## A TRIP TO WUXI



王戟 刘洪范 高海虹 编著

苏州大学出版社

## A TRIP TO WUXI 无锡之行

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王 戟 刘洪范 高海虹 编著

本书可供无锡地区该者使用、也可供其他地区的学习

是周可武費用。

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### A TRIP TO WUXI 无锡之行

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### 前言

随着改革开放的进一步深入,越来越多的人们意识到英语口语的重要性。为了帮助英语学习者从实际出发,学习英语口语会话,我们根据无锡市的情况编写了这本读物。

本书从各个方面介绍了无锡市的概况。为了便于学习,每部分均附有生词表及中文对照,供学习者参考使用。

本书可供无锡地区读者使用,也可供其他地区的学习者 参照句式套用。

本书中有关数据参照 1996 年或 1997 年底统计数字。 苏州大学外国语学院徐鹏教授修改并审订了全书。 欢迎本书使用者提出宝贵的批评意见和建议。

> 编著者 1998 年 2 月

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# PART ONE INTRODUCTION

# A BRIEF INTRODUCTION Bridges TO THE CITY Bridges A STORY OF THE CITY BRIDGES AS A STORY OF TH

Wuxi, a resplendent pearl on the Tai Lake and a famous historic city, lies in the middle of the beautiful and prosperous Yangtze River Delta, with Shanghai to its east, Nanjing to its west, the Tai Lake on its south, the Yangtze River on its north and the Grand Canal running through it. It has jurisdiction over three county-level cities (Jiangyin, Xishan and Yixing) and six districts (Chong'an, Nanchang, Beitang, Suburban, Mashan and the New District), with a total area of 4,650 square kilometres and a population of 4.3 million.

Wuxi is the birthplace of China's national industry and commerce, renowned as the "Little Shanghai". It was also a famous cloth port and one of the four largest rice markets in the late Qing Dynasty. Since the reform and opening to the outside world, Wuxi has made rapid progress in economy. It has been entitled as one of the 15 economic centers and of the 10 major tourist cities in China. It has become one of the first fifty cities in comprehensive strength and of the forty best areas for investment in China as well. In 1997, its

GDP reached 96 billion yuan and the public revenue was 6.45 billion yuan. It is a promising and comparatively well-off area in China.

#### Words and Expressions

resplendent [ris'plendent] a. 璀璨的 historic [his'torik] a. 历史上有名的:有历史 意义的 prosperous ['prosperes] a. 繁荣的;成功的;富裕的 jurisdiction [ˌdʒuəris'dikʃən] n. 管辖权; 管辖范围 county-level city and and diw 具级市 will estimate and district ['distrikt] n. 管区: 行政区 birthplace n. 数数据 数多: 发源地 数多: commerce ['kəmə;s] n. 商业, 贸易: 社交 renown [ri'naun] vt. 使有名望 lo san latore diw n. milet well 名望, 声誉 all anothe dynasty ['dinəsti, 'dainəsti] n. 朝代 entitle [in'taitl] vt. 给······题名,给·····称号 综合的。如何是多数的种类 comprehensive[komprihensiv] a. investment [in vestment] n. 投资 [and als als m GDP (gross domestic production) 国内生产总值 revenue ['revinju:] n. (国家的)岁入, 税收 promising ['promisin] a. 有希望的,有前途的 well-off a. 富裕的:处于有利地位的 and Teel of Allow as smill in mont 供应充裕的 as tased a mol

#### MODEL CONVERSATIONS

- (1) Background: Mr Tang, vice mayor of Wuxi Municipal
  Government, is leading a trade mission to
  Australia to attend the World's Trade
  Fair. Mr Golvin, chairman of an Australian consortium, is eager to learn something about Wuxi. Mr Blair, general manager of the Australian Auto Company, is
  making an introduction.
- B: Mr Golvin, I'd like you to meet Mr Tang, vice mayor of Wuxi City. Mr Tang, this is Mr Golvin, chairman of the Australian Consortium.
- T: How do you do, Mr Golvin?
- G: How do you do, Mr Tang? Could you tell me where Wuxi old is? I've been to Shanghai several times, but I haven't got the honour to visit your city.
- T: Well, Wuxi is about 126 kilometres west of Shanghai. It is known as the "Little Shanghai".
- G: "Little Shanghai"? What does it mean? The manuary
- T: You know, Wuxi is also an economic center in the Yangtze River Delta. In 1997, its GDP was RMB 96 billion yuan, ranking first in Jiangsu Province and its total industrial output value reached RMB 66 billion yuan, ranking third in the mainland.

- G: Great! And what's the population? Is it a large or mediumsized city?
- T: It's a medium-sized city with a population of 4. 3 million and an area of 4, 650 km<sup>2</sup>.
- G: A medium-sized city ranks third? It's incredible. I'm sure
- T: Yes. Wuxi is one of the 15 economic centers and of the 10 tourist cities in China. Welcome to our city.
- G: I will. I assure you.
- (2) (Mr Tang is introducing the investment environment in Wuxi.)
- T: Mr Blair, it's said that you are intending to invest in China?
- **B**: That's true. But we haven't decided yet in which city we can establish an enterprise. There are so many favorable policies in various cities of China.
- T: I see. Can I suggest Wuxi?
- B: Yeah, Wuxi is a famous city. But I'd like to know the investment situation of the city.
- T: OK. First, Wuxi is an important traffic hub in Jiangsu Province, consisting of expressways, highways, railways, airlines and water transportation.
- B: Good, it has a quite convenient communication system.
- T: Secondly, Wuxi is the birthplace of China's national in-

dustry and township industry. It has a complete industrial system as well as a group of well-educated, skilled workers and technicians.

- B: It's fairly important for our enterprise.
- T: And finally, the government of Wuxi has carried out new measures and policies concerning export-oriented economy to encourage enterprises of high startpoint, large scale and good benefit to be undertaken in Wuxi. The automobile industry is the key industry to be developed in the Ninth Five-year Plan.
- B: Thank you very much, Mr Tang. Wuxi will be our first choice when we make the decision.
- (3) (Mr Tang is explaining the administrative distribution of Wuxi.)
- G: Mr Tang, I'm puzzled by these names: Wuxi City, Xishan City, Jiangyin City and Yixing City. What's the relationship between them?
- T: Well, Xishan, Jiangyin and Yixing are the three comtylevel cities under the jurisdiction of Wuxi Municipality.
- G: I see. And what are these: Chong'an, Beitang and Nan-chang?
- T: They're three urban districts. Together with Mashan, the Suburban District and the New District, there're totally six districts.

- G: It's quite clear now. Wuxi City has jurisdiction over three led county-level cities and six districts.
- T: That's right. As for cities and districts, each has its own characteristics.
- G: Would you give me some information about that?
- T: Of course. Xishan City is entitled the "Champion of the Chinese Counties" for its comprehensive economic strength. Jiangyin is an important port along the Yangtze River. Yixing is a capital of pottery and a world of karst caves. Mashan is being built into a holiday resort. The Suburban District also ranks first of the Chinese suburban districts. The New District is a development zone.
- G: The natural resources are so abundant and the conditions for development are so ideal that I'm sure the city's status will be raised quickly in China and in the world as well.
- (4) (Mr Tang is introducing the development of the city's tertiary industry.)
- G: Mr Tang, I know you're in charge of the city's tertiary industry. Could you briefly introduce it to us?
- T: The tertiary industry of the city has been developing and rapidly in recent years. It covered more than 30% of the city's GDP last year.
- G: 30 percent? Compared with the development of the prima-

- ry and secondary industries, I believe, the number shows the great progress you've made.
- T: Thank you for your compliment, Mr Golvin. It's just the beginning. Our goal is that the ratio will reach 50 percent by the end of this century.
- G: I think you'll have caught up with or overtaken the Four Small Dragons in Asia then.
- T: We're bringing all potentialities into full play. At present, an industrial group integrating commerce, materials, transportation, communications, finance, insurance, tourism, education, urban public utilities and real estate has been formed.
- G: I hope we will establish a closer co-operative relationship in this field.
- T: So do I.

## Words and Expressions

municipal government 市政府 市政府 贸易代表团 trade mission 银行团; 财团 consortium [kənˈsəːtiəm] n. 荣誉:光荣:尊敬:敬意 honour ['onə] n. 产值 [moxim] riossy output value incredible [in'kredəbl] a. 难以置信的 assure [əˈʃuə] vt. 保证:使相信,使确信 n. 环境 lo sazada ni environment [in'vaiərənmənt] favorable policy 优惠政策。如此以底面的

traffic hub 交通中心:交通枢纽 consist of expressway [iks preswei] n. 高速公路 highway n. 公路; 大路 transportation [strænspo: teifən] n. 运输 based vd convenient [kən'vi:njənt] a. 便利的 communication [kəˌmju;ni'kei[ən] n. 交通 township industry 乡镇工业 乡镇工业 enterprise ['entəpraiz] n. 企业 企业 carry out 开展; 执行(计划,命 tourism, educa (\$, urban public utilities and real estate

measure [meʒə] n. concern [kən'sə;n] v. 关心;关于 export-oriented economy benefit ['benifit] n.

vt. & vi. administrative [ədiminis treitiv] a. characteristic [kæriktə ristik] n. champion ['tsæmpjen] pottery ['poteri] n. karst cave resort [ri'zo:t] n. abundant [ə'bʌndənt] a. 充足的; 丰富的 tertiary ['tə:[əri] a. in charge of 负责, 主管 Manager 负责, 主管 Manager 负责

····组成 assessed to 措施 外向型经济 利益 I ob o2 T 有益干: 得益。 受益 管理的;政府的;经营的 特色,特性 冠军: 优胜者 水蚀石灰洞 胜地,常去之地 第三位的 第一产业。

primary industry

secondary industry

compliment ['kompliment] n.

overtake vt.

potentiality [pəˌtenʃi'æliti] n.

integrate ['intigreit] v.

public utilities

real estate

第二产业 称赞 追上,赶上,超过 潜在性;可能性 综合 公共设施 房地产

According to the legend; during the Zhon and Oin Dynasties, tur was mined from Xishan Hill. With the passage of time, the tim was mined out and the place was chiled "Wuxi" (no tim) instead of "Youxi" (have un). There was a saying "Where there is tim, there is a wair where there is no tim, there as peace". But some scholars hold the opinion that "Wuxi" is a place name in the ancient Yue dialect. Others believe that "Wuxi" is the name of the torem of a clan tribe, and it means a divine bud.

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By the end of this century, the major economic and so

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