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12年专业美国名校本科申请指导

TOP50综合性大学、文理学院选校指南

龙大的校友会(>2500学生)资源

7国学生美国本科录取数据 独 家 发布



AIC EDUCATION US COLLEGE GUIDE FOR CHINESE STUDENTS

中国校友说 美国名校



佳桥教育科技(北京)有限公司◎编著



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内容提要

本书是专为中国学生设计制作的美国大学选校指南。基于 AIC 住桥教育的内部研究、专有数据库,及对在校就读的中国学生进行的问卷调查,本书详细介绍了在 US News 美国最佳大学排名 (US News Best Colleges Ranking) 上排名前50的部分美国综合性大学和文理学院,如学校的基本信息、学术机会、职业发展、校园人文环境、录取难度等,为计划申请美国顶尖大学本科项目的中国学生提供了绝佳的第一手资料,可以很好地帮助学生在申请开始前找到适合自己的学校,做到有的放矢。

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如果没有许多人的努力和帮助,本书是不可能完成的。

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序 言

一、引言

在过去的十年间,中国赴美留学的人数暴增。从2006年的62582人,增长到 2016年的328547人,增长了4倍多€。去美国读大学是一个重要的人生决定,是 人生中一项重要的投资,需要长期的规划和投入,英语学习就更不用说了。然而, 目前中国读者(家长、学生、升学顾问、学校老师)接触到的中文的申请指导材 料基本上直接翻译自英语读物,但这些读物主要是为美国读者创作的。许多申请美 国大学的美国学生本身就可以从父母身上获得很多经验,而这些经验是不易被 "翻译"的。即使有些美国的孩子父母是移民,但由于他们从小在美国生活、长 大, 也耳濡目染了许多美国社会的规范, 同时他们的许多老师和升学顾问也正是他 们要申请的大学的校友。此外,现有公开的录取统计数据也往往无法反映出中国学 生人学竞争的激烈程度。例如,大学官网和一些大学排名机构,如《美国新闻和 世界报道》,公布的是全部被录取学生的 SAT 分数分布范围 (有时不把体育生统计 在内)。但国际学生通常只占到全部学生人数的10%左右,且国际学生之间也有很 多不同。例如、被哥伦比亚大学录取的美国学生 SAT I 分数的中位数通常低于 2200,但我们的经验告诉我们,对于中国学生来说,这个数值大约是2310。因此, 我们希望通过本书消除文化差异所带来的影响,指出在申请过程中对美国人来说是 "显而易见",但对中国人却并非如此的一些道理;同时提供一些中国读者想知道 的申请信息。无论从质量上还是数量上来说,这些信息对他们决定申请哪所大学都 是非常有帮助的。申请适合自己的大学不但能够让录取几率最大化,而且可以充分 利用学校提供的资源,有利于个人在求学期间的顺利成长和毕业后的发展。

我们发现因为信息缺乏,许多中国的家长和学生对美国大学的了解并不多,很多学生在申请时只知道盯准"常春藤联盟"大学。我们理解大家对常春藤联盟大学的好感,但对于留学领域的真正专业人士而言,这让我们知道中国家长和学生对美国大学还有很多不了解的地方。有些学校,如哈维·穆德学院,约翰·霍普金斯大学和塔夫茨大学虽然不属于常春藤联盟,但都拥有极高的声誉和严苛的学生选拔机制。此外,大学之间的教育理念、办学文化也大相径庭。例如,布朗大学的课程设置是灵活开放的,而哥伦比亚大学采取的则是核心课程设置,代表了两种截然不

[●] 数据来源: http://www.iie.org/Research-and-Publications/Open-Doors/Data/Fast-Facts#. WLk86VV97IU

同的教育理念。因此,或许有学生对两种教育环境都喜欢,都能够适应,但更多的学生则更适合其中的一种。对一个美国人来说,就好像说他既支持共和党,又支持民主党一样;对于中国人来说,就像说您既喜欢甜豆腐脑,也喜欢咸豆腐脑。

我们知道,许多中国人对于美国大学的了解,包括学校名气,主要来源于上一波留学热潮时留学美国的中国人,但当时的留学生主要就读的是美国大学的研究生院。因此,他们对美国只提供本科阶段教育的文理学院知之甚少。这里我们要感谢佳桥的合作伙伴——美国顶尖文理学院中国巡展的努力。他们邀请了美国顶尖文理学院的招生官来中国和学生、家长交流,增加他们对文理学院的了解。本书介绍了更多文理学院提供的资源,如很多文理学院会和大型研究型大学合作,为它们的学生提供更多的如在工程方面的学习项目。

尽管申请美国顶尖大学的中国学生数量在不断增长,但大学未来提供给中国学生的录取名额不可能比现在增加多少。首先,不是每个学生都适合哈佛这样的顶尖大学;其次,就算适合,也不可能都被录取。所以,更多地了解美国大学变得更加重要。我们相信美国的高等教育系统会继续提供优质、独特的教育,即便其中很多学校不为家长、学生所熟知。我们相信中国家长和学生将会认识到这些事实,只是时间问题。除顶尖名校外,还有很多培养了大量社会各领域人才的大学值得我们去了解。我们希望本书不但可以帮助您发现这些大学,而且可以帮助您顺利拿到录取通知。

二、关于佳桥教育

佳桥教育是中国第一家聘请美国顶尖名校毕业生在中国提供大学申请咨询服务的教育公司。目前,佳桥在美国新泽西州和中国的北京、上海、深圳、杭州、成都和西安六大城市设有公司和分公司。但在现代高科技的帮助下,拥有 12 年运营经验的佳桥所服务的学生已遍布中国广州、南京、沈阳、昆明、郑州、大连、武汉等各大城市和部分国家及地区,如美国、英国、(中国)香港、新加坡、印度和加拿大。12 年来,共有超过 2500 名的佳桥学生毕业于或正在就读美国顶尖大学。

佳桥以关心学生的成长和让学生学有所长而自豪。我们不以大学录取结果来衡量我们的成功,我们关注的是佳桥校友在大学期间和毕业后所取得的成就。我们骄傲的是从佳桥的学生中走出了16位企业家、3位作家和数百名在顶尖研究生院,如哈佛大学设计学院、哥伦比亚大学法学院和知名公司,如 Uber、谷歌、微软和高盛,追寻自己职业梦想的佳桥人。

2015年,佳桥出版了《你离哈佛并不远》一书,帮助中国学生了解美国的大学、大学的录取过程,同时给学生在申请和求学过程中寻找人生方向提供建议。麻省理工学院前中国区总面试官蒋佩蓉亲自为该书作了序。

2010年,立足于内部研发,佳桥出版了《38 所常青藤》一书,力图进一步帮助行业了解美国大学不同的教育体系。这本书厘清了一些对美国大学的误解,尝试让家长和学生不再只关注大学的排名。

2009年,佳桥创作出版了《我如何进哈佛》。这本书是佳桥和另一机构合作编纂的佳桥第一本书的延续。

2007年,我们编著了《你也能进哈佛》。该书是中国大陆最早关于美国高等学校教育和申请的原创书籍之一,在当时的市场上引起了很大的反响(被认为是 2008 到 2010年间业内最有指导意义的著作之一)。

同时, 佳桥陆续为学生制作了《大学生存指导手册》和近 20 期校友通讯(季刊), 为佳桥校友提供最新的关于专业、职业生涯规划等方面的建议, 以及介绍发生在佳桥的新鲜事。

2012年,佳桥开启了年度"大学博览会"活动,邀请各大名校的佳桥在读校 友分享有关大学学习和生活的第一手资讯。同时邀请嘉宾发表演讲,如佳桥教育创始人兼 CEO 张晨、麻省理工学院前工学院副院长、国际项目主任和机械工程系 Skolkovo 基金会教授俞久平(Dick K. P. Yue)。

在过去 12 年的实践和研发中,通过真实的学生案例和校友反馈,我们一直在不断优化对大学所关注学生特质的定性分析,同时密切跟踪大学不断变化的对于录取的定量要求,如标准化考试分数。经过观察,我们发现了名校在录取上的很多有趣的变化。我们不但要与您分享我们作为专业留美咨询专家的发现,而且我们要与您分享正在名校就读的佳桥校友的集体智慧和丰富经历。佳桥知道教育对中国的重要性,能为中国家庭服务也是我们的莫大荣幸。因为您的支持,才有了我们的发展壮大,才有了我们的也许是美国顶尖名校中最大的中国校友网络。和您们分享一些我们的先发优势和成功的果实,我们感到自豪。

三、《AIC 佳桥中国校友说美国名校》有什么与众不同

《AIC 佳桥中国校友说美国名校》是第一本专门为中国学生设计制作的本科选校指南。本书中所有内容均为佳桥原创。在内部研究、专有数据库及对在本书中介绍的学校就读的中国学生分别进行了问卷调查的基础上,我们创作了本书。在创作本书时,我们也注意到了一些不适用于中国读者的地方,并对此作了调整。例如多样性,对美国人来说意味着国际学生的数量,但对中国学生来说则意味着一所学校里亚洲/亚裔学生的数量。又比如说,美国人更习惯于去远离城市的地方(美国人通常称之为"城郊")生活居住,但中国学生通常会不喜欢交通或者周边设施不够方便的地方。因此,在本书中我们不仅列出了每所学校的具体位置,还注明了学校离最近的大城市的距离。

未来我们还会继续推出对更多学校的介绍。

以下是本书的一些独特亮点:

1. 招生官具体联系方式

列出中国地区招生官或区域(如大中华区)招生主管的姓名和电子邮箱。毫无疑问,这些招生官会审阅您的申请资料,对中国学生申请时遇到的问题最为熟悉。大多数情况下,在海外中学就读的中国学生由主管学校所在地区的招生官负责。

备注:中国地区招生官联系方式可能会有变动

2. 学校地址

除学校的具体地址外,也会注明离学校最近的大城市以及往返城市和学校之间的主要交通方式和大约花费的时间。

- 3. 学生人口分布
- 国际学生比例
- 亚洲/亚裔学生比例
- 4. 佳桥校友录取情况
- 录取比例
- SAT 阅读成绩中位数
- SAT 数学成绩中位数
- SAT 写作成绩中位数
- SAT 总分中位数
- TOEFL 成绩中位数

备注:根据学校关于 SAT 分数的具体政策,取单次最高分或拼分最高分的中位数(满分为 2400)。请见本书附录 1 新旧 SAT、新 SAT 与 ACT 官方换算表。

5. 有无助学金

以佳桥学生申请经验为依据统计。

6. 学生对学校的评价

特别提醒,本部分的评价非常主观,就像同一碗面不同人品尝起来会有不一样的反应,评价学校也是如此。即便两个学生对同一所学校都有较好的评价,如果给学校打分的话,4分为最高分,他们会选择3分,2.8分还是3.5分呢?尽管主观评分有一定的局限,我们仍然认为分享佳桥校友的校园体验是有必要的。虽然个人观点不一定总是对的,也仅代表一家之言,但仍不失为一个有趣和有用的参考。以下评分都以4分为满分,4分代表了最高评价。

- 安全: 校园够安全吗? 您觉得有多安全?
- 有趣: 您觉得学校有趣吗?

- 生活成本: 日常开销是否太高?
- 中国食物: 学校(内)附近可以吃到中餐吗?好吃吗?
- 交通便利: 学校附近的交通是否便利?
- 酒吧和俱乐部: 您给学校(附近)的酒吧和俱乐部打多少分?
- 超市/便利店选择: 日常食品、生活用品的质量怎么样, 品种多吗?
- 周边就业市场: 是否容易获得实习、志愿者或任何接触真实社会的机会?
- 是否需要车: 买车对出行或生活是否必需?
- 总评: 整体来说, 您的评价是什么?

7. 气候

之所以加入对学校所在地区的气候概况介绍,是因为学生和家长对美国的环境不是特别熟悉。此外,一般学生自己查找的时候,会发现在美国温度的度量采取的是华氏温度,而不是摄氏温度,其他很多度量单位也是如此。我们按中国人的习惯做了换算,帮您省掉许多麻烦。

8. 从中国出发的航班

本书提供了从国内大城市到美国的航班信息。到美国后如何去学校的信息 (包括乘飞机、穿梭巴士、的士或者火车)也有提供。

备注:因为交通线路会随时更新,请在动身前确认最新信息。

四、关于大学的选择

第一辑选校指南并没有涵盖所有的学校,包括一些知名大学如耶鲁大学、威廉姆斯学院及宾夕法尼亚大学。我们正在核实一些数据,继续做相关研究,计划在后续的系列书籍中推出对更多学校的介绍。未来我们会加大努力,邀请除佳桥校友外的更多学生加入进来,为大家介绍更多大学、更多信息。提前谢谢您的理解!

五、本书是如何编著的

在过去的三年,我们对数百位中国留学生进行了问卷调查。尽管信息并不是全部来自于佳桥校友,但所有的受访对象在受访时均为正在美国高校就读的中国留学生。受访者都来自中国,一小部分在海外读的高中。虽然中国国内学生和海外高中学生在录取数据上会有一些差异,但由于样本人数足够多,我们认为这些差异不会影响到相关数据的参考价值。同时因为我们的学生来自中国各大城市和其他部分国家及地区,我们认为地理位置也不会影响到我们信息的准确性。

本书中的数据更新至 2016 年 4 月,大学排名为《美国新闻和世界报道》 2014—2015 年度的美国大学排名。

六、本书的格式

每所学校介绍由8大类信息组成:

- 1. 学校的基本信息
- 一些基本信息,如学校地址、网站、招生官的姓名和电子邮件。
- 2. 信息速览

学生感兴趣的关键信息,主要是一些统计数据,如学生人口分布、有本科项目的学院、类似的大学、录取数据、学校周边环境、气候、交通等。

3. 最佳匹配点分析

最适合这所大学的是哪一类型的学生(匹配对学生申请和入学后的表现非常 重要)。

- 4. 学术机会
- 学科体系设置
- 受欢迎的专业
- 学术强项
- 学术文化氛围
- 学术资源
- 课程难易程度 (例如,拿"A"有多容易)
- 5. 职业发展
- 学校为学生职业发展提供的资源和支持
- 学生就业时进入的主要公司或机构
- 6. 校园人文环境
- 校园活力
- 校园活动的丰富性
- 校园文化
- 社交压力
- 多样性
- 7. 录取难度

根据佳桥学生的申请经验,指出学校在录取考核学生时重要的定量或定性 标准。

8. 需要考虑的事情

简要总结可能喜欢或者不喜欢这所学校的学生类型。

七、如何使用本书

本书中的学校按英文字母顺序排列。

6

另,本书中的部分信息似乎和其他地方的信息不一致,而书中内容也会出现 "自相矛盾"之处。这里需要解释说明一下。

您可能会发现书中的一些评级和其他地方的信息不一致。举例来说,您也许了解到某大学称他们对国际学生采取与需求无关(Need-blind)的政策,这意味着他们会无条件满足申请学生的助学金(Financial Aid)要求,无论金额多少;申请助学金不会影响到录取。但本书仍说在这所大学获得经济资助的可能性很低。这是我们从中国学生实际申请经验中得到的结论,尽管可能不是完全正确。

书中内容的"自相矛盾"。例如您可能读到"因为靠近波士顿,巴布森学院的学生们拥有足够的实习和工作机会",但在"学生为学校所在地区打分"部分,学生对周边就业市场的评价并不高。这里可能是受访学生因某些原因,如没有车或不知道这些信息,没能够积极主动地利用好这些机会。又比如某一所大学有足够的资源,学生们的课外活动和社交活动丰富多彩,但受访学生对此并不认同,也没有觉得在学校的生活有多愉快。可能的原因很多,也许是学生之前生活的地方比这所学校更有意思,又也许是学生所习惯的娱乐方式在学校里找不到,再或者是这个学生没有找到自己认为有趣的朋友圈。因受访的学生数量总体比较可观,这种极个别的情况产生的影响可以忽略不计,但主观印象和实际情况有所不同是有可能的。

八、奖学金/助学金信息

九、评级(根据"学生为学校所在地区打分"部分的得分进行排名) 附录2排名表里的大学均获得了至少一个受访学生给予的4分(满分)好评。

十、最后的备注

尽管我们的团队已经尽了最大的努力来确保本书中不出现错误,但错误总是难免的,特别是对于这样一本全新的书来说。如果您在阅读本书时发现了错误,请发送邮件到 info@jq-edu. com 告诉我们,我们将非常感激。无论您是喜欢还是讨厌本书,我们都希望收到您的宝贵意见。只有这样,我们才能在以后把本系列的书籍做得更好。

开始享受您的阅读之旅吧!

李章源 (Johnny Lee) 《AIC 佳桥中国校友说美国名校》主编

Preface

1) Introduction

The number of Chinese international students attending US colleges has more than quintupled in the past decade, from 2006 to 2016. Applying and attending US colleges and universities is a major life and investment decision, requiring numerous years of planning and dedication, let alone English preparation. Yet, many resources available to the Chinese audience (parents, students, counselors, school officials) are direct translations of existing materials in English, which were created for an American audience. Many American students that apply to American colleges and universities are children of parents who have attended American colleges and universities, thus have a higher knowledge base that is not easily transferrable with simple language translation. Even those children in the US whose parents are immigrants, for example, have natural exposure to American societal norms simply by growing up and living in the US, with access to many teachers and guidance counselors who are alumni of the schools high school students are applying to. Moreover, the statistics available publicly currently do not reflect just how competitive it is for an international Chinese student to gain admissions. For example, SAT score ranges contained in school websites and rankings like the US News and World Report apply for the entire school (sometimes there are exceptions, such as for athletes). However, international applicants make up typically approximately only 10% of the student population, and there is great variance among international students. For example, the median SAT I score for Columbia for an American student would be in the low 2200, but for a Chinese international student, our experience tells us that it is approximately 2310. This guide aims to not only bridge this cultural gap by highlighting some aspects that may be "obvious" to Americans but otherwise not-so to us in China, but also goes a step further in providing information that a Chinese audience would like to know and are helpful for deciding a school in both qualitative and quantitative terms. Having a good fit with the school is not only important for maximizing chances of getting in, but also finding an environment where you can maximize your chance of thriving and succeed beyond college.

Due to a lack of information specific to the Chinese student experience and catering to China's situation, we find many parents and students in China are still uninformed about US colleges and universities, with many seeking only to attend the Ivy League. We understand the perception continues to remain favorable for the Ivy League schools, but such statements are one of the easiest ways for true experts in our field to know how much you don't know. For example, Harvey Mudd College, Johns Hopkins University, Tufts University are not a part of the Ivy League, but are very rigorous and highly-regarded universities. Moreover, the educational philosophies, thus cultures, of the institutions are also very unique. For example, Brown University, which offers an open curriculum and Columbia University, which offers a Core Curriculum, could not be more different in their philosophies. Thus, while there may be some students who could fit both the educational environments, many will fit more closely with one, not the other. To an American, it's almost like saying that you support both Republicans and Democrats. To a Chinese, it's perhaps akin to saying that you like both sweet tofu curd and salty tofu curd.

We understand that many of the Chinese audience's familiarity with US colleges, including perceptions of prestige, are informed by the institutions the earlier wave of Chinese students attended, many of which attended American graduate schools. Thus, familiarity with liberal arts colleges, which only offer undergraduate education, remain less well-known. We applaud recent efforts by our valued educational partner, the China LAC Tour, which brings admissions officers of top US liberal arts colleges to China to increase familiarity of Chinese parents and students to these top-notch schools. The Guidebook reveals more of the types of resources liberal-arts colleges offer through partnerships with larger research universities that may offer a broader curriculum such as in engineering.

Despite the ever-increasing demand of Chinese students to attend the best institutions of higher education in the US, the number of seats open to Chinese international students will likely not increase much more than is currently available. First of all, not everyone is fit to attend Harvard. Secondly, even if fit, not everyone can attend. Thus, it becomes even more important to know more about US colleges and universities. We believe the American higher education system continues to provide a unique and compelling education. Just because some of them are not as well known in China today, the facts don't change. We believe perception will catch up with the truth. It's only a matter of time. There are some fine gems that have educated some of the world's finest scholars, leaders, innovators, contributors spanning all spectrums of society for decades. This guide will help you not only find them, but we hope also help you get in.

2) About AIC

AIC Education is the first education company in China to provide college admissions consulting services employing graduates of top US colleges and universities on-the-ground in China. We operate in New Jersey and in six cities across China from Beijing, Shanghai, Shenzhen, Hangzhou, Chengdu, Xian, but in reality, through over twelve years of operating experience and top-notch technology, serve students both across China (including Guangzhou, Nanjing, Shenyang, Kunming, Zhengzhou, Dalian, Wuhan) and the world (including high schools in the US, UK, Hong Kong (China), Singapore, India, Canada). Our presence is not limited to our physical locations. We have worked with over 2,500 alumni who all have attended or currently attend the top US colleges and universities.

We pride ourselves in our care for student growth and expertise, and measure our success not based on college admissions results, but on alumni achievement in college and beyond. We boast [16] entrepreneurs, [3] published authors, and hundreds who are building their careers whether at top graduate schools such as Harvard Graduate School of Design, Columbia Law School or companies like Uber, Google, Microsoft, Goldman Sachs.

In 2015, we published "You Are Not Far from Harvard", which shows how to understand US colleges, the admissions process, as well as providing advice about how to find direction in life before and during college. The book's forward was written by Rossana Lin, the former MIT head of interview for China region.

In 2010, we published "The 38 Ivies", which, based on internal research and development, seeks to further help the market understand the different education systems adopted by US colleges. This book dispels misconceptions about US colleges, and seeks to drive the attention of parents and students away from superficial rankings.

In 2009, we authored "How I Got Into Harvard", which is a continuation in the series of AIC's first book published under an organization AIC formerly partnered with.

In 2007, we authored "You Too Can Get Into Harvard", which is one of the first original books in China on US college education and admissions, having a significant impact on the market at the time (informally known as one of the leading books in the industry from 2008–10).

We have also produced for our students a College Survival Guidebook and over 16 alumni quarterly magazines that keep our alumni updated with the latest on majors, career advice, and happenings at AIC.

In 2012, we started an annual college fair, which brings together various alumni attending the colleges to share first-hand experience of what the experience is like. Past guest speakers have included Chen Zhang, AIC's Founder and CEO, and Dick Yue, Skolkovo Foundation Professor of Mechanical Engineering, Director of International Programs, and former Associate Dean of Engineering at Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

Through our past 12 years of operations, research and development, we have continually refined these qualitative traits, both with real student cases and alumni feedback, and kept track of the ever-changing quantitative admissions requirements like test scores. We have observed some very interesting behavior at some top colleges and we want to share with you some of not only our findings as admissions consulting experts, but also the collective wisdom and experiences of actual AIC alumni that are attending these colleges and universities. We understand how important education is to this nation, and we consider it an extreme privilege to serve Chinese families. We owe our geographic scale and alumni network, likely the largest among top US colleges, to your support. It gives us great pride to share with you some of the fruits of our first-mover advantage and our success.

3) What is AIC Education US College Guide for Chinese Students

AIC Education US College Guide for Chinese Students is the first-ever guidebook for US colleges and universities written for the Chinese international student. Unlike many peers in our industry, our findings are based on propriety, original research. Based primarily on feedback from Chinese international students, hailing from across China (and even the world) attending the particular college and our own internal research and proprietary database, we provide a perspective that already adjusts for assumptions that may not apply to a Chinese audience. For example, diversity to an American may mean the number of students that are international students, but for a Chinese student, may mean the number of non-Asians including Asian Americans. Moreover, while Americans may be more used to being in environments further away from cities (the "suburbs" as Americans would call it), Chinese students may find the absence of cosmopolitan amenities more difficult to accept. Thus, we have noted not only where the school is located, but how far it is from a major city.

For future editions, we will expand the range of schools to the top 70, 100, and beyond.

Below are the following unique highlights of our guidebook:

i. Admissions Officer Contact details

Where available, the China admissions officer's name and email address, otherwise known as the Territory Manager, which covers China are provided. Students who are applying from overseas high schools, will, in most cases, be covered by a separate Territory Manager. The China admissions officer will almost certainly review your application and be most familiar with any questions you may have about applying as a Chinese international student.

Note: China admissions officer information may change.

ii. Location

Instead of simply including the address of the school, the closest major city and approximate time it takes to get there by car are included.

- iii. Student population demographics
- The percentage of international students is provided
- · The percentage of Asian American/ Asians is provided
- iv. Admissions Statistics of AIC alumni Applicants that got admitted
- · Percentage of AIC applicants accepted
- Median SAT I Critical Reading score
- Median SAT I Math score
 - Median SAT I Writing score
 - Median SAT I Composite score
 - Median TOEFL score

Note on methodology: Provided median of super-score or highest score in single-sitting depending on school-specific admissions policy. Used old SAT conventions. Please see Appendix 1 for Score Conversion chart to New SAT and to ACT

v. Financial Aid Availability

Based on experience of AIC students applying.

vi. What Students Say

This section deserves word of caution because it is fairly subjective. The same bowl of noodles could taste good to one student, but less good to another. And even if both students rate it very good, would they consider it a 3.0 out of 4.0 or a 2.8 or 3.5? Despite obvious limitations in subjectivity, we still think it would be useful to share what AIC students thought of their college environment. Perceptions are not always true and can vary depending on the individual, nevertheless can be a fun and useful metric when taken with