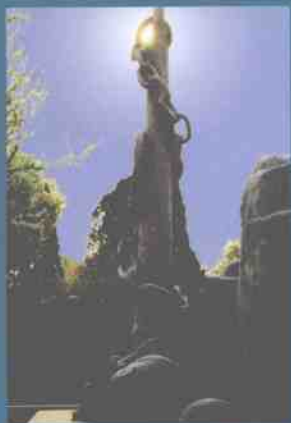


A SURVEY OF TAICANG

2008

太仓概览

古吴轩出版社



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目 录

Contents

城市概况 1

General Information

- 一、地理位置 2
Geographical Location
- 二、行政区划和人口 4
Jurisdiction Area and Population
- 三、自然条件 6
Natural Conditions
- 四、历史文化 8
History and Culture
- 五、城市名片 12
City Fame and Triumphs

2007年经济社会发展基本情况 15

Economic and Social Development in 2007

- 一、概况 16
General Information
- 二、农业 18
Agriculture
- 三、工业和建筑业 20
Industry and Construction
- 四、运输邮电业 22
Transportation and Post and Telecommunications
- 五、金融业务 24
Financing
- 六、房地产业 26
Real Estate Industry
- 七、旅游业 28
Tourism
- 八、外向型经济 30
Opening-up
- 九、民营经济 32
Private Economy
- 十、城市建设 34
Urban Construction
- 十一、科技 38
Science and Technology
- 十二、教育 40
Education

十三、文化	42
Culture	
十四、卫生	44
Public Health	
十五、体育	46
Sports	
十六、人口与计划生育	48
Population and Birth Control	
十七、人民生活	50
Life	
十八、社会保障	52
Social Security	
十九、精神文明和民主法制建设	54
Construction of Spiritual Civilization, Democracy and Legal System	
二十、2007大事回顾	58
2007 Great Events Reviewing	
太仓港经济开发区	65
The Economic Development Zone of Taicang Port	
各镇简况	77
Brief Introduction to Subordinated Towns	
2008年经济社会发展的主要预期目标	93
Major Targets for Economic and Social Development in 2008	
2008年政府十项实事工程	97
Ten Key Construction Projects in 2008	

2008

太仓年鉴

A SURVEY OF TAICANG

城市概况

GENERAL INFORMATION



一、地理位置

太仓位于江苏省东南部，长江口南岸。地处北纬 $31^{\circ} 20' \sim 31^{\circ} 45'$ 、东经 $120^{\circ} 58' \sim 121^{\circ} 20'$ 。

东濒长江，与崇明岛隔江相望，南临上海市宝山区、嘉定区，西连昆山市，北接常熟市。



太仓地理位置图 *Map of Geographical Location of Taicang*



繁荣的太仓港集装箱码头 *Flourishing Container Berth in Taicang*



太仓区位优势图 *Map of Location of Taicang*

Geographical Location

Taicang is located on the east coast of China, southeast portion of Jiangsu Province, just on the south bank of the Yangtze River Mouth. The map coordinates of Taicang covers from Northern $31^{\circ} 20'$ to $31^{\circ} 45'$ Southern, and longitude from $120^{\circ} 58'$ East to $121^{\circ} 20'$ on the West.

Taicang borders the Yangtze River in the east with Chongming Island to the west. To the south there are Baoshan and Jiading Districts of Shanghai City and in the west it adjoins Kunshan City and in the north is Changshu City.



二、行政区划和人口

隶属江苏省苏州市管辖。总面积为822.9平方公里，其中陆域面积648平方公里。

辖太仓港经济开发区（港区、新区）、7个镇、90个行政村、3483个村民小组、67个居民委员会。总人口90万人，其中户籍人口46.38万人，暂住人口43.64万人。



行政区划图 Map of the Jurisdiction of Taicang



快乐童年 *Happiest Childhood*

Jurisdiction Area and Population

Taicang is under the jurisdiction of Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province. It covers an area of 822.9 km², of which 648 km² is land. Taicang now administrates Taicang Harbor Economy Development Zone and 7 towns, 90 administrative villages, 3483 village groups and 67 residential committees. There are 900,000 total residents among which 463,800 people are registered residents and 436,400 people are shacking up.

三、自然条件

属长江三角洲冲积平原。全境地势平坦，自东北向西南略呈倾斜。东部为沿江平原，西部为低洼圩区。太仓属北亚热带南部湿润气候区，四季分明，气候温和。

太仓港口岸长38.8公里，其中深水岸线25公里，是距长江入海口最近的港口。岸线基本平直且边滩稳定，终年不冻不淤，深水区开阔、稳定，能满足5万吨级船舶回转水域的要求，是长江下游地区的“黄金岸线”。



江边湿地 *Everglade along the Yangtze River*



港口专用码头 *Berth Special for the Port*

高速公路网 *Expressway Net*

Natural Conditions

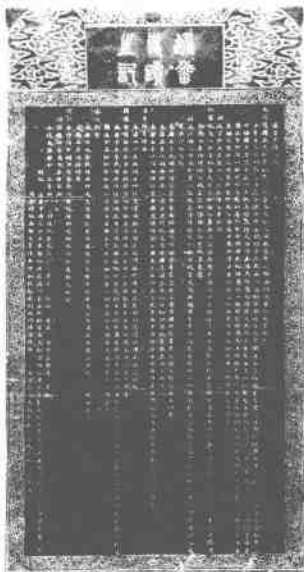
Taicang is located in the Yangtze triangular alluvial plain; it is mainly flat, with slightly sloping from northeast to southwest. The eastern part of the city is a flat plain and the west is low dyke area. Suited at the temperate zone and with subtropical climate, Taicang enjoys four distinct seasons and mild temperature.

Taicang port is the nearest one to the mouth of the Yangtze River with a length of 38.8 km bank, of which 25 km is deep water area. Bank line is straight on the whole and it does not experience freezing or silting throughout of the year. It is so wide and stable that can meet the demand of 50,000 ton ships' turning about and thus it is called the "Gold line".

四、历史文化

太仓古代为滨海村落。春秋时属吴地，秦属会稽郡，汉为吴郡娄县惠安乡。三国吴于此建仓屯粮，渐次发展。元代于刘家港开创漕粮海运，遂日益繁盛，成为万家之邑。明弘治十年（1497）建太仓州。民国元年（1912）定名太仓县。1993年3月，撤县建太仓市。

太仓自古人文荟萃，教泽绵长，形成了独具风格的娄东文化。是郑和七下西洋的起锚地，江南丝竹的发源地，娄东文化的发祥地，又是神话传说牛郎织女的降生地。保存完好的5座元代石拱桥建筑独具风格，为国内所仅见，被列为全国重点文物保护单位。



通番事述碑

The Stele of Developing the Relationship with Foreign Countries



龙腾之乡2008米巨龙
2008-meter-long Huge Dragon



江南丝竹演奏 *Performance of Jiang Nan Si-zhu*

History and Culture

Originating from a small ancient coastal village, Taicang saw a long and colorful history. In the Spring and Autumn Periods of Taicang's history, it belonged to Wu Area, and in Qin Dynasty it was called Kuaiji. In Han Dynasty, it was called Hui-an Town in Lou County. During Three Kingdoms period, the Wu Dynasty built their army barns here. In Yuan Dynasty Liujiagang started the rice transportation and thus the city became rich and prosperous. In Hongzhi 10 year period, Ming Dynasty, Taicang State was finally formed. In 1912 it was given the name Taicang County until 1993,3 it was renamed with Taicang City.

Taicang has a long history of unique culture which is called Lou Dong Culture. Zhenghe weighed anchor from Taicang to start his seven great voyage visits to foreign countries. Taicang is the birthplace of Lou Dong Culture genre, Jiangnan strings and bamboo music (Si-zhu) also originated from this area. The popular legend said that cowboy and vega were born in Huang-gu village in Taicang. Yuan Dynasty was famous for its bridge construction art and here we can see 5 ancient bridges with special styles.



六国码头图 *Foreign Trade Berth*

现今，太仓特色文化精彩纷呈，有全国桥牌之乡、武术之乡、龙狮之乡、民乐之乡等称号。

太仓自古以来文化艺术大家灿若群星，有明清文豪王世贞、吴伟业，复社领袖张溥，明四家之一仇英，娄东画派王时敏、王鉴、王原祁，著名教育家暨交通大学创始人唐文治，当代画家朱屺瞻、宋文治和中国新舞蹈艺术奠基人吴晓邦等。

在科学领域，走出了被誉为“中国的居里夫人”的吴健雄，诺贝尔物理学奖获得者朱棣文，以及顾懋祥、陆佑楣、龚知本、唐孝威、唐孝炎、邹世昌、黄胜年、吴建屏、杨胜利等11位两院院士。