

Textbook
grammar
exercises

for
colleges
and
university

大学英语

理工科
通用
文工

同步强化练习精编

田海龙 段云礼 主编
天津大学出版社

大学英语同步强化练习精编

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文理工科通用

Textbook-Accompanying Exercises

For College Students

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内容提要

本书将文理科教材《大学英语》和理工科教材《新英语教程》的精要以四级考试中“词汇与结构”和“完形填空”的形式编纂起来。并配有四个学期的期末考试题(听力部分配有录音),既可帮助读者巩固语言要点,又可训练读者提高篇章能力。使用此书还可收到学习两套教材的效果。

本书适用于大学文理工科本、专科学生和其他准备通过四级考试的读者,可配合两套教材同步使用,亦可在四级考试前作强化练习使用。

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序 言

近年来,全国各高等院校都在为认真贯彻国家教委颁布的新大学英语教学大纲而努力,并已取得了不少成绩。但除重点院校外,多数一般院校的大学英语四级统一考试的成绩,至今尚不很理想。其原因是多方面的;然而,教与学的方式还是其中的关键,诸如各学期平时的基本功训练不够、平时缺乏教学与相应测试的结合,课外及时加强巩固和熟巧训练不足等等,也就是说,在一定程度上忽视了平时教学的同步课外强化练习。因此,只通过四级考试前短期集中的强化训练是不够的,也较难提高运用语言的实际能力。

我觉得,《大学英语同步强化练习精编》可以弥补上述教学方面的不足而有效地促使学习者语言能力和交际能力的提高,进而增强应试能力。这是因为该书从实际出发,强调大学英语学习各阶段的平时同步训练,重视教学与相应测试的紧密结合及基本功强化训练,对翔实材料进行了科学的安排。此外,该书的材料是以国家教委推荐的目前广泛采用的文理科及理工科两套教材为依据精编的,包括文理科及理工科两套教材互不重叠的词汇与结构;因此,不仅有利于学习者扩大词汇而且有益于学习者提高对多种题材文章的阅读能力。

总之,《大学英语同步强化练习精编》具有较强的系统性、针对性与实用性,会在大学英语教学过程中起到助学的积极作用,从而逐步提高学习成绩,促使学习者尽早通过四级考试。为此我愿向广大学习者推荐此书。

杨兆民

1993 年元旦

前 言

目前,我国大学英语教学分别执行《文理科大学英语教学大纲》和《理工科大学英语教学大纲》,课堂教学分别采用文理科教材和理工科教材。然而,学生参加的四、六级全国英语统一考试却是一样的试卷。为了帮助广大同学在学习大学英语时打下扎实的语言基础,并在学习过程中收到事半功倍的效果,我们仅以《大学英语》(文理科)和《新英语教程》(理工科)两套教材为蓝本,精心编纂了这本《大学英语同步强化练习精编》。

本书集中体现了两套教材由选材不同而造成的词汇和结构方面的特点,并将这些特点以四级考试中“词汇与结构”和“完形填空”的形式编纂起来,使本书的使用者在学习一套教材的同时,又可以学习另一套教材的语言要点,收到一箭双雕的学习效果。本书分四级,每一级与两套教材相应的精读课本一致,分十个单元。各级分别配有一套模拟期末考试试卷,可作为自测题在期末考试前使用,听力部分配有录音,书后有录音文字资料。书中所有题目配有答案。

本书是编者在教学实践中对大量题目进行选择后编纂而成的,是全体编者辛勤劳作的结果。本书适用于使用这两套教材的本科生和专科生,可随课内教学同步使用,亦可在期末考试前或四级考试前复习时使用。

本书在编写过程中得到天津大学出版社高亚洲同志的热情支持;天津市大学外语教学研究会杨兆民先生审阅了全部书稿,并热情作序;天津大学外语系魏旭光先生亦对本书进行了审校并提出修改意见。对此,一并表示衷心地感谢。对所参考文献的作者、出版社亦在此表示谢意。

本书是编者探讨大学英语教学的一个新尝试。限于水平与经验,错误与疏漏之处在所难免,欢迎读者批评指正。

田海龙 段云礼

1993年1月

Contents

Band One	(1)
Unit One	(1)
Unit Two	(5)
Unit Three	(9)
Unit Four	(14)
Unit Five	(18)
Unit Six	(23)
Unit Seven	(28)
Unit Eight	(32)
Unit Nine	(37)
Unit Ten	(42)
Band Two	(47)
Unit One	(47)
Unit Two	(52)
Unit Three	(57)
Unit Four	(62)
Unit Five	(67)
Unit Six	(72)
Unit Seven	(77)
Unit Eight	(82)
Unit Nine	(87)
Unit Ten	(92)
Band Three	(97)
Unit One	(97)
Unit Two	(101)

Unit Three	(106)
Unit Four	(111)
Unit Five	(115)
Unit Six	(120)
Unit Seven	(124)
Unit Eight	(129)
Unit Nine	(135)
Unit Ten	(139)
Band Four	(145)
Unit One	(145)
Unit Two	(150)
Unit Three	(156)
Unit Four	(161)
Unit Five	(167)
Unit Six	(171)
Unit Seven	(176)
Unit Eight	(181)
Unit Nine	(186)
Unit Ten	(191)
Simulated Test For Band One	(197)
Simulated Test For Band Two	(210)
Simulated Test For Band Three	(222)
Simulated Test For Band Four	(238)
Scripts For Listening Comprehension in Simulated Tests	
.....	(254)
Answer Key	(265)
参考书目	(282)

Band One

Unit One

Vocabulary and Structure

Directions: There are 30 incomplete sentences in this section. For each sentence there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). Choose the ONE answer that best completes the sentence.

Part I

1. The headmaster and his _____ met to discuss the new timetable.
A) faculty B) staff C) authority D) straw
2. The city hall is a red brick _____.
A) lodging B) founding
C) building D) architecture
3. He told me that his wife deserted him. But I afterwards heard that this was not the _____.
A) case B) cave C) cafe D) care
4. This story is not real; it is only _____.
A) historical B) religious C) imaginary D) private
5. Housework _____ cooking, washing dishes, sweeping and cleaning.
A) affords B) advances C) invents D) involves
6. My sister _____ greatly from her three years in college.
A) relaxed B) profited C) protected D) rested
7. The child was _____ enough to turn off the gas.

- A) intelligent B) lovely C) valuable D) principal
8. He returned to the room and _____ Mary of his decision.
A) announced B) informed C) answered D) insisted
9. We hired a boat _____ we could go fishing.
A) so as B) such as C) in order D) so that
10. A hateful person is _____ that arouses feelings of hatred in you.
A) one B) the one C) the ones D) ones
11. I had not earned one penny with it _____ that moment.
A) at B) up to C) on D) on to
12. There were _____ people waiting outside of the city hall.
A) the number of B) a number
C) number of D) a number of
13. I'm afraid your application for benefit is incorrectly _____.
A) filled in B) filling in
C) filled with D) filling with
14. Will you be able to _____ your way here before six o'clock?
A) take B) make C) push D) lose
15. Could you tell me the direction _____ which I should go?
A) to B) for C) in D) towards

Part II

1. Before you hand in your composition, you'd better _____ it.
A) go over B) go for C) go with D) go at
2. There was not much _____ in our university last year.
A) entertaining B) entertained
C) entertainment D) entertain
3. Is the pay _____ to the work that must be performed?
A) suitable B) suit C) payable D) reasonable
4. This new drug _____ him to survive the lung cancer.

- A) decides B) makes C) leads D) enables
5. You don't have to tell him! He is fully _____ the danger.
A) sure of B) blind to
C) aware of D) confident of
6. They have _____ a trip to London this summer.
A) concentrated on B) come up with
C) caught sight of D) decided on
7. Stamp-collecting would be a nice _____.
A) pleasure B) hobby C) adventure D) relaxation
8. Overwork often _____ illness.
A) results from B) breaks into C) depends on D) leads to
9. An _____ charge is made for heavy bags.
A) additional B) addition C) adding D) add
10. It is more difficult for the Smiths to _____ money now because of the high rate of inflation.
A) set down B) set about C) set up D) set aside
11. The book tells about Mark Twain's writings and about his life _____.
A) as well as B) as well C) as though D) as that
12. This article is worth skimming _____.
A) very carefully B) through
C) hard D) out
13. John looked at two ties. _____ of them were expensive, _____ of them was suitable.
A) Each ... one B) Both ... neither
C) All ... none D) Neither ... both
14. When I left the school, I was still angered by _____ he spoke to me.
A) the way B) this way C) that way D) his way
15. There is _____ ice.

A) many

B) few

C) a large number of

D) a great deal of

Cloze

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A), B), C) and D). You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage.

Students working for their first degree at a university are called undergraduates. When they take their degree we say that they 1 , and then they are called 2 . If they continue studying at university 3 they have graduated, they are called postgraduates.

Full-time university students 4 all their time studying. They have no 5 employment. Their course usually 6 for three or four. Medical students have to 7 a course lasting for six or seven years. Then they graduate as 8 . In Britain, full-time university students have three 9 of about ten weeks in each year. During these terms they go to 10 or they study by themselves. Many students become 11 of academic societies and sports clubs and 12 part in their activities. 13 the university terms they have vacations. Their vacations are long, but of course they can 14 them to study at home.

Some universities, 15 Oxford and Cambridge in England, are residential (寄宿的). This 16 that during the university terms the students live in a university or college hostel (学生宿舍) or in 17 chosen from an official list. The university and college buildings are often very 18 , and amongst them are fine 19 of ancient architecture. 20 , other universities are non-residential. Some of the students...

1. A) found B) inform C) graduate D) announce
2. A) gathers B) graduates C) grades D) guards
3. A) before B) until C) after D) till
4. A) cost B) make C) take D) spend
5. A) some B) other C) another D) other's
6. A) casts B) costs C) asks D) lasts
7. A) follow B) make C) guide D) include
8. A) doctors B) medicine C) mery D) dentist
9. A) parts B) terms C) points D) progress
10. A) reading B) lessons C) periods D) lectures
11. A) numbers B) figures C) members D) men
12. A) share B) make C) take D) promise
13. A) After B) In C) Behind D) Between
14. A) use B) make C) waste D) round
15. A) as B) for C) like D) with
16. A) meets B) means C) match D) mark
17. A) luck B) library C) lodgings D) landlord
18. A) small B) young C) new D) old
19. A) examples B) exercises C) excuses D) events
20. A) Therefore B) However C) As well D) So

Unit Two

Vocabulary and Sturcture

Directions : (omitted)

Part I

1. It is _____ that the purpose of space race is purely scientific.
A) pointed B) claimed C) supplied D) gained
2. The worthless book is the _____ of an ignorant author.

- A) product B) produce C) production D) productive
3. He asked me to _____ the business for him.
A) handle B) harvest C) hunt D) honour
 4. She made a rough sketch of the ground floor of the building, showing me where her office was _____.
A) located B) lent C) lifted D) listed
 5. They put forward a plan for improving the _____ of production.
A) speed B) pace C) rate D) rent
 6. They _____ loudly over who should pay the bill.
A) claimed B) ached C) cleared D) argued
 7. Your support is _____ to the success of our project.
A) vital B) extra C) grand D) direct
 8. This is not the _____ picture, but just a copy of it.
A) permanent B) national C) skilled D) original
 9. He came to China _____ Hong Kong.
A) by the way of B) in the way of
C) by way of D) all the way
 10. The bus stopped, the door opened, and Father _____ and walked away.
A) got on B) got over C) got over D) got off
 11. When he _____ a problem while making his model airplane, he asked Uncle Mark to help.
A) carried on B) ran into C) filled in D) put off
 12. She did not expect to _____ many of her friends.
A) run down B) run out of C) run over D) run into
 13. There are many international institutions in New York City. That's why _____ has often been said that New York City is one of the most important cities in the world.
A) one B) man C) it D) he
 14. They named the girl Mary _____ her grandmother.

A) after B) like C) with D) as

15. My uncle lives in a small county which is _____ in fruit.

A) ripe B) rich C) ready D) rare

Part II

1. I'll be only _____ glad to go with you.

A) also B) very C) too D) not

2. Bananas and apples are very _____ in this area.

A) plentiful B) a plenty C) plenty of D) plenty

3. We were surprised _____ coming back so soon.

A) on his B) at his C) of him D) for him

4. That depends much _____ how we look at it.

A) under B) on C) from D) in

5. If you don't _____ smoking, you'll never get better.

A) give off B) give from C) give out D) give up

6. It's none of your _____.

A) question B) problem C) business D) thought

7. Have you decided _____ the date for the conference?

A) at B) on C) of D) during

8. Tom hasn't been working; he won't get _____ his exams.

A) off B) across C) of D) down

9. Please _____ in your name and address here.

A) fix B) first C) fill D) fit

10. They are carrying _____ the instruction of the authorities.

A) out B) on C) for D) to

11. A seventeen-year-old youth is not _____ to vote in an election.

A) old enough B) as old enough

C) enough old D) enough old as

12. There is some confusion _____ the preposition can be left out.

A) why B) of it C) how D) about whether

13. They _____ to continue the experiment but this time they'll do it another way.
A) decide on B) commit
C) are determined D) fail
14. _____ his intelligence, he did not do well in his exam last term.
A) Although B) Even if
C) In spite of D) Even though
15. What I say or what I think _____ no business of yours.
A) are B) is C) was D) have

Cloze

Directions: (omitted)

An old friend from abroad, 1 I was expected to stay with 2 from the airport to tell me that he had 3. I was still at the office 4 the time, but I had made 5 for his arrival. After explaining where my new flat was, I told him that I had left the 6 under the door-mat. As I was likely to be home rather 7. I advised him to 8 the kitchen and help 9 to food and drink.

Two hours later my friend telephoned me 10 the flat. At the moment, he said, he was 11 some of my records after having just had 12 truly wonderful meal.

He had found a pan 13 the gas stove and fried two eggs and had helped himself to some cold chicken from the 14. Now, he said, he was drinking a glass of orange juice and he hoped I 15 join him. When I 16 him if he had reached the flat without 17, he answered that he had not been able to find the key under the door-mat, but fortunately the living-room window just by the 18 had been left open and he had climbed 19. I listened to all this in astonishment. There is no apple tree in front of my 20, but there

is one in front of my neighbour's!

1. A) who B) whom C) which D) that
2. A) telephoned B) said C) visited D) called on
3. A) got B) been C) arrived D) received
4. A) at B) in C) on D) for
5. A) appointments B) entertainments
C) managements D) arrangements
6. A) room B) key C) money D) address
7. A) early B) hurry C) busy D) late
8. A) go into B) get on C) come into D) get off
9. A) me B) us C) himself D) ourselves
10. A) me B) from C) on D) at
11. A) looking for B) hearing
C) listening to D) speaking to
12. A) a B) the C) another D) other
13. A) in B) from C) at D) on
14. A) room B) table C) refrigerator D) kitchen
15. A) would B) ought C) may D) must
16. A) told B) said to C) asked D) replied to
17. A) key B) difficulty C) light D) door-mat
18. A) apple tree B) door C) gate D) wall
19. A) up B) down C) in D) off
20. A) window B) living-room C) kitchen D) gate

Unit Three

Vocabulary and Structure

Directions: (omitted)