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高校英语

专业八级

词汇手册

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主编：龚庆华 黄婷 马昕

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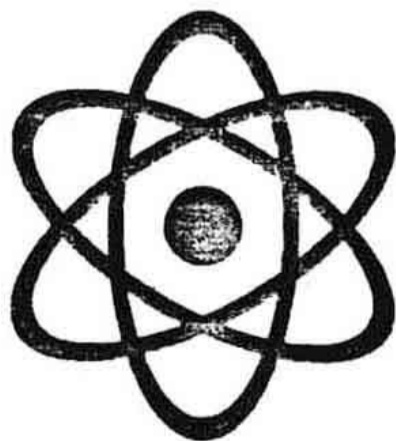
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高校英语专业八级考试必备

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主编：龚庆华 黄婷 马昕



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语 寄 者 编

英语词汇是学习英语的“拦路虎”。词汇量不足将严重影响英语学习，英语听、说、读、写、译等方面能力也会受到很大的约束，所以，掌握更多的词汇是学好英语的关键，也是参加各类英语考试取得高分的重要保证。虽然有很多英语学习者急于求成地在短期内使词汇量有重大突破，孤立地背单词或盲目使用相关的词汇书，但这些在短期内虽有一定的效果，可随着词汇量的增加或无味的强化练习，负担过重，枯燥无味，严重影响学习兴趣，难以坚持下去而事与愿违。有鉴于此，我们特编写了《高校英语专业八级词汇手册》一书，使英语学习者在短期内，突破词汇难关，有效地扩大词汇量，迅速提高英语水平。该书有以下突出特点：

☆收词全而新 范围明确

本书选词新颖规范，体系严谨，博采众长，紧扣最新“高校英语教学大纲”，符合新大纲的各项规定和量化指标。同时，还精选了当今世界最流行、最常用的新生词汇，大大地扩充了词汇量。

☆收词精益求精 以一当十

书中所有词，都经过多次筛选和精心提炼，精选了使用频率高的英语词汇，删去了一些与日常生活和专业知识不紧密的、难度不适合考试的或过于陈腐的词汇。所有词条、考点都切合最新大纲，使读者学习少走弯路，省时高效。

☆突出活用 融会贯通

学习英语的目的是为了实际运用。全书以词的用法及搭配关系为主线，贯穿到全书的始终，重点词汇或词组配以例句说明，这样既加深了对所学的单词的记忆，又能够透彻准确理解和牢固掌握及灵活运用所学的单词或词组。

☆重点突出 突破考点

本书精选出一些重点、常考及难度较大的词汇和词组，并重点练习，进一步提高重点、难点词汇和常考词汇的覆盖率和重现率，使读者学习畅通无阻，融会贯通。

☆科学易学 快捷高效

本书从培养读者学习兴趣，掌握学习规律和技巧，提高学习效率等方面入手，并打破“中国式”学英语的常规，进行了科学的大胆的探索。无论是内容或编排形式以及教学方法都作了新的尝试，使读者情趣盎然，信心百倍地学习，并能在短期内，轻松突破词汇大关，顺利通过高校英语专业八级考试。

☆学练结合 全面提高

严格遵循语言学的规律，词汇练习旨在强化记忆单词，有效地培养语言综合运用能力和应试能力。所以，书中每单元之后都以实战模拟形式，进行科学强化练习，从而使读者达到学精、练透、用活、考好之目的。

真诚地希望本书能有效地帮助广大读者快速突破英语词汇量，迅速提高英语水平。

编者

使用说明



强调一词多义，帮助克服“基础单词”

在阅读中的障碍，提高英语阅读理解能力

许多英语水平已达到一定程度的学习者都常常疑惑：自己花费了大量时间记忆单词，且积累了一定数量的词汇，但在阅读实践中，却很难理解篇章的内容。其实在很多情况下，并非是生僻词阻碍了我们的理解。往往那些我们最熟悉，最易想当然的词成为阅读中最大的“拦路虎”。若意欲突破英语词汇的困境，充实你的词汇量，掌握一个单词的多个词义已成当务之急。本书正是基于这一点，博采众长，经过多次筛选和精心提炼，列举出与日常生活和专业知识紧密联系，难度适中的词条与释义，并附以详尽解析，以从感官上强化读者的记忆。



思路新颖，结构合理

本书是根据语言学习的科学规律，运用全新的思路编写而成的，它除了包括一般词

汇速记手册所惯常包含的本词，音标，词性，释义，短语等以外，还加上了全新内容：1 习惯用法：指出非常重要的而且学生却往往难以掌握的语法，词汇知识。2 同义词辨析：对重点难点同义词在意义和用法上加以区别，易于学生在对比中学习词汇的用法，使他们能够举一反三地掌握这些词汇。3 仿真考题：列举与该常用词相关的考试真题或模拟试题，既让学生在实践中掌握常用词的相关用法，加深对词汇的记忆，又让他们在学习词汇的过程中切实把握重点，增加实战经验。



编排独特，经济实用

本书根据学习中词汇难易程度，词汇使用频率高低等设计了层次分明，易记易学的版式，书中的同义词辨析均以表格的形式加以突出和清晰化，易于激发学生记忆的兴奋点，符合现代心理学的原理；疑难用法，短语用黑色粗体字标清，使学生一目了然；模拟题以真题形式排出，增加学生考试的实战感，易于加深学生的记忆。

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A

- **abandon** [ə'bændən] v. ①to withdraw one's support or help from, esp. in spite of duty, allegiance, or responsibility; desert 抛弃, 遗弃 ②to give up 放弃

[习惯用法] **abandon oneself to** 纵情, 恣意, 耽溺

[仿真题] The lost car was _____ in the woods off the high way.

- a. vanished b. abandoned
c. scattered d. rejected

abandon, desert, give up 和 forsake 辨析

abandon: 永远和完全的“抛弃、放弃”, 自愿或非自愿均可, 并且表示以后再也不愿见到所抛弃之物。这个词书面色彩较浓。

desert: 强调违背法律、道德义务而抛家舍业、逃避责任, 带贬义。

give up: 多用于口头, 表示停止、放弃做某事。

forsake: 正式用语, 强调对所放弃之物感情上断绝依恋。

- **abash** [ə'bæʃ] v. to make ashamed or uneasy; disconcert 使困窘
 - **abate** [ə'beɪt] v. to reduce in amount, degree, or intensity; lessen 减少, 减弱
 - **abdicate** [ˈæbdɪkeɪt] v. to relinquish (power or responsibility) formally 放弃; 退位
 - **abduct** [æb'dʌkt] v. to carry off by force; kidnap 劫持; 诱拐
 - **aberration** [ˌæbə'reɪʃən] n. ①a departure from the normal or typical 失常 ②a deviation from the proper or expected course 偏离
 - **abet** [ə'bet] v. to approve, encourage, and support (an action or a plan of action); urge and help on 教唆; 帮助
- [习惯用法]** **abet somebody in something** 唆使某人做某事
- **abeyance** [ə'beɪəns] n. the condition of being temporarily set aside; suspension 暂缓; 中止
 - **abhor** [æb'hɔ:] v. to regard with horror or loathing; abominate 憎恨; 厌恶

- **abject** [ˈæbdʒekt] a. ①being of the most contemptible kind 卑鄙的 ②being of the most miserable kind; wretched 可怜的
- **abjure** [əbˈdʒʊə] v. ①to recant solemnly; repudiate 郑重放弃; 否认 ②to renounce under oath; forswear 发誓弃绝
- **ablaze** [əˈbleiz] a. ①being on fire 燃烧的 ②radiant with bright colour 闪耀的, 发光的
- **ablution** [əbˈlu:ʃən] n. a washing or cleansing of the body, esp. as part of a religious rite (宗教) 净礼; 沐浴
- **abnormal** [æbˈnɔ:məl] a. not typical, usual, or regular; not normal; deviant 反常的, 不规则的
[仿真题] This year, we have had an ____ amount of rain.
a. abnormal b. irregular
c. abnormally d. irregularly
- **aboard** [əˈbɔ:d] ad. & prep. on or into (a ship, train, aircraft, bus, etc.) 上船(车, 飞机等)
- **abolish** [əˈbɒlɪʃ] v. to do away with; annul 废除; 取消
[仿真题] Many bad customs and laws should be ____.
a. cancelled b. refused
c. rejected d. abolished
- **abolition** [æbəˈlɪʃən] n. the act of putting an end to something 废止, 革除
- **abominable** [əˈbɒmɪnəbl̩] a. ①unequivocally detestable; loathsome 可厌的, 可憎恶的 ②thoroughly unpleasant or disagreeable 令人不愉快的, 恶劣的
- **aboriginal** [æbəˈrɪdʒənəl] a. of or relating to aborigines 土著的
- **abound** [əˈbaʊnd] v. to exist in large numbers or great quantity 充满, 富于
[习惯用法] **abound in** 富于, 多
- **abreast** [əˈbrest] ad. side by side 并肩, 并排
[习惯用法] **keep/be abreast of** 不落后于
- **abridge** [əˈbrɪdʒ] v. to make (something written or spoken) shorter 缩写; 缩短

- **abrupt** [ə'brʌpt] a. ①unexpectedly sudden 突然的 ②surprisingly and unceremoniously curt; brusque 粗鲁无礼的 ③steeply inclined 陡峭的
- **abscond** [æb'skɒnd] v. to leave quickly and secretly and hide oneself, often to avoid arrest or prosecution 潜逃, 逃匿
- **absent-minded** [ˈæbsnt'maɪndɪd] a. so deep or far away in thought that one is unaware of what one is doing, what is happening around one, etc. 心不在焉的, 茫然的, 恍惚的
- **absolve** [əb'zɒlv] v. ①to pronounce clear of guilt or blame 赦免 ②to relieve of a requirement or an obligation 解除

[习惯用法] be absolved of something 某人免受...

- **absorb** [əb'sɔ:b] v. ①take or suck in, e.g. a liquid; take in, e.g. heat, light, knowledge, etc. 吸收 (液体、热、光、知识等) ②use up much of the attention, interest or time of 吸引...的注意力或兴趣; 耗费...的时间; 使全神贯注

absorb 和 attract 辨析

absorb: 吸收、吸取。

attract: 吸引、招引。

[仿真题] She was so _____ in her job that she didn't hear anybody knocking at the door.

- a. attracted b. absorbed
c. drawn d. concentrated

- **abstain** [əb'steɪn] v. to refrain from something by one's own choice 自制; 回避

[习惯用法] be abstained from doing something 弃权做某事

- **abstinence** [ˈæbstɪnəns] n. the act or practice of refraining from indulging an appetite, as for food 节制; 禁欲
- **abstract** [ˈæbstrækt] a. separated from what is real or concrete; thought of separately from facts, objects or particular examples 抽象的 v. ~ (from): take out; separate 提炼出, 取出, 抽出 n. short account, e.g. of the chief points of a piece of writing, a book, speech, etc. (文章、书籍、演说等的) 摘要

[习惯用法] in the abstract 从抽象的方面看, 观念上, 理论上

abstract, summary 和 outline 辨析

abstract: 概要、摘要, 指由他人简短、概括地表达原作的主题, 尤指对学术论文和法律论据的简述。

summary: 总结、摘要, 以寥寥数语概括长篇讲话或文章的主要论点, 不考虑原文的风格。

outline: 要点、大纲、概要, 根据原作的构思层次、顺序把要点总结出来。此外还有轮廓、外形之意。

[仿真题] He read through the book and made a(n) _____ of the contents.

- a. outline b. summary
c. abstract d. brief

- **abstruse** [æb'stru:s] a. difficult to understand; recondite 深奥的
- **absurd** [əb'sə:d] a. unreasonable; foolish; ridiculous 不合理的, 愚蠢的, 可笑的, 荒唐的

absurd 和 ridiculous 辨析

absurd: 荒唐的, 不合理的, 强调不符合常识或人情。

ridiculous: 可笑的, 荒谬的, 滑稽的, 有时因其荒谬而引申为“令人发笑的”, 暗含蔑视成分。

- **abundance** [ə'bʌndəns] n. a great quantity; plenty 充裕, 大量

[习惯用法] **an abundance of** 充裕, 大量

- **abundant** [ə'bʌndənt] a. more than enough; plentiful 大量的, 充裕的, 丰富的

[习惯用法] **be abundant in (with)** 有丰富的, 有大量的

- **abuse** [ə'bju:z] v. ①to assail with contemptuous, coarse, or insulting words; revile 辱骂, 诋毁 ②to use wrongly or improperly; misuse 滥用, 妄用 n. ①insulting or coarse language 辱骂, 咒骂 ②improper use or handling; misuse 滥用 ③a corrupt practice or custom 恶习
- **abyss** [ə'bis] n. ①an unfathomable chasm; a yawning gulf 深渊 ②the abode of evil spirits; hell 地狱
- **academic** [ækə'demik] a. ①concerning teaching or studying 教学的, 学术的 ②concerning those taught to provide skills for

the mind rather than for the hand 人文学科的 ③of a college or university 学院的, 大学的 ④impractical 不实际的

- **accelerate** [æk'seləreit] v. ①to increase the speed of 加速 ②to cause to occur sooner than expected 催促
- **accent** ['æksənt] n. ①prominence (by means of stress or intonation) given to a syllable (籍重读或音调所加于一音节上的) 重音 ②mark or symbol, usu. above a letter, used in writing and printing to indicate the quality of a vowel sound or syllabic stress 重读音符 (通常标在字母上方, 用于书写或印刷中, 以表示元音或重读音) ③individual, local or national way of pronouncing (个人, 地方或民族的) 口音, 腔调, 土腔 ④way of speaking which indicates a particular quality, etc. 说话的语气, 声调, 语调
- **accentuate** [æk'sentjueit] v. to stress or emphasize; intensify 强调; 使突出
- **acceptance** [æk'septəns] n. ① the act of accepting or being accepted 接受 ②favour, approval 承认; 认可 ③(in business) an agreement to pay 承兑票据
- **access** [ækses] n. ①a means of approaching, entering, exiting, or making use of; passage 进入, 通路 ②the right to approach, enter, exit, or make use of 使用或进入的途径或权力
[习惯用法] **easy/difficult of access** 易于/ 难于接近
- **accessory** [æk'sesəri] n. ①thing that is added but is not a necessary part 附件, 附属品 ②thing that completes a woman's clothes 妇女衣着装饰品 ③person who is not present at a crime but who helps in doing it 从犯
- **accidental** [æksi'dentl] a. happening by chance 偶然的, 意外的
- **accommodate** [ə'kɒmədeit] v. ①to provide with a room in which to live or stay 供给住宿 ②have enough space for 容纳 ③bring into agreement with something else 使调和, 使配合 ④change one's way of life to fit new conditions 改变以适应新情况 ⑤supply with something 供给
- **accommodation** [ə'kɒmə'deɪʃn] n. ①a place to live 住所 ②

the act of changing something so that it suits new conditions 适应 ③lodging, food, and services 膳, 宿及各种服务 ④a seat or place to sleep, together with services and/or food 附有服务及/或食物的座位或住宿处

- **accompaniment** [ə'kʌmpənɪmənt] n. ①something which is usu. or often found with something else 陪伴物, 伴随物 ②music played on a musical instrument to support singing or another instrument 音乐伴奏

- **accompany** [ə'kʌmpəni] v. ①go with 伴随, 陪伴, 跟随 ②occur or do at the same time as 与...同时发生或做出 ③play an accompaniment to 为...伴奏

- **accomplice** [ə'kɒmplɪs] n. one who aids or abets a lawbreaker in a criminal act, either as a principal or an accessory 同谋; 帮凶

- **accomplishment** [ə'kɒmplɪʃmənt] n. ①the act of finishing work completely and successfully 完成, 达到 ②something completely and successfully done 成就

[习惯用法] difficult/easy of accomplishment 难于/易于完成

- **accord** [ə'kɔ:d] v. to be the same (as); agree 符合; 一致 n. an agreement 协调; 一致

[习惯用法] of one's own accord 自愿地; 自动地 with one accord 一致同意的 in accord with 与...一致 out of accord with 与...不一致

[仿真题] His violent action does not accord ___ his peaceful words.

a. with b. to c. of d. in

- **accordance** [ə'kɔ:dəns] n. in a way that fulfils or agrees with 符合; 一致

[习惯用法] in accordance with 根据

- **accordingly** [ə'kɔ:dɪŋli] ad. ①in a way suitable to what has been said or what has happened 相应地 ②therefore; so 因此; 所以

- **accost** [ə'kɔ:st] v. to approach and speak to in an aggressive,

hostile, or sexually suggestive manner 招呼; 搭讪 (以一种挑衅, 敌对或有性暗示的方式)

- **accredit** [ə'kredit] v. ①to believe 信赖 ②to supply with credentials or authority; authorize 授权, 委托 ③to ascribe or attribute to; credit with 归结于

[习惯用法] **accredit somebody as** 任命某人担任某职务

- **accretion** [ə'kri:ʃən] n. growth or increase in size by gradual external addition, fusion, or inclusion 增长
- **accrue** [ə'kru:] v. ①to come to one as a gain, an addition, or an increase 自然增加 ②to come into existence 产生
- **accumulate** [ə'kju:mjuleit] v. to make or become greater in quantity or size, esp. over a long period; collect or grow into a mass 积蓄; 积累
- **accuracy** [ækjʊrəsi] n. exactness or correctness 精确; 准确
- **accurate** [ækjʊrit] a. careful and exact, free from error 精确的, 正确无误的

accurate, exact 和 precise 辨析

accurate: 强调准确性以及与事实无出入。

exact: 强调各细节均与事实、标准等完全相符。

precise: 用于物时与 exact 同义, 用于人时指待人接物严密谨慎。

[仿真题] The drawing of this house is _____ in every detail.

- a. accurate b. precise
c. right d. exact

- **accurately** [ækjʊritli] ad. exactly 精确地; 准确地
- **accusation** [ækju'zeiʃən] n. ①the act of accusing 控告 ②a charge of doing wrong 犯罪指控
- **accuse** [ə'kju:z] v. ①to charge formally with a wrongdoing 控告某人 (犯某项罪), 控诉, 告发 ②to charge with a shortcoming or an error 非难, 谴责

[习惯用法] **accuse somebody of something/doing something** 控告, 指控

accuse, charge 和 impeach 辨析

accuse: 表达的“指控, 控告, 非难”比较直接尖锐, 但指控

对方的事不一定很严重

charge: 一般用于较严重的错误或罪行。注意 charge 的常用结构是 charge sb. with something.

impeach: 正式法律用语, 尤指检举、弹劾。impeach 的常用结构是 impeach somebody for (of, with) something 和 impeach somebody for doing something.

[仿真题] The soldier was _____ of running away when the enemy attacked.

- a. scolded b. charged
c. accused d. punished

- **accustom** [ə'kʌstəm] v. make used to 使习惯于

[习惯用法] **accustom oneself to** 使习惯于 **become/be accustomed to something/doing something** 习惯于

- **achievement** [ə'tʃi:vmənt] n. ①achieving 完成 ②something done successfully, with effort and skill 成就, 成绩, 功绩

[仿真题] According to the psychoanalyst Sigmund Freud, wisdom comes from the _____ of maturity.

- a. fulfillment **b. achievement**
c. establishment d. accomplishment

- **acknowledge** [ək'nɒlɪdʒ] v. ①confess 公认, 承认 ②report that one has received 说明已收到某物 ③express thanks for 为...致谢 ④indicate that one recognizes somebody by giving a greeting, a smile, a nod of the head 以问候语, 微笑, 点头等表示认识某人

- **acoustics** [ə'ku:sliks] n. ①the scientific study of sound, esp. of its generation, transmission, and reception 声学 ②the total effect of sound, esp. as produced in an enclosed space 音响效果

- **acquaint** [ə'kweɪnt] v. ①to make familiar 使某人(自己)熟悉于... ②to cause to come to know 使明白、通晓

[习惯用法] **acquaint somebody/oneself with** 使某人熟悉于... **be acquainted with somebody** 与某人见过面, 认识

[仿真题] Mrs. Green seems to be _____ with everyone who comes

to the store.

a. accepted

b. admitted

c. admired

d. acquainted

- **acquaintance** [ə'kweɪntəns] n. ①knowledge or information gained through experience 从经验获得的知识, 习知 ②person with whom one is acquainted; person whom one knows (less intimately than a friend) 相识的人 (但不如朋友那样亲密)
[习惯用法] **make somebody's acquaintance/make the acquaintance of somebody** 与某人结识 (如经过介绍)
- **acquire** [ə'kwaiə] v. gain by skill or ability, by one's own efforts or behaviour (由技术, 能力, 努力或行为而) 获得, 得到
- **acquisition** [ækwi'zɪʃən] n. ①acquiring 获得 ②something acquired 获得物, 添加物
- **acquit** [ə'kwɪl] v. to free or clear from a charge or accusation 宣告无罪; 赦免
- **acre** ['eɪkə] n. measure of land, 4840 square yards or about 4000 square metres 英亩 (=4840 平方码, 约 4000 平方米)
- **acrid** ['ækrid] a. ①unpleasantly sharp, pungent, or bitter to the taste or smell 辛辣的 ②caustic in language or tone 言词刻薄的, 辛辣的
- **acrobat** ['ækrəbæt] n. person who can perform difficult or unusual physical acts with skill 杂技演员, 特技表演者
- **actively** ['æktivli] ad. energetically 活跃地, 积极地, 主动地
- **acumen** [ə'kjʊ:men] n. quickness, accuracy, and keenness of judgment or insight 敏锐; 聪明
- **acute** [ə'kjʊ:t] a. ①extremely sharp or severe; intense 深刻的, 剧烈的 ②having a rapid onset and following a short but severe course 急性的 ③high in pitch; shrill 高音的, 尖锐的 (指声音)
[习惯用法] **acute angle** 锐角
- **adamant** [ædə'mənt] a. impervious to pleas, appeals, or reason; stubbornly unyielding 坚定不移的