

# 2014淘金式巧攻 考研英语词汇

### 上海外国语大学

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中英双解,彻底辨清词汇用法

一课一练,温故而知新







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### **Believe in Yourself**

Believe in your dreams.

Believe that you are loved.

Believe that you make a difference.

Believe we can build a better world.

Believe there's light at the end of the tunnel.

Believe that

you may be that light for someone else.

Believe that the best is yet to be.

Believe in yourself.

### 要相信你自己

要相信你的梦想。

要相信有人爱你。

要相信你能有所作为。

要相信我们可以建设一个更美好的世界。

要相信在隧道的尽头会有曙光。

要相信

你可能就是他人的那道曙光。

要相信你现在尚未做到最好。

要相信你自己。

——选自华研外语《英语美文视听分享 MTV》



### Preface ii =

考研大纲不但要求掌握 5500 左右的词汇及相关词组,还要求掌握词汇之间的词义关系(如同义词、近义词、反义词),以及词汇之间的搭配关系等,可见考研英语对词汇量的要求多于 5500 词。如何在有限的时间内掌握如此庞大的词汇量,这成为考生备考的一大难点。

《淘金式巧攻考研英语词汇》在深入研究历年真题的基础上,根据考研词汇的重要程度,将词汇进行科学分类,帮助考生减轻学习负担、提高学习效率。

#### 1. 智能分频,优先记住最重要的单词

本书根据历年真题对词汇的考查频率,通过电脑分频,将核心词汇分成四个重要程度不同的等级:高频词汇、常考词汇、次常考词汇和偶考词汇。考生优先记住最重要的单词,避免平均用力,从而达到事半功倍的记忆效果。

值得一提的是,本书分频有别于众多"分频"词汇书,不是按照单词在真题中出现的次数进行简单累加。例如,在同一篇文章中出现多次的单词,考频只能算 1次,真正的高频词是指那些在很多不同语境都可能出现的单词。

#### 2. 中英双解,彻底辨清词汇用法

由于英语和汉语的差异,英语词汇与其汉语释义的内涵和外延往往是不完全对等的,这就造成很多时候考生明明知道单词的中文意思,使用时却出现差错。鉴于这种情况,本书为容易引起歧义的中文义项添加英文释义,帮助考生彻底辨清单词的用法。例如:

restrict /rɪˈstrɪkt/

vt. to limit or control the size, amount, or range of sth.; to limit sb.'s actions or movements 限制, 约束 Speed is restricted to 30 mph in towns. 市内车速每小时不得超过30英里。// Having small children tends to restrict your freedom. 有了小孩往往会限制你的自由。

#### 3. 真题语境,学以致用

"记住"单词不是学习的最终目的,学以致用——将词汇运用到阅读、写作等,才是学习词汇的最终目标。本书紧跟考纲,在对词汇进行详尽讲解的同时,列举大量"真题例句",营造一个真实语境,培养、提高学生综合运用语言的能力。

#### 4. 易混近义词辨析,区别一目了然

掌握和区分近义词是学习的一大重点和难点,书中大量的近义词、形近词 辨析帮助考生快速扫除学习中的障碍。

#### 【辨析】表示"压缩"的动词

compress:"压缩",指被压缩的东西仍保持原来的整体,但体积变小, 强调通过外力的挤压使变小或成某种形态

condense:"浓缩",指增加某物的密度或浓度;还有"精简"的意思,即 把一本书、一篇文章、一段讲话等作提炼,但保持其原有本质

#### 5. 一课一练,温故而知新

本书为高频、常考等重点词汇配置精心挑选的典型考题,帮助考生随学随练,加深记忆,巩固学习成果。

编者

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# Messon 1

早 闽 顶 习 + 返 化									
□organize/-ise	$\Box$ concentrate	□proficiency	□urgent	$\square$ sentiment	probability				
□organization/	$\square$ absorb	□challenge	□tough	□sensible	□possibility				
-isation	□distract	$\square$ potential	□tense	□tender	□likely				
□arrange	$\square$ enormous	□fruitful	□instant	□fragile	$\square$ unlikely				
□flexible	□numerous	$\square$ advantage	$\Box$ cope	$\square$ vulnerable	□likelihood				
□subjective	$\square$ amount	□mutual	□handle	$\Box$ feeble	$\square$ likewise				
□objective	$\square$ approximate	$\square$ benefit	□rigid	$\Box$ crisp	□unlike				
$\square$ objection	□plentiful	□beneficial	□delicate	□subtle	□alike				
□target	$\Box$ adequate	$\square$ valid	□injure	$\Box$ rely	$\square$ resemble				
$\square$ significant	$\square$ sufficient	$\square$ invalid	$\square$ injury	□reliable	$\Box$ resemblance				
$\square$ significance	$\square$ deficiency	$\Box$ accurate	□painful	□reliance					
$\Box$ considerable	$\square$ efficient	$\Box$ accuracy	$\Box$ recovery	□belief					
$\Box$ considerate	□efficiency	$\square$ excess	$\Box$ precise	□feasible					
$\Box$ consideration	$\square$ effective	$\square$ excessive	$\square$ precision	$\square$ explore					
□focus	$\Box$ competent	□urge	□sensitive	$\Box$ probable					

#### organize/-ise

/s:genaiz/

- vt. ①to arrange or prepare for an activity 组织 Jeff agreed to help to organize the company picnic. 杰夫同意帮忙组织公司的这次野餐。
  - ②使有条理 Just give me a moment to organize my thoughts. 给我点儿时间理顺一下我的思路。
- 【派生】reorganize  $\nu$ . 重组 // disorganized a. 无条 理的,无组织的

考研真题 If you are talking to a group of managers, you may refer to the disorganized methods of their secretaries—alternatively if you are addressing secretaries, you may want to comment on their disorganized bosses. 如果你在同一群经理谈话,你可以说他们的秘书工作没有条理;相反当你在和秘书们谈话的时候,你可以去评价他们干起事来一团糟的老板。

#### organization/-isation /ˌɔːgənaɪˈzeɪʃən/

n. ①机构 a charitable organization 慈善机构 ②组织 It is a non-profit organization. 这是 一个非营利性的组织。

【派生】organizational a. 组织的

#### arrange

/əˈreɪndʒ/

【助记】ar(to)+range(排列)→安排

- v. ①to plan or prepare for 安排,准备 I won't let my parents arrange a marriage for me. 我不会让父母做主包办我的婚姻。// Have you arranged to meet Mark this weekend? 你安排好了这个周末与马克的会面吗?
  - ②排列,布置 She arranged flowers well. 她插花插得很好。
- 【派生】rearrange v. 重新布置; 重新安排 // arrangement n. 排列,布置;安排,筹备

#### flexible

/fleksibl/

【助记】flex(弯曲)+ible(能)→易弯曲的

- a. ①易弯曲的 Springs are made of flexible steel. 弹簧是由有弹性的钢制成的。
  - ②灵活的 We need a more flexible policy. 我们需要更灵活的政策。
- 【派生】flexibly ad. 灵活地 // flexibility n. 灵活性; 柔韧性

#### subjective

/snb'dzektiv/

a. 主观(上)的 This is a very subjective judgment of her abilities. 这是对她能力的一个非 常主观的评价。

#### objective

/əb'dzektıv/

- n. 目标【同 goal】 The main objective of this policy is to reduce unemployment. 这项政策的主要目的是减少失业。
- a. 客观的 A jury's decision in a court case must be objective. 陪审团裁定案件必须客观。

#### objection

/əb'dʒek[ən/

【助记】ob(against)+ject(扔)+ion→反向扔→反对

- n. ①反对 have (no) objection to (doing) sth. (不)反对(做)某事 // The only objection to hiring her is that she can't drive. 反对雇用 她的唯一理由是她不会开车。
  - ②反对的理由 Please present your objection to the plan. 请提出你反对这个计划的理由。

#### target

/ta:git/

- n. ①靶子 The arrow missed the target. 箭未中靶。 ②(攻击的)目标,攻击对象 Cars without security devices are an easy target for the thief. 没 有安全装置的汽车很容易成为盗贼的目标。
  - ③拟达到的指标 The factory met its production target ahead of time. 工厂提前完成了生产指标。
- vt. ①to aim sth. at a target 瞄准 The missiles were targeted at major cities. 导弹瞄向大城市。②to make sth. have an effect on a particular limited group or area 以…为目标 These products are targeted at young people. 这些产品的目标人群是年轻人。

#### significant

/sig'nifikent/

- a. ①fairly large in amount or quantity 相当数量的 There is a significant increase of crime in that country. 那个国家的犯罪率显著增长。②likely to have a major effect; important 意义重大的 Penicillin was an extremely significant medical discovery. 青霉素是医学上一个极其重大的发现。
  - ③意味深长的 They exchanged significant glances. 他们彼此交换了意味深长的目光。

【派生】insignificant a. 无足轻重的

#### significance

/sig'nifikəns/

n. ① 意义 What is the significance of her actions? 她的那些举动有什么含义?

②重要性 be of (no) significance 有/无重大的意义 // Money is of great significance when one is starting an enterprise. 资金对创业是十分重要的。

#### considerable

/kən'sıdərəbl/

a. large in size, amount, or quantity 相当大(或多)的 I have given considerable thought to the matter. 这件事我已经考虑得相当充分了。

#### considerate

/kən'sıdərıt/

a. showing regard for the needs or feelings of others 体贴的[同 thoughtful] It is considerate of you to send me a postcard. 寄给我明信片,你真是细心周到。

#### 【一言辨异】considerate, considerable

It's very considerate of you to send me a Christmas gift at considerable expense every year. 你每年都花很多钱给我买圣诞礼物,真是考虑周到。

#### consideration

/kən,sıdə'reı[ən/

- n. ①考虑 I leave it entirely to your kind consideration. 这事全拜托你了。
  - ②体贴 Jeff never shows any consideration for his mother's feelings. 杰夫从来不体谅他母亲的感受。

【短语】in consideration of 考虑到;作为对…的报酬 // take into consideration 考虑到

#### focus

/ˈfəʊkəs/

- v. to direct your attention or effort at sth. specific (~on)(使)聚集[同 concentrate] You must try to focus your mind on work and study. 你应该努力把思想集中在工作和学习上。// You must focus on what you are doing. 你必须集中心思于你所做的事。
- n. ①聚焦 out of focus 焦点没对准,模糊 ②(注意、活动等的)中心 The incidence brought the problem of violence in schools into sharp focus. 这次事件使校园暴力成为焦点问题。

#### concentrate /kpnsentreit/

vi. 全神贯注 Can you still concentrate on your reading with the TV on? 开着电视你还能集中 精神看书吗?



- vt. ①集中(注意力) We must concentrate our efforts on improving the system. 我们得致 力于改进该制度。
  - ②集中在、汇聚于 Italian industry is concentrated mainly in the north of the country. 意大利的工业主要集中在该国北部。
- ③浓缩 concentrate a liquid 把液体浓缩 n. 浓缩物 apple juice concentrate 浓缩苹果汁 【派生】concentration n. 专注;集中;浓缩

#### absorb

/eb'so:b/

- vt. ①to draw in (heat, light, energy, etc.) 吸收 Put some orange peelings in the refrigerator and they can absorb odd smell. 放一些橘子 皮进冰箱,可以把异味吸掉。
  - ②使全神贯注 Newton was totally absorbed in his work. 牛顿全神贯注于他的工作。
  - 3to take in and make sth. part of a larger group, country, etc. 同化 The region is being absorbed into its neighboring country. 该地 区正被并入邻国。

【用法】

/ be absorbed in 专心于 be focused on be engaged in

be preoccupied with

【派生】absorption n. 吸收;专注

#### distract

/dis'trækt/

- 【助记】dis(apart)+tract(拉)→(注意力)被拉开→使 分心
- vt. 使分心 distract sb. from... 使某人分心 // The noise outside distracted me from my reading. 外面的嘈杂声使我没法专心读书。

【派生】distraction n. 分心的事,心烦意乱

#### enormous

/r'no:mes/

- 【助记】e(out)+norm(标准)+ous→超出标准的→巨 大的
- a. 巨大的 An enormous storm system has been created in Canada. 巨大的风暴系统已经在加 拿大形成了。

#### 【辨析】表示"巨大"的形容词

enormous:表示程度为极端的、异常的、过度的, 具有反常的内涵

huge:通常指体积和容量等方面极大的、超越一 定标准的

immense:有大到不能计算的意味

vast:通常指范围,如广阔的海洋、旷野、世界、距离等

#### numerous

/'nju:mərəs/

【助记】numer(数)+ous→数目众多的→众多的

a. 众多的 New York City's numerous skyscrapers give the city its special character. 纽约 市众多的摩天大楼赋予了这个城市独有的特征。

#### amount

- n. ①数量 Try to reduce the amount of fat in your diet. 你要减少饮食中的油脂含量。
  - ②总数 What is the amount of this? 这总共 是多少?
- vi. ①to add up in number or quantity (~to)合计 Nationally, deaths from smoking-related illnesses amount to 30 people each day. 全国 每天共计有30人死于与吸烟有关的疾病。
  - 2 to be the same in meaning or effect as (sth.)(在意义、价值等方面)等同,接近 In fact, your ambiguous words amount to a refusal. 实际上,你说的那些模棱两可的话等于是拒绝。

#### approximate

/ə'proksimət/

【助记】ap(to)+proxim(最 接近的)+ate→接近 的→近似的 a. almost correct or ex-



- act, close in value or amount but not precise 大约的, 近似的 What is the approximate size of this room? 这间 屋子大概有多大?
- v. ①近似,接近 Your story approximates to the real facts. 你所说的仅仅是接近事实真相。
  - ②估计 The cost of the project will approximate \$10,000. 这个项目的成本大约为1万美金。

#### plentiful

/'plentiful/

【助记】plenty(n. 丰富)的形容词

a. more than enough in quantity 丰富的, 充裕的 There are plentiful watermelons in the summer. 夏季有大量的西瓜上市。

#### adequate

/'ædikwit/

- 【助记】ad(to)+equ(相等的)+ate→等同于所需的→
- a. ①充足的【同 sufficient】 Employees in a chemical plant should be given adequate training in safety precautions. 化工厂的雇员应有 足够的安全防范培训。
  - ②胜任的 be adequate to the job 能胜任工作

【用法】表示"充足的"时,被其修饰的名词通常不是 复数名词。

sufficient /səˈfɪ[ənt/

- a. being as much as is needed; adequate; enough 足够的,充分的 Many people working and living in the city don't have sufficient sleep. 很多在城市工作和居住的人睡眠都不充足。
- 【派生】sufficiency n. 充足 // self-sufficient a. 自 给自足的;傲慢的

考研真题 This increasingly high level of education is probably a necessary, but not a sufficient, condition for the complex political systems required by advanced economic performance. 先进的经济水平需要有复杂的政治体制与之相匹配,然而,对于这样的政治体制而言,教育水平的不断提高或许是其必要条件,而绝非充分条件。

#### deficiency

/di'fi[ansi/

【助记】de(away)+fic(做)+iency→没做好→缺点

- n. ①缺乏【同 lack】 Vitamin deficiency can cause illnesses. 缺乏维生素会引起疾病。
  - ②a weakness or fault in sth. 缺点 Her deficiencies as an organizer were soon discovered. 作为组织者,她的缺点不久就给发现了。

【派生】deficient a. 有缺陷的;缺乏的

efficient /i'fɪ[ənt/

a. capable of producing desired results without wasting materials, time, or energy 效率高的 【反 inefficient】 Efficient management is one of the factors which will lower production cost. 高效的管理是降低生产成本的因素之一。

#### efficiency /i'fɪʃənsɪ/

n. 效率 One of the aims of economic reform is to improve efficiency. 经济改革的目标之一是提高效率。

#### effective /ɪˈfektɪv/

- a. ①having an intended or expected effect 有效的 We hope the government will take effective measures to reduce pollution. 我们希望政府采取有效措施减少污染。
  - ②给人印象深刻的 He gave an effective performance as Othello. 他演的奥赛罗令人印象深刻。

③实际的 There is a decline in the effective demand. 实际需求有所下降。

#### competent

/kpmprtant/

a. having enough skill or knowledge to do sth.
 to a satisfactory standard 有能力的,能胜任的
 【同 qualified】 He is not a competent driver
 and can't cope with driving in heavy traf fic. 他当司机不太行,在交通拥挤时就开不好车。

【派生】competence n. 能力,胜任

考研真题 In fact, it is difficult to see how journalists who do not have a clear grasp of the basic features of the Canadian Constitution can do a competent job on political stories. 事实上,很难想象那些对加拿大宪法的基本要点缺乏清晰了解的新闻记者何以胜任政治新闻的报道工作。

#### proficiency

/prəˈfɪʃənsɪ/

【助记】pro(forward)+fic(做)+iency→一直向前做 也就精通了→精通

n. 精通 Nick's proficiency in French is well-known. 尼克精通法语是众人皆知的。

【派生】proficient a. 熟练的,精通的

#### challenge

/t∫ælındʒ/

- n. ① 艰巨的任务 She likes her job to be a challenge. 她喜欢艰巨的工作。
  - ②怀疑,质问 a challenge to the teacher's authority 对教师权威的质疑
  - ③挑战,邀请比赛 I accepted his challenge to a game of chess. 我应邀与他下棋对垒。
- vt. ①对…质疑,对…怀疑 Many doctors have challenged the accuracy of his findings. 许 多医生对他研究结果的准确性表示怀疑。
  - ②to invite sb. to compete in a game, fight, etc. 向…挑战 He challenged me to play another tennis game. 他向我挑战要我跟他再打一场网球。
  - ③反对,公然反抗 She challenged the decision of her employer. 她反对老板的决定。

【派生】challenging a. 激发干劲的;困难的

#### potential

/pəˈtenʃəl/

【助记】potent(力量)+ial→潜力

- a. capable of being but not yet in existence 潜 在的 a potential danger 潜在的危险
- n. 潜力 If you don't have self-confidence, your

potential won't grow. 如果没有自信,就不能发挥出你的潜力。

fruitful

/fru:tfal/

【助记】fruit(果实)+ful→硕果累累的→多产的

a. 多产的, 富有成效的 The anonymous tip proved fruitful, as the suspect was captured. 匿名 悬赏取得了成效,因为嫌疑人被抓住了。

#### advantage

/əd'va:ntɪdʒ/

【助记】advant(前进)+age(表状态)→优点

- n. ①优点,有利条件,有利因素 Richard has an advantage over you since he can speak German. 理查德比你占优势,因为他会讲德语。
  - ②a good or useful quality or condition that sth. has 利益, 好处 Living in a big town has many advantages. 住在大都市里有很多好处。// Every advantage has its disadvantage. 有利必有弊。
- 【短语】 have an advantage over... 比…具有更大的优势 // to advantage 有利地 // take advantage of 利用,占…的便宜 He took advantage of the good weather to go for a walk. 他趁着天气好,出去散散步。
- 【派生】 advantageous a. 有利的 // disadvantage n. 不利,劣势

#### mutual

/mju:t[vəl/

- a. ①相互的, 彼此的 Mutual forgiveness of each vice, such are the gates of Paradise. 相互宽容对方的缺点,乃是通向天堂之门。
  - ②共同的,共有的 mutual efforts/interest 共同的努力/共同的利益

#### benefit

/benifit/

- n. ①sth. that gives you advantages or improves your life in some way 益处,好处 All donations are used for the benefit of disabled children. 所有的捐款都用于残疾儿童的福利。
  // an aid program that brought benefits to the region 为这一地区带来利益的援助计划
  ②救济金 medical/unemployment benefit 医疗/失业津贴
- v. to be useful or helpful to 有益于, 得益 The plants benefited from the rain. 植物得益于这场雨。

【短语】benefit by/from sth. 得益于…

#### 【辨析】表示"益处"的名词

benefit:指某项政策、活动给人们带来的实际好处,但不能指"利润"

profit:可指金钱或其他方面的利益

#### beneficial

/,beni'fifal/

 a. 有益的 A balanced diet and a moderate amount of sports are beneficial to health. 均衡的饮食和适度的运动有益于健康。

#### valid

/ˈvælɪd/

- a. ①a reason, argument etc. that is based on what is reasonable or sensible 有根据的,有理 的 Illness is a valid excuse for being absent from work. 生病是不去上班的正当理由。
  - ②a valid ticket, document, or agreement is legally or officially acceptable 有效的, 具有法律 效力的 In many countries, a driving license is a valid proof of identity. 驾驶执照在很多国家是有效的身份证明。
- 【派生】validate vt. 批准, 使有法律效力; 证实 // validity n. 有效性,合法性

#### invalid

/in'vælid/ a. /'invəli:d/ n.

【助记】in(not)+valid(有效的)→无效的

- a. 无效的,站不住脚的 Unless it is signed, a cheque is invalid. 支票除非签了字,否则是无 效的。
- n. 病弱者 The invalid is gathering strength. 这位病弱者正在逐渐恢复体力。

#### accurate

/ækjurət/

- a. ①正确无误的 Are you sure that your clock is accurate? 你确定你的钟走时准吗?
  - ②精确的【同 exact】 Journalists are not always accurate in what they write. 新闻工作者的报道并非总是准确的。

#### accuracy

/ˈækjurəsɪ/

n. 准确(性) Accuracy is most important in translation. 准确性在翻译中最为重要。

#### excess

/ik'ses/

【助记】ex(out)+cess(走)→走出界限→过度

n. ①过度,过量 An excess of fat in one's diet can lead to heart disease. 食物中脂肪过多可能导致心脏病。

- ②more than a particular amount 超越,超过 The car reached speeds in excess of 100 miles per hour. 这辆汽车的时速超过了 100 英里。
- a. 额外的 Your parcel is too heavy and you must pay the excess postal charge. 你的邮包超重,你必须支付超重邮资。
- 【短语】in excess of 超过 // to excess 过度,过分,过量 He is optimistic to excess. 他过于乐观了。

#### excessive

/ik'sesiv/

a. 过度的 Excessive use of fertilizers can poison the soil. 过度施肥会污染土壤。

#### urge

/3:d3/

- vt. ①鼓励【同 encourage】He is continually urging reform. 他一直鼓励改革。
  - ②竭力主张【同 advocate】Some people urge that boxing be banned. 一些人强烈要求禁止拳击运动。
  - ③催促 Brown urged her to reconsider her decision. 布朗极力劝 说她重新考虑自己的 决定。
  - n. 强烈的欲望 The boy has a strong urge to learn. 这个 男孩有极强的求知欲。



urgent

/'s:dʒənt/

【助记】urg(e)(催促)+ent→不断催促的→急迫的

- a. very important and needing to be dealt with immediately 急迫的,紧要的 Anything that is urgent must be attended to immediately. 任 何紧急的事情都必须立即处理。
- 【用法】It is urgent that...表示"急需···",后接的从 句用虚拟语气。

#### tough

/tnf/

- a. ①very difficult to do or deal with 困难的,难对付的 It was a tough decision to make. 要做出决定很艰难。
  - ②坚强的 Tough people manage well in adversity. 坚强的人在逆境中也很从容。
  - ③坚韧的,牢固的 a tough hard-wearing cloth 一块结实、耐磨损的布料
  - ④严格的 They are very tough on drunk

drivers. 他们对酒后驾车者十分严格。

- ⑤(肉类食物)老的 The meat is too tough to eat. 这肉老得不能吃。
- ⑥粗暴的 He is dreadfully tough. 他极其粗鲁。

#### tense

/tens/

- a. ①紧张的 Eight months of tense negotiations finally ended in a deal. 8 个月的紧张谈判最终一锤定音。// Is anything wrong? You look a little tense. 怎么啦? 你看起来有点紧张。
  - ②绷紧的 tense muscles 绷紧的肌肉
- v. (使)拉紧,(使)绷紧 tense the reins 拉紧缰绳 // Relax, and try not to tense up so much. 放松,试着不要绷得这么紧。
- n. (动词的)时态 the present/past tense 现在时/ 过去时

#### instant

/'instent/

- a. ① occurring at once; immediate 即刻的 an instant reply 即时的答复
  - ②紧急的 The flood victims were in instant need of help. 水灾难民急需救助。
  - ③速溶的 instant coffee 速溶咖啡
- n. 瞬间 I sent you the news the instant (that) I heard it. 我一听到此消息,便通知你了。
- 【用法】the instant 可引导时间状语从句,相当于 as soon as,表示"一…就…"。

【派生】instantly ad. 立即,马上

#### cope

/kəup/

vi. to deal successfully with a difficult situation (~with)应付 A family and a full time job is a lot to cope with. 照顾家庭并做一份全职工作需要花很大的精力。

#### handle

/hændl/

【助记】hand(手)+le→方便手操作的东西→把手

- v. ①to do the work required for (sth.); to deal with (a person, situation, etc.) successfully 处理,应付,对待 Computers can handle huge amounts of data. 电脑能处理大量的数据。 // She couldn't handle the pressure of her new job. 她无法应付新工作带来的压力。
  - ②操作 This motorcar handles well. 这摩托 车很好驾驶。
  - ③拿,触,摸 Handle with care! 小心轻放!
- n. 柄 give a handle to sb. 予以把柄,予以可乘之机

#### rigid

/rid3id/

a. ①严格的,死板的 rigid discipline 严格的训练
 ②刚硬的,不弯曲的 a rigid support for a tent
 坚挺的帐篷支柱

#### delicate

/delikat/

- a. ①易碎的【同 fragile】 delicate china 精美易碎的瓷器
  - ②微妙的,棘手的 The current international situation is very delicate. 当前的国际形势十分微妙。
  - ③娇弱的 a delicate child 身体娇弱的孩子
  - ④精美的 a delicate work 一件精美的作品

【派生】delicacy n. 精致;细微;美味

#### iniure

/indzə/

vt. 伤害【同 hurt】 Many elderly people injure themselves in their own homes, for example by slipping in the bath. 很多上了年纪的人在自己家中受伤,例如在浴室里滑倒。

【派生】injurious a. 有害的

#### injury

/indʒəri/

- n. ①损害 Drinking too much can result in injury to the liver. 饮酒过量会损害肝脏。
  - ②受伤处 The head injury deafened her for life. 她头部受伤以致终身耳聋。

#### 【辨析】表示"受伤"的名词

hurt:身体某部分受损伤,情感上受伤害,程度不及 injury 和 wound

injury:由武器造成创伤,在事故中受伤 wound:指由枪或锐器造成的创伤、伤口

#### painful

/peinfal/

- a. ①疼痛的 The operation was very painful. 手术很痛。
  - ②困难的,令人不快的 Applying for jobs can be a long and painful process. 求职可能是一个漫长而又艰难的历程。

#### recovery

/rɪˈkʌvərɪ/

【助记】re(again)+cover(掩盖)+y→恢复

- n. ①恢复, 痊愈 She made a quick recovery from her illness. 她很快病愈。
  - ②复苏,恢复 economic recovery 经济复苏
  - ③追回,寻回 The owner has offered a reward for the recovery of the stolen goods. 失主已 经悬赏寻找被窃物品。

#### precise

/pri'sais/

- 【助记】pre(before)+cise (切)→把前面多余的 东西切掉→精确的
- a. ①精确的【同 exact】
  precise measurement/
  instrument 精确的测量/精密仪器
  - ②严谨的 A lawyer

needs a precise mind. 律师要有严谨的头脑。



#### precision

/pri'siʒən/

n. 精确(性) Laser technology has enhanced the precision of surgical procedures. 激光技术增强了外科手术的精确性。

#### sensitive

/sensitiv/

- a. ①敏感的;灵敏度高的 a sensitive issue 敏感的问题 // Photographic paper is highly sensitive to light. 感光纸(相纸)对光十分敏感。
  - ②神经过敏的,容易生气的 Belinda is sensitive to whatever people speak of her. 贝琳达对别人谈到她的任何事情都很敏感。
  - ③(尤对疼痛)易感受的,易受伤害的 a sensitive skin 易受伤的皮肤 // be sensitive to cold 对寒冷敏感的
- 【派生】sensitivity n. 敏感性,灵敏度 // insensitive a. 不顾他人感受的;感觉迟钝的

#### sentiment

/sentiment/

- n. ①意见,观点 It is my sentiment that we should vote against the motion. 我的意见是我们应该对这个动议投反对票。
  - ②feelings of love, sympathy, kindness, etc. 感情,情绪 Sentiment should be controlled by reason. 感情应受理智的控制。

【派生】sentimental a. 情感的,情绪的

#### sensible

/sensabl/

- a. ①明智的,合情理的 It is sensible of her to stay at home in such a raining evening. 在这样下雨的夜晚她待在家里是明智的。
  - ②察觉的 He is sensible of the danger of his position. 他发觉他处境危险。
- 【派生】sensibility n. 敏感性;感情 // insensibility n. 无知觉;冷淡

#### tender

/tende/

a. ①easily chewed or cut 嫩的 Would you like

to try the tender beef I cooked? 想尝一下我做的嫩牛肉吗?

- ②疼痛的 My finger is tender because I cut it yesterday. 我昨天割破了手指头,一碰就疼。
- ③温柔的 tender loving care 体贴入微的关怀
- vt. (正式)提出 He tendered a letter of resignation. 他正式提交了辞职信。
- vi. (~for)投标 tender for a project 投标一项工程
- n. 投标(书) submit a tender 提交投标书

#### fragile

/frædʒaɪl/

【助记】frag(破裂)+ile(易…的)→易碎的

- a. ①易碎的 These thin glass wares are fragile.

  Put them in wooden boxes. 这些很薄的玻璃器皿易碎。把它们放进木箱子里吧。
  - ②虚弱的 She looks fragile. 她看上去很脆弱。

#### vulnerable

/'valnarabl/

- a. ①易受伤的 Achilles was vulnerable only in his heel. 阿基里斯只有脚后跟会受伤害。
  - ②易受攻击的,难防御的 Your arguments are vulnerable to criticism. 你的论点不堪一击。 // a position vulnerable to attack 易受攻击的位置

#### feeble

/fi:bl/

- a. ①extremely weak 虚弱的,无力的 One will feel feeble when he is ill. 人生病的时候会感到虚弱。
  - ②无效的,站不住脚的 a feeble excuse 站不住脚的理由

#### crisp

/krisp/

【派生】象声词:像吃薯片的声音→脆的

- a. ① dry, hard, and easily broken 脆的 Bake until the pastry is golden and crisp. 把油酥糕点烤至金黄酥脆。
  - ②clean, smooth, and somewhat stiff 挺括的 a crisp dollar bill 一张挺括的美钞
  - ③ pleasantly cool, fresh, and dry 清新的 a crisp autumn day 清爽的秋日
  - ④简明扼要的 It was a crisp reply. 这个答复 干脆利落。
- n. [pl.]油炸土豆片 crisp potato chips 松脆土豆片

#### subtle

/sntl/

【助记】sub (beneath)+tle→暗藏于下面不易被察觉的→隐约的

a. ①微妙的,难以捉摸的 His whole attitude has

undergone a subtle change. 他的整个态度已经有了微妙的变化。

- ②诡秘的,狡猾的 a subtle plan 狡猾的计划
- ③隐约的,隐晦的 Satire is a high and subtle art. 讽刺是一门崇高而又含蓄的艺术。

【派生】subtly ad. 微细地;精巧地;敏感地

#### rely

/rɪˈlaɪ/

- vi. ①to be dependent for support, help, or supply (~on, upon) 依靠 They have to rely on the river for their water. 他们用水只能依靠这条河。
  - ②信赖 You can rely on me to keep your secret. 你尽管相信我一定为你保密。

考研真题 While comment and reaction from lawyers may enhance stories, it is preferable for journalists to rely on their own notions of significance and make their own judgments. 尽管律师的见解和反应会提高报道的质量,但新闻记者最好凭借他们自己对重要性的理解自行做出判断。

#### reliable

/rɪˈlaɪəbl/

a. 可靠的【同 dependable】 John is very reliable; if he says he'll do something he will do it. 约翰非常可靠,他说过要做的事就一定会做。

【派生】reliability n. 可靠(性)

#### reliance

/ri'laiens/

n. 依靠 No reliance is to be placed on his word. 他的话靠不住。

【派生】reliant a. 依赖的,依靠的

#### belief

/bɪˈliːf/

- n. ①相信,信任 to the best of one's belief 某人深信 // I haven't much belief in his honesty. 我对他的诚实没有太大的信心。
  - ②信念 I have a firm belief that higher education will change a person's fate. 我坚信高等教育会改变一个人的命运。

【短语】beyond belief 难以置信

【派生】disbelieve v. 不相信,怀疑

#### feasible

/fi:zəbl/

a. capable of being accomplished; possible 可行的【反 impractical】 It is feasible to apply the computer to language teaching. 将计算机应用到语言教学是可行的。

#### explore

/:k'splo:/

- v. ①勘探 Columbus discovered America but did not explore the new continent. 哥伦布发现了美洲, 但没有考察这块新太陆。// explore for gold 勘探金矿
  - ②探索,探究 They explored every avenue but it was all to no avail. 他们试过各种可能的办法,但是毫无效果。

【派生】explorer n. 探险家;勘探器 // exploration n. 探险;勘查 // exploratory a. 勘探的;探测的

#### probable

/probabal/

a. 很可能的 The weather is changeable in London and rain is probable at any moment.
 伦敦的天气多变,随时都有可能下雨。

【一言辨异】possible, probable Success is possible, but hardly probable. 成功是有可能的,但是把握性不大。

#### probability

/.probə'biliti/

n. ①可能性,可能发生的事 There is little probability that he will succeed. 他不大可能成功。 ②概率 hit probability 命中率

【短语】in all probability 十有八九,很可能

#### possibility

/posi'biliti/

【助记】possib(le)(可能的)+ility→可能性

- n. ①可能(性) Is there any possibility that you'll sign the contract tomorrow? 你明天能签合同吗?
  - ②可能的事 Life on other planets is a possibility. 其他行星上有生命是可能的。

#### likely

/ˈlaɪklɪ/

- a. ①可能的 The likely outcome of the contest varies from moment to moment. 比賽结果可能每分钟都在变化。
  - ②适合的 She was once considered a likely candidate for the position. 人们一度认为她是这个职位的合适人选。

#### 【辨析】表示"可能"的形容词

likely:指从表面迹象来看很有可能,如:be likely to do sth.; it is/was likely that...

possible:有适当条件和方法的情况下可能做到 或发生,如:it's possible...

probable:很可能,强调因有根据、合情理而可能, 语气比 possible强

#### unlikely

/n'laıklı/

a. 未必的,靠不住的 They are unlikely to come since the weather is so bad. 他们不大可能来了,因为天气这样糟糕。

#### likelihood

/ˈlaɪklɪhud/

【助记】likeli(可能)+hood(表状态)→可能性

n. 可能,可能性 Probability is the mathematical study of the likelihood of an event's occurrence. 概率是对一个事件发生的可能性的数学研究。

#### likewise

/laɪkwaɪz/

【助记】like(相同的)+wise(方式)→同样地

- ad. ①in the same way 同样地 I told him to watch me and do likewise. 我叫他仔细看着我,并且照样做。
  - ②in addition; also 也 It was said that homelessness was increasing. Likewise, unemployment was up. 据悉无家可归的人在增多, 失业人数也在增加。

#### unlike

/An'laɪk/

prep. 和…不同 Unlike the rest of her family, she is very quiet. 与家里其他成员不同, 她很文静。

#### alike

/əˈlaɪk/

【助记】a(with)+like(像···一样)→同样的

- a. 同样的 look alike 样子长得相像
- ad. 相似地 Great minds think alike! 英雄所见略同!

【用法】alike 是表语形容词,不能修饰名词或代词。

A 与 B 相似 A is like B. V
A is alike B. ×

#### resemble

/rɪˈzembl/

【助记】re+semble(类似)→类似于

vt. to look or be like sb. or sth. 像,类似于 He strongly resembles his father. 他酷似他的父亲。

#### resemblance

/rɪˈzembləns/

n. 相似 Twins often show great resemblance. 孪 生儿常显示出酷似的相貌。