



# Magic

魔力！高效！经典！权威！

总主编 / 薄冰

征服2007年中考

## 专项突破 与 考点透视

Items Breakthrough &  
Key Points Analysis

### 中考阅读理解

主 编 / 吴丽芬 管玲红    审 读 / 【美】Michael Wagner

解读最新考纲要求    把握最新命题走势  
剖析三年中考真题    揭密中考真题规律  
精选名校模拟试题    制胜07中考英语

中国对外翻译出版公司



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# 版块说明

现在,让我们共同来看看本书是怎样为您编排的!

## 第一章 故事类

### 阅读策略

阅读是一种书面交际形式,是我们日常英语学习和中考复习不可忽视的一项主要内容。《九年义务教育全日制初级中学英语教学大纲》(试用修订版)在“二级目标和要求”中“读”明确提出“能借助词典阅读理解难度相当课外的文字材料,获取所需信息,并从阅读中获得乐趣。”这样的要求拓宽了阅读范围,也强调了阅读的实际应用性。由于故事类文章题材是中学生最感兴趣的,也是大家最熟悉的,加之其包含有人物、时间、地点和情节等,能最大体现阅读的乐趣,因此从历届全国各省市中考试题来看,故事类阅读材料倍受命题者喜爱,是命题量最多的题材。同学们在日常复习和备考中应对此类题材文章加以重视。

### 真题演练

#### Passage 1

It was three o'clock. A man was walking down a high street in the north of England. He was wearing a dark suit and carrying a suitcase. His name was Terry and he had lived away from home for twenty years. In fact he was in prison.

Terry was feeling totally depressed because everything in his hometown had changed. The park where he used to play was now a car park. The house where he was born had disappeared and in its place, ironically, was a bank. Terry wanted to have a cup of coffee in the old small restaurant where he used to go with his friends after school, but it had become a fast food restaurant. He entered it, sat down, and asked for a cup of coffee. Then he felt sadder when he thought of what he had seen.

While paying for the coffee, he found an old ticket in his wallet. It was for a pair of shoes he had taken to be repaired the day before the bank robbery 23 years ago. The shoe repairer was an old man then, so Terry was sure that he must be dead.

解读考纲  
把握命题

剖析真题  
揭示规律



## 总结归纳 寻找方法

4. B 当一部分重要信息被删去时, 所以 "rise" 应该表示 "升起", "get up" 表示 "起床"。
5. D 故事开头就告诉我们发生了什么事。

### 规律总结

故事类阅读题以主人公遭遇事件为主, 体裁一般是记叙文, 往往包含故事发生的时间、地点、人物、事件等要素。写作手法多采用顺叙, 空间或时间线贯穿文章始终。为了交待所要描述的人物, 描写往往会有大量细节, 这些细节有时很直接, 读前字而意思即可。有时则较间接, 需要综合判断, 推理才能推断。命题以细节为主, 推理为辅。其常见的考查规律如下:

1. 考查学生在阅读中捕捉信息的能力。考查学生是否能通过阅读原文, 利用所学助读法、词汇、短语等方面的语言点, 根据已有的理解, 掌握所读材料的意思, 以及语事实和情节来回答相关问题。

2. 考查学生是否理解了原文的表层意思, 也能理解文章的深层含义, 包括作者的写作态度、动机等之外之意。

3. 考查学生是否了解全篇的上下文关系, 段落关系, 某段的意思, 并据此进行推理和判断。

仔细阅读全文抓住作者叙述的事实基础, 并结合全文上提供的直接和间接信息进行简单的概括和判断。

总之, 对于事实细节问题, 应首先找到它的位置点, 然后带着疑问的问题直接去寻找答案。一方面我们要注意这类题的题干。题干在意义上通常等于原文中某一部分的内容, 另一方面我们还要仔细注意于找题的影响。常见的干扰项有以下三种: (1) 偷换主语或偷换事实, 不是推理得出的结论; (2) 与文章中的事实或观点相违背与文章所述的事实或观点部分矛盾; (3) 与常识相悖。但文中无依据; (4) 文章中出现很多事实, 将属于题干的结论。对于这些干扰项设计有赖于我们具有识别排除其能力, 才能更好地确定答案。

同学们在阅读理解题中的阅读题问题时, 还要注意以下几个问题:

1. 每段文章开头结尾都有其中心思想, 用来支持和加强中心思想的具体信息就是该题目的重要依据。答题时, 同学们要围绕中心思想, 特别留意细读材料中的行文方式、时间、地点名词、原词和词义等具体信息。

2. 题干中的关键词是从阅读材料中快速寻找答案依据的“指示灯”。同学们要能善于使用这些题干中的关键词(如: 姓名、人物、地点、专有名词等)来寻找正确答案的依据。

### 模拟训练

#### Passage 1

Winter came and the temperature was below zero. Snow could be seen everywhere and the trees were covered with thick ice. It was difficult for Mother Bear (熊) to find some food. She came out to look for something to eat and she found only a small piece of meat. She was going to take home for her children.

A fox (狐狸) saw the meat and wanted to get it. But the bear was much stronger than him. He thought for a while and had an idea. So he said to the bear that he could teach him how to fish. Mother Bear hoped to get more food and agreed to learn it.

The fox took the bear to the river and told her to put her tail (尾巴) in the water and said, "Sit here and wait. And you can fish much in two or three hours."

Mother Bear believed him and did as the fox said. She waited and waited until her tail was frozen (冻) in the ice. The fox carried the meat away to his mouth. She couldn't pull her tail out. Father Bear heard her calling for help and ran.

## 精选模拟 提升能力





## Leap From Here

## 飞越，从这里开始！

亲爱的同学，也许你成绩不错，但是否总有一些试题让你在考试中犹豫不决，难以下笔，并时常担心会与心仪的名校失之交臂？

也许你对基础知识的掌握没有问题，但一遇到综合性强的考题，是否就心怀恐惧？

也许你会说：我基础还没打牢，对付高难度的中考试题，肯定没戏！

面对临近的中考，无论你处于上面哪种情况，心中是否常常产生一些莫名的压力？

也许你还会说：在这条路上，我走得太苦、太累，不想再继续走下去！

不过我们想对你说：成功是汗水、泪水与心血的交织，不管我们正走的这条路上还有多少挫折与荆棘，只要我们真诚付出，用心走下去，就能走出一片新天地！

我们还想对你说：中考并不是你想象中的珠穆朗玛峰——那样的高不可攀与神秘！无论你心怀什么样的梦想，无论你追求什么样的目标，魔法英语都愿助你一臂之力！

因为我们已经聘请全国中考命题专家和著名一线教师为你精心准备了一份厚礼，这里有：考纲的解读；真题的透析；规律的总结；还有精选的模拟！

让我们从这里开始，一篇篇的研读，一题题的练习，一点点的总结，一步步地提升我们的能力！

让我们一起大声地对自己说：飞越，从这里开始！



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# 第一章 故事类

## 考纲解读

阅读是一种书面交际形式,是我们日常英语学习和中考复习不可忽视的一项主要内容。《九年义务教育全日制初级中学英语教学大纲》(试用修订版)在二级目标和要求中对“读”明确提出“能借助词典阅读理解难度相当于课文的文字材料,获取所需信息,并从阅读中获得乐趣。”这样的要求拓宽了阅读范围,也强调了阅读的实用性。由于故事类文章题材是中学生最常见的,也是大家最熟悉的,加之其包含有人物、时间、地点和情节等,能最大体现阅读的乐趣,因此从历届全国各地中考试题来看,故事类阅读理解材料倍受命题者喜爱,是出题量最多的题材。同学们在日常复习和备考中应对这类题材文章加以重视。

## 真题演练

### A

#### Passage 1

It was three o'clock. A man was walking down a high street in the north of England. He was wearing a dark suit and carrying a suitcase. His name was Terry and he had lived away from home for twenty years. In fact he was in prison.

Terry was feeling totally depressed because everything in his hometown had changed. The park where he used to play was now a car park. The house where he was born had disappeared and in its place, ironically, was a bank. Terry wanted to have a cup of coffee in the old small restaurant where he used to go with his friend after school, but it had become a fast food restaurant. He entered it, sat down, and asked for a cup of coffee. Then he felt sadder when he thought of what he had seen.

While paying for the coffee, he found an old ticket in his wallet. It was for a pair of shoes he had taken to be repaired the day before the bank robbery 20 years ago. The shoe repairer was an old man then, so Terry was sure that he must be dead.

# Magic

## 专项突破与考点透视

But when he turned to the corner of the street, he couldn't believe his eyes. The shop was still there! And it was the same shoe repairer! He looked like a hundred years old. Terry was so happy! Terry told him that he had lived in Australia for the past twenty years and that he forgot to pick up the shoes before he left England. The shoe repairer disappeared into the back of the shop. After ten minutes he came back.

"Were they dark brown, Italian shoes, size 42?" he asked slowly. "Yes!" said Terry, excitedly.

"I haven't repaired them," the shoe repairer. "You can take them tomorrow afternoon."

- ( ) 1. How long had Terry been away from home?  
A. Ten years. B. Five years.  
C. Twenty years. D. Fifteen years.
- ( ) 2. Where was Terry before he went back home? A prison in \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. Australia B. England  
C. America D. London
- ( ) 3. Why was Terry sent to prison? Because he \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. killed a man B. hit a woman  
C. cheated others D. robbed a bank
- ( ) 4. The words "totally depressed" in the second paragraph means "\_\_\_\_\_".  
A. very happy B. very unhappy  
C. very excited D. very nervous
- ( ) 5. What's the best title for the passage?  
A. Some Things Never Change. B. Everything Has Changed.  
C. A Kind Shoe Repairer. D. A Lonely Man.

(2005·临沂市)

## 答案与分析

1. C 从文章第一段第四句 His name was Terry and he had lived away from home for twenty years 可得出此答案。
2. A 细节理解题。从文章第三段中 Terry 告诉鞋匠的话 he had lived in Australia for the past twenty years 和上文中所说 He was in prison. (第一段最后一句) 可得此答案。
3. D 推理判断题。从文章第三段的第二句话 It was for a pair of shoes he had taken to be repaired the day before the bank robbery 20 years ago. 可得出此答案。
4. B 此题易错选 D, 人们通常因在新环境中感到紧张, 但从第二段最后一句的



# Magic



## 第一章 故事类

sadder 可推断出答案为 B。

- 5.A 作者虽讲到了许多客观环境的变化,但三、四段却又是在告诉我们无论环境变化多大,有些事是没有变的,比如鞋子、票等。



### Passage 2

Joe and David were both mountaineers. As Joe was well experienced, he was always asking David to copy his example. "Want to stand on top of the world, David?" "Of course. It has already been my dream!" David answered.

On a sunny morning, the two men started for the top of Mount Qomolangma. After they climbed over one of the most dangerous slopes, they found a man lying in the snow. "He's going to die," David looked at Joe and said, as if he would help the man. "Leave him alone and just follow me! But if you bring the burden with you, I'm afraid that you'll lose your life." Joe warned David. Then he turned around and walked forward alone. It was too cold; after thinking for a while, David made up his mind to help the man. He carried the man on his back and made his way onward. Little by little, David's temperature made the man warm. The man came to himself! And soon he could move all by himself. Together they moved side by side.

About two hours later, they caught up with Joe. To their surprise, they found that Joe was lying in the snow, too. He had been frozen to death!

- ( ) 1. The man was going to die because he was \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. badly hurt                      B. too tired  
C. short of oxygen                  D. benumbed with cold
- ( ) 2. Which is WRONG according to the passage?  
A. David used to listen to Joe.  
B. Joe thought it possible for David to lose his life if he brought the man with him.  
C. David saved the man's life because they were good friends.  
D. Among the three men, only Joe died on the mountain.
- ( ) 3. The best title of this passage may be \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. On the Top of Mount Qomolangma  
B. Help Others, Help Yourself  
C. Wear Correct Clothes in the Snow  
D. Be Good Friends

(2005·湖北黄冈)



# Magic

专项突破与考点透视

## 答案与分析

1. D 由文中信息 David's made the man warm 和 he could move all by himself 可知 A、B、C 均不合题意。
2. C 文章并未任何地方表明 David 和此人相识。
3. B 此题考查对文章主旨大意的掌握, 从 David 救人和 Joe 被冻死可知答案。

Once there lived an old man in a mountain village. He was a famous hunter (猎人). He often went hunting alone in the mountains. He was not afraid of any wild animals, even a tiger.

One night, someone saw a tiger come into the village, and stole two sheep away. The next night the tiger came again. The villagers were frightened. They asked the old hunter to catch it so that they could have a safe life.

When the old man heard about the tiger, he thought hard. He wondered why the tiger came at night twice but only stole the sheep. The next night he walked outside the village. Suddenly he saw the tiger coming. He quickly threw himself on the ground. To his surprise, the tiger did not come at him, but went away. He followed it quietly and found it running on two of its feet just like a man. Then everything was clear.

On the fourth day, when it got dark, the hunter took some animal skins (皮) with him and hid himself behind a big tree near the village. He was waiting for the "tiger". As soon as the "tiger" came near the tree, the old hunter jumped out, caught the "tiger" by the "leg" and said, "Don't be afraid. I do not mean to hurt you. You know who I am, don't you?"

The "tiger" said "Yes" and took off the tiger's skin.

"You're poor. But you mustn't steal anything from others. Here are some animal skins for you. You may sell them at the market. With the money, you can buy food and clothes for your family. Work harder and try to make a living." With tears in his eyes, the poor man thanked the kind-hearted old hunter and walked home.

( ) 1. Where did the old hunter live?

- |                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| A. Outside a village. | B. On a farm.      |
| C. In a village.      | D. Near a village. |

## 第一章 故事类

- ( ) 2. How many times did the tiger come into the village?  
A. Only once. B. Twice.  
C. Three times. D. Four times.
- ( ) 3. What did the old hunter do when he first saw the tiger?  
A. He was frightened.  
B. He threw himself on the ground.  
C. He ran away.  
D. He hid himself behind a tree.
- ( ) 4. How did the old hunter know the tiger was a man?  
A. The tiger came to the village only at night.  
B. He saw the tiger run on its two feet.  
C. The tiger only stole sheep.  
D. The tiger could speak.
- ( ) 5. Why did the old hunter take some animal skins with him when he was waiting for the "tiger"?  
A. To help the poor man.  
B. To make himself well hidden.  
C. To sell them at the market the next morning.  
D. To buy food and clothes on his way home.

(2005 · 济南市)

### 答案与分析

1. C 细节题。由文章第一句 Once there lived an old man in a mountain village. 可知答案。
2. B 由第二段可知老虎第一天和第二天晚上都来了, 第三段第二句话又提到 twice 可知。
3. B 细节题。由文章第三段第三行 Suddenly he saw the tiger coming. He quickly threw himself on the ground. 可知。
4. B 细节推理题。由文章第三段倒数第二句 He followed it quietly and found it was running on two of its feet just like a man. 可知。
5. A 此题考察推理判断能力。由文章最后一段可知老猎人带兽皮是有目的的, 是为了帮助这只“老虎”。

# Magic

专项突破与考点透视

A woman saw three old men sitting in her front yard. She said, "I don't think I know you, but you must be very hungry. Please come in and have something to eat."

"We don't go into a house together." they replied.

"Why is that?" she asked.

One of the old men answered, "His name is Wealth, this is Success, and I am Love." Then he said, "Now go in and discuss with your family which one of us you want in your house."

Then the woman went in and told her family what was said. She said, "Let's invite Wealth. Let him come in and bring us nice things. We have been so poor." Her husband disagreed, "My dear, why don't we invite Success? Don't you want me to be a successful man?" Then the daughter asked, "Would it be better to invite Love? Our life will then be filled with love!" "Let's take our daughter's advice (建议)." said the father and mother.

So the woman went out and asked, "Which one of you is Love? Please come in and be our guest." Love got up and started walking toward the house. The other two also got up and followed him. Surprised, the lady asked Wealth and Success, "I only invited Love. Why are you coming along?" The two old men answered. "If you had invited Wealth or Success, two of us would have stayed out, but since you have invited Love, wherever he goes, we go with him. Where there is Love, there is Wealth and Success."

根据短文内容,判断下列句子的正(T)误(F)。

- ( ) 1. This is a true story that happened a long time ago.
- ( ) 2. Wealth could make the family very rich.
- ( ) 3. The family had different ideas and didn't know whom to invite.
- ( ) 4. The three old men all went into the house to get something to eat.
- ( ) 5. The story tells us that love is the most important of all.

(2005·云南)

## 答案与分析

- 1. F 略读全文即可知这是一篇寓言故事。
- 2. T 从文中 bring us nice things 可知 Wealth 是可以给这家人带来财富的。
- 3. F 开始一家人对邀请谁持有不同的意见,但最终做出了决定。
- 4. T "Love got up and started walking toward the house. The other two also got up