

新概念英语 3

NEW CONCEPT ENGLISH

语法 一课一练



考天下名师团 编

格林 主编



中国石化出版社

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图书在版编目 (CIP) 数据

新概念英语语法一课一练. 第3册/考天下名师团编.

—北京: 中国石化出版社, 2011. 8

ISBN 978-7-5114-1138-9

I. ①新… II. ①考… III. ①英语—语法—习题集

IV. ①H314-44

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2011)第 163197 号

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中国石化出版社出版发行

地址: 北京市东城区安定门外大街 58 号

邮编: 100011 电话: (010) 84271850

读者服务部电话: (010) 84289974

<http://www.sinopec-press.com>

E-mail: press@sinopec.com.cn

河北天普润印刷厂印刷

全国各地新华书店经销

*

787×1092 毫米 16 开本 12 印张 299 千字

2011 年 8 月第 1 版 2011 年 8 月第 1 次印刷

定价: 23.00 元

目 录

Lesson 1	A puma at large	1
Lesson 2	Thirteen equals one	6
Lesson 3	An unknown goddess	10
Lesson 4	The double life of Alfred Bloggs	12
Lesson 5	The facts	14
Lesson 6	Smash-and-grab	20
Lesson 7	Mutilated ladies	23
Lesson 8	A famous monastery	26
Lesson 9	Flying cats	29
Lesson 10	The loss of the <i>Titanic</i>	32
Lesson 11	Not guilty	34
Lesson 12	Life on a desert island	37
Lesson 13	'It's only me'	40
Lesson 14	A noble gangster	44
Lesson 15	Fifty pence worth of trouble	46
Lesson 16	Mary had a little lamb	49
Lesson 17	The longest suspension bridge in the world	51
Lesson 18	Electric currents in modern art	54
Lesson 19	A very dear cat	56
Lesson 20	Pioneer pilots	58
Lesson 21	Daniel Mendoza	59
Lesson 22	By heart	61
Lesson 23	One man's meat is another man's poison	63
Lesson 24	A skeleton in the cupboard	65
Lesson 25	The <i>Cutty Sark</i>	67
Lesson 26	Wanted; a large biscuit tin	69
Lesson 27	Nothing to sell and nothing to buy	72
Lesson 28	Five pounds too dear	75
Lesson 29	Funny or not?	78
Lesson 30	The death of a ghost	80
Lesson 31	A lovable eccentric	83
Lesson 32	A lost ship	85
Lesson 33	A day to remember	89

Lesson 34	A happy discovery	91
Lesson 35	Justice was done	94
Lesson 36	A chance in a million	97
Lesson 37	The Westhaven Express	99
Lesson 38	The first calendar	101
Lesson 39	Nothing to worry about	103
Lesson 40	Who's who	105
Lesson 41	Illusions of pastoral peace	107
Lesson 42	Modern Cavemen	110
Lesson 43	Fully insured	116
Lesson 44	Speed and comfort	118
Lesson 45	The power of the press	122
Lesson 46	Do it yourself	125
Lesson 47	Too high a price?	127
Lesson 48	The silent village	129
Lesson 49	The ideal servant	131
Lesson 50	New Year resolutions	134
Lesson 51	Predicting the future	136
Lesson 52	Mud is mud	138
Lesson 53	In the public interest	140
Lesson 54	Instinct or cleverness?	143
Lesson 55	From the earth: Greetings	145
Lesson 56	Our neighbour, the river	148
Lesson 57	Back in the old country	151
Lesson 58	A spot of bother	153
Lesson 59	Collecting	155
Lesson 60	Too early and too late	157
参考答案	159

Lesson 1 ● A puma at large

学习目标

简单句, 并列句, 复合句

1. 简单句

2. 并列句

考点(1) and 的意义和用法

考点(2) but 的意义和用法

考点(3) or 的意义和用法

考点(4) or else 的意义和用法

考点(5) yet 的意义和用法

考点(6) for 的意义和用法

考点(7) so 的意义和用法

考点(8) whereas 的意义和用法

考点(9) as well as 的意义和用法

考点(10) both... and 的意义和用法

考点(11) either... or 的意义和用法

考点(12) neither... nor 的意义和用法

考点(13) not only... but also 的意义和用法

考点(14) not that ... but that 的意义和用法

3. 复合句

4. 比较: 同位语从句与定语从句的区别

练习

一、单选题

1. The sea was less smooth than _____.

A. what hoped

B. what was hoped

C. it hoped

D. that hoped

2. He smoked more cigarettes than are good for him.

A. do

B. does

C. are

D. is

3. I took as much luggage _____ was allowed.

A. that

B. which

C. what

D. as

4. He was late for school, _____ was usual with him.

A. that

B. what

C. as

D. it

5. How can you talk to such a woman as she is.

A. as

B. that

C. who

D. like

6. My typewriter is not the machine that it was.

A. than

B. as

C. that

D. which

7. The girl _____ we spoke of is Mary.

A. who

B. /

C. what

D. as

8. Just as the sun is the center body of the solar system, so the nucleus is the core of the atom.

- A. as B. thus C. so D. like
9. Everything in the world, no matter how different it may seem from other thing, is made of molecules.
- A. what B. how C. which D. where
10. Air is all around us. we are on earth, we are surrounded by air.
- A. Wherever B. Whatever C. However D. Whenever
11. Water evaporated more and more quickly the temperature grew.
- A. when B. while C. with ☒ D. as
12. Just as the tree is the unit of a forest and the book the unit of a library, so the molecule is the unit of matter.
- A. as B. thus C. like D. so
13. The problem of whom to select as the president of the university has not been disposed of.
- A. what B. whom ☒ C. which D. how
14. The girl is unusual in that she is good at everything.
- A. in how B. where ☒ C. in which D. in that
15. We'll help you we can.
- A. as far as B. the same as
C. as long as ☒ D. as well as
16. But for the flood, they would have finished the work on time.
- A. In spite of ☒ B. In case of C. Because of D. But for
17. The oil production in this area this year is expected to double that of 1997.
- A. that B. it ☒ C. one D. what
18. I'm lucky in that I've been given a chance to do it.
- A. in that B. with that ☒ C. for that D. at that
19. Not a day passes but that it rains. but idea
- A. for that B. but that C. in that D. with that
20. Until quite recently, he didn't get into touch with me.
- A. Before B. From ☒ C. Until D. Since
21. the epidemics which water-born disease can cause are understood, water supplies are organized to prevent them.
- A. For now ☒ B. Ever since C. Now that D. By now
22. He seems a foreigner, in fact he is.
- A. what B. that C. so ☒ D. as
23. His article, I have just read, is very instructive.
- A. that ☒ B. which C. what D. as
24. All of them seek shade they can find.
- A. whichever B. wherever ☒ C. whatever D. whenever
25. People often think of dust it were a big nuisance.
- A. as B. as if ☒ C. even if D. like
26. Small the stars appear, they are really large bodies.
- A. although ☒ B. since C. as D. while

27. Light travels in straight lines as long as it is travelling in air medium.
 A. as much as B. as far as C. the same as D. as long as
28. The world's stand-by is still coal.
 A. as far as power goes B. as much as power
 C. as long as power D. the same as power
29. Hurry up, or you'll be late.
 A. and B. or C. so D. thus
30. We had hardly left the building when it collapsed.
 A. where B. since C. after D. when
31. He has many books, some are written in English.
 A. a few among them B. a few in which
 C. a few of which D. a few ones of which
32. The house whose windows are broken is a shop.
 A. whose B. which C. that D. what
33. There are few of us who wish to help them.
 A. which B. that C. who D. as
34. In the past 50 years, there has been a great increase in the amount of research on the human brain. (高考真题)
 A. was; did B. has been; to be done
 C. was; doing D. has been; done
35. "I must have eaten something wrong. I feel like throwing up."
 "We told you not to eat at a restaurant. You'd better eat at home when you are not in the shape." (高考真题)
 A. to throw up; to eat B. throwing up; eating
 C. to throw up; eat D. throwing up; eat
36. Arriving at the bus stop, he found waiting there. (四级真题)
 A. a lot of people were B. he found a lot of people
 C. a lot of people D. people were found
37. Not having received regular training in nursing, she could hardly cope with the work at first. (四级真题)
 A. Not received B. Since receiving
 C. Having received D. Not having received
38. He is quite worn out from years of hard work. He is not the man that he was twenty years ago. (六级真题)
 A. which B. that C. who D. whom
39. That the world's first compass was invented by the Chinese people is a well-known historic fact.
 A. The world's first compass was invented
 B. That the world's first compass was invented
 C. What the world's first compass was invented
 D. Which the world's first compass was invented
40. It has been well-known that electricity is a form of energy.
 A. it B. what C. all D. that

41. The fact _____ the earth and the moon attract each other is only one example of a very general law called the law of universal gravitation.
☒ A. that B. which C. / D. it
42. The reason _____ we say that gases are something like liquids is due to the fact that they take on the shape of their containers.
☒ A. why B. that C. of which D. which
43. That's the best film _____ I have ever seen.
☒ A. which B. that C. who D. whom
44. The ground _____ is in constant motion and in constant change.
☒ A. we stand on B. on that we stand
☐ C. on we stand D. we stand
45. The real problem with pollution is the way _____.
☒ A. about which people think their environment
☐ B. which people think about their environment
☐ C. people think about their environment
☐ D. that people think their environment
46. _____ we call a machine is really a kind of tool that can do work for man.
☐ A. When B. That ☒ C. What D. Which
47. Metals in general are good conductors, _____ nonmetals are insulators.
☒ A. when B. while C. and D. thus
48. _____ air has weight, it exerts force on any object immersed in it.
☒ A. Because B. For C. Since D. While
49. Water is not a solid; _____ it changes its shape to fit the thing holding it.
☒ A. because B. for C. since D. while
50. In fact, machines cannot do anything _____ men control them.
☐ A. on condition that B. otherwise C. if ☒ D. unless
51. _____ it is given a program, a computer can gather a wide range of information for many purposes.
☒ A. Once B. Unless C. Only D. While
52. Some kinds of substances are better for certain purposes _____.
☒ A. than other kinds of matter were ☒ B. than other kinds of matter does
☐ C. than are other kinds of matter D. than do other kinds of matter
53. But building a clean air is easier said _____.
☒ A. than do B. than doing C. than done D. than it was done
54. We don't expect to die young, and so we think more of _____ we shall live than _____ we may die.
☒ A. how... when B. what... when
☐ C. when... when D. how... how
55. He never reads as much as _____ of the class.
☐ A. what required B. what is required
☐ C. that required D. it required

二、翻译

1. 当我一想到一只大型猫科动物在逃遁,我不由得不寒而栗。(when the idea came to me that...)
2. 消息传到演播室,全国 90% 以上的人正在收看春节联欢晚会。(news came into...)
3. 无论这个花花公子走到哪里,他身后都留下了一串破碎的心。(wherever he went...)
4. 飞碟是一种明亮得像碟子一样的物体,常在天空被看到。(be found in)
5. 当消息传到国家博物馆,在西安市以南 45 公里处发现一座古墓,立刻受到有关方面的重视。(when news came into)

Lesson 2 ● Thirteen equals one

学习目标

1. 现在进行时、一般现在时表示习惯性的动作
 - 考点(1) 一般现在时表示经常性动作或状态
 - 考点(2) 一般现在时表示客观事实或普遍真理
 - 考点(3) 一般现在时表示主语的特征或状态
 - 考点(4) 一般现在时在时间和条件状语从句中表示将来的动作或状态
 - 考点(5) 现在进行时表示说话时或现阶段正在进行的动作
 - 考点(6) 现在进行时表示经常性的动作
2. 现在完成进行时
3. 非确定频度副词的位置

练习

一、单选题

1. By the time you arrive in London, we _____ in Europe for two weeks.
A. shall stay B. have stayed
C. will have stayed D. have been staying
2. The Managing Director said that improving relations with the association would not be easy, but that they _____ to try.
A. would have decided B. decide
C. have decided D. had decided
3. He has been writing the essay the whole morning and he still _____.
A. has B. is C. has been D. does
4. By five o'clock this evening the spaceship _____ eleven times round the world.
A. has been travelling B. will have traveled
C. has traveled D. will travel
5. Our modern civilization must not be thought of as _____ in a short period of time.
A. being created B. having created
C. having been created D. creating
6. Whatever the causes, English at the end of the 20th century is more widely spoken and written than any other language _____.
A. ever was B. had ever been C. has ever been D. would ever be
7. By the year 2010, scientists probably _____ a cure for cancer.
A. will be discovering B. are discovering
C. will have discovered D. have discovered

8. From the tears in Nedra's eyes we can deduce that something sad _____.
 A. must have occurred B. would have occurred
 C. should have occurred D. might be occurring
9. My pain _____ apparent the moment I walked into the room, for the first man I met asked sympathetically: "Are you feeling all right?"
 A. must be B. had been
 C. must have been D. had to be
10. The ambassador heard that _____ at his post a year longer.
 A. he be staying B. him to stay
 C. he would be staying D. he will have stayed
11. Exploration of the Solar System is continuing, and at the present rate of progress all the planets _____ within the next 50 years.
 A. will have been contacted B. will have contacted
 C. will be contacted D. will contact
12. "What do you think of the boxing match last night?"
 "I really _____ think Jackson _____. "
 A. don't... has won B. didn't... would win
 C. didn't... wins D. don't... wins
13. Between 1897 and 1919, at least 29 motion pictures in which artificial beings were portrayed _____.
 A. had produced B. have been produced
 C. would have produced D. had been produced
14. Greater efforts to increase agricultural production must be made if food shortage _____ avoided.
 A. is to be B. can be C. will be D. has been
15. I apologize if I _____ you, but I assure you it was unintentional.
 A. offend B. had offended
 C. should have offended D. might have offended
16. In this experiment, they are wakened several times during the night, and asked to report what they _____.
 A. had just been dreaming B. have just been dreaming
 C. are just dreaming D. had just dreamt
17. The grey building is where the workers live, and the white one is where the spare parts _____.
 (四级真题)
 A. are producing B. are produced C. produced D. being produced
18. If she doesn't tell him the truth now, he'll simply keep on asking her until she _____.
 A. does B. has done C. will do D. would do (四级真题)
19. Such crimes may be so complex that months or years go by before anyone _____ them.
 (四级真题)
 A. discovers B. discovered C. will discover D. would have discovered

20. The fifth generation computers, with artificial intelligence, _____ and perfected now. (四级真题)
- A. developed B. have developed
C. will have been developed D. are being developed
21. AIDS is said _____ the number-one killer of both men and women over the past few years in that region. (专四真题)
- A. being B. to be C. to have been D. having been
22. Marlin is a young man of independent thinking who is not about _____ compliments to his political leaders.
- A. paying B. having paid C. to pay D. to have paid
23. He didn't show up at the party yesterday. He _____ in the lab.
- A. must be busy working B. must be busy to work
C. must have been busy working D. would have been busy working
24. By the time she is 50 years old, she _____ an inmate of the prison for over half of her life.
- A. would have been B. will be
C. will have been D. would be
25. There was a knock at the door. It was the second time someone _____ me that evening.
- A. to have interrupted B. would have interrupted
C. had interrupted D. to interrupt
26. This was the second time that they _____.
- A. had fished up sunk ammunition B. fished up sunk ammunition
C. did fish up sunk ammunition D. were fishing up sunk ammunition
27. It _____ for over a month and the downpour had damaged many houses.
- A. rained heavily B. had been raining cats and dogs
C. has been raining heavily D. has rained cats and dogs
28. When we reached, the coach had not arrived yet, so we _____.
- A. had not hurried B. needn't have hurried
C. didn't need to hurry D. needn't hurry
29. What if you _____ a tiger in the street?
- A. meet B. has met C. had met D. met
30. When eleven o'clock came and he still hadn't arrived, I began to wonder if he _____ an accident.
- A. had had B. had C. would have D. should have

二、把句末括号内的副词放在句中适当的位置

1. She has been to Beijing. (never)
2. There are five new words in the text. (only)
3. We've got a reply from them. (just)
4. I have finished my homework. (already)
5. You can get help from us. (always)
6. He is able to skate in winter. (hardly)
7. The foreign guests were received by the students. (warmly)
8. I don't know him well. (enough)

三、翻译

1. 听到枪声,Joe看到两只鸟儿飞走了。(doing...)
2. 只有当你把一个单词重复到7遍的时候,你才能把它记住。(before)
3. 读书除了需要用眼睛以外,还要用脑。(as well as)
4. 她总是自私自利。(look after No. 1)
5. 我从网上下载了一些好听的音乐。(have sth. done)

Lesson 3 ● An unknown goddess

学习目标

◆ must have + 动词的过去分词

考点 “must + 完成式不定式”表示对过去情况的猜测

练习

一、单选题

1. By the time you get to New York, I _____ for London. (四级真题)
A. would be leaving B. am leaving
C. have already left D. shall have left
2. By the time she arrives in Beijing, we _____ here for two days. (四级真题)
A. have been staying B. have stayed
C. shall stay D. will have stayed
3. If the building project _____ by the end of this month is delayed, the construction company will be fined. (四级真题)
A. to be completed B. is completed
C. being completed D. completed
1. He came back late, _____ which time all the guests had already left. (四级真题)
A. after B. by C. at D. during
5. My train arrives in New York at 8 o'clock tonight. The plane I would like to take from there _____ by ten. (四级真题)
A. would leave B. will have left C. has left D. had left
6. I decided to go to the library as soon as I _____. (四级真题)
A. finish what I did B. finished what I did
C. would finish what I was doing D. finished what I was doing
7. It was very kind of you to do the washing-up, but you _____ it. (四级真题)
A. mustn't have done B. wouldn't have done
C. mightn't have done D. didn't have to do
8. For some time now, world leaders _____ out the necessity for agreement on arms reduction. (专四真题)
A. had been pointing B. have been pointing
C. were pointing D. pointed
9. The student said there were a few points in the essay he _____ impossible to comprehend. (专四真题)
A. has found B. was finding C. had found D. would find

10. They moved to Portland in 1998 and lived in a big house, _____ to the south.
- A. the windows of which opened B. the windows of it opened (专四真题)
C. its windows opened D. the windows of which opening

二、翻译

1. 自由女神像象征着自由与民主。(to be a symbol of)
2. 中国古代的铜钱,外圆内方,象征着天圆地方。(represent)
3. 既当爹又当娘的日子,比他想的要难得多。(turn out to be)
4. 香港享有高度的自治权。(enjoy a high level of)
5. 新东方的第二教区就在附近,周围就是便利的公共汽车和轻轨设施。(with)

Lesson 4 ● The double life of Alfred Bloggs

学习目标

◆ 现在完成时与现在完成进行时

1. 现在完成时

考点(1) 现在完成时表示从过去持续到现在的动作或状态

考点(2) 现在完成时表示过去发生的对现在有影响的动作

考点(3) 现在完成时在时间和条件状语从句中表示将来完成的动作

2. 现在完成进行时

考点(4) 现在完成进行时表示开始于过去而持续到现在的动作

考点(5) 现在完成进行时表示从过去到现在的重复性动作

3. 主谓一致

练习

一、单选题

- Are you on holiday? —No, but I'd love _____.
A. to B. to do C. to be D. to go on holiday
- I left for the office earlier than usual this morning _____ traffic jam. (六级真题)
A. in line with B. for the sake of
C. in case of D. at the risk of
- So far, the archaeologists _____ to discover her identity.
A. have been impossible B. have not been able
C. can't have been D. could not
- _____ being very old, she was very graceful.
A. Although B. In spite of C. Even D. Even though
- They found _____ that the goddess turned out not to exist.
A. surprisingly B. with surprise C. to their surprise D. a surprise
- He told her that he worked for a corporation _____.
A. simply B. in a simple way
C. and no more D. only
- I have covered 80 pages _____ you lent me the book.
A. since B. now C. lest D. in case
- Fibers of hair and wool are not continuous and must normally be spun into thread _____ woven into textile fabrics.
A. as are they B. when to be C. that they are D. if they are to be