新概念英语 • 第 2 课堂

新概念英语②



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-课一练

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新概念英语 2 高材生一课一练

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内 容 提 要

"新概念英语•第2课堂"系列丛书是为了配合《新概念英语》学习者在教材学习之外能够巩固加深知识点而特别设计的。本书编者均为多年从事一线英语教学的老师,他们在日常教学过程中,精心研究英语高材生的学习轨迹,从词汇、句型、语法、听力、阅读、写作六大角度设计了与教材同步的海量练习题,旨在通过对重要语言点的反复练习和强化,进一步帮助学习者熟练掌握和运用各类知识点,真实提高语言技能。

本书不仅可以作为《新概念英语》自学者的辅导教材,而且对其他同等水平的英语学习者来讲也是一本质量极高的练习材料。

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Preface 前 言

由英国著名英语教育专家路易•乔治•亚历山大教授与北京外国语大学何其莘教授联合编写的《新概念英语》,是完全针对中国学生学习英语的特点而编写的一套英语教材。该书侧重于听、说、读、写四种语言技能的综合训练,注重实际运用能力;语言活泼,趣味性强。自出版以来,《新概念英语》以其严密的体系性、严谨的科学性、超强的实用性、浓郁的趣味性深受广大英语学习者的青睐。

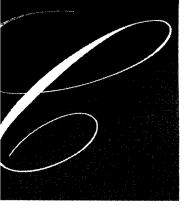
为帮助广大英语学习者更好地学习《新概念英语》教材,我们特编写了《新概念英语高材生一课一练》1-3 册。该书的编者都是多年从事一线教学的经验丰富的老师。他们对教材的语言点体系了如指掌,并对学习者在学习教材过程中的种种疑问非常熟悉。书中的很多知识点测试材料都是编者们在日常教学过程中反复使用和验证过的。这些测试材料不是用来单纯检测学习者某一阶段的学习水平的,而是通过对重要语言点的反复练习和强化,进一步帮助学习者熟练掌握和运用课文中出现的各类知识点,真正提高语言技能。

书中所设计的题型多样,题量适中,并且与教材的内容同步,方便学习者灵活机动地安排学习和测评的进度,并根据测评的结果,调整下一阶段的学习重点。此外,本书编者特别设计了"听写"这种题型。听写是在具有一定英语语法、词汇的基础上进行的一种听力训练,是一项复杂的脑手相结合的活动。它不仅需要用耳朵去辨别声音信息,而且要求对经过耳朵输入大脑的信号进行处理,再通过手迅速准确地记录下来。写的过程同时也是复习巩固的过程,能进一步地加深对语音内容的了解,将在听的过程中模糊的东西彻底地搞明白。

学习者在进行"听写"的时候,应该遵循如下五个步骤:

- 1. 先连续听一遍录音,并根据听到的录音,联想这些单词
- 2. 再次连续播放录音,一边听录音,一边写单词,以录音播放的速度为准,暂时写不下来的,可以先略过去
- 3. 把上述过程再重复一遍,同时要注意把刚才没有听写下来的内容认真复核一遍,尽量 补全
- 4. 最后播放一次录音,并对照自己听写下来的文稿仔细复查,尽量把信息补全,不会写的单词可以通过读音先拼出来
 - 5. 对照本书最后面的录音文本, 仔细检查, 把错误之处标注出来

专家证实,在短时间内,要测验出一个人的英语水平,听写就是最佳的手段。当听写的量超过一定的规模,语言水平就会在不知不觉中获得提升。实践证明,听写是一项培养和测试学生语言能力的重要方法。若您在学习过程中有任何疑问,请联系腾讯微博http://t.qq.com/tingxiebar,最后,祝读者朋友的英语学习之旅愉快!



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2	^{技態小拓展} 应试听力 ◈特训	Listening Comprehension	Q 2.mp3
W	here is Mr. Adams no	ow?	
A.	At Sun Valley.	B. At home.	C. At work.
W	hat does the man be	lieve Jack will do?	
A.	Jack will not be able	to sell his house.	
В.	Jack was joking.		
C.	Jack will give up his	job.	
ls t	the shopping center	far away?	
A.	Yes, it is too far to w	alk.	
B.	No, it is within walki	ng distance.	
C.	No, but it is too far t	o walk.	
WI	hy does the woman	want to learn English?	
A.	Because it is interes	sting.	
В.	Because it is easy to	o learn.	
C.	Because it is useful		
Но	w many languages	can the woman speak altogether?	
Α.	Two	B. Three	C. Four
)3	^最	Grammar & Sentences	
变下	列句型,将形容词改	成定语或表语。	

3.	The lovely cat is my aunt's.				
4.	Our coats are clean.				
5.	Your sister's dress is beautiful.				
6.	The old book is Jim's.				
7.	My father is thin.				
选出	出正确的选项,使每个句子符合语法规	!则。			
1.	How long the army?				
	A. has he join	B. has he served in			
	C. has he been	D. ago has he become			
2.	One and a half left on the	table.			
	A. apple are	B. apple is			
	C. apples are	D. apples is			
3.	I shall be glad when all these debts	are			
	A. paid in	B. paid out			
	C. paid up	D. paid down			
4.	A woman with his husband, both look	ting very anxious, the guard to let them through.			
	A. asks	B. was asked			
	C. was asking	D. were asking			
5.	There were so many people in the	street that fire fighters couldn't get close to the			
	building.				
	A. to watch	B. watched			
	C. watching	D. watch			
	C. watching	D. watch			

○4 阅读技巧◈强化 Reading Comprehension



I went on a camping trip in the mountains with my classmates. After hiking all day, we found a place to camp for the night. We made a campfire so that we could cook our dinner. We roasted some hot dogs and potatoes and drank lemonade. Then, when it got dark, we told ghost stories around the campfire.

Later when we lied down to go to sleep, we listened to the sounds of crickets and small animals moving around in the grass. We thought there were some ghosts nearby. "What's that?" my friend Kathy asked. "What?" we asked. "I think I hear someone walking in the woods." Kathy sayed. Soon we all heard footsteps and we were all so scared that we could't get to sleep.

Of course, there was no one there, but we had very active imagination.

- 1. ghost n. 鬼
- 2. camping n. 营地
- 3. roast v. 烤
- 4. lemonade n. 柠檬汽水
- 5. cricket n. 蟋蟀

▶ 阅读上面的短文,根据其内容,回答所提的问题。

- 1. What does "scared" mean in Chinese?
- 2. Which word in the passage means "sound of some one walking"?
- 3. What do the students in the story do on their camping trip?
- 4. Why do they make a campfire?
- 5. Why are they scared?

05 翻译写作◈强化 Writing & Translation



- 1. 你的英文越来越好了。
- 2. 半个小时后,校长会来检查我们的学习。
- 3. 她总是乐于助人。
- 4. 他们没告诉我她是否已经走了。
- 5. 海南岛是中国的第二大岛。
- 6. 我想预订一些歌剧的座位。
- 7. 比赛是在三点钟结束。
- 8. 你是如何打开门的?



♀3.mp3

○1 常用单词令听写 Words Dictation

		次写到练习纸上,然后对照"吗		
	听与单词总数:	;正确单词数量:		
			(-	
02	2 皮质小韧展 应试听力 ◇特训	Listening Comprehension	Q 4.mp3 () →	
1.	What are the two spea	kers talking about?		
	A. A film.	B. A book.	C. A record.	
2.	What are the two spea	kers doing?		
	A. Playing a ball game).		
	B. Cheering for Oxford	I.		
	C. Watching a football	match.		
3.	Why will the man go to	Edinburgh?		
	A. To drive the woman	there.		
	B. To have a meeting i	n Glasgow.		
	C. To meet some impo	ortant people.		
4.	What did the woman of	lo yesterday evening?		
	A. She ate out.			
	B. She watched a foot	ball match.		
	C. She watched TV.			
5.	When is the pop show	starting?		
	A. At 7: 30.	B. At 8: 20.	C. At 8: 30.	
_			& /	
0:	3 语法句型 ◈ 巧练	Grammar & Sentences		
用招	·号里动词的适当形式完	成句子。		
1.	Shhh. The baby (sleep	o) The baby (sleep) _	for ten hours every night.	
2.	Look out of the window	v. (rain, it)? Should I	take my umbrella?	
3.	It's $6:30\ p.m.$ Mary is	at home. She (have)	_ dinner. She always (have)	_
	dinner with her family	around six o'clock.		
4.	Ahmed (talk)	to his classmates every day in	n class. Right now he (talk)	to
	Yoko.			

5.	It (rain) a lot in this city,	but it (rain, not)	right now. The sun (shine)
	(it, rain) a lot in	your hometown?	
选出	出正确的选项,使每个句子符合语法规	2 则。	
1.	—Can't you stay a little longer?		
	A. I don't think so	B. I believe not	
	C. I am afraid not	D. I don't believe it	
2.	Now a new road near our	school.	
	A. is being built	B. is building	
	C. builds	D. is built	
3.	I didn't finish my homework	_ the teacher asked me	to hand it in.
	A. because	B. since	
	C. after	D. until	
4.	No sooner there than he f	ell ill.	
	A. did he arrive	B. had he arrived	
	C. he arrived	D. he had arrived	
5.	Must we send in our homework this	week?	
	No		
	A. You mustn't	B. You can't	
	C. You don't have	D. You needn't	
\cap	4 阅读技巧◈强化 Reading Co		
U'	中 阅读技巧◆独化 Reading Co		
		Who Are They?	
	It had been snowing very hard for d		
kno	w that things weren't right at home. S	So yesterday morning the	ey wanted to go out. Bob helped
	m get out through a window, because	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·
doo	r. Last night, they didn't come back. I	Bob said to himself, "The	y are only five months old. This
wea	ather will kill them." But just then Bo	b heard them calling hin	n. He looked out and could not
beli	eve — they were drawing a big hare	through the snow. They	dropped it through the window
into	Bob's hands. A hare for dinner!		
. .	网络大枣的标文 儿友既吃炒的四人火	사고하다 가지 스토 <i>나 사</i> 소) .
	阅读上面的短文,从每题所给的四个设		₹。
1.	Jigs and Reads in the story were		
	A. Bob's children	B. dogs	
^	C. hares	D. neighbours	William 1
2.	"They knew that things weren't right		
	A Bob had no food to give them	H HOD COULD OBEN T	ne goor

D. they were too young to eat anything

C. it wasn't very cold outside

3.	Finally Jigs and Reads returned with	a big					
	A. fox	B. dog					
	C. hare	D. pig					
4.	The story says that Jigs and Reads _						
	A. wanted out to play with rain	B. asked to look for money outside					
	C. ate much more than Bob did	D. were a great help to Bob					
5.	Choose the right order according to the	ne story.					
	1) They caught a hare in the snow.						
	2) They went out and stayed outside f	or the night.					
	3) They brought the hare home.	3) They brought the hare home.					
	4) They felt hungry and wanted to find	I food.					
	A. 1) 2) 3) 4)	B. 1) 4) 3) 2)					
	C. 4) 2) 1) 3)	D. 4) 3) 2) 1)					
1. 2.	她长着一双黑黑的漂亮大眼睛。 ————————————————————— 冬天黑得很早。						
	一						
3.	他们把计划隐藏起未极间不重。						
4.	他们将乘车来,镇上的大部分青年人将	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
5.	他一上车,我就用法语向他问早上好,	他也同样用法语回答我。					
6.	秘书告诉我说哈姆斯先生要见我。						
7.	今年新学生将增加一倍多。						
8.	蔬菜价格上涨了百分之三十。						



0	1	Words Dictation	♀ 5.mp3
听表	录音,并把听到的单词依	次写到练习纸上,然后对照"听	力原文"检查听写结果。
0	2	Listening Comprehension	♀ 6.mp3
1.		ersation most probably take place	
	A. At an airport.	B. At a railway station.	C. In a post office.
2.	What does the man ne	eed?	•
	A. A good rest.	B. A bigger room.	C. More cool air.
3.	What time is it now?		
	A. 5: 00.	B. 4: 15.	C. 4: 45.
4.	What do we know abo	ut the woman?	
	A. She decides to buy	one coat.	
	B. She hasn't decided	yet.	
	C. She agrees to buy t	the other coat.	
5.	What is the man mailing	ng?	
	A. Some photos.	B. A textbook.	C. A parcel.
0	3 语言 ★ ★ 効 语法句型 ◈ 巧练	Grammar & Sentences	
用打	5号内词的现在完成时完	成句子。	
1.	(I, meet) Ann	s's husband. I met him at a party	last week.
2.	(I, finish) my	work. I finished it two hours ago.	
3.		my sister a letter for a long time.	
4.	(he, finish, not) Greg is	s working on his composition, but	t it yet. He'll probably finis
	it in a couple of hours.		
5.	(she, fly) Ms. Parker tra	avels to Washington D.C. freque	ntly there many times.
6.	(they, know) Bob and	Jane are old friends ea	ch other for a long time.

(it, be) I don't like this weather. _____ cold and cloudy for the last three days.

(she, be) Kate is falling behind in her schoolwork. _____ absent from class a lot lately.

7.

8.

用 for 或 to 完成下列句子。 1. The teacher answered a question me. 2. I opened the door my mother. My roommate translated a newspaper story me. 3. 4. Fred gave some candy _____ his girlfriend. The teller cashed a check _____ me. 5. 6. The mechanic fixed my car _____ me. Mrs. Baker handed the baby _____ her husband. 7. The teacher pronounced "bat" and "but" _____ the students. 8. Our landlord fixed the air conditioner us. 9. 10. Could you please answer a question me?



There is a story about an English sailor who went to countries in the east, the west and the south. He had been to India and China. One day he came home and brought some tea as a present for his mother. She told her friends about the present and asked them to a "tea party". When her friends came to the "tea party", the old woman offered them brown tea leaves. The old woman's friends began to eat them. Of course, nobody liked the tea leaves.

At that time sailor came in. He looked at the table and said, "Mother, what have you done with the tea?" "I boiled it, as you said."

"And what did you do with the water?"

"I threw it away, of course," answered the old woman.

"Now you may throw the leaves, too," said her son.

	阅读上面的短文,从每题所给的四个	选项中,选出一个最佳答案。
1.	The sailor was	
	A. a Chinese	B. a Japanese
	C. an Englishman	D. an Indian
2.	The sailor brought	
	A. some delicious food for his frier	nds
	B. some delicious food for his mot	her
	C. some tea for his friends	
	D. some tea for his mother	
3.	Which of the following is right?	
	A. All of the old woman's friends d	idn't like tea.
	B. All of the old woman's friends lil	ked tea very much.
	C. Only a few for the old woman's	friends didn't like tea.

D. Only a few of the old woman's friends liked tea.

How did the old woman and her friends have tea? A. They had tea leaves. B. They had water. C. They had water and tea leaves. D. They neither had water nor had tea leaves. 5. The sailor A. didn't tell his mother how to have tea B. told his mother how to have tea, but he didn't say clearly C. told his mother to have tea leaves, but not to have water D. told his mother to have water, but not to have tea leaves "我还是买下的好",我垂头丧气地说。 据说他已经结婚了。 2. 3. 把你的想法用文字清楚地表达出来。 话比剑更伤人。 4. 5. 希望你平安归来。 自然界是一个统一的整体。 6. 整个星期都是在海边度过。 7.



8.

Reading 课外延伸阅读

新的大礼堂能容纳 4.000 人。



George III asked the once well-known wit, Horne Tooke, whether he could play cards. "Your Majesty, " replied Tooke, "I am a mere child where cards are concerned. I cannot even tell a King from a Knave(Jack)."

乔治三世问曾经大名鼎鼎的才子霍恩·图克会不会打牌。

"陛下,"图克回答说,"我打牌只是小儿科,甚至都分不清 K (国王)和 J (无赖)。"



U	1 常用单词 ◈听写	Words Dictation	♀ 7.mp3	D
听习	录音,并把听到的单词依	次写到练习纸上,然后对	时照"听力原文"检查听写结果。	
	听写单词总数:	;正确单词数量:_		
			,	
\mathbf{O}	○ 技能 <u>小拓展</u>			
U.	∠ 应试听力 ◈特训	Listening Comprehen	sion	>
1.	What is the man doing) ?		
	A. Asking for help.	B. Making suggesti	ions. C. Asking for permissi	or
2.	What do we know abo	ut the speakers?		
	A. They want to have	a cup of coffee.		
	B. They agree to have	a cup of coffee the next	day.	
	C. The woman couldn	t accept the man's sugg	estion.	
3.	Where does the conve	ersation take place?		
	A. At home.	B. In a shop.	C. In a museum.	
4.	What are the two spea	akers talking about?		
	A. A railway station.	B. A cinema.	C. A film.	
5.	When will Mr. Brown h	ave to be at the airport?		
	A. By 8: 30.	B. By 9:30.	C. By 10: 30.	
O	3 请	Grammar & Sentence	es	
田相		或一般过去时完成句子。		ممند
		ish your work before you	ugo to bed?	
••		. I (finish) my w	-	
2.	A: Is Jim going to have	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rom two mound ago.	
		He (have)	lunch an hour ago.	
3			t the Bijou with us tonight?	
٠.	<u> </u>	e) it. We (see) _	· · ·	
4.		g to write your paper for		
••		I (write) it two	· ·	
5.			tell them about her engagement?	
J .		them. She (call)		
	B: Sne (call)	tnem. Sne (caii)	_ tnem last night.	

	-		
	B: Thanks, but I (read)	it. I (read) it a couple of months ago.	
用扣	5号内词的适当形式完成(句子。	
1.	A: (you, have)	any plans for vacation?	
	B: Yes, I do. I (plan)	to go to New Orleans.	
	A: (you, be, ever)	there before?	
	B: Yes, I have. I (be) _	to New Orleans twice. My brother (live)	_ there, so
	(go) there often	en.	
2.	A: Where's Jessica?		
	B: She (study)	_ at the library.	
	A: When (she, get)	back home?	
	B: In an hour or so. Pro	bably around five o'clock.	
	A: How long (she, study	y) at the library?	
	B: Since two o'clock thi	s afternoon.	
	A: (she, study)	_ at the library every day?	
	B: Not every day, but of	ften.	

A: This is a good book. Would you like to read it when I'm finished?

○4 阅读技巧◈强化 Reading Comprehension



Americans eat breakfast and lunch quickly unless it is a social, business or family occasion. The evening meal is usually longer and a time for families to get together. Rushing through daytime meals is part of the fast pace in America. Another reason for rushing through daytime is that many people eat in restaurants that are usually crowded with people waiting for a place so that they can be served and return to work at the proper time. So each one hurries to make room for the next person. As with busy people everywhere there is real difference between meals that are eaten in a hurry and those that can be enjoyed slowly with friends.

- 1. occasion n. 场合, 机会
- 2. pace n. 节奏

6.

▶阅读上面的短文,从每题所给的四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。

- 1. What is not mentioned in the passage?
 - A. What time Americans eat dinner.
- B. Where Americans eat.
- C. Why Americans eat in a hurry.
- D. Which meal Americans eat more slowly.
- 2. Which of the following is true?
 - A. Americans hurry at meals because they want to eat dinner slowly.
 - B. Americans hurry at meals because they don't like eating in restaurants.
 - C. Americans hurry at meals because they are very busy.
 - D. Americans hurry at meals because they don't like to eat.

_			
3.		y time in a restaurant would probably be	
	A. during busy time	B. at lunch	
	C. at dinner	D. at either breakfast or lunch	
4.	e passage suggests that Americans		
	A. like eating with friends	B. do not nap in the afternoon	
	C. don't eat much on weekends	D. eat dinner more slowly than lunch	
5.	According to the passage Americans A. often hurry in the evening B. are always late returning to work C. eat slower for social and business reasons D. never eat in restaurants in the evening		
○ 厂 技能小拓展			
U5 翻译写作◈强化 Writing & Translation			
1.	恶劣气候使小麦减产了两成。		
2.	一些计算机的工作速度比人快五十万倍。		
3.	—————————————————————————————————————		
4.	春天快到了,所以服装市场上的冬衣价格下降至少百分之三十五。		
5.	我总是在河边待上整整一上午,然后空着袋子回家。		
6.	他们曾向我提供一大笔钱让我走,但我决定留在这儿。		
7.	去年, 当我们横渡英吉利海峡时, 简把坚	 写有她姓名和住址的一张纸条装进了一只瓶子。	
8.	经理开始抱怨起这个邪恶的世道来,却被一阵敲门声打断了。		
٥.			