### 50000 WORDS

## 英汉-汉英词典

**ENGLISH-CHINESE CHINESE-ENGLISH DICTIONARY** 

第2版



高移中書館 国际有限公司

## 50000词 50000 Words

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英汉部分

### A a

- a [强 ei,弱 ə] art. ●一:一个: I have ~ bike. 我有一辆自行车。②每一(个): twice ~ month 每月两次/The postman comes twice ~ day. 邮递员每天来两次。③每个(须付): Egg costs ten yuan ~ dozen. 鸡蛋每打 10 元。
- **abacus** ['æbəkəs] n. [C算盘: on the ~用算盘:打算盘 work[use] an ~用算盘;打算盘
- abandon [ə'bændən] vt. ❶ 离弃; 抛弃; ~ one's friends 背 弃 朋 友/The parents abandoned their daughter. 父母抛弃了他们的女儿。/The parents abandoned their baby to the orphanage.父母丢下了孩子,遗弃给了孤儿院。❷停止做某事: They abandoned the search. 他们停止了搜索。
- **abash** [ə'bæʃ] vt. 使窘迫;使羞愧: She refused to ~ herself in the public. 她不愿在公共场合被贬低。/Few things can ~ him. 很少有什么事能让他脸红。
- abate [ə'beɪt] vi. & vt. ●减轻;减少;减退: ~ a tax 减税/~ sb. 's pain 减轻某人的痛苦 ②消除:~ a nuisance 排除令人讨厌的东西 ■abatement n. 减少;减轻;减退
- **abbey** ['æbɪ] *n*. **□ ● 修**道院 **②**(是或曾经是 **修**道院一部分的)教堂
- abbreviate [ə'bri:vɪeɪt] vt. 缩写;简写: The sentence "Please turn over" is abbreviated to "PTO" in many books. 在很多书上, "Please turn over"这个句子被缩写成"PTO"。
- abbreviation [ə,bri:vt'etʃən] n. 区U一个 词或称号的缩写: "Dr" is the ~ for "doctor". "Dr"是"doctor"的缩写。
- **ABC** [retbi:'si:] n. ●字母表 ② (一门学科的)基本知识;入门: classes in the ~ of Chinese learning 中文人门课程
- **abduct** [æb'dʌkt] vt. 劫持;诱拐 || abductor n. 劫持者;诱拐者 abduction n. 劫持;诱拐
- abide [ə'baɪd] vi. & vt. (abode or abided) ❶ 忠于;遵守;坚持(by); ~ by a promise 遵守诺言/These tennis players must ~ by the umpire's decision. 这些网球运动员必须遵从裁判的决定。❷(尤用于否定句及疑问句) 忍

- 耐;忍受: How could you ~ such working environment? 你怎么能忍受这样的工作环境?
- **ability** [ə'bɪlətɪ] n. 它能力;本领: We never doubted your ~. 我们从未怀疑你的能力。❷回才能: 技能: a man of many abilities 有多方面才能的人
- **abject** ['æbdʒekt] *adj*. ●(指境遇)凄惨的; 绝望的❷(指人、动作或行为)卑鄙的;无耻的; 下贱的; an ~ coward 可鄙的胆小鬼/an ~ apology 低声下气的道歉/make an ~ apology 告饶
- **ablaze** [ə'bleɪz] *adj*. 着火;发光; The forest was quickly ~. 森林马上着火了。
- **able** [lerbl] *adj*. 有做某事所需要的技巧或知识等;有能力的;能干的: He is an ~ officer. 他是一个有才能的官员。 || be ~ to do sth. 能够做某事
- **abnormal** [æb'nɔ:məl] *adj*. 不正常的; 反常的; 变态的; These children act in ~ behavior. 这些孩子们行为反常。
- aboard [ə'bɔ:d] prep. & adv. 在船(飞机、火车)上;上船(飞机、火车): Your friends have already been ~ the train. 你的朋友们已经上火车了。/The air stewardess let all passengers go ~. 空中小姐让所有乘客上飞机。
- abolish [ə'bolɪʃ] vt. 废除;取消:The government abolished the slavery. 政府废除了奴隶制。
- **abolition** [ˌæbəˈlɪʃən] n. 回废除,废止; the ~ of control 统治的废止/the ~ of slavery 奴 隶制度的废除
- **abominate** [ə'bomɪneɪt] vt. 憎恶;厌恶;不喜欢:I ~ rude people. 我讨厌粗鲁的人。
- **abort** [ə'bɔ:t] *vt.* & *vi*. ①流产; 堕胎: ~ an expectant mother 为孕妇做人工流产②中止; 夭折: ~ a plan 中止一项计划/~ a military action 中止一次军事行动 ∥ aborted *adj*. 未发育的;退化的
- abound [ə¹baund] vi. 大量存在;富于: The forest abounds in mushrooms. 森林里有 许多蘑菇。/This city abounds with temples



everywhere. 这个城市到处都有寺庙。 ②充满;繁衍:Many different kinds of plants ~ in the rain forest. 许多不同种类的植物在热带雨林中繁衍。

about [əˈbaʊt] adv. ● 大约;差不多: The plane will take off in ~ five minutes. 飞机大 约五分钟后起飞。❷几乎一样;接近:These books are ~ the same weight as the mountain. 这些书几乎和山一样重。 3 到处;各处: The orangutans were climbing ~ on the trees. 猩猩在树上乱爬。 @在附近某处;不 远:The guard is patrolling somewhere ~. 卫 兵就在附近巡逻着。- prep. ● 在…各处: They spent a whole day talking ~ the novel. 他们用一整天谈论那部小说。❷到处;四处: books and clothes lying ~ the room 散乱放置 于室内的书和衣服 3 靠近: I saw my dog somewhere ~ here. 我在这一带见过自己的 狗。 4 关于: This is a song ~ peace. 这是一 首关于和平的歌。 6 (时间) 近于: You can leave at ~ six, just after the class is over. 你 六点左右可以离开,就在课程结束之后。 | ~ to 即将;正要

above [ə'bʌv] adv.在上面;往上:My father is working in his study ~.我父亲正在楼上的书房里工作。- prep. ● 在…上面: Please raise your feet ~ your head.请将双脚举过头顶。② (重量、价格等)大于;超过:The shop priced the goods ~ the right levels of the market.这家店的商品定价超过了市场标准价格。 || ~ all 首先;尤其

abrade [ə'breɪd] vt.擦;磨;擦伤;磨掉

abreast [ə'brest] adv. 并排;并列; three people ~三人并排地 /Three cars parked ~. 三辆车排成一行停放。/The planes were flying three ~. 飞机排成三架一行行进。 || be [keep] ~ of 了解…的最新状况;与…并进

abroad [ə'brɔːd] adv. ①出国;在国外:be ~ 在国外/at home and ~国内外/go ~出国/Lots of Chinese are going ~in recent years. 近年来,许多中国人出国。❷遍布;到处:There is a rumor ~ that the bank is going to bankrupt.谣言盛传银行要倒闭了。

**abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] *adj*. 突然的;出其不意的: The stock prices came to an ~ drop. 股价突然下跌了。

**absence** ['æbsəns] n. 回缺席;不在场: Can you keep silence in my ~? 我不在时你们能保持安静吗? /His ~ from work was because of the traffic jam. 他没来上班是因为交通阻塞。

**absent** ['æbsənt] *adj*. ●不在的;缺席的: She is ~from school again. 她又没来上学。 ②不注意的;漫不经心的;心不在焉的: He left with an ~ expression on his face. 他一脸漫不经心的样子离开了。

**absolute** ['æbsəlu:t] *adj*. 完全的;绝对的: ~ zero 绝对零度/The general has ~ authority over the army. 将军对此军队有绝对的权威。/My friend told me the ~ truth. 我朋友告诉我确定无疑的事实。 || absolutely *adv*. 完全地;绝对地

**absorb** [əb'sɔ:b] vt. ●吸收液体(热力、光线、知识等): Water absorbs heat during the day. 水在白天吸热。❷使全神贯注;使专心;吸引…的注意力或兴趣; be absorbed in sth. /doing sth. 全神贯注于某事/The boy was absorbed in the football game. 这男孩全神贯注于那场球赛。

**abstain** [əb'steɪn] *vi*. ①戒除;戒(掉):Drivers usually ~from drinking. 驾驶员通常不喝酒。 ②弃权 ‖ **abstainer** *n*.戒(除)…的人(尤指不喝酒的人);不投票的人

abstract ['æbstrækt] adj. 抽象的; 非具体的; 非实在的: ~ noun 抽象名词/I can't understand ~ painting. 我无法理解抽象画。- n. © 回(文章, 书籍, 演说等的) 摘要; 概要; an ~ of article —篇文章的摘要/I handed in the ~ of the book to the teacher. 我向老师递交了这本书的摘要。- vt. [æb'strækt] ❶提取; 抽取; ~ salt from seawater 从海水中提取盐 ❷摘录···的要点

**abstruse** [əb¹stru:s] *adj*. 深奥的; 难解的; a very ~ idea 一种很深奥的思想/~ view 复杂的看法 ∥ abstrusely *adv*. 难解地; 深奥地 abstruseness *n*. 深奥

absurd [əb'sə:d] adj. 愚蠢的; 可笑的: It is of you to make this mistake. 你犯这个错误 真荒唐。 || absurdly adv. 愚蠢地;可笑地

abundance [ə¹bʌndəns] n. 回大量; 充足: There was an ~of rice this year. 今年稻子丰 收。/Abundance of foods are on the table. 饭 桌上有很多食物。∥in ~充足;丰富

**abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] *adj*. 大量的; 充足的; ~ harvest 丰收/~ proof 充分的证据/Africa is ~ in diamonds. 非洲盛产钻石。/The country is ~with oil and gas. 这个国家的石油和天然气资源丰富。 || abundantly *adv*. 大量地; 充足地

**abuse** [ə'bju:z] vt. 叫嚷; 辱骂: The father abused his son who failed his exam by carelessness. 父亲大骂他的儿子因疏忽大意而未能通过考试。-n. [ə'bju:s] 回辱骂: The boss

- shouted ~ at him because of being late for work. 老板辱骂他,因为他上班迟到。
- abyss [ə'bɪs] n. 叵渊; an ~ of disgrace 耻辱的深渊;莫大的耻辱/an ~ of despair 绝望的深渊
- academic [ˌækə'demɪk] adj. 院校的;学术的;教学的: ~subjects 学校里的科目/an ~degree 学位/the ~ year 学年/~ discussion 学术讨论/Students don't have to pay the tuition fee of the whole ~ year if they come from poor regions.来自贫困地区的学生不需要交全学年的学费。
- academy [ə'kædəmɪ] n. ⓒ❶ 专科学校:a music ~音乐学校/a literary ~文学院/This is a medical ~. 这是一所医疗专科学院。❷ 学会:研究院: I visited the Graduate University of Chinese Academy of Sciences last year. 我去年访问了中国科学院研究生院。
- accelerate [æk'selərent] vt. & vi. 加速;催促;促进: The policies will ~ the growth of the economy. 这些政策将促进经济增长。/ The train suddenly accelerated. 火车突然加速。
- **accent** ['æksənt] *n*. [c] 腔调; 口音: This woman has a strong Scottish ~. 这个女人有很重的苏格兰口音。
- accept [ək'sept] vt. ①接受;领受:~ a gift 接受礼物②同意;接受:Do you ~ the cash? 你收现金吗?
- acceptable [ək'septəbl] adj. ●可接受的;值得接受的;socially ~ behavior 社会上所能接受的行为/The living standards are ~ to them.这个生活水准他们可以接受。②可容忍的;~ profit margin 可容许的利润幅度
- **access** ['ækses] n. 凹通路; 人口: There is no ~ to the garden. 没有路可通向花园。
- **accessible** [ək'sesəbl] *adj*. 容易达到的; 容易获得的:The department store is easily ~ by bus. 坐公交车到那百货公司挺方便。
- accessory [ək'sesərɪ] n. C❶ 附件;配件: auto accessories 汽车配件/This is a naval vessel ~. 这是海军军舰的附件。❷ 同谋;帮凶;包庇犯:He was an ~to the riot. 他是那起暴动的从犯。
- accident ['æksɪdənt] n. [C事故;意外的事: a traffic ~ 交 通 事 故/The number of air accidents increases every year.空中交通事故逐年增长。 || by ~ 偶然
- accidental [ æksɪ dentəl ] adj. 偶然的; 非 计划的: an ~ meeting 一次偶然的会见 || ac-

- cidentally adv. 偶尔地,非计划地
- acclaim [ə'kleɪm] vt. ●向…欢呼;向…喝彩: ~ the winners of Olympic Games 向奥运比赛的获胜者喝彩/They acclaimed the visitors. 他们以欢呼迎接访问者。❷称赞…: It was acclaimed as a great work. 那被赞誉为伟大的工程。❸欢呼或拥戴(某人)为…: They acclaimed her their leader. 他们拥戴她为首领。-n. 回热烈欢迎或赞同;称赞: win critical ~赢得批评家的称赞/The hero was welcomed with great ~. 英雄受到十分热烈的欢迎。
- accommodate [ə'komədert] vt. ① 容纳;接纳: The single hotel room accommodates one people. 宾馆单间可住一个人。②提供;供给;供应: The company accommodates the homestay for international employees. 公司为国际雇员提供家庭住宿。
- **accommodation** [ə<sub>1</sub>komə'detʃən] n. 回住宿;招待设备: The accommodations in her house are quite comfortable.她家房子的住宿条件很舒适。
- accompany [ə'kʌmpənɪ] vt. ①伴随;陪同:I will ~you to the hospital. 我将陪你到医院去。②同时发生;伴着:Strong winds accompanied the snow. 风雪交加。/The letter is accompanied by a detailed bill.来信附有一份详细的账单。③伴奏:Her friend accompanied her on the flute. 她朋友用长笛替她伴奏。
- accomplice [ə'kʌmplɪs] n. 叵从犯;帮凶; 同谋: an ~ in a crime —项罪行的共犯/the ~ of the burglar 那窃贼的共犯/A was an ~ of B in the kidnap of C. 在绑架丙的一案中甲是乙的同谋。
- accomplish [ə'kʌmplɪʃ] vt. 做完;完成;实行:She is so disappointed about her son never accomplishing anything. 她对她儿子很失望,他从未完成过任何事。/The guards accomplished the mission within the limited period of time. 卫士们在有限的时间里完成了这项任务。
- **accord** [ə'kɔːd] vi. 使一致;相符合;Your actions should ~ with your words. 你的行为应该与你的话相符。- vt. 给予;允许;The people of this country accorded the foreign students a very warm welcome. 这个国家的人民给予外国留学生非常热烈的欢迎。- n. 区正式协议,条约
- accordance [əˈkɔːdəns] n. 回一致;符合 || in ~ with 依照;根据





according [əˈkɔːdɪŋ] prep. 据…所说;根据:
According to the rules, you cannot smoke in
this room. 根据规定,你不能在这间屋子里抽
烟。 || ~ as 依照;根据 || accordingly adv. 因
此;所以;相应地

accordion [əˈkɔːdɪən] n. 区手风琴

account [ə'kaunt] n. ●账目;账单;出纳账 ② □户头;账户:open[close] an ~ (with) 开立 (结束) 账户/Please show your ID card when you open a new ~. 当你新开一个账户时请出示你的身份证。③ □叙述:描写;报导:by one's own ~根据某人自己所讲/The victim gave an ~ of the explosion to the police.受害者向警察描述了爆炸的经过。∥ on ~ of 因为;由于/on no ~ [not on any ~]绝不;切莫;无论如何不要/take sth.into ~ 考虑到;把…考虑在内 - vi.说明(原因);是…的原因:That accounts for the delay of the flight.那就是班机晚点的原因。

**accountant** [ə'kaontənt] n. 区会计人员; 会计师: chartered accountants 注册会计师/ Linda wishes to become an experienced ~. 琳 达想要成为一名老练的会计师。

accumulate [ə'kju:mjolert] vt. & vi. 积累; 堆积: ~ funds 积累资金/He accumulated enough experience in order to start a new career. 他积累了足够的经验,以便开始一项新 事业。

accuracy ['ækjurəsɪ] n. 回精确(性);准确(性);check ~核对准确性/with ~准确地;正确地/Papers will be marked for creativeness as well as for ~. 论文要有创造性并且准确。/It was hard to state with ~ the number of stars.要正确说出星星数量是很难的。

**accurate** ['ækjorət] *adj*. 正确的;无误的;精确的;Is your data ~? 你的数据准吗? || accurately *adv*. 正确地;精确地

accuse [ə'kjuːz] vt. 指责: ~ sb. of theft [stealing the bike] 控告某人盗窃〔偷自行车〕 || accusation n. 控告;指责

accustom [ə'kʌstəm] vt. 使(自己等)习惯于某事物:1 must learn to ~ myself to simple life. 我必须学会习惯于简朴的生活。/Can you ~ yourself to hot weather? 你能习惯于热天气吗?

accustomed [ə'kʌstəmd] adj. 习惯;适应; Chinese people are ~to drinking tea. 中国人 习惯于喝茶。 || be ~ to 习惯于

ache [eɪk] vi. ●疼痛: My head ached every night. 我的头每晚都痛。 ②想念;渴望: People in this neighbourhood ached to the security.

这一带的人民渴望安全。·n. ©连续的疼痛; tooth~牙疼/ head~头疼/stomach~胃疼;肚 子疼

achieve [ə'tʃiːv] vt. 达到(目的); 取得(胜利);完成: You must work hard in order to ~ your goal. 你必须努力工作,达到自己的目标。

**achievement** [ə'tʃiːvmənt] n. 区成功: China's achievements in its reform are very remarkable. 中国在改革上的成功是非常显著 的。

acid ['æsɪd] adj. 酸的;酸味的:The ~ rain is poisonous to all the living things. 酸雨对所有生物都是有毒的。

acknowledge [ək'nɒlidʒ] vt. ●告知收到: ~ the receipt of a bill 回信说明收到账单 ❷ 承认: ~ defeat 承认失败/~ one's mistake 认 错/He acknowledged the fact that he assassinated the president. 他承认他刺杀了总统。 ❸表示感谢:鸣谢: I really should ~ your accommodations. 我真的应该对你的接待表示感 谢

**acoustic** [ə'ku:stɪk] *adj*. **①**声音的;听觉的 **②**传音效果的;声学的(指乐器)原声的(不是电的)

acquaint [ə'kweint] vt. ●使知道:使说明:使熟悉:~ oneself with one's new duties 使自己明白自己的新职责/~ sb. with the facts 使某人熟悉事实②认识:熟悉: We are acquainted with each other, because we have been studying together for two months. 我们互相认识,因为我们已经在一起学习两个月了。/Employees must be acquainted with the rules of company.雇员必须熟悉公司的规章制度。

acquaintance [ə'kweintəns] n. ● ©相识;初交:a mere ~, not a friend 只是相识. 不是朋友 ② 回熟悉;了解;结识: We are just nodding ~ and sometimes go out together. 我们只是点头之交,有时一起外出。

acquire [ə'kwaɪə] vt. 获得;得到; ~ experience through practice 通过实践获得经验/Lots of people ~ a good knowledge of first aid. 很多人很好地掌握了急救这门知识。 \*

acquisition [,ækwɪ'zɪʃən] n. ①回获得;得到;make an ~获得/The students progressed in the ~of computer skills. 学生们在掌握电脑技术方面取得了进步。② ©获得者;获得物:recent acquisitions to the library 图书馆新购的图书/valuable ~宝贵的人才/He invited us to look at his most valuable acquisitions. 他请我们去看看他最值钱的收藏品。

- acre ['eɪkə] n. C 负英亩: The park covers over 50 acres in extent. 公园的面积超过 50 英 亩。/We own 200 acres of forest. 我们拥有 200 英亩的森林。 2 土地: broad acres 广大 的土地/wooded ~林地/cultivated ~耕地
- acrid ['ækrɪd] adj. 辛辣的;刺鼻的:~ fumes[smoke] 呛人的气味 [烟雾]/the ~ smell of burning plastic 火烧塑料的难闻气味
- acrimonious [ækrɪˈməʊnɪəs] adi.(尤指争 吵)尖酸刻薄的:an ~ quarrel 激烈的争吵
- acrimony ['ækrɪmənɪ] n. U 尖刻;刻薄; They divorced without ~. 他们离婚时没有相 互反唇相讥。
- acrobat ['ækrəbæt] n. C杂技演员
- acrobatic 「ækrəu bætik adi. 杂技的
- across [əˈkrɒs] adv. 横越: 穿过: The boy ran ~ the street. 那男孩跑着横穿马路。prep. ●穿过: walk ~ the street 穿过街道 ② 在另一边:在对面: Can you jump ~ the fence? 你能跃过这篱笆吗?
- act [ækt] n. 同 f 行为; 举动: an ~ of kindness 善良的行为② (通常大写)法令;条令: Gun Control Act 枪支管制法 (戏剧) 幕: Act I Scene Ⅲ 第一幕第三场 ‖ in the ~ of 正在 做…时 - vt. & vi. ①行动;做: You must ~ at once. 你必须立即行动。❷扮演;表演: Mary acted in a famous film. 玛丽在一部有名的电 影中饰演一个角色。❸起作用: The drug won't ~. 这药失效了。 | ~ as 充当;担任
- acting ['æktɪŋ] n. U表演;演出;演技: David used to do a lot of acting in America. 大卫在 美国的时候经常参加很多演出。- adj. 代理 的:the ~ President 代总统
- action [ˈækʃən] n. ❶贝行动;活动:a man of ~实践家;活动家/It's time for watching the ~ of the Olympic Games. 到了观看奥运 会比赛情况的时间了。 ② C 行为; 举动: The students were saved by his quick ~. 由于他行 动迅速,学生们获救了。❸回活动 ‖in 〔into〕 ~ 在活动;实行;在运转/take ~ 开始工作;采 取行动/out of ~ 不运转;坏了
- active [ˈæktɪv] adj. ●能做事的;行动快的; 活跃积极的: an ~ child 活跃好动的孩子/an ~ volcano 活火山/He is ~ in study. 他学习 积极。 2 (语法) 主动的: the ~ voice 主动语 态
- actively [ˈæktɪvlɪ] adv. 积极地;主动地: During this period all the staff were ~working. 在此期间,员工都积极地工作。
- activist ['æktɪvɪst] n. 区(政治活动的)积极

- 分子;活动家:a party ~ 政党积极分子
- activity [æk'tɪvətɪ] n. ❶U能动性;活跃; 敏捷:an athlete's ~运动员的敏捷② C(特别 是基于兴趣和教育性之)活动:social activities 社会活动/The girl is very interested in joining recreational activities. 这女孩对参加娱乐 活动非常感兴趣。
- actor ['æktə] n. C演员(尤指男演员):a famous ~著名的演员/He was a famous ~. 他 是个著名的演员。
- acumen ['ækjumən] n. U 敏锐; 聪明: critical ~锐利的批评眼光/business ~ 经商的才 能
- actress ['æktrɪs] n. 区女演员: My sister is a promising ~. 我姐姐是一名很有前途的女 演员。
- actual [ˈæktʃʊəl] adj. 真的; 真实的; 实际的; The ~ expenses for travel and accommodation were much higher than we planned. 我们 在旅游和住宿上的实际消费比我们计划的要 高得多。 actually adv. 实际上;真正地
- acute [əˈkjuːt] adj. (acuter, acutest) ① 极大 的;严重的;~ shortage 严重短缺/There's an ~ shortageof food. 那里严重缺少食物。2 敏锐的;深刻的;剧烈的: He is an ~ detective. 他是个敏锐的侦探。/His disgust of reporters was particularly ~ on this news. 他在 这则新闻上对记者的讨厌特别厉害。 3 急性 的: He spent three weeks in the hospital with ~ hepatitis. 他患急性肝炎,在医院住了三个 星期。/They think this sufferer's illness is ~ rather than chronic. 他们认为这名患者的病 是急性的,不是慢性的。
- AD abbr. = anno Domini 公元
- ad [æd] n. C广告: You can put an  $\sim$  on the local paper to help you find a suitable job. 你可以在 本地报纸上登广告来帮助你找合适的工作。
- adapt [əˈdæpt] vt. 使适应; 改编; 改写: ~ one's thinking to the new situation 使自己的 思想适应新形势
- add [æd] vt. & vi. ①加;加上: You should ~ these figures up to get the final result. 你应该 把这些数字加在一起来得到最终结果。❷增 添;增加:You cannot ~ any more stories to this report. 在这份报告中,你不能再增加更 多的故事了。 3 补充说; 又说: "And don't forget the letter, "he added. "别忘了信,"他又 说。 | ~ up to 加起来;合计
- added ['ædɪd] adj. 额外的,附加的
- addict ['ædɪkt] n. C● 有…瘾的人: a drug





~吸毒成瘾者 ② 入迷的人; an opera ~ 歌剧 迷 /He is not an opera ~. 他不是个歌剧爱好者。- vt. 使 沉迷; 使 成瘾: Racing addicted him. 赛马使他上瘾。

addicted [əˈdɪktɪd] adj. 有瘾的;上瘾的 || be ~ to 沉迷于

**addiction** [ə'dɪk∫ən] n. C吸毒成瘾;沉溺; 癖好

addition [ə'dɪʃən] n. ●回加法;增加: The baby is good at simple ~. 这小孩擅长简单的加法。❷回附加物;增加部分: I have just had an ~to the thesis. 我在论文上又增添了一部分内容。∥in ~ to 除…外

additional [əˈdɪʃənəl] adj.外加的;附加的; 另外的;an ~ tax 附加税

address [ə'dres] n. 区❶住址;通信处:Tell me your new ~. 告诉我你的新地址。❷演说;谈话;致词:deliver an opening[a closing] ~致开[闭]幕词 - vt. ❶在信封或包裹上写姓名和地址:They ~the parcels clearly before mailing them. 在寄包裹之前,他们在包裹上写清楚地址。❷ 向…讲话或发表演说;写信给:The headmaster will now ~the meeting. 现在由校长向大会发表演说。

adept [ 'ædept] adj. 精于…的;擅长 于…的;She is ~ in sculpture. 她擅长雕刻。/He is ~ at delivering speeches. 他精于发表演讲。-n. 区内行;能手

adequate ['ædɪkwɪt] adj. ● 充分的; 足够的: We need ~ food to feed all the guests. 我们需要足够的食物来供所有客人吃饭。/The wage is not ~ to the rent. 工资不够交租金。 ②可以胜任的: Your study is ~, but not as good as I expect. 你学习成绩不错,但不像我期望的那么好。

adhere [əd'hɪə] vi. ● 粘附;附着: The glue does not ~ to the brick wall. 这种胶无法粘附在砖墙上。/The two wires adhered, and it's dangerous to get them apart. 这两根电线粘着,要将它们分开太危险。②遵守;追随: They adhered strictly to the law. 他们严格遵守法律。❸坚持;支持: He resolutely adhered to what he had learned from his father. 他坚持他从父亲那儿学来的东西。 | ~ to 遵守;依附;坚持

adjacent [ə'dʒeɪsənt] adj. 邻近的:毗邻的: a park ~ to the castle 与城堡邻接的公园/ The park is ~ to the ocean.那所公园与大海 毗邻。

adjective ['ædʒɪktɪv] n. CD形容词: an ~ phrase 形容词短语/In the sentence "She is a

brilliant scientist", the word "brilliant" is an ~. 在句子"她是出色的科学家"中,"出色的"是形容词。

adjust [ə'dʒʌst] vt. 调节;调整;校准;使合适: ~ one's watch 对表/~ oneself to new conditions 使自己适应新环境/You have to ~ yourself to the noisy working environment. 你不得不使自己适应嘈杂的工作环境。

administer [əd'mɪnɪstə] vt. ●管理;支配: ~ a large corporation 管理一个大公司/The Foreign Ministry administers foreign affairs. 外交部管理外交事务。/Children had the right to ~ their own personal affairs. 孩子们有权料理自己的事务。②给予: The boy administered some money to his friend. 男孩给了他的朋友一些钱。③执行;实施: The police ~ the law. 警察执行法规。 ‖ ~ to 给予; 有助于/~ upon 管理

administration [ədˌmɪnɪs'treɪ∫ən] n. ❶ 回管理;经营;Jack works in the ~. 杰克从事管理工作。❷ 回行政;施政;政府的行政部门;政府;内阁;行政院:The university ~ office deals with the applications from all kinds of middle schools. 大学行政部门每年要处理来自各个中学的申请表。

**admiral** ['ædmərəl] n. C舰队司令;海军高级将领

admiration [ˌædməˈretʃən] n. □赞美; 羡慕;钦佩: Our manager's ability of communicating with others filled me with ~. 我们经理与人沟通的能力使我钦佩。

admire [əd'maɪə] vt. ①赞美;赞赏;All the foreigners admired the culture of our country. 所有外国人都赞美我国的文化。❷钦佩;羡慕;I~ her for her ability of handling this difficulty. 我很钦佩她处理这一困难的能力。

admission [əd'mɪʃən] n. 回 ① 允许进入某地或组织: ~ by ticket 凭票人场/~ free 免费人场/apply for ~ to the Party 申请人党/She was really pleased to be offered ~ to the famous company in the city. 她非常高兴被本市有名的公司录取。 ②人场费;门票;会费;The ~ fee is risen to \$ 10. 会费涨到 10 美元了。 ③ 承认;供认:The club refused ~ to those under 18. 俱乐部禁止 18 岁以下的人进入。

admit [əd¹mɪt] vt. (admitted; admitting) ❶ 请…进人;接纳;招收:~ sb. into the Communist Youth League 接受某人人共青团❷承认: I ~that it is my responsibility. 我承认这是我的责任。❸可容纳:Our classroom admits 50 people. 我们的教室可容纳 50 人。- vi. ❶容

许;有…的余地: This matter admits of considering. 这件事还得考虑。 ● 开向;通往: This passage admits to the castle. 这条小路通向城保

admonish [əd'monɪʃ] vt. 劝告;训诫: ~ sb. for sth. 因某事而责备某人/The coach admonished the trainers. 教练训诫训练人员。 || admonishment n. 劝告;告诫

adopt [ə'dopt] vt. ① 收养: As they saw the child who was homeless, they adopted him. 由于看到那孩子无家可归,他们收养了他。②采纳:采用: Farmers adopted new method of planting. 农民采用了新的种植方法。③表决通过:正式通过: The motion to reduce taxes was adopted. 关于减税的提议被正式通过了。‖ adoption n. 采纳;采用;收养

**adorable** [ə'dɔ:rəbl] *adj*. 可爱的;迷人的:an ~ girl 一个讨人喜欢的女孩

adore [ə'dɔ:] vt. ● 爰慕; 敬慕: The girl adores her father very much. 女孩非常敬仰她的父亲。❷(对上帝等)崇拜 ‖ adoration n. 爰慕:敬慕

adorn [ə'dɔ:n] vt. 装饰;佩戴: ~ oneself with jewels 佩戴宝石/ She adorned herself with fresh flowers. 她用鲜花装扮了自己。/ My bedroom is adorned with beautiful window curtain. 我的卧室用漂亮的窗帘来装饰。 || adornment n. 装饰;装饰品

adrift [ə'drɪft] adj. & adv. 漂泊的[地];漂流的[地]: They are often ~ from one place to another. 他们经常从一个地方漂泊到另一个地方。 || be all ~ 不知所措; 茫然若 失/get [go] ~ 随波逐流/turn sb. ~逐出某人

advancement [əd'vɑ:nsmənt] n. 回进步; 改进:the ~ of science 科学的进步/ ~ in life [one's career]发迹;成功;发达

adult ['ædʌlt] n. 回成年人;成虫:This programme is for adults only. 这个节目只供成年人看。 || ~ ticket 成人票;大人票 || adulthood n.成年

advance [əd'vɑ:ns] vt.推进;促进;前进:~
two miles 前 进 两 英 里/His innovation
advanced the development of communication
technology. 他的革新促进了通讯技术的发展。
- vi. 发展;进展: The cause of world peace has
advanced during this century. 世界和平事业
在本世纪有所进步。- n. 区前进;进展; a new
~ in medical science 医学上的新进展 || in ~
在前面;预先

**advanced** [əd'vɑːnst] *adj*. ●超过别人的; 先进的: ~ experience 先进经验/~ ideas 进 步思想/We should learn from other nations' ~ experience and ideas. 我们应该学习别国的先进经验和进步思想。 ❷高等的;高级的: ~ course 高级课程/an ~ dictionary 一部高级词典

advantage [əd'vɑ:ntɪdʒ] n. 回回有利条件; 优点 || take ~ of 利用;趁机/have[gain,win] an ~ over 胜过;优于;占优势

advent ['ædvənt] n. 出现;到来:the ~ of a new century 新世纪的到来/the ~ of space time 太空时代的到来/Since the ~ of computer, there have been great changes in everyone's life. 自从电脑问世以来,人们的生活起了很大变化。

adventure [əd'ventʃə] n. ● ©冒险;惊险活动; an ~ story 惊险故事/He will never forget the adventures they had in the forest. 他永远不会忘记他们在森林里的冒险经历。 ❷ 回涉及冒险的刺激: fond of ~喜欢冒险/the spirit of ~冒险精神

adventurous [əd'ventʃərəs] adj. ●喜欢冒险的;敢冒险的:an ~ man 敢冒险的人/My father is an ~ man. 我的父亲是一个敢冒险的人。❷充满冒险的;惊险的:an ~ voyage 惊险的航行/I can never forget our ~ journey in the rain forest. 我永远不会忘记我们在热带雨林中的惊险旅行。

adverb ['ædvɜːb] n. [ 回 词: The word "heavily" in the sentence "It rains heavily" is an ~.在"雨下得很大"这个句子中,"很大"是副词。

adversary ['ædvəsəri] n. 区对手;敌手:an ~ in the presidential election总统竞选的对手

advertise [ˈædvətaɪz] vt. & vi. 做广告: ~ one's goods 为其货物做广告/~ in all the newspapers 在所有报纸中登广告/The factory advertised its goods in all the newspapers. 这家工厂在所有的报纸上为它的产品登广告。

advertisement [əd'vɜ;tɪsmənt] n. 区广告: There are many advertisements between TV programmes. 在电视节目中插了许多广告。

advice [əd'vaɪs] n. U 劝告; 忠告; 建议: a piece of ~一项建议[劝告]/take sb.'s ~接受某人的劝告/Can you give me some advice about writing a good news? 你能给我一些写一篇好的新闻稿的建议吗?

advise [əd'vaiz] vt. 忠告; 劝告: I advised you to have a rest. 我劝你休息一下。

**adviser**,〈美〉**advisor** [ədˈvaɪzə] n. 叵顾问; 劝告者: an ~ in(on)…方面的顾问





advocate ['ædvəkert] vt. 提倡; 主张: Many people ~ building more schools. 许多人主张增设学校。/They advocated a cutting in tax. 他们主张减税。- ['ædvəkət] n. □ ① 提倡者; 拥护者: He is an ~ of reducing the gap between the poor and the rich. 他是一个提倡缩小贫富差距的人。② 辩护律师; 辩护人: He is the best ~ in town. 他是城里最好的律师。∥advocator n. 提倡者; 拥护者

**aerial** ['eərɪəl] *adj*. ● 空气的;空中的; an ~ current 气流/There is an ~ photograph of this city.这是一张在空中拍摄的这座城市的照片。② 存在或悬浮于空中的;架空的; an ~ ropeway 空中索道/Is there any ~ liner between Tibet and Japan? 西藏和日本之间有定期航班吗? - n. 区天线: He climbed up to the roof to change the old ~. 他爬上屋顶去换旧天线。

aerobics [eə'rəubiks] n. U有氧健身操

aeroplane ['eərəpleɪn] n. 回飞机: An ~ was hijacked yesterday. 昨天有一架飞机被劫持了。

**aerospace** ['eərəuspeɪs] n. 回航空和宇宙 航行空间: ~ research 航空航天之研究/the ~ industry 航天工业 /We should pay more attention to the ~ industry. 我们应该对航天工业加以关注。

aesthetic [i:s'θetɪk] adj. ① 有关美的:美学的: ~ theories 美学理论/From an ~ point of view the castle is a nice design. 从美学观点来说,这座城堡设计得很棒。② 审美的: ~ criteria 审美标准/Her ~ standards are quite different from others. 她的审美标准与其他人的大不相同。③ 悦目的;雅致的:That bed is uncomfortable but very ~. 那张床躺起来不舒服,但很美观。

affair [ə¹feə] n. ● [○事情;事件: Do you know the Watergate ~? 你知道水门事件吗? ● 事务;事态: affairs of state 国家大事/You have no right to deal with the foreign affairs. 你无权处理外交事务。

affect [ə¹fekt] vt. ①影响; Long-time reading will seriously ~ your eyesight. 长久读书将严重影响 你 的 视 力。/His speech affected many students' act. 他的演讲影响了许多学生的行为。 ②激起悲伤、愤怒、爱等情绪; 使感动; He was affected by her action. 她的行为使他感动。 ③ (指疾病)侵袭:使感染; She was affected by "bird flu". 她被传染了"禽流感"。 ④ 假装; 装作: I affected not to care about his feeling. 我假装无视他的感受。

affectation [ˌæfek'tetʃən] n. 回 回 假装: Her little affectations made me quite uncomfortable. 她装模作样的小动作让我很不舒 服。/He is not a British: his accent is just an ~.他不是英国人,他的口音是装出来的。

**affection** [ə¹fek∫ən] n. □ 爰; 深 情; Her strong ~ for her grandson was a show of nature. 她对她外孙的疼爱是一种天性。

affectionate [əˈfek∫ənət] adj. 亲爱的.挚爱的

affirm [ə'fɜ:m] vt. & vi. 断言:证实: The spokesman affirmed to the news. 发言人证实了这消息。/He affirmed that the policies would not be changed. 他断言这些政策不会变。/He affirmed to police when and how the robber had killed the old woman. 他向警方证实那劫犯是什么时候和怎样杀害那老妇人的。/She affirmed herself to be innocent. 她坚持自己是无辜的。 || affirmable adj. 可断言的 affirmance n. 断言:肯定 affirmation n. 确认:肯定

**affluence** ['æfluəns] n. 回富有:财富:There is a lot of ~ in the province because it has many coal mines. 这个省相当富有. 因为它有很多煤矿。

**afford** [ə'fɔ:d] vt.省出或找到足够的时间或 钱去(做某事);力足以;…得起:He can't ~ this new car. 他买不起这辆车。/I can't ~ the time to have dinner with you. 我抽不出时 间陪你吃饭。

afire [əˈfaɪə] adj. 燃烧的: with heart ~热血沸腾地/The forest is ~! 森林着火了!

**aflame** [əˈfleɪm] *adj*. ① 燃烧的: The river was ~ with the light of sun. 太阳的光让这条河一片红色。② 充满激情的: His speech is ~ with enthusiasm. 他的演讲充满了激情。

afloat [ə'fləʊt] adv. & adj. 漂浮: Can you see the ~boat over there? 你看见那儿漂浮的船了吗? /The company's business stayed ~ during the inflation. 在通货紧缩时期,这家公司的生意还可以维持。

**afoot** [ə'fot] *adv*. 步行 - *adj*. 在进行中的: There's a plan ~. 现在正酝酿着一个计划。

afraid [ə'freɪd] adj. ● 害怕的; 畏惧的:
They were ~to tell her the grievous news. 他
们不敢告诉她这一噩耗。❷担心;恐怕: l`m
~(that) she is not here. 我怕她不在这里。 ‖
be ~ of 担心;恐怕

Africa [ˈæfrɪkə] n.非洲

African ['æfrikən] n. C非洲人 - adj.非洲

的

- after ['o:ftə] adv.以后:后来:The day ~.he left the city and went abroad.次日.他离开了那座城市出国了。-conj.晚于…;在…之后:Students went to hospital immediately ~ hearing the news.学生听到消息之后就立即往医院赶。-prep. ①在…之后:I'll call you~9 o'clock.我9点之后给你电话。②在…后面:Light comes ~ dark. 黑暗之后是光明。③追捕:探求:The police is chasing ~ the thief.那个警察在追赶那个小偷。 『~ all 毕竟:终归/be ~ sb.〔sth.〕追求:寻找/day~day:week~ week 一天一天地:一星期一星期地 time~ time 一次又一次地:屡次地/one~another 轮流地;连续不断地
- **aftermath** ['α:ftəmæθ] n. 后果:In the ~of the earthquake, many people become homeless. 地震的后果是许多人变得无家可归。
- afternoon [ˌɑːftə'nu:n] n. 区凹下午; in the ~在下午/this [yesterday, tomorrow] ~今天 〔昨 天,明 天〕下午/every ~ 每天 下午/on Monday ~在星期一下午/on the ~ of April the first 在四月一日下午
- **afterwards** ['ɑ;ftəwədz] *adv*.以后:Let's go shopping first and go to the cinema ~. 咱们先去购物,然后再去看电影。
- again [əˈgeɪn] adv. ●再一次: You say it ~! 你再说一次! ❷(与 not never 连用)(不)再; 又: Do not be late ~! 别再迟到了! ❸重新; 又: The power supply will get back to normal ~. 供电很快将恢复正常。 ∥ now and ~有时:偶尔 ~ and ~〔time and ~〕再三;多次地: 反复地
- against [ə'geɪnst] prep. 反对: 不同意: They are strongly ~ this new policy. 他们强烈反对这项新政策。 ②对着;与之成为对手: I will play ~ you in the chess game. 我将与你在象棋比赛中对抗。 ③防止: 防备: an injection ~ smallpox 预防天花注射 ④ 倚着: 靠: Please put the desk ~ the wall. 请把桌子靠墙放好。
- age [eidʒ] n. C 回在…时: He has got a brother of ~ 16. 他有个 16 岁的弟弟。 ② 回年老: 年纪大: The old lady's eye is dimmed with ~. 这位老太太年老眼花。 ③ C 同时代: 时期: the Stone Age 石器时代 ④ 很长时间: 长久: We haven't seen each other for ages. 我们很久很久没见面了。
- **aged** ['eɪdʒɪd] *adj*. **①**…岁的; He has got a grandson ~ 6. 他有个六岁的孙子。 **②**很老的; 年老的; an ~ man 老人/the ~老年人

- **agency** ['eidʒənsɪ] n. 回经办;媒介;代理处;an employment ~职业介绍所/Our company rented a house from the local ~. 我们公司从房屋中介那里租到一幢房子。
- **agenda** [ə'dʒendə] n. **©**议事日程: What's on the  $\sim$  for the next two meetings? 下两次会议的议程是什么?
- **agent** ['erdʒənt] n. C代理人;代理商; a house ~房产经纪人/If you have any questions, please contact our ~ in Great China. 如果你有任何疑问,请与我们在大中华地区的代理人联系。
- aggravate ['ægrəveɪt] vt. 使恶化;使更严重: The drought aggravated the serious lack of water.这场干旱加重了严重的水短缺。❷激怒;使恼火: The traffic jam aggravated the citizens and they asked the local government to solve it.市民们最终被拥挤的交通所激怒,他们要求当地政府解决这个问题。‖aggravation n.激怒;加重
- **aggression** [əˈgreʃən] n. 四 [ 侵略; 侵犯: He committed an act of ~ by entering other people's house without permission. 他未经允许就擅自闯入别人家里,这是一种侵犯别人的行为。
- **aggressive** [ə'gresɪv] *adj.* 爱寻衅的: 好斗的; 侵略的: an ~ dog —条恶狗/an ~ war 侵略战争 ‖ aggressively *adv*. 好斗地; 侵略地
- **aggressor** [əˈɡresə] *n*. 区侵略者: The aggressors were fought by the people. 人民反抗侵略者。
- agile ['ædʒaɪl] adj. 灵巧的:Cat is a very ~ animal. 猫是一种非常灵巧的动物。 || agilely adv. 灵巧地 agility n. 灵巧
- **ago** [ə'gəʊ] *adv*.以前:I saw you three years ~. 我三年以前见过你。 || long ~ 很久以前
- **agonizing** ['æɡənaɪzɪŋ] *adj*. 使人痛苦的: He broke his leg by accident, and bore an ~ pain. 他不小心弄伤了腿,经常忍受折磨人的 疼痛。‖ **agonizingly** *adv*. 使人痛苦地
- **agony** ['ægənɪ] n. © 回极大的痛苦: She lost her son and was in ~. 她失去了她的儿子非常痛苦。/He lay in ~ until his mother arrived. 在妈妈来到之前,他一直非常痛苦地躺在那里。
- **agree** [ə'gri:] *vi*. **①**同意;答应**②**取得一致意见;商定**③**赞成;同意 || ~ to do sth.同意做某事;答应做某事/~ on sth.对某事取得一致意见/~ with sb. 赞成某人的说法;同意某人的意见



- agreeable [əˈgri:əbl] adj. 惬意的;令人愉快的:~ weather 宜人的天气/This term is ~to our nation. 这个条款对我们国家有益。
  ②易相处的:In fact, he is a very ~ person.
  事实上,他是一个非常容易相处的人。
- **agreement** [ə'gri:mənt] n. ●回同意;意见一致: The two countries have an ~ on the basic terms.两国同意了那些基本条款。❷ C协定;协议;a trade ~贸易协定
- agricultural [ˌægrɪ'kʌltʃərəl] adj. 农业的: ~ products 农产品/an ~ laborer 农夫/ China is an ~ country. 中国是个农业国。
- **agriculture** ['ægrikʌltʃə] n. □ ① 农业: Problems also exist in ~. 农业也存在着一些问题。② 农学;农艺:Our knowledge about ~ is finite. 我们对农学的知识知之甚少。‖ agriculturist n. 农学家
- **aground** [ə'graund] *adv*. & *adj*. 指船碰着 地;搁浅:Their ship was ~ for a whole day. 他们的船搁浅了一整天。
- ah [c:] int. (用以表达惊奇、厌恶、痛苦、理解)啊; Ah! I hate you so much! 啊,我是如此讨厌你!
- **ahead** [ə'hed] *adv*. 在前面: There are many difficulties ~. 前面有很多困难。 || ~ of ① 在…之前②胜过;强过/go ~ 开始;继续;前进
- aid [etd] n. 回帮助;援助;辅助物: teaching aids 教具/visual aids 直观教具/This group gave ~in the form of both money and facilities to this school. 这个组织用钱和设备来帮助这所学校。‖in ~ of 以助…/come to sb.'s ~ 帮助;援助/first aids help 急救 vt.援助;帮助

AIDS [eɪdz] n. U艾滋病

- **ailing** ['eɪlɪŋ] *adj*. 不舒服的;生病的;有病的:My grandfather is ~. 我爷爷生病了。
- aim [etm] n. ©目标;目的: What's your main ~ this term? 这学期你的主要目标是什么? ❷回对准;瞄准: He always said his ~ was accurate and actually he did. 他经常说他 瞄得很准,事实上他确实很准。- vt. ●瞄准: It is really difficult to ~ straight at the moving bottles. 对我来说,要瞄准那些不停移动的瓶子实在是太难了。 ❷投掷;对准: He aimed the golf ball at the hole. 他将高尔夫球对准球洞。 ❸旨在;立意: He aims to become a successful scientist. 他计划成为一名成功的科学家。
- air [eə] n. 回空气; 大气: Let's go to the woods for some fresh ~. 咱们去森林呼吸点

- 儿新鲜空气吧。❷回无线电❸ 叵气派;风度;样子:The dress gives her an ~ of grace.她穿上这条裙子显得很优雅。‖by ~ 乘飞机/on the ~ 广播 vt.通风;晾:Do you mind opening the windows and ~ the room? 你介意打开窗子,让屋子通通风吗?/The damp clothes need to be aired.这些潮湿的衣服需要拿出去晾一晾。
- air-conditioned ['eəkən,dɪʃənd] adj. 有空调的: There are three ~ classrooms in this school. 这学校有三间带空调的教室。
- air-conditioning ['eəkənˌdɪʃənɪŋ] n. 回空调设备;空调系统:She left a note beside the ~. 她在空调旁留了张便条。
- aircraft ['eəkrɑ:ft] n. 回(pl. aircraft)飞行器;飞机;航空器 || aircraft carrier 航空母舰
- airfield ['eəfi:ld] n. C飞机场: There is a deserted ~ in our town. 我们镇上有一个废弃的飞机场。
- **airline** ['eəlaɪn] n. [C航线;航空公司;Singapore ~ is one of the best airlines in the world. 新加坡航空公司是世界上最好的航空公司之一。
- airliner ['eəˌlaɪnə] n. 回客机;班机
- airmail ['eəmeɪl] n. 回航空信; 航空邮件; E-mail is quicker than ~. 电子邮件比航空邮寄快。
- airplane ['eəpleɪn] n. 区飞机
- **airport** ['eəpɔ:t] n. C飞机场; 航空站: The corrupt official was arrested at the ~. 那个贪官在飞机场被捕了。
- airship ['eəʃɪp] n. C飞艇;飞船
- airway ['eəweɪ] n. 区通气道;通风巷
- **aisle** [ail] n. ©过道;通道: I want a seat near the ~. 我要一个靠过道的座位。
- **ajar** [ə'dʒɑ:] *adv*.(门)半开;微开:He walked into the room and left the door ~. 他走进了屋子,让门半开着。
- alarm [ə¹lɑːm] n. 回警报;警钟:This shop has a fire ~. 这家店有火警警铃。/an ~ clock 闹钟❷ 回惊恐;恐慌:She cried with ~ at the sight of a stranger. 她看见一名陌生人吓得惊叫起来。- vt. 惊动:使警觉:Her footsteps alarmed the birds. 她的脚步声惊动了鸟儿。‖ alarmed adj. 感到害怕的
- alas [ə'læs] int. (表示伤心、忧虑)哎呀; 天哪:Alas! I left my purse in the store.哎呀! 我把钱包落在那家店里了。
- album ['ælbəm] n. C.●相册;集邮本:There are nearly 100 stamps in this ~. 这本相册里

有约100张邮票。❷唱片集

alcohol [ˈælkəhol] n. U酒精

alcoholic [aælkə holik] adj. 酒精的: The ~content of some beers and wines is as high as 12-13 percent.—些啤酒和葡萄酒的酒精含量高达 12%-13%。-n. 区嗜酒者:酒鬼: He is such an ~that he can't live without alcohol. 他是一个无酒不能活的酒鬼。

**alert** [ə'lɜ:t] *adj*. 惊醒的; 警觉的; 留心的; be ~ in answering questions 留心回答问题 - n. 警报: The military is already on the ~. 军队已处于戒备状态。 || on the ~ 警觉着; 警戒着;提防 - vt. 使警觉

algebra ['ældʒɪbrə] n. U代数: He prefers ~ to PE. 他喜欢代数甚于体育。

alibi [ˈælɪbaɪ] n. C ● 不在犯罪现场: He has a strong ~ showing that he was not in this bank at the time the robbery happened. 他有确凿的不在场的证据证明他在抢劫发生时不在这个银行。②(失败等的)借口:托词: What's your ~ for your being late? 你迟到的理由是什么?

alienate ['erlianeit] vt. ● 使疏远:使不友好: 离间: The corruption alienated many of the government's supporters. 腐败让许多支持政府的人疏远了政府。② 转让: 让渡(财产等): You have no right to ~ our property. 你无权转让我们的财产。 ‖ ~ from 使不和 ‖ alienator n. (律)让渡人

alight [ə'laɪt] adj. 点着: The curtains were caught ~ by a candle. 窗帘被蜡烛点着了。-vi. (alighted or alit) ①下车:下马: Passengers should not ~ until a bus has stopped. 公共汽车未停下时,乘客请勿下车。②飞下来:落下: A swallow alit on the roof. 一只燕子落在屋顶上。

alike [ə'laɪk] adj. 相同;很像: The two sisters look much ~. 这姐妹俩看起来非常像。- adv. 相同地: 一样地: The teacher treats all her students ~. 这位老师对她的学生们一视同行:

alive [ə'laɪv] adj. ●(常作表语)有生命的;活着的:There was only a little girl ~ in that car crash. 只有一个小女孩在那次汽车事故中还活着。 Who's the richest man alive? 当今最富有的人是谁? ②有活力的:有生气的:He

seems very much ~ when he knows the good news. 他听到好消息后变得精神焕发。

all [o:l] adj. ①全体;每一个: All the people here are devoted. 在场的每一个人都赞成你的 看法。②全部:整个: He devoted ~ his life to help others. 他一生都在致力于帮助别人。adv. 全部地: He did it ~ alone. 他独自一人 干的。 | ~ alone ①独自一人②独立;自力/ ~ along ①一直;始终②沿着…的整个长度/ ~ around[round]到处/~ at once 突然;同时/ ~ but 除…外;几乎/~ in ~总的说来;一切/ ~ of a sudden 突然间/~ out 竭尽全力;鼓足 干劲/~ over ①到处②结束;完蛋/~ over again 再一次;从头来/~ right 同意;好;行;一 定/~ the same 仍然;依然/~ the time 始终 pron.全部东西;全体人员: All of the tourists were having a great time today. 所有的游客今 天都很开心。 | ~ together 全体一道;同时/ above ~ 首要;尤其/at ~ (用于加强语气)根 本;到底/in ~ 总共;共计/not at ~ ①(用来 加强 not 的语气)一点也不;根本不②别客气; 没什么(回答感谢的客气话,等于美语的 You're welcome.)

allege [ə'ledʒ] vt. 断言;宣称;辩解: The newspaper alleged the mayor's corrupt practices. 那家报纸断言市长有舞弊行为。/The newspapers ~ that he has passed on secret business information to a foreign company. 报纸声称他把商业机密透露给了一家境外企业。/He alleged wound as a reason for not going to school. 他佯称受伤作为不上学的理由。/He was alleged to have involved in the murder. 他被指控与谋杀有关。

alleviate [ə'li:vɪeɪt] vt. 减轻;缓解;缓和; Can you give me an injection to ~ the pain? 你能给我注射以减轻疼痛吗? ‖ alleviation n.减轻;缓和 alleviative adj. 减轻痛苦的 alleviator n. 解痛药;缓和物

alley ['ælɪ] n. 它 胡 同; 小 巷: Walking through that ~, then I saw my friend. 穿过小巷,我看见我朋友了。

alliance [ə'laɪəns] n. C 回结盟:联盟: The two countries entered into a strategic ~ with each other. 这两个国家结为战略同盟国。

alligator ['æligeitə] n. C短吻鳄: Alligators are very fierce. 短吻鳄非常凶猛。

allocate ['ælə,keɪt] vt. ● 分配;分派: You must ~ the donation fairly. 你们必须公平地分配捐赠物。❷ 把…拨给: We allocated the school some money. 我们拨给这个学校一些钱。/The government allocated this land to