



王汝荣 / 主编

JUNIOR ENGLISH
GRAMMAR

你一定要做的 初中英语语法题

精练·价

中考冲刺

实践出真知！多做题才能真正搞定语法！



华东理工大学出版社
EAST CHINA UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PRESS



“英语学习

不靠天分靠勤奋！”

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考点对练

1

句子填空、短文填空、
改错、翻译，多样练习
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2010年—2012年各地
中考原题，按中档题和
挑战题分难易，适合
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前 言

实践证明,语法学习的实践性很强,学好语法的关键就是“学会运用,练中思考;学会归纳,不断体悟”。如果只记不思、只学不用,永远学不好语法。毕竟,“Using is the best learning.”。学习语法的目的是为了应用,只有学会了运用,才能达到最佳学习效果。基于这一理念,本书编排设计独到,是一套为读者朋友们精心设计的语法学习方案。

本书以练为主,讲练结合,三大板块助您突破语法难关!

一、考点对练

“考点对练”透视近几年全国各地的中考试题,认真研究,精准统计,归纳出中考所涉及的主要考点,然后针对这些高频考点设计对点练习。练习所针对的考点既系统全面,又相对集中,设计的题型均以主观题为主,形式丰富多样,旨在培养读者的动手能力,以练促记,通过这种训练方式读者可以快速、全面地掌握语法知识的核心用法,并能做到熟练地运用这些知识。

二、能力提高

“能力提高”运用中考主流题型,重点而又系统地对考点进行强化训练。题目针对考点,精选最新原创试题,为读者搭建演练平台。练习分组安排,便于减轻学习负担,提高练习效率。通过该部分练习,将进一步提升读者对语法知识的综合运用能力。

三、检测评价

“检测评价”精选最新(2009年~2012年)中考试题,题目力求涉及不同考点,试题难度搭配合理。读者通过自我检测,既可以检测学习效果,发现语法学习中的差距和不足,也可以体验成功的快乐,从而增强语法学习的信心。

除以上三大板块外,附录部分的“答案精析”呵护读者,为您点拨解题关键,警示解题误区,使您知其然更知其所以然。

真诚提醒:

语法学习的进步往往在于不断地归纳、总结和反省。及时将单元语法练习过程中所出现的错题整理出来是一个实用、有效的学习方法。建议读者朋友及时整理错误,充分利用错误,防错纠错。“错题笔记”为读者提供了一个开放式

空间,它就是您今后学习的重点,从而让您在复习时做到有的放矢,帮您攻克语法难关。

真诚希望本书成为您语法学习的好帮手,助您在语法学习的道路上不断进步,力求卓越,轻巧夺冠!

本书还得到以下人员的帮助,特此致谢:

周修华,程福龙,彭云琪,廖珍,杨天国,郭彬,金洪芹,李湘萍,李玲,王莹等。

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如果您对这一系列的图书有任何的建议或英语学习方面的任何问题,都可以通过 QQ 或 QQ 邮箱与我们联系,我们一定竭诚为您解答。

编 者

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第一章 名词

【考点对练】感知考点，梳理知识

I. 根据所给汉语提示，写出名词的正确形式——对点：名词复数。

- Many _____ (男) doctors have joined the _____ (运动) club.
- In the movie, all the _____ (小偷) are afraid of _____ (警察).
- You can see many groups of _____ (绵羊) and _____ (牛) on the grass.
- Lots of _____ (外国人) come to China to find _____ (工作) in China.
- Many _____ (德国人) learn foreign _____ (语言) in their spare time.

II. 根据所给汉语完成句子——对点：名词所有格和修饰不可数名词的单位量词。

- That's not _____ (露茜和莉莉的房间).
- Uncle Wang is _____ (我父亲的一位好朋友).
- We need _____ (两幅世界地图) in the classroom.
- Here are _____ (两条重要新闻) for you today.
- There are _____ (三群人) on the seaside now.

III. 单句改错(每句有一处)——对点：名词用法。

- Here are two Germen and five Americans.
- The woman teachers are kind to the students.
- Kate is listening to today weather report.
- They will have two days holiday next week.
- Please give me some advices about my English study.

IV. 单词拼写及填空——对点：名词意义及应用。

根据英文解释写出单词的正确形式，并用其适当形式完成句子使句意完整。

- k _____ (learning, what is known)
We all know that _____ comes from practice.
- m _____ (something we take when we are ill)
Take this _____ three times a day and you will feel better soon.
- i _____ (news or knowledge given)
We can get lots of _____ on the Internet now.
- t _____ (persons who go from one place to another)
The places of interest in China attract more _____ these days.
- p _____ (anything that grows)
Do you keep any _____ at home, Mr. Li?

V. 选词填空——对点:名词意义辨析。

- Most of my _____ are bought on line. (clothes, clothing, dress)
- The chairman spoke up so that we could hear his _____. (sound, voice, noise)
- For the sake of her son's health, she decided to move to a place with a warm _____. (temperature, climate, weather)
- The Chinese are a hard-working _____. (nation, country, state)
- It's getting late. Let's go _____. (house, home, family)



【能力提高】精练思悟, 学会运用

I. 单项填空。

- Where is the fruit _____, Jim? I want to cut up apples.
—Oh, it's on the table.
A. fork B. spoon C. chopsticks D. knife
- The farmer keeps hundreds of _____ on his farm every year.
A. horse B. sheeps C. cows D. deers
- A group of _____ are going to visit the Great Wall tomorrow.
A. Canadian B. Germans C. Australian D. American
- Lots of _____ are interested in Hong Kong action movies.
A. people B. peoples C. the people D. the peoples
- What would you like to drink, Ben?
—I'd like _____, please.
A. two cup of coffee B. two cup of coffees
C. two of coffees D. two cups of coffee
- What kind of _____ does your grandpa like, Jane?
—He likes pop music.
A. books B. sports C. music D. movies
- It's getting cold now. Let's go to the _____ clothes shop for a sweater.
A. women's B. woman C. women D. woman's
- What's the _____ of your new sports shoes?
—\$ 20.
A. money B. cost C. price D. expenses
- On Christmas Day, Lucy and Lily often put presents in _____ stockings.
A. each other B. each other's C. each others D. each others'
- Today is September 10th. It's _____ Day in China.
A. Teachers B. Teacher C. Teacher's D. Teachers'

II. 短文填空: 写出下列短文中名词的适当形式。

It wouldn't be (1) _____ (圣诞节) without a beautiful tree for western people.

Days before the holiday season, western children begin decorating Christmas trees. They put colorful (2) _____ (灯) and stars on them to make it more beautiful. But the

best things are the (3) _____ (礼物) under the tree for children!

Where did the first Christmas tree come from? There are many stories about it.

One is about the German Martin Luther. He was walking through the forest one Christmas Eve. As he walked, he saw millions of (4) _____ (星星) above evergreen trees. He thought it was beautiful. He cut down a small tree and took it home to his family. He put many (5) _____ (蜡烛) on it.

Another (6) _____ (故事) is about a poor woodsman. He met a lost and hungry child on Christmas Eve. He was very poor himself, but gave the child (7) _____ (食物) and a place to stay.

He woke the next morning to find a beautiful tree outside his door. The hungry child was really an (8) _____ (天使). He wanted to thank the man.

People first had Christmas (9) _____ (树) in Germany in the 1600s. Now there are different (10) _____ (种类) of Christmas trees, even man-made ones. But they all have a very big star or an angel on the top!

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____

【检测评价】 自主评价，体验成功

I. 中档题——步步为营

- The students of Grade 7 visited Mike's farm and saw many _____ there. (2012 广东)
A. bird B. duck C. sheep D. rabbit
- What is your favorite food?
—I like _____ best. I had a large bowl last night. (2012 玉林)
A. potato noodle B. potatoes noodle C. potato noodles D. potatoes noodles
- Mum, I am hungry. May I have some _____?
—Of course. But don't eat too much. (2012 济南)
A. bread B. noodle C. dumpling D. hamburger
- I have _____ in learning English and I'm so worried. Could you help me with it?
—Sure, I'd love to. (2012 毕节)
A. joy B. interest C. trouble D. fun
- Could you tell me what's the _____ of it?
—Well, it's an oval(卵形的). (2012 铜仁)
A. time B. date C. shape D. size
- Jennifer takes a lot of exercise every day and she is always full of _____. (2011 河南)
A. knowledge B. energy C. change D. courage
- Miss Li, could you give me _____ on English learning?
—Certainly. First you should speak English every day. (2012 广安)
A. any advices B. many advices C. some advice

8. —Bill, what's your sister's favorite _____?
—She likes volleyball best. (2012 重庆)
A. food B. color C. sport D. movie
9. The _____ shoes were very dirty, so I asked them to take them off before they went into _____ house. (2012 资阳)
A. boys'; John's B. boys'; Johns' C. boy's; Johns' D. boy's; John's
10. I think that the best _____ to visit Hainan Island is in November because the weather is excellent. (2011 沈阳)
A. place B. time C. way D. plan
11. I have some problems with my English writing. Can you give me some _____?
(2011 河南)
A. advice B. decisions C. information D. messages
12. The theme park is about _____ ride from the museum. You should start out right now. (2011 无锡)
A. two hour B. two hour's C. two hours' D. two hours
13. It was very hard for me to make a _____, but I decided to leave my job. (2010 河南)
A. suggestion B. decision C. plan D. speech
14. —Could you tell me something about the boy who helped you just now?
—Sorry, I know nothing about him. We are _____. (2010 安徽)
A. friends B. neighbors C. classmates D. strangers
15. The restaurant is so popular here. Look, there are so many _____ here. (2010 三亚)
A. food B. dish C. people D. waiter
16. —Would you like some drinks, boys?
—Yes, _____, please. (2010 眉山)
A. some oranges B. two boxes of chocolate
C. some cakes D. two boxes of cola
17. _____ mothers can't come to the meeting because they have gone to Dalian. (2010 绥化)
A. Sally's and Jane B. Sally and Jane's C. Sally's and Jane's
18. —Why not go to Qingdao on May Day, Jim?
—I'm afraid it's not a good _____. I have been there several times. (2010 聊城)
A. way B. place C. advice D. idea
19. —Can I help you?
—I'd like _____ for my twin brothers. (2010 滨州)
A. two pair of shoes B. two pairs of shoe
C. two pair of shoe D. two pairs of shoes
20. It's hot. Let's have some _____. (2010 东营)
A. wine B. porridge C. ice cream D. strawberries

II. 挑战题——追求卓越

- The _____ action film has attracted millions of young people to the cinema.
(2012 无锡)
A. 130—minute B. 130—minutes C. 130 minute D. 130 minutes
- Why didn't Sally play the violin at the concert last night?
—She said that her hand hurt, but that was only a(n) _____. I saw her play tennis just now.
(2012 天津)
A. matter B. excuse C. result D. expression
- Mrs. Black, could you give me some advice on how to write an application letter?
—With pleasure. Remember that the letter should be written in the formal _____.
(2011 南京)
A. value B. style C. effect D. mood
- I'm going to the supermarket. Let me get you some fruit.
—OK. Thanks for your _____.
(2011 武汉)
A. offer B. information C. message D. order
- Mr Li was sent to teach Chinese in an American high school last year.
—Yes, I know. He told me he would never forget his pleasant _____ while working there.
(2012 镇江)
A. experiments B. expressions C. experiences D. explorations
- At the foot of Wulian Mountains, you can hear the _____ of running water. (2010 日照)
A. sound B. noise C. voice D. silence
- Why are you still waiting in line?
—I've missed my _____.
(2010 武汉)
A. place B. order C. turn D. time
- Look! The kites in the sky are in different _____. Some are big and some are small.
(2010 广东)
A. size B. sizes C. color D. colors
- We won the game at last and it showed that you made the right _____. (2010 临沂)
A. expression B. solution C. decision D. experience
- How far is it from here to the hospital?
—It's about _____ ride.
(2010 淄博)
A. twenty minute B. twenty minutes C. twenty minutes' D. twenty-minutes



第二章 代词

【考点对练】感知考点，梳理知识

I. 选择括号内代词的适当形式填空——对点：代词分类。

- _____ of the twins is in the room now. (Both, Neither)
- _____ hair is colored? Li Ming's. (Who, Whose)
- The boy knows _____ of the people here. (every, every one)
- I have _____ three questions to ask you. (other, another)
- The weather here is hotter than _____ in the south. (this, that)

II. 将下列短语译成英语——对点：相近及易混代词及词组。

- 一个接一个的 _____
- 每隔一天 _____
- 另外两个女孩 _____
- 我们中的每一个人 _____
- 几乎没有错误 _____

III. 找出下列各句中的错误并改正——对点：代词意义辨析。

- Help yourself to some cakes, boys and girls.
- Are those new clothes your or not?
- I like the books who have pictures in them.
- None of my parents is at home now.
- The problem is how to do next.

IV. 根据汉语提示完成英语句子——对点：不定代词用法。

- 谁正在教室里学习？没有人。
Who is studying in the classroom? _____.
- 从现在开始你们可以互相学习。
You can learn from _____ from now on.
- 他们中没有任何一个人欣赏这些老歌。
_____ of them enjoys these old songs.
- 她不知道在会议上该说些什么。
She doesn't know _____ to say at the meeting.
- 这里很多是儿童用书。
Quite _____ books are for kids here.

V. 根据所给提示翻译句子——对点: it 用法。

1. 据说天气在变暖。(it, that)
2. 我发现锻炼身体很快乐。(it)
3. 就是昨天吉姆在公园遇见本。(it)

【能力提高】 精练思悟, 学会运用

I. 单项填空。

(A)

1. —Here's a new dictionary. Give _____ to you.
—Thanks. I just need _____.
A. one; one B. it; it C. one; it D. it; one
2. —When shall I come over you house?
—Oh, at _____ day from Monday to Friday.
A. all B. every C. any D. each
3. —Is _____ in the classroom?
—No. Bob and Tim are outside.
A. anybody B. somebody C. everybody D. nobody
4. —Is your mom's expensive?
—Yes, it's almost the same as _____.
A. her B. them C. their D. yours
5. They were all thirsty, but _____ of them stopped to drink water.
A. any B. none C. some D. neither
6. —Are you free on Friday or Saturday?
—I'm afraid _____ day is OK.
A. either B. some C. neither D. any
7. She's coming either this afternoon or tomorrow. I can't remember _____.
A. where B. there C. which D. that
8. Some are singing and _____ are dancing in the park.
A. others B. the other C. some other D. these others
9. —Can you make the bed for me?
—Why can't you do _____?
A. itself yourself B. yourself it C. you yourself D. it yourself
10. He found _____ easy to get along well with grandma.
A. this B. that C. what D. it

(B)

1. —Which of the two sweaters will you choose?
—_____. They look nearly the same, and I just need one.
A. Both B. None C. Neither D. Either
2. —_____ bike is that, do you know?

- It's _____.
 A. Who's; mine B. Whose; mine C. Whose; her D. Whom; mine
3. —Have you got any VCDs about last week's concert?
 —No, we haven't got _____.
 A. ones B. some C. them D. any
4. There is _____ with my computer. It works well.
 A. something wrong B. nothing wrong
 C. anything wrong D. wrong something
5. The cars made in Japan are much cheaper than _____ made in America.
 A. ones B. those C. such D. that
6. If you have _____ problem, please let me know. I can help you in many ways.
 A. some B. any C. a few D. several
7. —Who has a dictionary, boys and girls?
 —I have _____.
 A. it B. this C. one D. that
8. —Are Mr. and Mrs. Green living alone in the house?
 —Yes, they have three sons, but _____ of them live in their own houses.
 A. neither B. both C. all D. none
9. There isn't _____ rice in my bowl. Will you please get _____ for me?
 A. any; some B. some; any C. any; any D. much; any
10. No matter what you say, _____ of us in our family enjoys traveling by air.
 A. all B. each C. both D. everyone

II. 短文填空: 根据句意及语境, 在下列空白处填入适当代词。

"When can I get a cell phone (手机)?" Many children may ask the question. The answer is when (1) _____ parents think you need (2) _____. Some children want to have cell phones at the age of 12 or 13 years old. In a way, cell phones are useful. For example, a kid can call his or her parents when sports practice is over. And a cell phone can help kids if (3) _____ need help.

However, if (4) _____ kids get cell phones, they may spend time on music or games in school. So when kids are listening to (5) _____ teachers in class, (6) _____ should turn off the cell phones.

However, kids should learn to take care of the phone in (7) _____ life, too. Keep (8) _____ charged (充电) and store it in the safe place so it doesn't get lost. And whatever you do, don't use (9) _____ in the bathroom. I know (10) _____ who dropped her phone in the toilet!

1. _____ 2. _____ 3. _____ 4. _____ 5. _____
 6. _____ 7. _____ 8. _____ 9. _____ 10. _____