英語解解



ENGLISH

**第五分册** 

--棉纺麦业用-

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Lesson One

Serve The People

September 8, 1944

Our Communist Party and the Eighth Route and New Fourth
Armies led by our Party are battalions of the revolution.

1.
These battalions of ours are wholly dedicated to the liberation of the people and work entirely in the people's interests. Comrade Chang Szu-teh was in the ranks of these battalions.

The ancient Chinese writer Szuma Chien said, "Though death befalls all men alike, it may be weightier than Mount Tai or lighter than a feather." To die for the people is weightier than Mount Tai, but to work for the fascists and die for the exploiters and oppressors is lighter than a feather. Comrade Chang Szu-teh died for the people, and his death is indeed weightier than Mount Tai.

If we have shortcomings, we are not afraid to have them pointed out and criticized, because we serve the people. Anyone, no matter who, may point out our shortcomings. If he is right, we will correct them. If what he proposes will benefit the people, we will act upon it. The idea of "better troops and simpler administration" was put forward by Mr. Li Ting-ming, who is not a Communist. He made a good suggestion

3. which is of benefit to the people, and we have adopted it. If, in the interests of the people, we persist in doing what is right and correct what is wrong, our ranks will surely thrive.

We hail from all corners of the country and have joined together for a common revolutionary objective. And we need the vast majority of the people with us on the road to this objective. Today, we already lead base areas with a population of 91 million, but this is not enough; to liberate the whole nation more are needed. In times of difficulty we must not lose sight of our achievements, must see the bright future and must pluck up our courage. The Chinese people are suffering; it is our duty to save them and we must exert ourselves in struggle. Wherever there is struggle there is sacrifice, and death is a common occurrence. But we have the interests of the people and the sufferings of the great majority at heart, and when we die for the people it is a worthy death. Nevertheless, we should do our best to avoid unnecessary sacrifices. Our cadres must show concern for every soldier, and all people in the revolutionary ranks must care for each other, must love and help each other.

From now on, when anyone in our ranks who has done some useful work dies, be he soldier or cook, we should have a funeral ceremony and a memorial meeting in his honour. This should become the rule. And it should be introduced among the

people as well. When someone dies in a village, let a memorial meeting be held. In this way we express our mourning 6. for the dead and unite all the people.

### New Words and Expressions

the Eighth Route Army (3i eit@ ru:t q:mi) the New Fourth Army (30 nju: fo:0 a:mi) n. 营;(复数)大军 battalion (bottæ ljan) 献身(于)。致力(于) dedicate (to)['dedikeit] vt. ('intrist) interest n. 利益(常用复数) (rænk) rank n. 列,排,(复数)队伍 (dai) die vi. 死,死亡 (de0) n. 死,死亡 death. ('vegri) vi. 变化,不同 Vary significance (siquifikans) n. 意义\*意思 (tein (ant) 古代的 ancient a. 作家,文学家 ('raita) writer n. conj. 虽然 (Jou) though befall (bi'fo:) 发生,落到 V. 同样 [allaik] alika ad. man, men [mæn men] 人,人类(通称,前面不用冠词) n. ['weiti] 重的 weighty a. ('fæ [ist] n. 法西斯分子 fascist 剥削者 (iks'ploita) n. exploiter

oppressor	(alpresa)	n.	压迫者
feather	('feða)	n.	羽毛
indeed	(in'di:d)	ad.	确实,实在
shortcoming	('jo:tko:min)	n.	缺点 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
right	(rait)	a.	对,正确的
point out	(point aut)		指出
serve	(ss:v)	vt.	为···服务
criticize	('kritisaiz)	vt	批评,批判
anyone	('eniwan)	pro.	任何人·无论谁
no matter	(nou mæta)		不管
correct	(katrekt)	vt.	改正 a. 正确的
propose	(pra'pouz)	V -	提出・提议
benefit	(benifit)	vt. n	.有利
act	(ækt)	vi.	存,实行
act upon			
idea	('aidia)	n, .	意见,想法
troop	(tru:p)	n.	军队·部队
simple	('simpl)	a. '	简单的
administration	(adminis'treijan)	n.	行政
put, put, put	(put)	vt:	.放置
put forward			提出建议,促进
suggestion	(so'dzest fon)	n.	建议
adopt	(a'dopt)	vt.	采取
in the interest	t of		为了···的利益

1 : E

persist (in)	(pa'sist)	vi.	坚持
wrong	(ron)	a.	错的,不好的
surely	('Juoli)	ad.	一定,必定,无疑
thrive	(Graiv)	vi.	兴旺
hail	(heil)	vi.	来自
corner	('ko:no)	n.	<b>角</b> ,角落
country	('kantri)	n.	国家
join	(dzoin)	vi.	结合・连结・参加
together	(tageða)	ad.	一起,一块儿
common	('koman)	8.	共同的
objective	(ob'dsektiv)	n.	目标
need	(ni:d)	vt.	需要
vast.	(va:st)	a.	巨大的,许许多多的
majority	(məldzəriti)	n.	多数
base area	(beis 'gari)		根据地
population	(popju'lei jan)	n.	人口
nation	(ineijan)	n.	民族
in times of	(in taimz ov)		在…的时候
difficulty	('difikalti)	n.	困难,难事
lose sight of	(lu:z sait ov)		看不见
achievement	(pitji:vmant)	n.	成就,成绩
bright	(brait)	a.	N. c be 23 June 24, 33
future	('fju:tja)	n.	将来
THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE			

```
n. 勇气
       (*karid3)
courage
       (safa)
                vi. 受难,受害
suffer
    ('dju:ti)
duty
                 n. 责任·义务·任务
                 vt. 拯救·解救
save (seiv)
exert (oneself) (ig'zo:t wonself) 努力,尽力
struggle ('str/q1) vi. 斗争
wherever (wgar'eva) adv. 无论哪里
sacrifice ('sækrifais) v.n. 牺牲
occurrence (o.karans) n. 发生
suffering ('sufaring) n. 受难
have · · · at heart 心里想着,把···放在心上,想到
worthy (wo:ði) a. 值得的,可靠的
nevertheless (nevadatles) conj., adv. 尽管如此,还是…
do one's best to .... 全力。作出最大努力
avoid (aivoid) vt. 遊兒
unnecessary (An'nesisari) a. 不必要的
     ('ka:do) n. 干部
cadre
show, showed, shown (jou joud (oun) vt. 出示, 给与
concern (kan'sa:n) n. 关心
care for
      (kea fo:)
                   照应
                 从现在起,从今以后
from now on (fr m nau n)
cook (kuk) n. 炊事员
funeral ('fju:norol) a. 丧葬的
ceremony ('serimoni) n. 仪式
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memorial (mi'mo:rial) a. 追悼的
meeting ('mi:tig) n. 会议
in one's honour ('ona) 为纪念…

become, became, become (bi'kam bi'keim bi'kam) vi.

变成,成为

rule (ru:1) n. 规则,规定

introduce [introduce] vt. 引进,介绍

among [ə'mʌŋ] prep.在…之中,在…之间

as well (æ wel) 也。同样

village ('vilid3) n. 村庄

hold, held, held (hould held) vt. 举行, 握, 拿

in this way (in dis wei) 用这种方法

express (iks'pres) vt. 表达·表示

mourning ('mo:nin) n. 哀悼,悲伤

the dead (30 ded) n. 死者

unite (ju:'nait) v. 联合, 团结, 统一

## Notes 注 释

- 1. These battalions of ours (我们这个队伍)。英语中,形容词型的物主代词my, your,..our, their 等不能写在指示代词this, that, these those 等之前。必须用介词与名词的物主代词mine, yours,...ours, their 等构成介词短语,写在被修饰的名词之后(见上)。又如:"我的那个房间"应写成:that room of mine.
- 2. to have them pointed out and criticized (让别人批评指出这

- 些缺点)·这里,have +事物或人(宾格)+过去分词,指有意识的受动行为· have 是及物动词,意为:"让"、"使";them指上句中的"缺点"·又如:to have his work done 意为:"让别人把他的工作做完"。
- 3. which is of benefit to the people (对人民有好处)。 benefit 是名词,与介词 of 连用,构成介词短语,意为: "有益的"、"有帮助的"。句中,介词短语作表语,与连系动词 is,一起构成谓语。
- 4. more are needed. (还要更大些)。如写全,可写成: more base areas are needed.
- 5. be he soldier or cook (不管他是炊事员,是战士)。这句的动词是原形,并放在主语的前面,是虚拟语气中的一种,其结构等于 let he be soldier or cook. 意为:"不管……"不论……",因此, be he soldier or cook是英语中的一种表达法, a. 意为:"不管他是炊事员或是战士"。
- 6. the dead (死者) · 定冠词与形容词连用 · 表示具有这种特点的一类人 ·

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The second second where will

#### Lesson Two

# In Memory of Norman Bethune

December 21, 1939

STOREST WAR Comrade Norman Bethune, a member of the Communist Party of Canada was around fifty when he was sent by the Communist Parties of Canada and the United States to China; he made light of travelling thousands of miles to help us in our Wer of Resistance Against Japan. He arrived in Yenan in the spring of last year, went to work in the Wutai Mountains, and to our great sorrow died a martyr at his post. What kind of spirit is this that makes a foreigner selflessly adopt the cause of the Chinese people's liberation as his own? It is the spirit of internationalism, the spirit of communism, from which every Chinese Communist must learn. Leninism teaches that the world revolution can only succeed if the proletariat of the capitalist countries supports the struggle for liberation of the colonial and semi-colonial peoples and if the proleteriat of the colonies and semi-colonies supports that of the proletariat of the capitalist countries. Comrade Bethune put this Leninist line into practice. We Chinese Communists must also follow this line in our practice. We must unite with the proletariat of all the capitalist countries, with the proletariat of Japan, Britain, the United States, Germany, Italy and all other capitalist countries, for this is the only way to overthrow imperialism, to liberate our nation and people and to liberate the other nations and peoples of the world. This is our internationalism, the internationalism with which we oppose both narrow nationalism and narrow patriotism.

Comrade Bethune's spirit, his utter devotion to others without any thought of self, was shown in his great sense of responsibility in his work and his great warm-heartedness towards all comrades and the people. Every Communist must learn from him. There are not a few people who are irresponsible in their work, preferring the light and shirking the heavy, passing the burdensome tasks on to others and choosing the easy ones for themselves. At every turn they think of themselves before others. When they make some small contribution, they swell with pride and brag about it for fear that others will not know. They feel no warmth towards comrades and the people but are cold, indifferent and apathetic. In truth such people are not Communists, or at least cannot be counted as devoted Communists. No one who returned from the front failed to express admiration for Bethme whenever his name was mentioned, and none remained unmoved by his spirit. In the Shansi-Chahar-Hopei border area, no soldier or civilian was unmoved who had been treated by Dr. Bethune or had seen how he worked. Every Communist must learn this true communist spirit from Comrade Bethune.

Comrade Bethune was a doctor, the art of healing was his

profession and he was constantly perfecting his skill, which stood very high in the Eighth Route Army's medical service.

His example is an excellent lesson for those people who wish to change their work the moment they see something different and for those who despise technical work as of no consequence 6.

or as promising no future.

wrote me many letters. But I was busy, and I wrote him only one letter and do not even know if he ever received it. I am deeply grieved over his death. Now we are all commemorating him, which shows how profoundly his spirit inspires everyone. We must all learn the spirit of absolute selflessness from him. With this spirit everyone can be very useful to the people. A man's ability may be great or small, but if he has this spirit, he is already noble-minded and pure, a man of moral integrity and above vulgar interests, a man who is of value to the people.

New Words and Expressions

Canada ('kænada) n. 加拿大

around (a'raund) ad. prep. 周围, 在…周围

the United States (3a ju-inaitid 'steits) n. 美国

make light of (neik lait av) 看轻,轻视

travel ('traevl) v. n. 旅行

mile (mail)

War of Resistance Against Japan

(wo: ov ri'zistons o'geinst dao 'pæn) 抗日战争

[a'raiv] arrive

vi. 到, 来到。

(jinæn)

延安 n.

(sprin) spring

春季

sorrow ('sorou )

伤心,悲伤

to our great sorrow

使我们很悲痛

martyr ('mg:ta)

烈士

at his post (æt hiz poust)

在他的…岗位上

spirit

('spirit)

n.

foreigner

(firina)

外国人 n.

selflessly

(selflisli)

ad. 无私地

(ko:z)

原因,事业

internationalism ('into'næ(nol) a. 国际的

communism

('komju:nizm)

n。 共产主义

world

[wa:ld]

n. 世界

succeed

(sok'si:d)

成功 vi.

proletariat

(proule't&ariat) n. 元产阶级

capitalist

('kaepitlist) a.

资本主义:

support

(sa'po:t)

vt. 支持,支援

colonial

(ka'lounjal)

a. 殖民地的

semi-colonial

('semi ka'lounjal) 半殖民地的

colony

(kolani)

殖民地 n.