D. women's divers
- () 11. This is my _____ first visit to China.
A. the B. a C. an D. /
- () 12. —Nice to meet you. I _____ you for a long time.

—I _____ in my hometown. I've just returned.

- A. didn't see; was B. haven't seen; will be
C. hadn't seen; am D. haven't seen; was
- () 13. Doing exercise including playing basketball _____ very popular in our country now.
A. is B. are C. was D. were
- () 14. She found it hard _____ her class.
A. to catch up with B. to catch up
C. catch up with D. catch up
- () 15. France is well-known _____ its fine food and wine.
A. to B. for C. as D. by

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Please try to use the _____ (follow) phrases to make sentences.
2. Many countries _____ (include) India want to catch up with China.
3. The _____ (well-known) basketball player is Yao Ming in China.
4. Do you know who is the _____ (famous) member of China's diving team?
5. She won gold medals in the _____ (woman) 10-metre platform.
6. You should run faster _____ (catch) up with that man.
7. He is one of the most popular _____ (teach) in our school.
8. Neither my father nor my mother _____ (be) a worker.
9. She _____ (become) the youngest Olympic champion at age 13.
10. This book is as _____ (interesting) as that one.

IV. 用适当的介词填空。

1. The tiger is _____ danger. We must save it.
2. China is one _____ the oldest countries in the world.
3. Sun Jun will visit me _____ Saturday night.
4. She found it hard to catch up _____ her class.
5. _____ the afternoon of March 8, the women in the city had a big party.
6. Uncle Zhao has been here _____ two years ago.
7. She was able to play the piano _____ the age of 4.
8. I am very interested _____ diving.

V. 将直接引语变为间接引语。

1. He said to me, "You have made us proud."

2. She said to Danny, "You are the only dinosaur I know."

3. He said, "I should do my best in the match."

4. She asked, "What can I do for you?"

5. He asked me, "What country are you from?"

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密 封 线 内 不 要 答 题

注意事项

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

密封线内不要答题

Unit 1 The Olympics

Lesson 7 Don't Fall off the Pizzas!

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 1. 下次_____ | 6. fall off _____ |
| 2. 一个接一个_____ | 7. practise doing sth. _____ |
| 3. 打乒乓球_____ | 8. keep doing sth. _____ |
| 4. 为……表示感谢_____ | 9. an Olympic event _____ |
| 5. 获得第一名_____ | 10. do one's best _____ |

II. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词或短语。

1. Could you tell me the r _____? Who was first?
2. —What do you t _____ of the film?
—It's boring.
3. N _____ of us caught up with him.
4. He is a man of f _____ words.
5. Can you j _____ over the wall?
6. They _____ (穿过) the woods.
7. I don't think it _____ (下雨) tomorrow.
8. He _____ (努力地) to improve his spoken English.
9. _____ (几乎没有) of us are able to buy such a big house.
10. I hope to see you _____ (尽快).

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Guo Jingjing does well in _____.
- A. swimming B. dive C. basketball D. diving
- () 2. Fu Mingxia won gold medals on _____ 10-metre platform event.
- A. the women's B. woman's
C. the womens' D. womens'
- () 3. The teacher said that the earth _____ around the sun.
- A. went B. gone C. going D. goes
- () 4. I can _____ my best friend in my math.
- A. catch up with B. come up with
C. caught up with D. kept up with
- () 5. What about _____ to the movies tonight?
- A. go B. goes C. going D. to go
- () 6. Few of the other students were so fast, _____?
- A. weren't they B. were they
C. was they D. wasn't they
- () 7. If he _____ the composition, he'll be better next time.
- A. practises to write B. will practise writing

- C. will practise to write D. practises writing
- () 8. We use a watch to see _____.
- A. who was the fastest B. who fastest was
C. the fastest was who D. who was fastest
- () 9. I hope _____.
- A. you to become a good teacher B. you to be a good teacher
C. you can become a good teacher D. to a good teacher
- () 10. The same _____ may have different _____.
- A. questions; answers B. questions; answer
C. question; answer D. question; answers

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

1. Wu Peng is practising _____ (play) the piano now.
2. It kept _____ (blow) for a whole day yesterday.
3. Jim came in _____ (three) in the competition.
4. Few of the students _____ (read) books now.
5. Everyone _____ (compete) in the event, one by one.

V. 从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话，有两个多余选项。

(A—Ji Weiye; B—Zhao Ming)

A: Hello, Zhao Ming!

B: Hi, Ji Weiye. Can you come and play football with us on Sunday?

A: 1 Dad is going to take us out in the car.

B: Do you like going on a trip in the car?

A: Yes, I do. We sometimes go out in the car on Sundays. Sometimes we go swimming. I like swimming. 2

B: Oh, we usually go to see my uncle on Sundays. I like doing that. We sometimes go fishing.

A: 3

B: Yes, I do. My uncle is very good at fishing. 4 Then we take them home for supper.

A: 5

B: My Dad. I help him. We like cooking fish.

A: And eating them, too.

- | |
|--|
| <p>A. What about you?
B. Are you busy on Sundays?
C. Who cooks them?
D. Sorry, I can't.
E. Do you like fishing?
F. Can you swim?
G. He can catch lots of fish.</p> |
|--|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

Unit 1 The Olympics

Unit 1 综合测试卷

■时间: 90 分钟 ■总分: 100 分

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	总分
得分								

I. 根据句意和首字母提示完成单词。(本题共 10 分, 每小题 1 分)

- The O _____ Games are held every four years.
- If you are first, you get a g _____ medal.
- This problem is so difficult that f _____ students can solve it.
- M _____ means "now" and "today".
- There are five people in the room. They i _____ three men and two women.
- Nobody broke the world r _____ at the sports meeting.
- We often p _____ speaking English at school.
- We can b _____ him. He never tells lies.
- Lucy has a d _____ that she will be a super star some day.
- Women were forbidden (禁止) to take part in some e _____ at the ancient Olympics.

II. 单项选择。(本题共 20 分, 每小题 2 分)

- () 1. I've never seen _____ exciting football game before.
A. so a B. so an C. such an D. such a
- () 2. —I will have an exam tomorrow.
—_____.
A. Well done B. Have a good time
C. Thank you D. Good luck to you
- () 3. Let's stop _____ and _____ a rest.
A. reading; having B. reading; have
C. to reading; to have D. reading; to have
- () 4. Few people knew how to use the Internet in the past, _____?
A. did they B. didn't they C. did he D. didn't he
- () 5. She asks if I _____ to Beijing tomorrow. If I _____, she will go with me.
A. go; go B. go; will go C. will go; go D. will go; will go
- () 6. Han Qiang won the _____ race in the spring sports meeting.
A. 200-metre B. 200-metres C. 200 metre D. 200-metre's
- () 7. We have a Christmas party. Some students are playing and _____ are talking.
A. the other B. the other one C. others D. another
- () 8. Zhuang Yong swam _____ than any other player in the race.
A. much fast B. more faster C. much faster D. most faster
- () 9. Bolt's win _____ the whole world.
A. surprised B. surprising C. to surprise D. surprise
- () 10. Yang Bo was in the _____ at our school sports meeting.

A. jump long B. jumping long C. long jump D. jumped long

III. 从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话, 有两个多余选项。(本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

A: Congratulations! You just won the prize in the table tennis match of our city.

B: Thanks a lot.

A: _____ 1 _____

B: Since I was seven.

A: _____ 2 _____

B: My father. And I take private lessons, too.

A: _____ 3 _____

B: Yes, I have taken lessons here for two years.

A: How many days a week do you play?

B: _____ 4 _____ I want to practise every day, but my parents say three or four days is enough.

A: Are you going to continue with your table tennis?

B: Uh...huh. _____ 5 _____

A: Wish you greater success!

B: Thank you.

- | |
|---|
| <p>A. Who taught you how to play?</p> <p>B. About three or four.</p> <p>C. Is that true?</p> <p>D. Which is your favourite table tennis club?</p> <p>E. How long have you played table tennis?</p> <p>F. I want to be a player when I'm older.</p> <p>G. Here at the table tennis club?</p> |
|---|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

IV. 完形填空。(本题共 20 分, 每小题 2 分)

A lot of students are having all kinds of sports on the sports field. A ball game is going on right now 1 Class 3 and Class 4. Can you 2 me which team is winning? Do you see many people over there? Some students of Class 1 are practising the 3 jump. One of them is the best high jumper in the school. He practises 4 every day. He wants to 5 the school record at the sports meeting next spring. Not far away, some girls are getting ready 6 a race. Now on the corner of the field, you can see another group of students. Their teacher is telling them 7 to throw discus (铁饼). We students love sports. Sports 8 to keep people healthy. They help people to live happily, and 9 games on the sports field, it can 10 people become good friends.

- () 1. A. in B. between C. among D. by
- () 2. A. tell B. speak C. say D. talk
- () 3. A. long B. far C. high D. tall
- () 4. A. hard B. fast C. quietly D. quickly
- () 5. A. do B. take C. work D. break
- () 6. A. to B. for C. with D. at
- () 7. A. what B. that C. which D. how
- () 8. A. want B. hope C. help D. wish
- () 9. A. in B. before C. after D. when

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密 封 线 内 不 要 答 题

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

注意事项

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

密封线内不要答题

() 10. A. make B. enjoy C. get D. bring

V. 阅读理解。(本题共 20 分, 每小题 2 分)

(A)

Feather race is popular in Australia. Do you want to know more about it?

As few as two players can take part in this race, or as many as twenty. It is better played inside the room than in the open air. Each player needs a feather and a paper plate.

The room needs a starting line and a finishing line. Each player starts with a feather on a plate and races for the finish. Of course, the players must keep the feathers on the plates, and the players are not allowed to touch them by hand. If the feather is dropped, then the player has to go back to the beginning and start again. The winner is the first person to cross the finishing line with his or her feather still on the plate.

- () 1. The feather race needs _____ players at least.
A. two B. twelve C. twenty D. twenty-two
- () 2. You'd better play the race _____.
A. on the playground B. on the road
C. in the room D. in the street
- () 3. Each player needs _____ in the feather race.
A. a paper plate and a photo B. a ball and a box
C. a ball and a feather D. a paper plate and a feather
- () 4. If the feather is dropped, the player will _____.
A. go on running without the feather
B. go back to the beginning and start again
C. pick up the feather and go on running
D. give up the race
- () 5. The winner must cross the finishing line first _____ on the plate.
A. with the feather B. without the feather
C. without anything D. with a coin

(B)

Our school held a sports meeting on the playground. Mr Huang stood at the starting line and the runners got ready to run. After they started, Fang Ming was in front. But soon Wu Dong caught up with her. At the end of the race, Wu Dong was first past the finishing line. "Did Wu Dong win the girls' 100-metre race?" a student asked. "Of course, she did," Li Ming answered. "She ran much faster than the other girls."

At the 1000-metre race, Li Lei was far behind the other runners at first. "Come on!" his friends shouted. A few minutes later, Li Lei caught up with the others and won the race. In the relay race, the Class 3 runner and the Class 2 runner were neck and neck at the first lap (圈). They passed on the sticks to the next runners at the same time. Then the Class 2 runner dropped the stick. In the end, Class 3 won the race. At the closing ceremony (闭幕式), the headmaster said, "Well done! Congratulations to the winners!"

根据短文内容, 判断句子正 (T) 误 (F)。

- () 1. All the students of the school are having a sports meeting.
() 2. Fang Ming ran faster than Wu Dong.
() 3. Wu Dong won the girls' 100-metre race.
() 4. Li Lei was not so fast as the others at the 1000-metre race.
() 5. In the relay race, the runners of Class 2 were slower than those of Class 3.

VI. 句型转换。(本题共 10 分, 每小题 2 分)

1. Both of the two girls know the man. (改为否定句)
_____ of the two girls _____ the man.
2. She said, "Failure is the mother of success." (改为间接引语)
She said Failure _____ the mother of success.
3. Mary said, "I will arrive tomorrow morning." (改为间接引语)
Mary said _____ arrive tomorrow morning.
4. He didn't take part in the match because he broke his leg. (对画线部分提问)
_____ he take part in the match?
5. The work is interesting. (改为感叹句)
_____ the work is!

VII. 书面表达。(本题共 10 分)

假如你校是体育项目传统学校, 加拿大一所中学的师生来到你校参观。学校准备让你向来宾介绍你校体育活动方面的情况, 请你根据以下提示用英语向外宾作介绍。(100 词以上)

项目	球类: 足球、篮球、排球、乒乓球 其他: 跑步、游泳、跳高、跳远
活动时间	下午: 4:30—6:00
比赛方式	①一年一度的学校运动会; ②和其他学校举行比赛。
优势项目	篮球、跑步
益处	增强体质; 加强同学间的友谊; 有利于提高学习效率。

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 9 Be a Champion!

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| 1. take turns _____ | 6. 单腿站立_____ |
| 2. get tired _____ | 7. 保持一项世界纪录_____ |
| 3. on the Internet _____ | 8. 打破一项世界纪录_____ |
| 4. a hundred metres _____ | 9. 8 秒钟之内_____ |
| 5. ordinary people _____ | 10. 没有停止_____ |

II. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词或短语。

- It is necessary for us to p _____ speaking English every day.
- Xiao Shenyang is very f _____. He often makes people laugh.
- M _____ means "now" and "today".
- We often play different ball g _____ after school. Such as basketball, football, etc.
- Our teacher is ill. Let's take t _____ to look after him.
- My father is the _____ (最高的) in my family.
- There was a _____ (精彩的) show yesterday evening.
- You'll _____ (变累的) if you keep running.
- _____ (难道不) you know about it?
- My father was watching TV _____ (当……时候) I was doing my homework last night.

III. 单项选择。

- The two teachers take turns _____ a talk.
A. have B. to have C. had D. has
- My grandpa got _____ after a long walk.
A. tired B. tire C. to tire D. tires
- If you work hard, you'll succeed _____.
A. another day B. the other day C. some day D. yesterday
- All the students like Mr Liu, because he often makes them _____.
A. laughs B. laughing C. laugh D. to laugh
- His bike is too old. There is _____ with it.
A. nothing wrong B. something wrong
C. wrong nothing D. wrong something
- All the students in our class are over fifteen except Li Lei. He is _____ in our class.
A. younger B. the oldest C. the youngest D. young
- I was made _____.
A. stop B. to stop C. stopped D. stopping
- I asked Lily for _____ paper, but she didn't have _____.

- A. any; some B. any; any C. some; any D. some; some
9. Don't go away. I have _____ to tell you.
A. something new B. new something
C. anything new D. new anything
10. There is no food _____ no fire in the room.
A. or B. but C. and D. so

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- Who is the _____ (tall), Wang Ming, Lin Tao or Zhang Yan?
- Mr Zhao _____ (try) to finish his work on time, but he didn't.
- Would you like _____ (anything) to drink?
- If you want to keep _____ (health), you must eat more fruits and vegetables.
- The little boy often tells us something _____ (fun).

V. 从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话, 有两个多余选项。

A: What is your favourite sport, Han Mei?

B: _____ 1 _____

A: Can you play volleyball (排球)?

B: I'm sorry, I can't. _____ 2 _____

A: OK. Let's go to the school gym. Now first you must jump very high and hit the ball like this. _____ 3 _____

B: Sure. _____ 4 _____

A: Yes, but we can play volleyball every Friday after school.

B: _____ 5 _____

- | |
|---|
| <p>A. Do you want to have a try?</p> <p>B. That's great.</p> <p>C. Would you like to teach me?</p> <p>D. I like roller-skating.</p> <p>E. Can we often play volleyball here?</p> <p>F. I'm afraid I need your help.</p> <p>G. That's easier said than done.</p> |
|---|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

VI. 句型转换。

- The idea is wonderful! (改为感叹句)
_____ idea it is!
- I drank a lot of juice this afternoon. (改为同意句)
I drank _____ juice this afternoon.
- Jiang Feng would like some bananas, _____? (完成反意疑问句)
- Some day I might be the world's tallest dinosaur! (改为同意句)
_____ I might be the world's tallest dinosaur!
- Hurry up! Or you'll be late for school. (改为同意句)
_____ you _____ hurry up, you'll be late for school.

学校: _____

年级: _____

班: _____

姓名: _____

考号: _____

密 封 线 内 不 要 答 题

注意 事项

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

学校：_____ 年级 _____ 班 _____ 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

密封线内不要答题

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 10 Where's the Highest Hotel?

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. 坐落于_____ | 6. 12 meters thick _____ |
| 2. 环球旅行_____ | 7. the 48-storey building _____ |
| 3. 全天_____ | 8. the Three Gorges Dam _____ |
| 4. ……的长度_____ | 9. the longest structure _____ |
| 5. 从事于_____ | 10. more than _____ |

II. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词。

- China is l _____ in the east of Asia.
- The Great Wall of China is more than 7,240 k _____ long.
- This new bike c _____ me 400 yuan.
- The wall is four metres tall and one metre t _____.
- Can we see the Palace Museum f _____ the Great Wall?
- The new building will be _____ (坐落) in the centre of our town.
- China has many _____ (著名的) scientists.
- He was so hungry that he ate the _____ (整个的) plate of chicken.
- Have you _____ (见过) the animals?
- We hope to finish the dam _____ (不迟于) 2010.

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. I bought a present for my friend and it _____ me 20 yuan.
A. spent B. paid C. cost D. took
- () 2. _____ mountain was covered with snow.
A. Whole the B. The whole C. All D. All of
- () 3. They have _____ the Three Gorges Dam for two years.
A. worked on B. worked C. worked out D. worked hard
- () 4. I hope you _____ here and bring some food for me.
A. to come B. coming C. will come D. came
- () 5. Do you know that Yao Ming is 2.26 meters _____?
A. long B. high C. tall D. far
- () 6. What is the Great Wall of China famous _____?
A. at B. on C. for D. in
- () 7. His house is located _____ the foot of the mountain.
A. on B. at C. in D. with
- () 8. —Would you like some more fish?
—_____.
A. Thanks. I've had enough B. No, I can't
C. I don't like it D. No, I won't
- () 9. Vegetables and fruits will _____ you healthy.
A. help B. make C. let D. have

- () 10. If it _____, we won't climb the South Hill.
A. snows B. will snow C. snowing D. snowy

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- There are some tall _____ (build) in our school.
- It's one of the _____ (tall) trees in the world.
- I like _____ (read), but I don't like _____ (read) now.
- I was the first one _____ (come) to school in the morning.
- Cheng Long is one of the most famous _____ (act). We all like him very much.

V. 从方框中选择合适的句子补全对话，有两个多余选项。

- A: Hi, Danny. What are you doing?
B: I'm reading a book about the world records.
A: 1 Is it interesting?
B: Yes, I want to break a record, too. 2
A: Let me find an unusual record in the book. You can try to break it.
B: OK. 3
A: How about riding a bike backwards, while playing the violin?
B: I don't think I can break the record, because I can't play the violin.
A: 4
B: It isn't easy.
A: 5
B: What?
A: You can keep eating a 56 kilogram donut.

- | |
|--|
| <p>A. That's such a large cabbage.</p> <p>B. Oh, what a thick book!</p> <p>C. I think you can only break one record.</p> <p>D. I'd love to be in a book like that.</p> <p>E. How many world records do you know?</p> <p>F. I will do my best.</p> <p>G. Can you grow a cabbage that weighs more than 56 kilograms?</p> |
|--|

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____

VI. 句型转换。

- The Great Wall is more than 7,240 kilometres long. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is the Great Wall?
- The coat cost him 150 yuan. (改为一般疑问句)
_____ the coat _____ him 150 yuan?
- Work hard, and you'll pass the exam. (改为同意句)
_____ work hard, you'll pass the exam.
- It took me half an hour to do my homework last night. (改为同意句)
I _____ half an hour _____ my homework last night.
- Let's go to the park, _____? (完成反意疑问句)

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 11 Don't Fall, Danny!

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. on record _____ | 6. 平均起来_____ |
| 2. as...as..._____ | 7. 野生动物_____ |
| 3. the champion of _____ | 8. 放下_____ |
| 4. be late for _____ | 9. 放学之后_____ |
| 5. the largest animal _____ | 10. 必须, 不得不_____ |

II. 根据句意和首字母提示完成单词。

- Plants and animals are l _____ things.
- March 8th is W _____ Day.
- Which is the f _____, the car, the train or the plane?
- The basket is full of apples. They w _____ two kilograms.
- There is a h _____ stone on the top of the mountain. Nobody can move it.
- Remember to b _____ your English book to school tomorrow.
- I felt very t _____ after doing so much housework.
- We walk with our f _____.
- There are sixty m _____ in an hour.

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Here _____ the bus! Do not push.
A. come B. comes C. comed D. coming
- () 2. Why not _____ her to come with you?
A. asks B. ask C. asking D. to ask
- () 3. This pencil is _____ that one.
A. twice as long as B. twice as long
C. twice so long as D. longer twice than
- () 4. No one can be sure _____ in one million years.
A. what man looks like B. man will look like what
C. what man will look like D. what will man look like
- () 5. Thank you for helping me _____ my room.
A. cleaning B. to clean C. cleans D. cleaned
- () 6. This road is 50 _____ long.
A. kilograms B. centimeters C. kilometres D. grams
- () 7. Let's _____ friends in the future.
A. be B. to be C. are D. will be
- () 8. Little Tom is used to _____ hello to others.
A. say B. saying C. says D. said
- () 9. Your brother and your sister have never been abroad, _____?
A. were they B. has he C. has she D. have they

- () 10. I have just run _____ meters.
A. eight hundred B. eight hundreds
C. eight hundreds of D. eight hundred of
- () 11. He was too excited to _____.
A. go to bed B. fall asleep C. going to bed D. falling asleep
- () 12. —_____ will Mr Qin be back?
—In a week, I think.
A. How often B. How many
C. How long D. How soon
- () 13. Mao Huchen is fat. He _____ over one hundred kilos.
A. weigh B. weighing C. weighs D. weight
- () 14. Do you know who is the fattest _____ man?
A. living B. lived C. alive D. lively
- () 15. This problem is _____ of the three.
A. hard B. harder C. the hardest D. most hard

IV. 用适当的介词填空。

- _____ the end of last term, we had learned 1,500 words.
- He has been there _____ two years.
- Can we see the Palace Museum _____ the Great Wall?
- She has studied in this school _____ two years ago.
- Wang Hong is the tallest _____ all the girls.
- _____ average, a blue whale weighs more than 26 tons.
- My father will be back from Henan _____ a month.

V. 句型转换。

- You can't lift the heavy box without his help, _____? (完成反意疑问句)
- Where is the highest mountain located? Do you think? (合并为一句)
_____ do you think the highest mountain _____?
- They have never seen such a huge animal, _____? (完成反意疑问句)
- The bigger fish weighs 2.5 kilos. (对画线部分提问)
_____ the bigger fish weigh?
- The Great Hall of the People is the greatest building among them. (对画线部分提问)
_____ the greatest building among them?

VI. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

- 我们何不停下来休息一会儿?
_____ we stop and have a rest?
- 他家是我家的两倍大。
His house is _____ as _____ mine.
- 巨龟是所有动物中最长寿的。
The giant tortoise _____ of all animals.
- 明天请把你的英语字典给我带来。
Please _____ your English dictionary _____ tomorrow.

密封线内不要答题

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

注意事项
 ① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
 ② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

密封线内不要答题

学校：_____ 班级：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 12 Let's Go the Farthest!

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词。

- What's the f _____ place you've ever been to?
—Sanya.
- The world's fastest animal is the c _____.
- The elephant w _____ more than 2 tons.
- I'll go there on f _____.
- Please bring me a p _____ of pizza.
- That building is _____ (更高的) than all the others.
- A falcon is _____ (最快的) bird in the world.
- Brian doesn't write as _____ (仔细地) as his brother.
- The air in Shijiazhuang is getting much _____ (更干净) than a few years ago.
- Do you know what is the longest _____ (桥梁) in the world?

II. 单项选择。

- () 1. Class begins. Some students are reading; _____ are writing.
A. others B. another C. the other D. other
- () 2. This box is _____ than that box.
A. heavy B. heavier C. heaviest D. the heaviest
- () 3. Do you know _____?
A. where's the nearest shop B. what's his name
C. where the nearest school is D. where's your mother
- () 4. —Excuse me. Could you tell me _____ later on?
—Wait a minute. It is coming in ten minutes.
A. if the next train arrives B. if the next train will arrive
C. when the next train arrives D. when will the next train arrive
- () 5. —Do you like basketball?
—Yes. But I think it's _____ of all the sports.
A. the easiest B. the most difficult
C. the most interesting D. the most boring
- () 6. —What do you think of Harbin and Qingdao in winter?
—I think Harbin is _____ than Qingdao.
A. much interesting B. the most interesting
C. interesting D. much more interesting
- () 7. —What did your teacher say just now?
—He asked me _____ this morning.
A. how did Tom come to school B. when Tom got to school
C. why was Tom late for school D. if was Tom late for school

- () 8. Which is _____ to learn, English or math?
A. easier B. the easier C. more easily D. most easily
- () 9. It takes _____ hours to travel by bus than by train.
A. fewer B. a few C. less D. more
- () 10. We're proud of the changes in Wenzhou. I'm sure it will be even _____ tomorrow.
A. good B. better C. best D. the best
- () 11. —How about going to the school library?
—But it _____ this weekend for repairs.
A. is closed B. is closing C. close D. closed
- () 12. To find the lost child, they had to go outside in _____ freezing weather.
A. so a B. such a C. such D. so
- () 13. Can you tell me _____?
A. where they are going B. when did he arrive
C. when will they come D. when shall I start
- () 14. This hat looks nice. Can I _____?
A. try on it B. try it on C. try them on D. try on them

III. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- There are a lot of people in the supermarket. So it's very _____ (crowd).
- Li Jing's home is _____ (closed) to the school, so she goes to school on foot.
- I am very _____ (hungry). I want something to eat.
- I got up too late. I had a _____ (quickly) breakfast and went to school.
- Mr Qin often goes to school by bus. It's the _____ (fast) way for him.
- My sister is good at English. She is very _____ (interest) in it.
- This sweater is so _____ (expensive) that I can't afford (付得起) it.
- Mr Zhang often goes to school by car. It's the _____ (comfortable) way.
- Wang Fang is very _____ (friendly) in my class. We all don't like her.
- The plane landed on the land _____ (safe).

IV. 句型转换。

- Zheng Jing is the oldest of all the boy students. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is the oldest of all the boy students?
- Yao Ming is 2.26 metres tall. (对画线部分提问)
_____ is Yao Ming?
- Which animal lives the longest in the world? I don't know. (合并为一句)
I don't know _____ the longest in the world.
- They have a beautiful house. (改为否定句)
They _____ a beautiful house.
- Xie Juan's mother is tall. Xie Juan's father is taller. (合并为一句)
Xie Juan's father _____ her mother.

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 13 Who's the Champ?

I. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------|
| 1. 同意_____ | 6. put on _____ |
| 2. 列……的清单_____ | 7. the fastest runner _____ |
| 3. 了解; 发现_____ | 8. break the record _____ |
| 4. ……怎么样? _____ | 9. hold the record _____ |
| 5. 最长的头发_____ | 10. the highest jumper _____ |

II. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词。

- We should pay more a _____ to the poor people.
- Look! My h _____ is the longest of us three.
- Have you f _____ your lost sister?
- Who h _____ the record of the high jump in your class?
- The book isn't mine. M _____ it is Wang Lei's.
- He bought a house with five rooms, not _____ (包括) the bathroom.
- I'm too tired. I can't go any _____ (更远).
- It took me a _____ (全部的) week to finish reading the book.
- There are a lot of things to buy. You'd better make a _____ (清单).
- Where is the computer _____ (制造)?
—Beijing.

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Liu Xiang's name stands first _____ the list.
A. at B. on C. in D. about
- () 2. She is trying to _____ her new clothes.
A. be in B. dress C. put on D. wear
- () 3. Can you see _____ inside the classroom?
A. no one B. nobody C. someone D. anybody
- () 4. I think English is used more often than _____ language.
A. any B. all C. any of the D. any other
- () 5. —It's fine today. _____ climbing a mountain?
—It's a good idea.
A. Why not B. What about C. Why don't D. How
- () 6. I have something important _____.
A. to be thought B. thinks about
C. to think about D. to think

- () 7. This pair of shoes is small for me. Do you have _____ bigger pair?
A. the other B. other C. another D. others
- () 8. Li Na _____ the library to borrow books. She will come back in ten minutes.
A. have been to B. has gone
C. has been D. has gone to
- () 9. _____ is hard to break a world record.
A. It B. This C. That D. These
- () 10. Can you find out _____?
A. who does have the longest hair
B. who has the longest hair
C. who has longest hair
D. does who have longest hair

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- Don't forget _____ (bring) your lunch here.
- She swims well. She is a good _____ (dive).
- How about _____ (go) swimming?
- It's too late. Please stop _____ (sleep)!
- Jack _____ (not have) any classes on Sunday.

V. 连词成句。

- something, it, how, win, does, feel, to
_____?
- me, plane, helping, brother, a, make, model, is
_____.
- hat, days, the, who, most, for, has, worn, a
_____?
- record, it, to, world, is, a, hard, break
_____.
- class, in, lives, who, from, your, farthest, school
_____?

VI. 根据汉语意思完成句子。

- 独自一个人在夜里走很危险。
_____ dangerous _____ in the dark alone.
- 我还有一些苹果。
I have _____ apples.
- 明天他们就回来了, 去看看他们怎么样?
They will be back tomorrow. _____ visiting them?
- 在李明的帮助下, 我找到了答案。
_____ Li Ming, I found the answer.

密封线内不要答题

学校: _____ 年级 _____ 班 姓名 _____ 考号 _____

注意事项
 ① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
 ② 用钢笔答题, 不能用铅笔或圆珠笔, 字迹要清楚, 卷面要整洁。

① 考生要写清班级、姓名和考号。
② 用钢笔答题，不能用铅笔或圆珠笔，字迹要清楚，卷面要整洁。

密封线
内
不
要
答
题

学校：_____ 班级：_____ 姓名：_____ 考号：_____

Unit 2 Biggest, Longest, Widest

Lesson 14 So Many Records!

I. 根据句意及首字母或汉语提示写出单词。

- Danny tries to b _____ a world record.
- Such cold weather is quite u _____.
- There are few changes in this book. I a _____ thought it was just the old one.
- Do you like playing the g _____?
—No. I like playing the piano.
- It is i _____ for us to go there by water, so let's take a bus.
- It is _____ (更好) to give than to receive.
- Don't go out now. It is raining _____ (大) outside.
- How many times have you been to your hometown?
—_____ (两次).
- _____ (或许) we could find the lost bicycle.
- I'm trying to set a new world record. I want to lift 500 _____ (千克).

II. 英汉互译。

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. try to do sth. _____ | 6. 遍及全世界 _____ |
| 2. the longest rivers _____ | 7. 弹吉他 _____ |
| 3. the population of _____ | 8. 一项不同寻常的纪录 _____ |
| 4. would love to do sth. _____ | 9. 最多的人口 _____ |
| 5. play the violin _____ | 10. 两千克香蕉 _____ |

III. 单项选择。

- () 1. Langlang is a famous pianist. He can play _____ piano very well.
A. a B. / C. an D. the
- () 2. Wang Mei is good at playing _____ football very much.
A. the B. / C. an D. a
- () 3. She taught you English, _____?
A. did she B. didn't she C. were you D. weren't you
- () 4. I tried _____ meat in wine instead of water.
A. cooking B. to cook C. cooked D. cook
- () 5. —Where is your mother?
—I'm not sure. She _____ at home.
A. maybe B. may be C. must be D. will be

- () 6. On my birthday, my father gave me _____ unusual gift.
A. a B. the C. an D. /
- () 7. —Would you like to go shopping with me?
—Yes, _____.
A. I'd love to B. I'd love C. I would D. I will
- () 8. The ice here is _____ than that there. It is about half a metre _____.
A. thicker; thicker B. thicker; thick
C. more thick; thick D. thick; thicker
- () 9. Danny is trying _____ a world record.
A. break B. to break C. breaks D. broke
- () 10. —How much do the oranges weigh?
—They are _____.
A. two kilos and a half kilo B. a half and two kilos
C. two and a half kilos D. half a kilo and two kilos

IV. 用所给词的适当形式填空。

- You should keep _____ (read) English every morning.
- What's the _____ (mean) of this word?
- We should keep our clothes _____ (clean).
- What about _____ (read) something easier?
- I'll tell you about it when she _____ (come) back.
- What should you say if you _____ (want) to buy a beautiful coat?
- I'm trying _____ (break) a world record.
- The dog weighs almost 5 _____ (kilo).
- I would love _____ (make) friends with you.

V. 句型转换。

- I think she will go to Canada for a holiday next week. (改为否定句)
I _____ she _____ go to Canada for a holiday next week.
- Where are they going? Could you tell me? (合并为一句)
Could you tell me _____ they _____ going?
- Let's find another way to solve the problem, _____? (完成反意疑问句)
- How is the weather today? (改为同意句)
_____ the weather _____ today?
- That's a large cabbage. (改为感叹句)
_____ that cabbage is!