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——(第八版)(英文版)——

Java How to Program, Eighth Edition



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Harvey Deitel



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国外计算机科学教材系列

Java 大学教程

(第八版)

(英文版)

Java How to Program

Eighth Edition

[美] Paul Deitel 著
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Publishing House of Electronics Industry

北京·BEIJING

内 容 简 介

本书是关于 Java 语言的经典教材,秉承 Deitel 系列丛书的一贯特点:内容丰富、覆盖面广,提供详细代码与实例研究,总结出大量的面向对象编程技巧和经验。本书详细说明了在 Java 中面向对象编程的基本理论及实用知识,以初学者为起点,由点到面、由浅入深、循序渐进地介绍了事件处理、对象、接口、内置类、继承、多态性、数据结构和集合、流文件、applet、图形界面及多线程等多种 Java 特性。第八版在前一版的基础上增加了更多的实际案例,更新了很多内容,有助于读者学习和借鉴。本书包括更广泛的教学特性,其中列举了数百个可实际使用的程序实例,并给出其实际的运行结果,可以使学生在学习时更为直观。

本书结构清晰、逻辑性强,适合作为相关专业 Java 程序设计课程的双语教材,是所有对 Java 程序设计感兴趣的读者的有益参考书,也可供各类软件开发人员参考。

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本书在中国大陆地区生产,仅限在中国大陆发行。

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版权贸易合同登记号 图字:01-2011-7698

图书在版编目(CIP)数据

Java 大学教程:第8版:英文/(美)戴特尔(Deitel, P.), (美)戴特尔(Deitel, H.)著.

北京:电子工业出版社,2012.10

书名原文:Java How to Program, Eighth Edition

国外计算机科学教材系列

ISBN 978-7-121-18188-7

I. ①J… II. ①戴…②戴… III. ①JAVA 语言-程序设计-高等学校-教材-英文 IV. ①TP312

中国版本图书馆 CIP 数据核字(2012)第 209704 号

策划编辑:冯小贝

责任编辑:冯小贝

印 刷:三河市鑫金马印装有限公司

装 订:三河市鑫金马印装有限公司

出版发行:电子工业出版社

北京市海淀区万寿路 173 信箱 邮编 100036

开 本:787×1092 1/16 印张:71 字数:2717 千字

印 次:2012 年 10 月第 1 次印刷

定 价:128.00 元(含光盘 1 张)

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Printed in the United States of America

10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

ISBN-10: 0-13-136483-9

ISBN-13: 978-0-13-136483-7

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Java™

HOW TO PROGRAM

EIGHTH EDITION

Pearson International Edition

Paul Deitel

Deitel & Associates, Inc.

Harvey Deitel

Deitel & Associates, Inc.



Upper Saddle River, New Jersey 07458

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In memory of

*Kristen Nygaard, co-inventor of Simula, the world's
first object-oriented programming language.*

Paul and Harvey Deitel

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Assessment Testing
Java Design Patterns
Java EE 5
Java SE 6

Java SE 7 (Dolphin)
Resource Center
JavaFX

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Open Source
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Computing Jobs
Gadgets and Gizmos
Ring Tones
Sudoku

Preface

Live in fragments no longer, only connect.

—Edgar Morgan Foster

Welcome to Java and *Java How to Program, Eighth Edition*! This book presents leading-edge computing technologies for students, instructors, software developers and IT professionals.

We use the Deitel signature “live-code approach,” presenting most concepts in the context of complete working Java programs, rather than using code snippets. Each code example is immediately followed by one or more sample executions. All the source code is available at www.deitel.com/books/jhttp8/.

At Deitel & Associates, we write programming-language textbooks and professional books for Pearson/Prentice Hall, deliver corporate training courses worldwide and develop Web 2.0 Internet businesses. We have updated the previous edition of this book based on recent changes to the Java language and the evolving preferred ways of teaching and learning programming. All of the chapters have been significantly tuned.

New and Updated Features

Here are the updates we’ve made for *Java How to Program, 8/e*:

- The book has a new interior design that graphically organizes, clarifies and highlights the information and enhances the book’s pedagogy.
- We updated the entire book to Java Standard Edition 6 Update 11 and carefully audited the manuscript against the *Java Language Specification*.
- We added the “Making a Difference” exercises set: Students *want* to make a difference. We’re encouraging them to associate computers and the Internet with solving problems that really matter to individuals, communities, countries and the world. We hope that our new exercises encourage students to think for themselves as they explore complex social issues. These exercises are not intended to make a political statement. They are meant to increase awareness of important issues the world is facing. Students should approach these issues in the context of their own values, politics and beliefs. Many of the new exercises require students to do research on the web—and weave the results into their problem-solving process. Here’s a list of the 34 new “Making a Difference” exercises:

Test Drive: Carbon Footprint Calculator

Test Drive: Body Mass Index Calculator

Attributes of Hybrid Vehicles

Gender Neutrality

Body Mass Index Calculator

World Population Growth Calculator

Car Pool Savings Calculator

Target Heart Rate Calculator

Computerization of Health Records

Enforcing Privacy with Cryptography

World Population Growth

Global Warming Facts Quiz

Tax Plan Alternatives; The “Fair Tax”

Computer-Assisted Instruction

Computer-Assisted Instruction: Reducing Student Fatigue

Computer-Assisted Instruction: Monitoring Student Performance

Computer Assisted Instruction: Difficulty Levels

Computer-Assisted Instruction: Varying the Types of Problems

Polling

Air Traffic Control

Carbon Footprint Interface: Polymorphism

Ecofont

Typing Tutor: Tuning a Crucial Skill in the Computer Age

Large Type Displays for People with Low Vision

Cooking with Healthier Ingredients

Spam Scanner

Phishing Scanner

Accessibility Project: Speech Synthesis

- We tuned the optional Object-Oriented Design/UML 2 automated teller machine (ATM) case study and reorganized it into two optional chapters (12 and 13) that present the ATM's design and complete code implementation. The ATM is a nice business example that all students can relate to. In our experience, teaching these two chapters as a unit helps students tie together many of the object-oriented concepts they learn in Chapters 1 – 10. A key concept in object-oriented programming is the interactions among objects. In most programming textbooks, the code examples create and use one or two objects. The ATM gives students the opportunity to study interactions of *many* objects that provide the functionality of a substantial system. Chapters 12 and 13 provide complete solutions to *all* of their exercises. Previously, the case study was distributed through Chapters 2 – 8, 10 and an appendix. For instructors who wish to cover the case study in a distributed manner, for each section in Chapters 12 and 13, we indicate after which early chapter that section can be covered.
- We reinforced our early classes and objects pedagogy, paying careful attention to the guidance of the college instructors on our review teams to ensure that we got the conceptual level right. The treatment of OOP is clear and accessible. We introduce the basic concepts and terminology of object technology in Chapter 1. Students develop their first customized classes and objects in Chapter 3. Presenting objects and classes early gets students “thinking about objects” immediately and mastering these concepts more thoroughly.
- We reordered our presentation of data structures. We now begin with generic class `ArrayList` in Chapter 7. Because students will understand basic generics concepts so early in the book, our later data structures discussions provide a deeper treatment of generic collections—showing how to use the built-in collections of the Java API. We then show how to implement generic methods and classes. Finally, we show how to build custom generic data structures.
- We added coverage of Java Web Start and the Java Network Launch Protocol (JNLP), which enable *both* applets *and* applications to be launched via a web browser. In addition, the user can install them as shortcuts on the desktop to execute them in the future without revisiting the website. Programs can also request the user's permission to access local system resources such as files—enabling you to develop more robust applets and applications that execute safely using Java's sandbox security model, which applies to downloaded code.
- We reordered several chapters to facilitate teaching the book in modules. The dependencies chart (page xxx) was updated to reflect the new modularization.
- We've added many links to online documentation where students can learn more about a class or topic. And we've added many links to the Deitel Java-related Resource Centers available at www.deitel.com/ResourceCenters.html.
- Chapter 7 now covers class `Arrays`—which contains methods for performing common array manipulations—and class `ArrayList`—which implements a dynamically resizable array-like data structure. This follows our philosophy of *using existing classes before learning how to define your own classes*.
- We now introduce class `BigInteger` for arbitrarily large integer values in Chapter 18, Recursion.
- We carefully tuned all the chapters with a focus on increasing clarity and simplicity, eliminating redundancy, reducing page count (this new edition is 90 in-book pages shorter than the previous one), and improving pedagogy and modular organization.
- We've replaced all uses of `StringTokenizer` with the recommended `String` method `split` throughout the book. Class `StringTokenizer` is still discussed, primarily for backward compatibility with legacy code.
- We include an alphabetized list of the important terms defined in each chapter with the page number of the term's defining occurrence. Defining occurrences are also highlighted in the index with a bold, maroon page number.

All of this has been carefully reviewed by 24 distinguished academics and industry developers who worked with us on *Java How to Program*, 8/e.

We believe that this book and its support materials will give students and professionals an informative, interesting, challenging and entertaining Java educational experience. We provide a suite of ancillary materials that will help instructors maximize their students' learning experience.

As you read the book, if you have questions, send an e-mail to deitel@deitel.com; we'll respond promptly. For updates on this book and the status of all supporting Java software, and for the latest news on all Deitel publications and services, visit www.deitel.com. Sign up at www.deitel.com/newsletter/subscribe.html for the free *Deitel® Buzz Online* e-mail newsletter, and check out our growing list of Java and related Resource Centers at www.deitel.com/ResourceCenters.html. Each week we announce our latest Resource Centers in the newsletter.

Other Features

Other features of *Java How to Program*, 8/e, include:

- We audited the presentation against the ACM/IEEE curriculum recommendations and the Computer Science Advanced Placement Examination.
- The early classes and objects presentation features *Time*, *Employee* and *GradeBook* class case studies that weave their way through multiple sections and chapters, gradually introducing deeper OO concepts.
- Instructors teaching introductory courses have a broad choice of the amount of GUI and graphics to cover—from none, to a ten-brief-sections introductory sequence, to a deep treatment in Chapters 14, 15 and 25, and Appendix I.
- Our object-oriented programming and design presentations use the *UML* (*Unified Modeling Language*)—the industry-standard graphical language for modeling object-oriented systems.
- We provide several substantial object-oriented web programming case studies.
- Chapter 28, *Accessing Databases with JDBC*, covers JDBC 4 and uses the Java DB/Apache Derby and MySQL database management systems. The chapter features an OO case study on developing a database-driven address book that demonstrates prepared statements and JDBC 4's automatic driver discovery.
- Chapter 29, *JavaServer Faces Web Applications*, and Chapter 30, *Ajax-Enabled JavaServer Faces Web Applications*, introduce JavaServer Faces (JSF) technology and use it with NetBeans 6.5 to build web applications quickly and easily. Chapter 29 includes examples on building web application GUIs, handling events, validating forms and session tracking. Chapter 30 discusses developing Ajax-enabled web applications, using JavaServer Faces technology. The chapter features a database-driven multitier web address book application that allows users to add and search for contacts. This Ajax-enabled application gives the reader a nice sense of Web 2.0 software development. The application uses Ajax-enabled JSF components to suggest contact names while the user types a name to locate.
- Chapter 31, *Web Services*, uses a tools-based approach to creating and consuming SOAP- and REST-based web services. Case studies include developing blackjack and airline reservation web services.
- We use a new tools-based approach for rapidly developing web applications; all the tools are available free for download.
- We provide 100+ Resource Centers (www.deitel.com/resourcecenters.html) to support our academic and professional readers. Their topics include Java SE 6, Java, Java Assessment and Certification, Java Design Patterns, Java EE 5, Code Search Engines and Code Sites, Game Programming, Programming Projects and many more. Sign up at www.deitel.com/newsletter/subscribe.html for the free *Deitel® Buzz Online* e-mail newsletter—each week we announce our latest Resource Center(s) and include other items of interest to our readers.
- We discuss key software engineering community concepts, such as Web 2.0, Ajax, SaaS (Software as a Service), web services, open-source software, design patterns, mashups, refactoring, agile software development, rapid prototyping and more.
- We completely reworked Chapter 26, *Multithreading* [special thanks to Brian Goetz and Joseph Bowbeer—co-authors of *Java Concurrency in Practice*, Addison-Wesley, 2006].
- We discuss the *SwingWorker* class for developing multithreaded user interfaces.
- We discuss the *GroupLayout* layout manager in the context of the GUI design tool in the NetBeans IDE.
- We present *JTable* sorting and filtering capabilities which allow the user to resort the data in a *JTable* and filter it by regular expressions.

- We discuss the `StringBuilder` class, which performs better than `StringBuffer` in non-threaded applications.
- We present annotations, which greatly reduce the amount of code you have to write to build applications.

Optional Case Study: Using the UML 2 to Develop an Object-Oriented ATM Design

UML 2 has become the preferred graphical modeling language for designing object-oriented systems. We use UML activity diagrams (in preference to flowcharts) to demonstrate the flow of control in each of Java's control statements, and we use UML class diagrams to visually represent classes and their inheritance relationships.

We include an optional (but highly recommended) case study on object-oriented design using the UML. The case study has been reviewed through many editions by a distinguished team of OOD/UML academics and industry professionals, including leaders in the field from Rational (the creators of the UML) and the Object Management Group (responsible for evolving the UML). In the case study, we design and fully implement the software for a simple automated teller machine (ATM). The optional Software Engineering Case Study in Chapters 12 and 13 presents a carefully paced introduction to object-oriented design using the UML.

We introduce a simple, concise subset of the UML 2, then guide the reader through a first design experience intended for the novice. The case study is not an exercise; rather, it's an end-to-end learning experience that concludes with a detailed walkthrough of the complete Java code. Chapters 12 and 13 help students develop an object-oriented design to complement the object-oriented programming concepts they've learned in Chapters 1 through 11.

At the end of Chapter 1, we introduce basic concepts and terminology of OOD. In Chapter 12, we consider more substantial issues, as we undertake a challenging problem with the techniques of OOD. We analyze a typical requirements document that specifies a system to be built, determine the objects needed to implement that system, determine the attributes these objects need to have, determine the behaviors these objects need to exhibit, and specify how the objects must interact with one another to meet the system requirements. In Chapter 13, we include a complete Java code implementation of the object-oriented system that we designed in Chapter 12.

This case study helps prepare students for the kinds of substantial projects they'll encounter in industry. We employ a carefully developed, incremental object-oriented design process to produce a UML 2 model for our ATM system. From this design, we produce a substantial working Java implementation using key object-oriented programming notions, including classes, objects, encapsulation, visibility, composition, inheritance and polymorphism.

Dependency Chart

The chart on the next page shows the dependencies among the chapters to help instructors plan their syllabi. *Java How to Program*, 8/e, is appropriate for a variety of programming courses at various levels, most notably CS 1 and CS 2 courses and introductory course sequences in related disciplines. The book has a clearly delineated, modular organization. Chapters 1 – 11 and 14 – 17 form an accessible elementary programming sequence with a solid introduction to object-oriented programming. Optional Chapters 12 – 13 form an accessible introduction to object-oriented design with the UML. The GUI and Graphics Track and Chapters 14, 15, 23, 24 and 25 form a substantial GUI, graphics and multimedia sequence. Chapters 18 – 22 form a nice data-structures sequence. Chapters 26 – 27 form a solid introduction to multithreading and Internet networking. Chapters 28 – 31 form a clear database-intensive web development sequence.

Syllabus Assistance

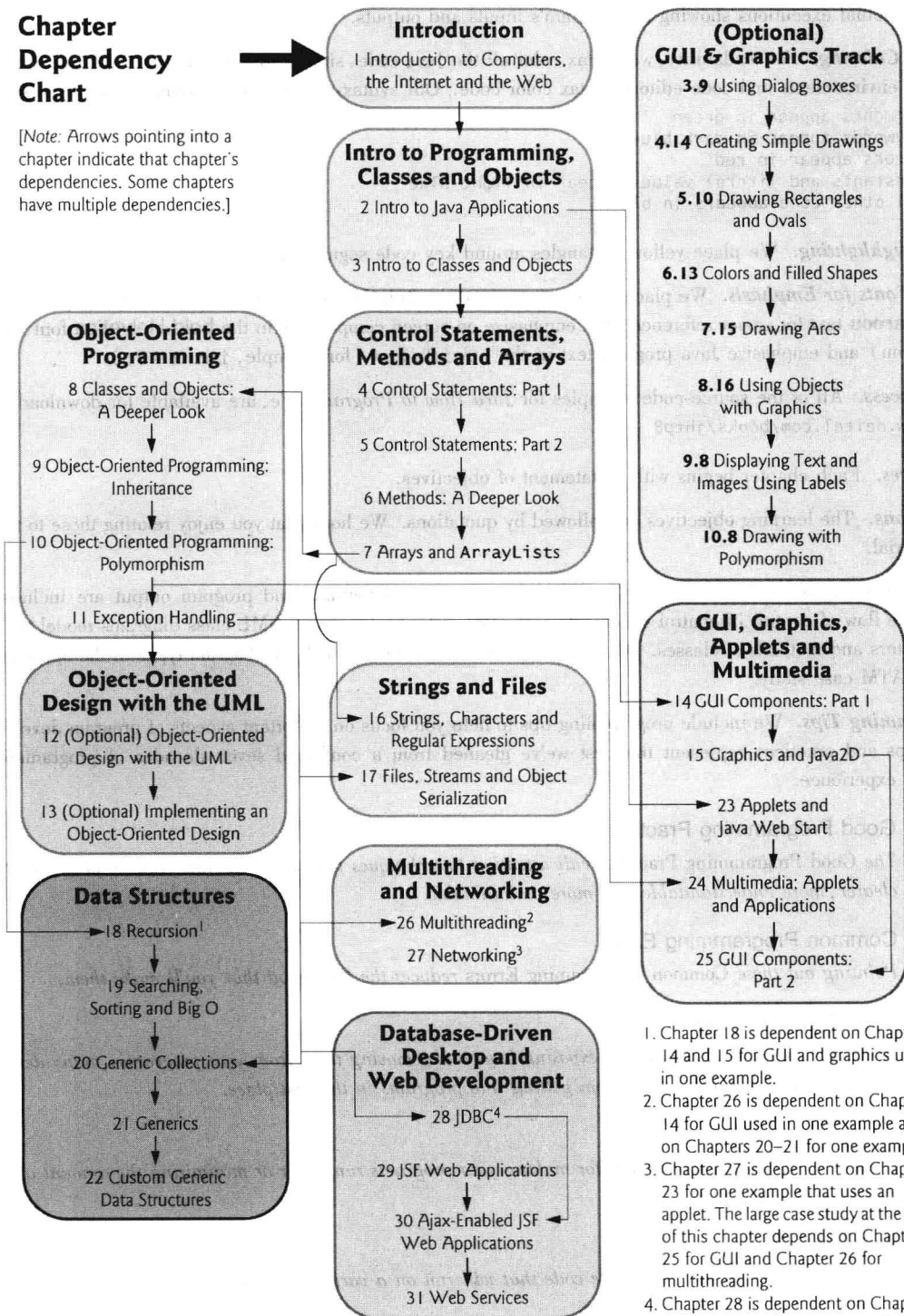
We're happy to assist instructors designing syllabi based on *Java How to Program*, 8/e. You can reach us by email (deitel@deitel.com) or phone (1 978 823-0130). We'll respond promptly.

Teaching Approach

Java How to Program, 8/e, contains a rich collection of examples. The book concentrates on the principles of good software engineering and stresses program clarity. We teach by example. We are educators who teach leading-edge programming languages and software-related topics in government, industry, military and academic classrooms worldwide.

Chapter Dependency Chart

[Note: Arrows pointing into a chapter indicate that chapter's dependencies. Some chapters have multiple dependencies.]



1. Chapter 18 is dependent on Chapters 14 and 15 for GUI and graphics used in one example.
2. Chapter 26 is dependent on Chapter 14 for GUI used in one example and on Chapters 20–21 for one example.
3. Chapter 27 is dependent on Chapter 23 for one example that uses an applet. The large case study at the end of this chapter depends on Chapter 25 for GUI and Chapter 26 for multithreading.
4. Chapter 28 is dependent on Chapter 14 for GUI used in one example.

Live-Code Approach. *Java How to Program, 8/e*, is loaded with “live-code” examples. By this we mean that each new concept is presented in the context of a complete working Java application, followed immediately by one or more actual executions showing the program’s inputs and outputs.

Syntax Coloring. For readability, we syntax color all the Java code, similar to the way most Java integrated-development environments and code editors syntax color code. Our syntax-coloring conventions are as follows:

- comments appear in green
- keywords appear in dark blue
- errors appear in red
- constants and literal values appear in light blue
- all other code appears in black

Code Highlighting. We place yellow rectangles around key code segments.

Using Fonts for Emphasis. We place the key terms and the index’s page reference for each defining occurrence in **bold maroon** text for easier reference. We emphasize on-screen components in the **bold Helvetica** font (e. g., the **File** menu) and emphasize Java program text in the **Lucida** font (for example, `int x = 5;`).

Web Access. All of the source-code examples for *Java How to Program, 8/e*, are available for download from:
www.deitel.com/books/jhttp8

Objectives. Each chapter begins with a statement of objectives.

Quotations. The learning objectives are followed by quotations. We hope that you enjoy relating these to the chapter material.

Illustrations/Figures. Abundant charts, tables, line drawings, programs and program output are included. We model the flow of control in control statements with UML activity diagrams. UML class diagrams model the fields, constructors and methods of classes. We make extensive use of six major UML diagram types in the optional OOD/UML 2 ATM case study.

Programming Tips. We include programming tips to help you focus on important aspects of program development. These tips and practices represent the best we’ve gleaned from a combined seven decades of programming and teaching experience.



Good Programming Practice

The Good Programming Practices call attention to techniques that will help you produce programs that are clearer, more understandable and more maintainable.



Common Programming Error

Pointing out these Common Programming Errors reduces the likelihood that you’ll make them.



Error-Prevention Tip

These tips contain suggestions for exposing bugs and removing them from your programs; many describe aspects of Java that prevent bugs from getting into programs in the first place.



Performance Tip

These tips highlight opportunities for making your programs run faster or minimizing the amount of memory that they occupy.



Portability Tip

The Portability Tips help you write code that will run on a variety of platforms.



Software Engineering Observation

The Software Engineering Observations highlight architectural and design issues that affect the construction of software systems, especially large-scale systems.